# Welcome to Data Bootcamp

Joseph Adler, Drew Conway, Jake Hofman, Hilary Mason

February 1, 2011



### @jadler, @hmason, @drewconway, @jakehofman

### Joseph Adler

#### LinkedIn

Joseph Adler has many years of experience in data mining and data analysis at companies including DoubleClick, American Express, and Verßign. He graduated from MIT with an B.Sc. and M.Eng in Computer Science and Electrical Enginering. He is the inventor of several patents for computer security and cryptography, and the author of "Baseball Hacks" and "R in a Nutshell". Currently, he is a senior data scientist at Linkedin.



### Hilary Mason

#### bit.ly

Hilary is the lead scientist at bit.ly, where she is finding sense in vast data sets. She is a former computer science professor with a background in machine learning and data mining, has published numerous academic papers, and regularly releases code on her personal site, <a href="https://www.hilarymason.com">www.hilarymason.com</a>. She has discovered two new species, loves to bake cookies, and asks way too many questions.



▶ Web site

### **Drew Conway**

### New York University

Drew Conway is a PhD student in political science at New York University. Drew studies terrorism and armed conflict; using tools from mathematics and computer science to gain a deeper understanding of these phenomena



▶ Web site

#### Jake Hofman

#### Yahoo!

Jake Hofman is a member of the Human Social Dynamics group at Yahoo! Research. His work involves data-driven modeling of social data, focusing on applications of machine learning and statistical inference to large-ceale data. He holds a B.S. in Electrical Encineering from Boston University and a Ph.D. in Physics from Columbia University.



## Please do try this at home

All of the materials from today's tutorial are available on Github:

## Clone the repository for data/code/slides

git clone https://github.com/drewconway/strata\_bootcamp.git

## Disclaimer

You may be bored if you already know how to ...

- Acquire data from APIs
- ► Clean/explore/visualize data
- Classify and cluster image and text data
- Work with large data sets
- Build simple mashups
- Work with Python, R, SciPy/NumPy, etc.
- Work with unix tools on the command line, e.g.

## Data-dependent products





### The Big Lebowski

1998 R 117 minutes

Slacker Jeff "The Dude" Lebowski (Jeff Bridges) gets involved in a gargantuan mess of events when he's mistaken for another man named Lebowski, whose wife has been kidnapped and is being held for ransom. All the while, Dude's friend, Walter (John Goodman), stirs the pot. Brothers Joel Coen and Ethan Coen write and direct this cult comedy classic that also stars Steve Buscemi, Philip Seymrour Hoffman, Julianne Moore and John Turturo.

> Cast: Jeff Bridges, John Goodman, Philip Seymour Hoffman, Steve Buscerni, Julianne Moore, Tara Reid, Peter Stormare, David Huddleston, Philip Moon, Mark Pellegrino, Flea, Torsten Voges, Jimmie Dale Gilmore, Jack Kehler, John Turturn, James G. Hooseir, Richard Gant, Christian Clemenson, David Thewils, Peter Siragusa, Sam Elliott, Ben Gazzara, Jon Politlo, Asia Carreza, Paris Themmen

Director: Joel Coen

Genres: Comedy, Cult Comedies, Universal Studios Home

Entertainment, Blu-ray

This movie is: Quirky, Witty

Format: DVD and streaming (Blu-ray availability date unknown) (HD

available)

Play

Add to Instant Queue
Add to DVD Queue

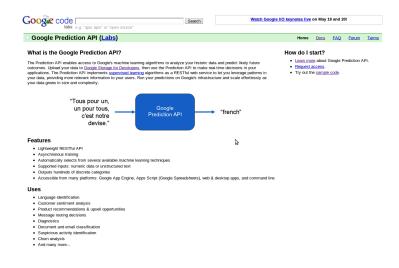
Play Trailer

Recommended based on your interest in: Fargo, O Brother, Where Art Thou? and No Country for Old Men

# Data-dependent products

- Effective/practical systems that learn from experience impact our daily lives, e.g.:
  - Recommendation systems
  - Spam detection
  - Optical character recognition
  - ► Face recognition
  - Fraud detection
  - ► Machine translation
  - ▶ ...

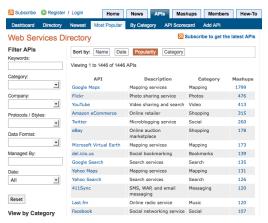
## Black<sup>1</sup>-boxified?



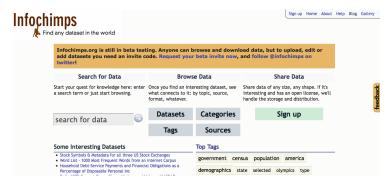
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>s/black/blue/g

Web service APIs expose lots of data





Many free, public data sets available online



# Roadmap?

Step 1: Have data

Step 2: ???

Step 3: Profit

## Learning by example

Fwd: Yahoo! supercomputing cluster RFP - i have no idea. i have no idea. O Access to over 5,000 Health Plan non urgent - whoops! yes that's what i meant, thanks for decoding my questi More effective - If you are having to SourceForge.net: variational bayes for network modularity - can i get admin | Special Offer! Cialis, Viagra, Vicos Byline - iPhone Apps, iPhone 3G apps and iPod touch Applications Gallery ε Financial Aid Available: Find Fund Laurence J. Peter: Facts are stubborn things, but statistics are more pliable. Find The Perfect School and Finan Re: JAFOS 2008, Applied Math Session - yes. the listening post dude. On N \*\*PHARMA viagra PHARMA cia

## Learning by example

Fwd: Yahoo! supercomputing cluster RFP - i have no idea. i have no idea. O Access to over 5,000 Health Plan non urgent - whoops! yes that's what i meant, thanks for decoding my questi More effective - If you are having to SourceForge.net: variational bayes for network modularity - can i get admin | Special Offer! Cialis, Viagra, Vicos Byline - iPhone Apps, iPhone 3G apps and iPod touch Applications Gallery & Financial Aid Available: Find Fund Laurence J. Peter: Facts are stubborn things, but statistics are more pliable. Find The Perfect School and Finance: JAFOS 2008, Applied Math Session - yes. the listening post dude. On N \*\*PHARMA viagra PHARMA cia

- ► How did you solve this problem?
- ► Can you make this process explicit (e.g. write code to do so)?

# Learning by example



► We learn quickly from few, relatively unstructured examples ... but we don't understand *how* we accomplish this

# Everything old is new again<sup>2</sup>

- Many fields ...
  - Statistics
  - Pattern recognition
  - Data mining
  - Machine learning
- ... similar goals
  - Extract and recognize patterns in data
  - Interpret or explain observations
  - Test validity of hypotheses
  - Efficiently search the space of hypotheses
  - Design efficient algorithms enabling machines to learn from data

 $<sup>^2 \</sup>verb|http://cbcl.mit.edu/publications/theses/thesis-rifkin.pdf|$ 

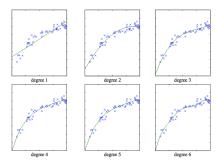
## Statistics vs. $\,$ machine $\,$ learning $^3$

Glossary				
Machine learning	Statistics			
network, graphs	model			
weights	parameters			
learning	fitting			
generalization	test set performance			
supervised learning	regression/classification			
unsupervised learning	density estimation, clustering			
large grant = \$1,000,000	large grant= \$50,000			
nice place to have a meeting: Snowbird, Utah, French Alps	nice place to have a meeting: Las Vegas in August			

<sup>3</sup>http://anyall.org/blog/2008/12/statistics-vs-machine-learning-fight/

# Philosophy

- We would like models that:
  - Provide predictive and explanatory power
  - ▶ Are complex enough to describe observed phenomena
  - ► Are simple enough to generalize to future observations



# Roadmap, take 2<sup>4</sup>

- 1. Get data
- 2. Visualize/perform sanity checks
- 3. Clean/filter observations
- 4. Choose features to represent data
- 5. Specify model
- 6. Specify loss function
- 7. Develop algorithm to minimize loss
- 8. Choose performance measure
- 9. "Train" to minimize loss
- 10. "Test" to evaluate generalization

Feet "hand approximating dates FEP" I have no lides. I have no lides 0.4 Access to over 5,000 Health Feet our upgest - shooting by settle shelf intendir, hashed to decoding you gast Mose effecter. "To you are having low SourceForge.net variational beyon for reflected modulating," can light staffin Special Offert Galls, Yanga, Wade Spring. - Phone App. Phone 30 agos and Pot both Applications (Layer) in Francisk April April Feet and April Francisk April April Francisk April April Francisk April April Francisk April Francisk April April Francisk April Fra

<sup>4</sup>http://www.dataists.com/2010/09/a-taxonomy-of-data-science/



How does Cinematch

Straightforward statistical I and Cinematch does a lot worry about system scaling recommendations. But, as we report here do not use

## Shipping = Feature

Add an asymmetric frequency feature  $\mathbf{y}_{j,f_{ut}}^{(3)}$ : SBRAMF-UTB-UTF-MTF-AFF

$$\widehat{\mathbf{r}_{uit}} = \mu_i + \mu_u + \mu_{u,t} + \mu_{i,\text{bin}(t)} + \left(\mathbf{p}_i^{(1)} + \mathbf{p}_{i,\text{bin}(t)}^{(2)} + \mathbf{p}_{i,\text{bin}(t)}^{(3)} + \mathbf{p}_{i,f_{ui}}^{(3)}\right)^T \left(\mathbf{q}_u^{(1)} + \mathbf{q}_{u,t}^{(2)} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{|N(u)|}} \sum_{j \in N(u)} \left(\mathbf{y}_j^{(1)} + \mathbf{y}_{j,\text{bin}(t)}^{(3)} + \mathbf{y}_{j,f_{ui}}^{(3)}\right)\right)$$
(34)

Model extension (+)	epoch time	#epochs	probeRMSE, $k = 50$ features
SBRMF - SVD with biases	17[s]	69	0.9054
SBRAMF - asymmetric part	50[s]	30	0.8974
+UTB - user time bias	61[s]	50	0.8919
+UTF - user time feature	62[s]	38	0.8911
+MTF - movie time feature	74[s]	37	0.8908
+ATF - asymmetric time feature	74[s]	44	0.8905
+MFF - movie frequency feature	149[s]	46	0.8900
+AFF - asymmetric frequency feature	206[s]	45	0.8886 (0.8846  with  k = 1000)

## Data jeopardy

Regardless of scale, it's difficult to find the right questions to ask of the data

## Data hacking

Cleaning and normalizing data is a substantial amount of the work (and likely impacts results)

## Data hacking

The ability to iterate quickly, asking and answering many questions, is crucial

## Data hacking

Hacks happen: sed/awk/grep are useful, and scale

Data "science"

Simple methods (e.g., linear models) work surprisingly well, especially with lots of data

Data "science"

It's easy to cover your tracks—things are often much more complicated than they appear

## References

