



## Comenius University in Bratislava Faculty of Mathematics, Physics and Informatics

## THESIS ASSIGNMENT

Name and Surname: Bc. Peter Csiba

**Study programme:** Computer Science (Single degree study, master II. deg., full

time form)

**Field of Study:** 9.2.1. Computer Science, Informatics

**Type of Thesis:** Diploma Thesis

**Language of Thesis:** English **Secondary language:** Slovak

Title: Analysis of the generalized recirculation-based learning algorithms in

bidirectional neural networks

Aim: 1. Study the literature on general recirculation-based learning algorithms in

neural networks and write the state-of-the art of the topic.

2. Implement the GeneRec and BAL algorithms and test their properties on selected data sets, using computer simulations and visualization techniques.

3. Consider suitable modifications of the algorithms aimed at improving the

network performance.

Literature: O'Reilly, R.C. (1996). Biologically plausible error-driven learning using

local activation differences: The Generalized Recirculation algorithm. Neural

Computation, 8, 895-938.

Farkaš I., Rebrová K. (2013). Bidirectional activation-based neural network learning algorithm. In Proceedings of the International Conference on Artificial

Neural Networks (ICANN), Springer. 154-161.

**Annotation:** The advantage of the GeneRec algorithm resides in its biological plausibility,

as opposed to the well-known error backpropagation, because it only allows propagation of neuron activations. Recently, a completely bidirectional model BAL has been proposed, inspired by GeneRec, but has not been analyzed in

detail (Farkaš and Rebrová, 2013).

**Keywords:** supervised learning, neural network, heteroassociative mapping

**Supervisor:** doc. Ing. Igor Farkaš, PhD.

**Department:** FMFI.KAI - Department of Applied Informatics

**Head of** doc. PhDr. Ján Rybár, PhD.

department:

**Assigned:** 10.12.2012

**Approved:** 10.12.2012 prof. RNDr. Branislav Rovan, PhD.

Guarantor of Study Programme

Student	Supervisor