Name: Petvy Li		
SQL SELECT, WHERE, DISTINCT practice		
1. Write a select statement to return all columns and rows from the customer table.		
SELECT * FROM customer;		
2. Write a query to select first name, last name, and email from the customer table.		
SELECT customer.first_name, customer.last_name, customer.email FROM customer;		
Faster way can be:		
SELECT first_name, last_name, email FROM customer;		
3. Write a query to return all rows and columns from the film table.		
SELECT * FROM film;		
4. Write a query to return unique rows from the release_year column in the film table.		
SELECT DISTINCT release_year FROM film;		
5. Write a query to return unique rows from the rental_rate column in the film table.		
SELECT DISTINCT rental_rate FROM film;		
6. A customer left us some feedback about our store. Write a query to find her email address – fo Nancy Thomas.		
SELECT		
first_name,		
last_name, email		
FROM		

customer

```
WHERE
```

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first_name = 'Nancy' AND last_name = 'Thomas'
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7. We're trying to find a customer located at a certain address '259 Ipoh Drive' – can you find their phone number?

SELECT

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address_id
```

phone

FROM

address

WHERE

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address = '259 Ipoh Drive';
```

8. Write a query from the customer table, where store id is 1 and address id is greater than 150.

SELECT

address_id

store_id

FROM

address

WHERE

store_id=1

addess_id>150

9.	Write a query from the payment table where the amount is either 4.99 or 1.99.
SELECT	
	amount
FROM	
	payment
WHERE	
	amount=4.99 OR
	amount=1.99
	Write a query to return a list of transitions from the payment table where the amount is greater than 5.
	tilan 5.
SELECT	
	amount
FROM	
	payment
WHERE	
	amount>5