National Intelligence Quotient (IQ) Scores

Peyton Hall

08/06/2024

```
Load Necessary Libraries
```

```
library(readr)
library(ggplot2)
library(rworldmap)
## Loading required package: sp
## ### Welcome to rworldmap ###
## For a short introduction type :
                                    vignette('rworldmap')
library(RColorBrewer)
library(dplyr)
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
       filter, lag
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##
       intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
Read the CSV file
avgIQpercountry <- read_csv("~/Desktop/NationalIQScores/avgIQpercountry.csv")</pre>
## Rows: 193 Columns: 10
## -- Column specification -----
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (3): Country, Continent, Population - 2023
## dbl (7): Rank, Average IQ, Literacy Rate, Nobel Prices, HDI (2021), Mean yea...
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
```

avgIQpercountry

```
## # A tibble: 193 x 10
##
       Rank Country
                           `Average IQ` Continent `Literacy Rate` `Nobel Prices`
##
      <dbl> <chr>
                               <dbl> <chr>
                                                             <dbl>
                                  106. Asia
                                                              0.99
##
   1
          1 Japan
                                                                               29
## 2
                                  106. Asia
          2 Taiwan
                                                              0.96
                                                                                4
## 3
          3 Singapore
                                  106. Asia
                                                              0.97
                                                                                0
## 4
         4 Hong Kong
                                 105. Asia
                                                              0.94
                                                                                1
## 5
        5 China
                                 104. Asia
                                                              0.96
                                                                                8
## 6
         6 South Korea
                                  102. Asia
                                                              0.98
                                                                                0
##
   7
         7 Belarus
                                  102. Europe
                                                                                2
                                                              1
                                                                                5
## 8
         8 Finland
                                  101. Europe
                                                             1
## 9
          9 Liechtenstein
                                 101. Europe
                                                                                0
                                                              1
## 10
         10 Germany
                                   101. Europe
                                                              0.99
                                                                              111
## # i 183 more rows
## # i 4 more variables: `HDI (2021)` <dbl>,
       `Mean years of schooling - 2021` <dbl>, `GNI - 2021` <dbl>,
## #
       `Population - 2023` <chr>
Let = Average National IQ, AF = Africa, AS = Asia, CA = Central America, EU = Europe, EA = Eurasia,
NA = North America, OC = Oceania, SA = South America
Let = 0.05 (significance level)
H_0: \mu_{AF} = \mu_{AS} = \mu_{CA} = \mu_{EU} = \mu_{EA} = \mu_{NA} = \mu_{OC} = \mu_{SA} vs H_a: At least two means differ
Hypothesis Testing
# Perform a One-Way Analysis of Variance (ANOVA)
iq_aov <- aov(`Average IQ`~Continent, data = avgIQpercountry)</pre>
summary(iq_aov)
                Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
               7 19196 2742.3
                                     33.93 <2e-16 ***
## Continent
               185 14952
## Residuals
                             80.8
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
TukeyHSD(iq_aov) # pairwise comparison test
     Tukey multiple comparisons of means
##
##
       95% family-wise confidence level
##
## Fit: aov(formula = `Average IQ` ~ Continent, data = avgIQpercountry)
## $Continent
##
                                        diff
                                                     lwr
                                                                upr
                                                                        p adj
## Asia-Africa
                                   17.238029 11.7210620 22.754996 0.0000000
## Central America-Africa
                                  6.546697 -0.3555053 13.448900 0.0768176
## Europe-Africa
                                  26.338532 20.5818725 32.095191 0.0000000
## Europe/Asia-Africa
                                  20.630321
                                              4.2643521 36.996289 0.0037697
## North America-Africa
                                  25.973654 11.6720412 40.275266 0.0000025
```

```
## Oceania-Africa
                                  19.567654 10.0502864 29.085021 0.0000001
## South America-Africa
                                              6.3898402 24.044134 0.0000096
                                  15.216987
## Central America-Asia
                                 -10.691332 -17.6811726 -3.701490 0.0001417
## Europe-Asia
                                   9.100503
                                              3.2390523 14.961954 0.0001043
## Europe/Asia-Asia
                                   3.392292 -13.0108300 19.795413 0.9983531
## North America-Asia
                                   8.735625 -5.6084888 23.079739 0.5751507
                                   2.329625 -7.2514898 11.910740 0.9954280
## Oceania-Asia
## South America-Asia
                                  -2.021042 -10.9168834 6.874800 0.9970077
## Europe-Central America
                                  19.791835
                                             12.6112996 26.972370 0.0000000
## Europe/Asia-Central America
                                  14.083623 -2.8357704 31.003017 0.1807113
## North America-Central America
                                 19.426957
                                              4.4952092 34.358704 0.0023860
## Oceania-Central America
                                              2.5805907 23.461322 0.0043718
                                  13.020957
## South America-Central America
                                  8.670290 -1.1449778 18.485557 0.1266383
## Europe/Asia-Europe
                                  -5.708211 -22.1934959 10.777073 0.9637814
## North America-Europe
                                  -0.364878 -14.8028767 14.073121 1.0000000
## Oceania-Europe
                                  -6.770878 -16.4919873 2.950231 0.3962607
## South America-Europe
                                 -11.121545 -20.1679918 -2.075098 0.0053104
## North America-Europe/Asia
                                   5.343333 -15.7080704 26.394737 0.9940425
                                  -1.062667 -19.2066949 17.081362 0.9999997
## Oceania-Europe/Asia
## South America-Europe/Asia
                                  -5.413333 -23.2050168 12.378350 0.9824633
## Oceania-North America
                                  -6.406000 -22.7123472 9.900347 0.9297745
## South America-North America
                                 -10.756667 -26.6700321 5.156699 0.4366802
## South America-Oceania
                                  -4.350667 -16.1523343 7.451001 0.9493748
```

In the pairwise comparison test, it is found the following continents are significantly different in average IQ scores: Asia-Africa, Europe-Africa, Europe-Asia-Africa, North America-Africa, Oceania-Africa, South America-Africa, Central America-Asia, Europe-Asia, Europe-Central America, North America-Central America, Oceania-Central America, South America-Europe.

The following continents are not significantly different in average IQ scores: Central America-Africa, Europe/Asia-Asia, North America-Asia, Oceania-Asia, South America-Asia, Europe/Asia-Central America, South America-Central America, Europe/Asia-Europe, North America-Europe, Oceania-Europe, North America-Europe/Asia, Oceania-Europe/Asia, South America-Europe/Asia, Oceania-North America, South America-Oceania.

Pairwise comparison determinations are based upon the "p adj" column. If p adj < 0.05, there is a significant difference. If p adj > 0.05, there is no significant difference. That is not to say there are no smaller differences.

Define Global Variables for Graphing

```
# Save the value of the column header "Average IQ" to the variable Average_IQ
Average_IQ <- avgIQpercountry$`Average IQ`

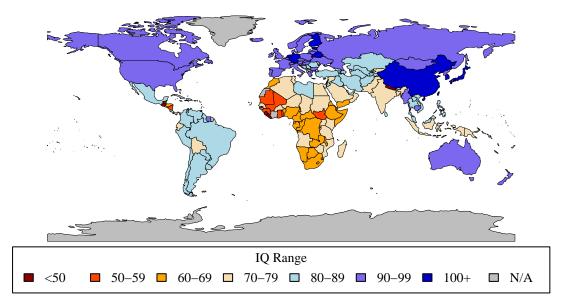
# Pass Average_IQ into the iq_colors function
iq_colors <- function(Average_IQ) {
  if (is.na(Average_IQ)) {
    return("gray")
    }
  else if (Average_IQ < 50) {
    return("#8B0000")</pre>
```

```
else if (50 <= Average_IQ & Average_IQ < 60) {</pre>
    return("#FF4500")
  else if (60 <= Average_IQ & Average_IQ < 70) {</pre>
    return("#FFA500")
    }
  else if (70 <= Average_IQ & Average_IQ < 80) {</pre>
    return("#F5DEB3")
  else if (80 <= Average_IQ & Average_IQ < 90) {</pre>
    return("#ADD8E6")
  else if (90 <= Average_IQ & Average_IQ < 100) {</pre>
    return("#7B68EE")
  }
  else {
    return("#0000CD")
    }
} # end iq_colors
iq_labels <- function(Average_IQ) {</pre>
  if (is.na(Average_IQ)) {
    return("N/A")
  else if (Average_IQ < 50) {</pre>
    return("<50")
    }
  else if (50 <= Average_IQ & Average_IQ < 60) {</pre>
    return("50-59")
  else if (60 <= Average_IQ & Average_IQ < 70) {</pre>
    return("60-69")
  else if (70 <= Average_IQ & Average_IQ < 80) {</pre>
    return("70-79")
    }
  else if (80 <= Average_IQ & Average_IQ < 90) {</pre>
    return("80-89")
  else if (90 <= Average_IQ & Average_IQ < 100) {</pre>
    return("90-99")
  }
  else {
    return("100+")
} # end iq_labels
iq_breaks <- c(-Inf, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, Inf) # Define the breaks
```

Global Map of Average IQ per Country

```
# Set graphical parameters to use Times New Roman for the title
par(family = "serif")
# Join the country data to the map
sPDF <- joinCountryData2Map(avgIQpercountry, joinCode = "NAME",
                            nameJoinColumn = "Country")
## 189 codes from your data successfully matched countries in the map
## 4 codes from your data failed to match with a country code in the map
## 54 codes from the map weren't represented in your data
# Apply the color function to create a color palette for the map
sPDF$color <- sapply(sPDF$`Average IQ`, iq_colors)</pre>
# Define the legend text based on the IQ values
legend_labels <- unique(sapply(sort(unique(sPDF$`Average IQ`)), iq_labels))</pre>
legend_colors <- unique(sapply(sort(unique(sPDF$^Average IQ^)), iq_colors))</pre>
# Plot the map
mapParams <- mapCountryData(sPDF,</pre>
                            nameColumnToPlot = "Average IQ",
                            mapTitle = "Global Map of Average IQ per Country",
                            colourPalette = legend_colors,
                            catMethod = iq_breaks,
                            oceanCol = "#FFFFFF",
                            missingCountryCol = "gray",
                            addLegend = FALSE,
                            borderCol = "#000000",
                            xlim = c(-180, 180), ylim = c(-90, 90))
# Add "N/A" to the legend manually
legend_labels <- c(legend_labels, "N/A")</pre>
legend_colors <- c(legend_colors, "gray")</pre>
# Add the legend manually at the bottom
legend("bottom",
       legend = legend_labels,
       fill = legend_colors,
      title = "IQ Range",
      horiz = TRUE,
       cex = 0.8,
       inset = c(0, -0.16),
       xpd = TRUE) # Allow legend to be drawn outside plot area
# Add caption
mtext("Source: Kaggle/ Google LLC (2023) Average Global IQ per Country with Other Stats.",
      side = 1, line = 2.5, adj = 0.5, cex = 1, family = "serif")
```

Global Map of Average IQ per Country



Source: Kaggle/ Google LLC (2023) Average Global IQ per Country with Other Stats.

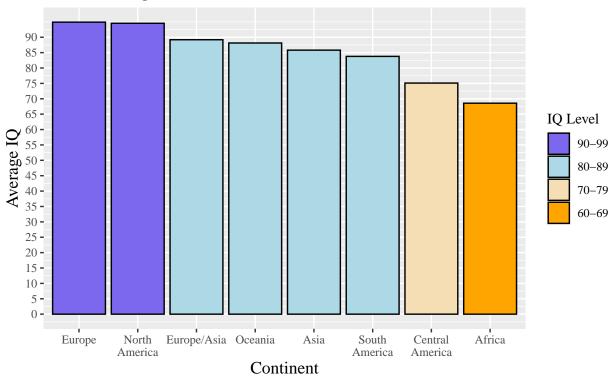
The global map provides a broad overview of what IQ scores look like per country.

Compare Average National IQ Across All Continents

```
## # A tibble: 8 x 4
##
     Continent
                     Average_IQ Color
                                        Label
##
     <chr>>
                          <dbl> <chr>
                                        <chr>>
## 1 Europe
                           94.9 #7B68EE 90-99
## 2 North America
                           94.5 #7B68EE 90-99
                           89.2 #ADD8E6 80-89
## 3 Europe/Asia
## 4 Oceania
                           88.1 #ADD8E6 80-89
## 5 Asia
                           85.8 #ADD8E6 80-89
## 6 South America
                           83.8 #ADD8E6 80-89
## 7 Central America
                           75.1 #F5DEB3 70-79
## 8 Africa
                           68.6 #FFA500 60-69
```

```
# Adjusting the labels for better display on the graph
avg_continent_iq$Continent <- gsub("North America", "North\nAmerica",</pre>
                                   avg_continent_iq$Continent)
avg_continent_iq$Continent <- gsub("South America", "South\nAmerica",</pre>
                                   avg_continent_iq$Continent)
avg_continent_iq$Continent <- gsub("Central America", "Central\nAmerica",
                                   avg_continent_iq$Continent)
ggplot(avg_continent_iq, aes(x = reorder(Continent, -Average_IQ), y = Average_IQ,
                             fill = Label)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", color = "black") +
  scale_fill_manual(values = c("60-69" = "#FFA500", "70-79" = "#F5DEB3",
                               "80-89" = "#ADD8E6", "90-99" = "#7B68EE"),
                    name = "IQ Level") + # Change the legend title here
  guides(fill = guide_legend(reverse = TRUE)) + # Reverse legend order
  scale_y_continuous(breaks = seq(0, 90, by = 5)) +
  labs(title = "Average National IQ Across All Continents",
       x = "Continent",
       y = "Average IQ",
       caption = "Source: Kaggle/ Google LLC (2023) Average Global IQ per Country with Other Stats.") +
  theme(text = element_text(family = "serif"),
        axis.text.x = element_text(size = rel(1)), # x-axis labels
        axis.text.y = element_text(size = rel(1)), # y-axis labels
        axis.title.x = element_text(size = rel(1.2)), # x-axis title
        axis.title.y = element_text(size = rel(1.2)), # y-axis title
       plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5, size = rel(1.5)), # Center title
        plot.caption = element_text(hjust = 1, size = rel(1))) # Center caption
```

Average National IQ Across All Continents



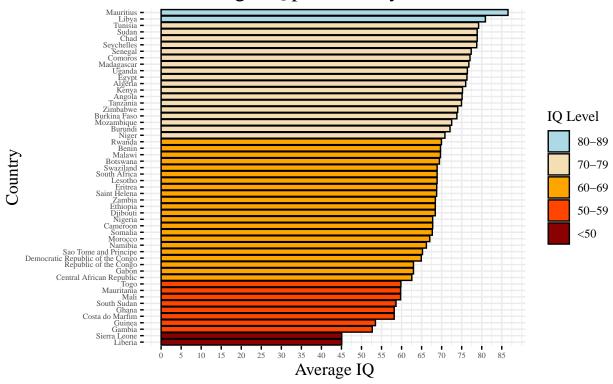
Source: Kaggle/Google LLC (2023) Average Global IQ per Country with Other Stats.

Bar Graph of Average IQ per Country In Africa

```
# Filter the dataset for African countries
africa_data <- avgIQpercountry %>%
  filter(Continent == "Africa") %>%
  mutate(IQ_level = sapply(`Average IQ`, iq_labels))
# Create the color palette based on unique IQ levels in africa_data
iq_color_values <- sapply(unique(africa_data$IQ_level), iq_colors)</pre>
names(iq_color_values) <- unique(africa_data$IQ_level)</pre>
# Create bar graph
ggplot(africa_data, aes(x = reorder(Country, `Average IQ`), y = `Average IQ`,
                        fill = IQ_level)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", color = "#000000") +
  coord_flip() +
  theme minimal() +
  scale_fill_manual(values = iq_color_values, name = "IQ Level") +
  guides(fill = guide_legend(reverse = TRUE)) + # Reverse legend order
  labs(title = "Average IQ per Country in Africa", x = "Country",
       y = "Average IQ",
       caption = "Source: Kaggle/ Google LLC (2023) Average Global IQ per Country with Other Stats.") +
  scale_y_continuous(breaks = seq(0, max(africa_data$`Average IQ`, na.rm = TRUE),
                                  by = 5)) +
  theme(text = element_text(family = "serif"),
        axis.text.x = element_text(size = rel(0.7)), # x-axis labels
```

```
axis.text.y = element_text(size = rel(0.7)), # y-axis labels
axis.title.x = element_text(size = rel(1.2)), # x-axis title
axis.title.y = element_text(size = rel(1.2)), # y-axis title
plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5, size = rel(1.5)), # Center title
plot.caption = element_text(hjust = 1, size = rel(1)), # Center caption
axis.ticks.x = element_line(color = "black"), # Add black ticks on x-axis
axis.ticks.y = element_line(color = "black"), # Add black ticks on y-axis
legend.position = "right")
```

Average IQ per Country in Africa

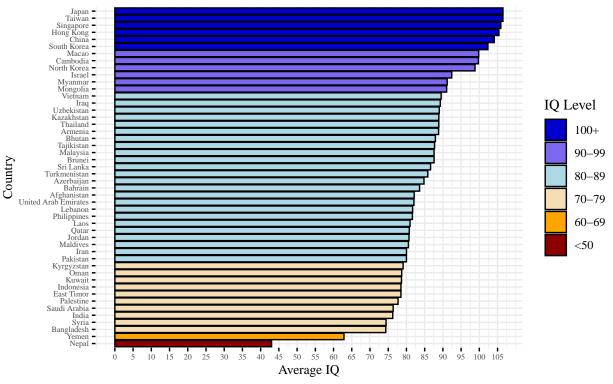


Source: Kaggle/ Google LLC (2023) Average Global IQ per Country with Other Stats.

Bar Graph of Average IQ per Country In Asia

```
fill = IQ_level)) +
geom_bar(stat = "identity", color = "#000000") +
coord_flip() +
theme_minimal() +
scale_fill_manual(values = iq_color_values, name = "IQ Level") +
guides(fill = guide_legend(reverse = TRUE)) + # Reverse legend order
labs(title = "Average IQ per Country in Asia", x = "Country", y = "Average IQ",
     caption = "Source: Kaggle/ Google LLC (2023) Average Global IQ per Country with Other Stats.") +
scale_y_continuous(breaks = seq(0, max(asia_data$`Average IQ`, na.rm = TRUE),
                                by = 5)) +
theme(text = element_text(family = "serif"),
      axis.text.x = element_text(size = rel(0.7)), # x-axis labels
      axis.text.y = element_text(size = rel(0.7)), # y-axis labels
     axis.title.x = element_text(size = rel(0.9)), # x-axis title
      axis.title.y = element_text(size = rel(0.9)), # y-axis title
     plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5, size = rel(1.5)), # Center title
      plot.caption = element_text(hjust = 1, size = rel(1)), # Center caption
      axis.ticks.x = element_line(color = "black"), # Add black ticks on x-axis
      axis.ticks.y = element_line(color = "black"), # Add black ticks on y-axis
      legend.position = "right")
```

Average IQ per Country in Asia



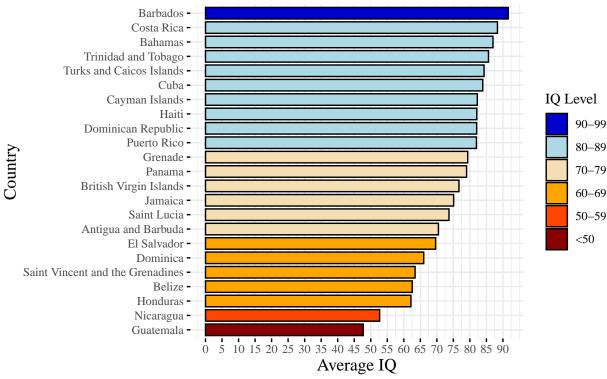
Source: Kaggle/ Google LLC (2023) Average Global IQ per Country with Other Stats.

Bar Graph of Average IQ per Country In Central America

```
# Filter the dataset for Central American countries
centralamerica_data <- avgIQpercountry %>%
filter(Continent == "Central America") %>%
```

```
mutate(IQ_level = sapply(`Average IQ`, iq_labels))
# Create the color palette based on unique IQ levels in centralamerica_data
iq_color_values <- sapply(unique(centralamerica_data$IQ_level), iq_colors)</pre>
names(iq_color_values) <- unique(centralamerica_data$IQ_level)</pre>
# Create bar graph
ggplot(centralamerica_data, aes(x = reorder(Country, Average IQ)),
                                y = `Average IQ`, fill = IQ_level)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", color = "#000000", width = 0.8) +
  coord_flip() +
  theme_minimal() +
  scale fill manual(values = iq color values, name = "IQ Level") +
  guides(fill = guide_legend(reverse = TRUE)) + # Reverse legend order
  labs(title = "Average IQ per Country in Central America",
       x = "Country", y = "Average IQ",
       caption = "Source: Kaggle/ Google LLC (2023) Average Global IQ per Country with Other Stats.") +
  scale_y_continuous(breaks = seq(0, max(centralamerica_data$`Average IQ`,
                                         na.rm = TRUE), by = 5)) +
  theme(text = element_text(family = "serif"),
        axis.text.x = element_text(size = rel(1)), # x-axis labels
        axis.text.y = element_text(size = rel(1)), # y-axis labels
        axis.title.x = element_text(size = rel(1.2)), # x-axis title
        axis.title.y = element_text(size = rel(1.2)), # y-axis title
        plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5, size = rel(1.5)), # Center title
        plot.caption = element_text(hjust = 1, size = rel(1)), # Center caption
        axis.ticks.x = element_line(color = "black"), # Add black ticks on x-axis
        axis.ticks.y = element_line(color = "black"), # Add black ticks on y-axis
       legend.position = "right")
```

Average IQ per Country in Central America

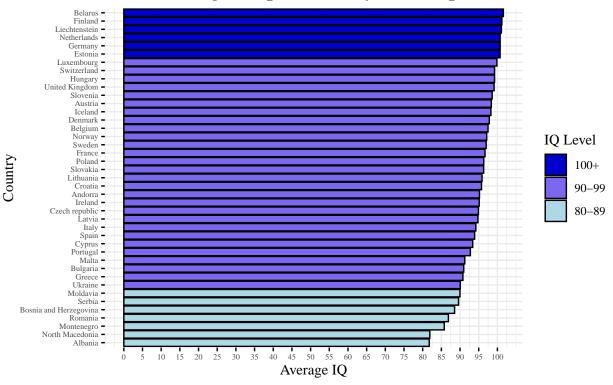


Source: Kaggle/ Google LLC (2023) Average Global IQ per Country with Other Stats.

Bar Graph of Average IQ per Country In Europe

```
# Define the order of levels for IQ_level factor
iq_levels_ordered <- c("80-89", "90-99", "100+")
# Filter the dataset for European countries
europe_data <- avgIQpercountry %>%
 filter(Continent == "Europe") %>%
  mutate(IQ_level = factor(sapply(`Average IQ`, iq_labels),
                           levels = iq_levels_ordered))
# Define the color palette
iq\_color\_values \leftarrow c("80-89" = "#ADD8E6",
                     "90-99" = "#7B68EE",
                     "100+" = "#0000CD")
# Create bar graph
ggplot(europe_data, aes(x = reorder(Country, `Average IQ`),
                        y = `Average IQ`, fill = IQ level)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", color = "#000000") +
  coord_flip() +
  theme_minimal() +
  scale_fill_manual(values = iq_color_values, name = "IQ Level") +
  guides(fill = guide_legend(reverse = TRUE)) + # Reverse legend order
  labs(title = "Average IQ per Country in Europe",
       x = "Country", y = "Average IQ",
```

Average IQ per Country in Europe

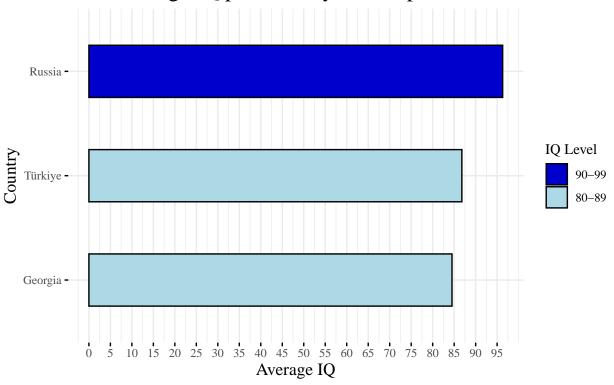


Source: Kaggle/ Google LLC (2023) Average Global IQ per Country with Other Stats.

Bar Graph of Average IQ per Country In Europe/Asia

```
# Create bar graph
ggplot(eurasian_data, aes(x = reorder(Country, `Average IQ`),
                          y = `Average IQ`, fill = IQ_level)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", color = "#000000", width = 0.5) +
  coord_flip() +
  theme_minimal() +
  scale_fill_manual(values = iq_color_values, name = "IQ Level") +
  guides(fill = guide_legend(reverse = TRUE)) + # Reverse legend order
  labs(title = "Average IQ per Country in Europe/Asia",
       x = "Country", y = "Average IQ",
       caption = "Source: Kaggle/ Google LLC (2023) Average Global IQ per Country with Other Stats.") +
  scale_y_continuous(breaks = seq(0, max(eurasian_data$`Average IQ`, na.rm = TRUE),
                                  by = 5) +
  theme(text = element text(family = "serif"),
        axis.text.x = element_text(size = rel(1)), # x-axis labels
       axis.text.y = element_text(size = rel(1)), # y-axis labels
       axis.title.x = element_text(size = rel(1.2)), # x-axis title
        axis.title.y = element_text(size = rel(1.2)), # y-axis title
       plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5, size = rel(1.5)), # Center title
       plot.caption = element_text(hjust = 1, size = rel(1)), # Center caption
       axis.ticks.x = element_line(color = "black"), # Add black ticks on x-axis
        axis.ticks.y = element_line(color = "black"), # Add black ticks on y-axis
        legend.position = "right")
```

Average IQ per Country in Europe/Asia

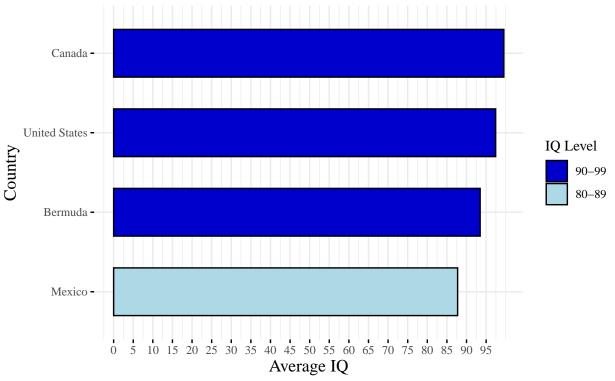


Source: Kaggle/Google LLC (2023) Average Global IQ per Country with Other Stats.

Bar Graph of Average IQ per Country In North America

```
# Filter the dataset for North American countries
northamerican_data <- avgIQpercountry %>%
  filter(Continent == "North America") %>%
  mutate(IQ_level = sapply(`Average IQ`, iq_labels))
# Create the color palette based on unique IQ levels in northamerican_data
iq_color_values <- sapply(unique(northamerican_data$IQ_level), iq_colors)</pre>
names(iq_color_values) <- unique(northamerican_data$IQ_level)</pre>
# Create bar graph
ggplot(northamerican_data, aes(x = reorder(Country, `Average IQ`),
                               y = `Average IQ`, fill = IQ level)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", color = "#000000", width = 0.6) +
  coord flip() +
  theme_minimal() +
  scale_fill_manual(values = iq_color_values, name = "IQ Level") +
  guides(fill = guide_legend(reverse = TRUE)) + # Reverse legend order
  labs(title = "Average IQ per Country in North America",
      x = "Country", y = "Average IQ",
       caption = "Source: Kaggle/ Google LLC (2023) Average Global IQ per Country with Other Stats.") +
  scale_y_continuous(breaks = seq(0, max(northamerican_data$`Average IQ`,
                                         na.rm = TRUE), by = 5)) +
  theme(text = element_text(family = "serif"),
        axis.text.x = element_text(size = rel(1)), # x-axis labels
        axis.text.y = element_text(size = rel(1)), # y-axis labels
        axis.title.x = element_text(size = rel(1.2)), # x-axis title
        axis.title.y = element text(size = rel(1.2)), # y-axis title
       plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5, size = rel(1.5)), # Center title
       plot.caption = element_text(hjust = 1, size = rel(1)), # Center caption
        axis.ticks.x = element_line(color = "black"), # Add black ticks on x-axis
        axis.ticks.y = element_line(color = "black"), # Add black ticks on y-axis
        legend.position = "right")
```

Average IQ per Country in North America



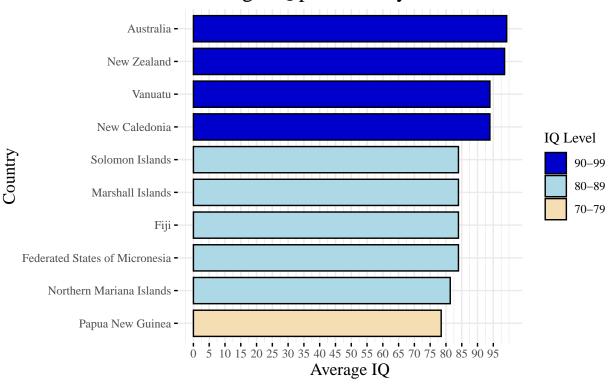
Source: Kaggle/Google LLC (2023) Average Global IQ per Country with Other Stats.

Bar Graph of Average IQ per Country In Oceania

```
# Filter the dataset for Oceanian countries
oceanian_data <- avgIQpercountry %>%
  filter(Continent == "Oceania") %>%
  mutate(IQ_level = sapply(`Average IQ`, iq_labels))
# Create the color palette based on unique IQ levels in oceanian_data
iq_color_values <- sapply(unique(oceanian_data$IQ_level), iq_colors)</pre>
names(iq_color_values) <- unique(oceanian_data$IQ_level)</pre>
# Create bar graph
ggplot(oceanian_data, aes(x = reorder(Country, `Average IQ`),
                          y = `Average IQ`, fill = IQ_level)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", color = "black", width = 0.8) +
  coord_flip() +
  theme minimal() +
  scale_fill_manual(values = iq_color_values, name = "IQ Level") +
  guides(fill = guide_legend(reverse = TRUE)) + # Reverse legend order
  labs(title = "Average IQ per Country in Oceania",
       x = "Country", y = "Average IQ",
       caption = "Source: Kaggle/ Google LLC (2023) Average Global IQ per Country with Other Stats.") +
  scale_y_continuous(breaks = seq(0, max(oceanian_data$`Average IQ`, na.rm = TRUE),
                                  by = 5)) +
  theme(text = element_text(family = "serif"),
        axis.text.x = element_text(size = rel(1)), # x-axis labels
```

```
axis.text.y = element_text(size = rel(1)), # y-axis labels
axis.title.x = element_text(size = rel(1.2)), # x-axis title
axis.title.y = element_text(size = rel(1.2)), # y-axis title
plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5, size = rel(1.5)), # Center title
plot.caption = element_text(hjust = 1, size = rel(1)), # Center caption
axis.ticks.x = element_line(color = "black"), # Add black ticks on x-axis
axis.ticks.y = element_line(color = "black"), # Add black ticks on y-axis
legend.position = "right")
```

Average IQ per Country in Oceania

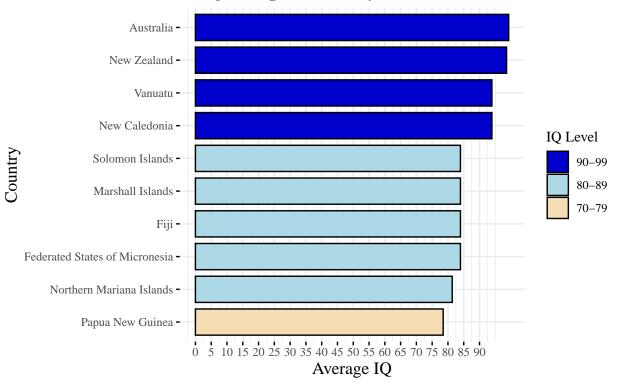


Source: Kaggle/Google LLC (2023) Average Global IQ per Country with Other Stats.

Bar Graph of Average IQ per Country In South America

```
scale_fill_manual(values = iq_color_values, name = "IQ Level") +
guides(fill = guide_legend(reverse = TRUE)) + # Reverse legend order
labs(title = "Average IQ per Country in South America",
     x = "Country", y = "Average IQ",
     caption = "Source: Kaggle/ Google LLC (2023) Average Global IQ per Country with Other Stats.") +
scale_y_continuous(breaks = seq(0, max(southamerican_data$^Average IQ^, na.rm = TRUE), by = 5)) +
theme(text = element_text(family = "serif"),
      axis.text.x = element text(size = rel(1)), # x-axis labels
      axis.text.y = element_text(size = rel(1)), # y-axis labels
      axis.title.x = element_text(size = rel(1.2)), # x-axis title
     axis.title.y = element_text(size = rel(1.2)), # y-axis title
     plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5, size = rel(1.5)), # Center title
     plot.caption = element text(hjust = 1, size = rel(1)), # Center caption
      axis.ticks.x = element_line(color = "black"), # Add black ticks on x-axis
      axis.ticks.y = element_line(color = "black"), # Add black ticks on y-axis
      legend.position = "right")
```

Average IQ per Country in South America



Source: Kaggle/Google LLC (2023) Average Global IQ per Country with Other Stats.

```
H_0: \mu_{\text{Muslim IQ}} = \mu_{\text{Non-Muslim IQ}} \text{ vs } H_a: \mu_{\text{Muslim IQ}} \neq \mu_{\text{Non-Muslim IQ}}
```

```
abab_israeli <- aov(`Average IQ`~Group, data = muslim_nonmuslim)
summary(abab_israeli)
              Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
##
## Group
               1 333.6
                          333.6
                                 13.16 0.011 *
## Residuals
               6 152.1
                           25.4
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
TukeyHSD(abab_israeli) # pairwise comparison test
##
     Tukey multiple comparisons of means
       95% family-wise confidence level
##
##
## Fit: aov(formula = `Average IQ` ~ Group, data = muslim_nonmuslim)
##
## $Group
##
                        diff
                                  lwr
                                            upr
                                                   p adj
## Non-Muslim-Muslim 14.91333 4.853403 24.97326 0.010999
```

Reject H0; there is no evidence to support the claim that the mean IQs between these Muslim and Non-Muslim countries are equal at the 0.05 significance level.

In the pairwise comparison test, it is found the Muslim and Non-Muslim countries are significantly different in average IQ scores. This is denoted by the low probability value (i.e. 0.010999) in the "p adj" column. Viz., the probability this pair is equivalent is 1.0999%.

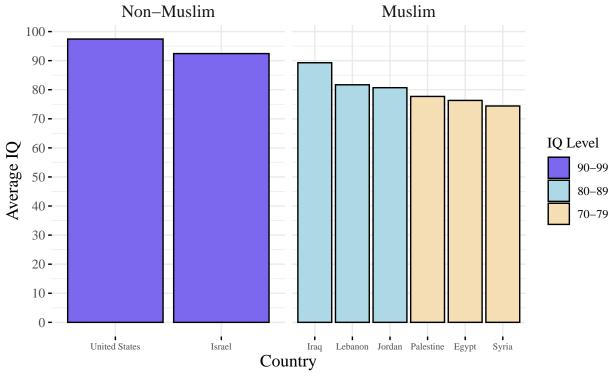
Compare IQ in Countries Involved in Arab-Israeli Conflict

f = 13.16; p-value = 0.011

```
# Define the grouping of countries and prepare the data
selected_countries_data <- avgIQpercountry %>%
  filter(Country %in% c("United States", "Israel",
                         "Palestine", "Syria",
                        "Jordan", "Egypt",
"Lebanon", "Iraq")) %>%
  select(Country, `Average IQ`) %>%
  arrange(desc(`Average IQ`)) %>% # Sorting by descending IQ
  mutate(Color = sapply(`Average IQ`, iq_colors), # Apply the iq_colors function
         IQ_Range = sapply(`Average IQ`, iq_labels), # Apply the iq_labels function
         Category = factor(ifelse(Country %in% c("United States", "Israel"),
                                   "Non-Muslim", "Muslim"),
                           levels = c("Non-Muslim", "Muslim")))
# Ensure the order of factors in Country matches the descending IQ order
selected_countries_data$Country <- factor(selected_countries_data$Country,</pre>
                                           levels = selected countries data$Country)
# Graph their IQs with custom colors and relative text sizing
ggplot(selected_countries_data, aes(x = Country, y = `Average IQ`,
                                     fill = IQ_Range)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", color = "#000000") +
```

```
scale_fill_manual(values = setNames(as.character(selected_countries_data$Color),
                                    selected_countries_data$IQ_Range),
                  name = "IQ Level") +
guides(fill = guide_legend(reverse = TRUE)) + # Reverse legend order
labs(title = "IQ Scores of Participants in Arab-Israeli Conflict",
     x = "Country", y = "Average IQ",
     caption = "Source: Kaggle/ Google LLC (2023) Average Global IQ per Country with Other Stats.") +
theme minimal() +
theme(text = element_text(family = "serif"),
      axis.text.x = element_text(hjust = 0.5, size = rel(0.8)), # x-axis label
      axis.text.y = element_text(size = rel(1.1)), # y-axis label
     axis.title.x = element_text(size = rel(1.2)), # x-axis title
      axis.title.y = element_text(size = rel(1.2)), # y-axis title
     plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5, size = rel(1.5)), # Center title
      plot.caption = element_text(hjust = 0.5, size = rel(0.8)), # Center caption
      strip.text = element_text(size = rel(1.2)), # facet titles
      axis.ticks.x = element_line(color = "black"), # Add black ticks on x-axis
      axis.ticks.y = element_line(color = "black")) + # Add black ticks on y-axis
scale_y_continuous(breaks = seq(0, 100, by = 10)) + # y-axis ticks
facet_wrap(~ Category, scales = "free_x") # Split graph into two categories
```

IQ Scores of Participants in Arab–Israeli Conflict



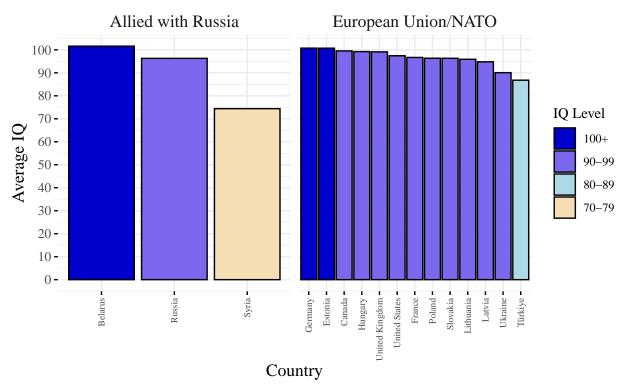
Source: Kaggle/ Google LLC (2023) Average Global IQ per Country with Other Stats.

Compare IQ in Countries Involved in Russo-Ukrainian War

```
# Define the grouping of countries and prepare the data
selected_countries_data <- avgIQpercountry %>%
filter(Country %in% c("Russia", "Syria", "Belarus", "Ukraine", "United States",
```

```
"United Kingdom", "Germany", "France", "Poland",
                        "Canada", "Turkey", "Estonia", "Latvia", "Lithuania",
                        "Moldova", "Hungary", "Slovakia")) %>%
  mutate(Country = gsub("Turkey", "Türkiye", Country)) %>% # Replace Turkey with Türkiye
  select(Country, `Average IQ`) %>%
  arrange(desc(`Average IQ`)) %>% # Sorting by descending IQ
  mutate(Color = sapply(`Average IQ`, iq_colors), # Apply the iq_colors function
         IQ_Range = sapply(`Average IQ`, iq_labels), # Apply the iq_labels function
         Category = factor(ifelse(Country %in% c("Russia", "Belarus", "Syria"),
                                  "Allied with Russia", "European Union/NATO"),
                           levels = c("Allied with Russia", "European Union/NATO")))
# Ensure the order of factors in Country matches the descending IQ order
selected countries data Country <- factor (selected countries data Country,
                                          levels = selected_countries_data$Country)
# Graph their IQs with custom colors and relative text sizing
ggplot(selected_countries_data, aes(x = Country, y = `Average IQ`,
                                    fill = IQ_Range)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", color = "#000000") +
  scale_fill_manual(values = setNames(as.character(selected_countries_data$Color),
                                      selected_countries_data$IQ_Range),
                    name = "IQ Level",
                    breaks = c("100+", "90-99", "80-89", "70-79")) + # Order legend
  guides(fill = guide_legend(reverse = FALSE)) + # Maintain specified order
  labs(title = "IQ Scores of Countries in the Russo-Ukrainian War",
       x = "Country", y = "Average IQ",
       caption = "Source: Kaggle/ Google LLC (2023) Average Global IQ per Country with Other Stats.") +
  theme minimal() +
  theme(text = element_text(family = "serif"),
        axis.text.x = element text(angle = 90, hjust = 1,
                                   vjust = .5, size = rel(0.8)), # x-axis label
       axis.text.y = element_text(size = rel(1.1)), # y-axis label
       axis.title.x = element_text(size = rel(1.2)), # x-axis title
       axis.title.y = element_text(size = rel(1.2)), # y-axis title
       plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5, size = rel(1.5)), # Center title
       plot.caption = element_text(hjust = 0.5, size = rel(0.8)), # Center caption
        strip.text = element_text(size = rel(1.2)), # facet titles
       axis.ticks.x = element_line(color = "black"), # Add black ticks on x-axis
       axis.ticks.y = element_line(color = "black")) + # Add black ticks on y-axis
  scale_y_continuous(breaks = seq(0, 100, by = 10)) + # y-axis ticks
  facet_wrap(~ Category, scales = "free_x") # Split graph into two categories
```

IQ Scores of Countries in the Russo-Ukrainian War



Source: Kaggle/ Google LLC (2023) Average Global IQ per Country with Other Stats.