

Homework 10

Peyton Hall

04/15/2025

Question 1

```
library(readxl)
otter_mandible_data <- read_excel("~/Desktop/STAT 301/Week 11/otter-mandible-data.xlsx")
otter_mandible_data

## # A tibble: 149 x 7
##   species mandibular.ramus.width mandibular.ramus.hei~1 moment.arm.temporalis
##   <chr>          <dbl>          <dbl>          <dbl>
## 1 A. ciner~      15.1          27.8          21.9
## 2 A. ciner~      12.7          26.8          20.3
## 3 A. ciner~      12.4          25.9          20.7
## 4 A. ciner~      13.4          28.0          22.1
## 5 A. ciner~      14.4          26.2          21.4
## 6 A. ciner~      14.5          29.0          22.3
## 7 A. ciner~      13.7          28.0          20.8
## 8 A. ciner~      13.2          24.4          18.6
## 9 A. ciner~      12.5          27.1          20.6
## 10 A. ciner~     13.2          21.3          20.7
## # i 139 more rows
## # i abbreviated name: 1: mandibular.ramus.height
## # i 3 more variables: outlever.at.carnassial <dbl>, moment.arm.masseter <dbl>,
## #   jaw.length <dbl>

# a)
library(MASS)
lda_result1 <- lda(species~.-species, data = otter_mandible_data, prior = c(1/4, 1/4, 1/4, 1/4))
length(lda_result1$svd)

## [1] 3

# b)
lda_result1$svd # singular value decomposition

## [1] 28.953120 24.455137 5.440225

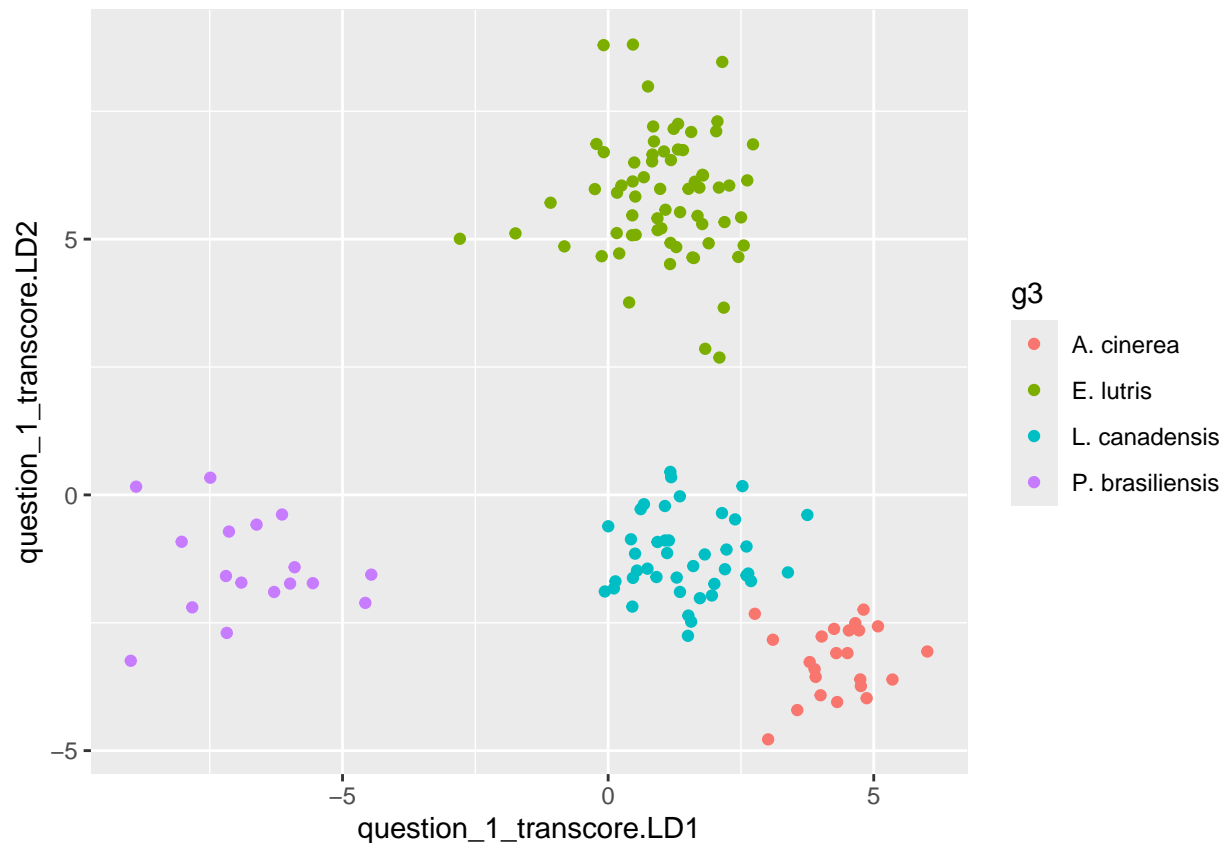
# proportion of separation explained by each linear discriminant
lda_result1$svd^2 / sum(lda_result1$svd^2)
```

```
## [1] 0.57184278 0.40796800 0.02018922
```

```
# c)
question_1_type <- data.frame(mandibular.ramus.width=13, mandibular.ramus.height=30, moment.arm.temporal)
predict(object = lda_result1, newdata = question_1_type)
```

```
## $class
## [1] A. cinerea
## Levels: A. cinerea E. lutris L. canadensis P. brasiliensis
##
## $posterior
##      A. cinerea      E. lutris L. canadensis P. brasiliensis
## 1  0.9993156 9.242048e-18  0.0006844254    8.349321e-30
##
## $x
##      LD1      LD2      LD3
## 1 4.823768 -2.235482 -0.5401735
```

```
# d)
library(ggplot2)
question_1_result <- predict(lda_result1)
otterdf <- data.frame(g3 = otter_mandible_data$species, question_1_transcore = question_1_result$x)
ggplot(data = otterdf, aes(x = question_1_transcore.LD1, y = question_1_transcore.LD2)) + geom_point(aes(
```



Question 2

```
library(readxl)
admission_data <- read_excel("~/Desktop/STAT 301/Week 11/admission data.xlsx")
admission_data
```

```
## # A tibble: 85 x 3
##   GPA  GMAT De
##   <dbl> <dbl> <chr>
## 1  2.96   596 admit
## 2  3.14   473 admit
## 3  3.22   482 admit
## 4  3.29   527 admit
## 5  3.69   505 admit
## 6  3.46   693 admit
## 7  3.03   626 admit
## 8  3.19   663 admit
## 9  3.63   447 admit
## 10 3.59   588 admit
## # i 75 more rows
```

```
# a)
library(MASS)
lda_result2 <- lda(De~.-De, data = admission_data, prior = c(1/3, 1/3, 1/3))
length(lda_result2$svd)
```

```
## [1] 2
```

```
# b)
lda_result2$svd # singular value decomposition
```

```
## [1] 14.905399  2.864751
```

```
# proportion of separation explained by each linear discriminant
lda_result2$svd^2 / sum(lda_result2$svd^2)
```

```
## [1] 0.96437677 0.03562323
```

```
# c)
question_2_type <- data.frame(GPA = 2.0, GMAT = 690)
predict(object = lda_result2, newdata = question_2_type)
```

```
## $class
## [1] notadmit
## Levels: admit border notadmit
##
## $posterior
##           admit           border notadmit
## 1 1.734204e-08 0.0001429574 0.999857
##
## $x
##           LD1           LD2
## 1 -3.070465 -4.751932
```

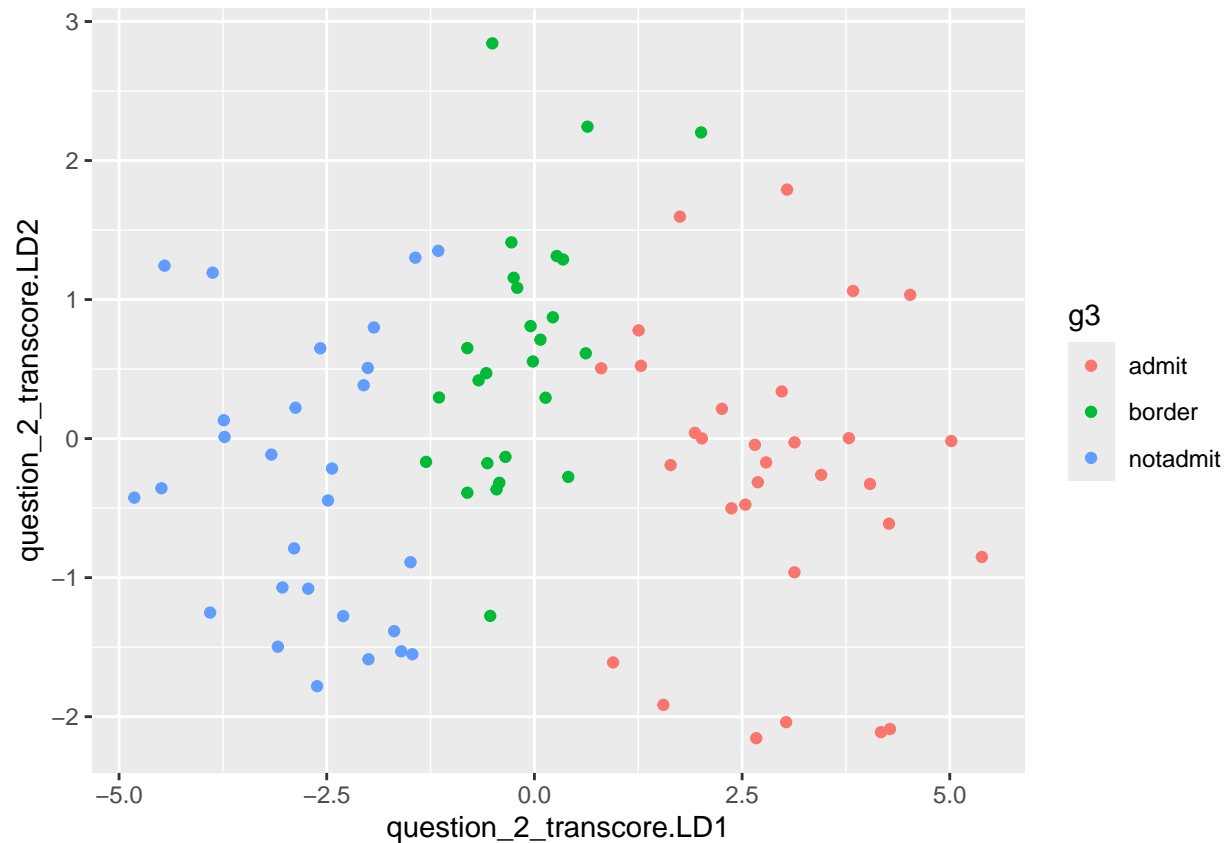
```
# d)
question_2_type <- data.frame(GPA = 3.8, GMAT = 300)
predict(object = lda_result2, newdata = question_2_type)
```

```
## $class
## [1] admit
## Levels: admit border notadmit
##
## $posterior
##      admit      border      notadmit
## 1 0.5586322 0.4413676 2.596678e-07
##
## $x
##      LD1      LD2
## 1 2.644272 4.236256
```

```
# e)
question_2_type <- data.frame(GPA = 3.8, GMAT = 550)
predict(object = lda_result2, newdata = question_2_type)
```

```
## $class
## [1] admit
## Levels: admit border notadmit
##
## $posterior
##      admit      border      notadmit
## 1 0.9999534 4.659286e-05 3.87786e-12
##
## $x
##      LD1      LD2
## 1 4.770059 0.6138394
```

```
# g)
library(ggplot2)
question_2_result <- predict(lda_result2)
admissiondf <- data.frame(g3 = admission_data$De, question_2_transcore = question_2_result$x)
ggplot(data = admissiondf, aes(x = question_2_transcore.LD1, y = question_2_transcore.LD2)) + geom_point
```



Question 3

```
library(readxl)
LEAD_data <- read_excel("~/Desktop/STAT 301/Week 11/LEAD data.xlsx")
LEAD_data
```

```
## # A tibble: 124 x 10
##       id    sex iqv_comp iqv_ar iqv_ds iqv_pc iqv_bd iqv_cod  iqf Group
##   <dbl> <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
## 1  101     1     4       3       5      10      8       5     70     1
## 2  102     1     9       7       6       8       7       9     85     1
## 3  103     1     9       5       3      10       7      20     86     1
## 4  104     1     6       6       6       5       8      13     76     1
## 5  105     1     4       8       5       5      10      12     84     1
## 6  106     1    12      11       9      14       7      10     96     1
## 7  107     1     9      10       7      10       8      16     94     1
## 8  108     2     1       3       6       6       2       8     56     1
## 9  109     2    10      14      13       8      15       9    115     1
## 10 110     1     9      12       9       6       9      13     97     1
## # i 114 more rows
```

```
# a)
library(MASS)
lda_result3 <- lda(Group~iqv_comp+iqv_ar+iqv_ds+iqv_pc+iqv_bd+iqv_cod+iqf, data = LEAD_data, prior = c(
length(lda_result3$svd)
```

```
# b)
question_3_type <- data.frame(iqv_comp=9, iqv_ar=2, iqv_ds = 7, iqp_pc=10, iqp_bd=8, iqp_cod=20, iqf=90)
predict(object = lda_result3, newdata = question_3_type)
```

Question 4

```
## # A tibble: 20 x 4
##   Chest Waist  Hips Gender
##   <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <chr>
## 1    34    30    32 male
## 2    37    32    37 male
## 3    38    30    36 male
## 4    36    33    39 male
## 5    38    29    33 male
## 6    43    32    38 male
## 7    40    33    42 male
## 8    38    30    40 male
## 9    40    30    37 male
## 10   41    32    39 male
## 11   36    24    35 female
## 12   36    25    37 female
## 13   34    24    37 female
## 14   33    22    34 female
## 15   36    26    38 female
## 16   37    26    37 female
## 17   34    25    38 female
## 18   36    26    37 female
## 19   38    28    40 female
## 20   35    23    35 female
```

6

```
## [1] 1
```

```
# b)
```

```
question_4_type <- data.frame(Chest=39, Waist=30, Hips=38)  
predict(object = lda_result4, newdata = question_4_type)
```

```
## $class  
## [1] male  
## Levels: female male  
##  
## $posterior  
##      female      male  
## 1 0.0001987827 0.9998012  
##  
## $x  
##      LD1  
## 1 1.530707
```