

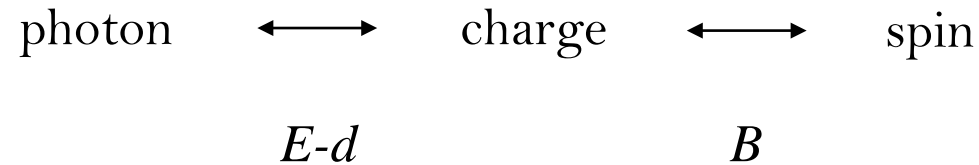
A coherent spin–photon interface in silicon

X. Mi¹, M. Benito², S. Putz¹, D. M. Zajac¹, J. M. Taylor³, Guido Burkard² & J. R. Petta¹

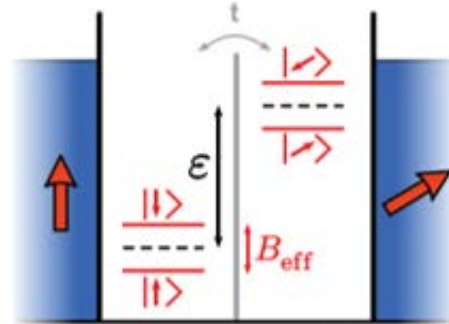
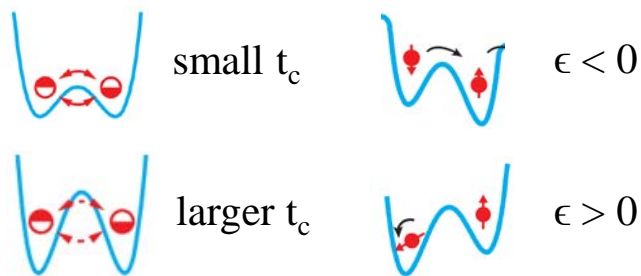
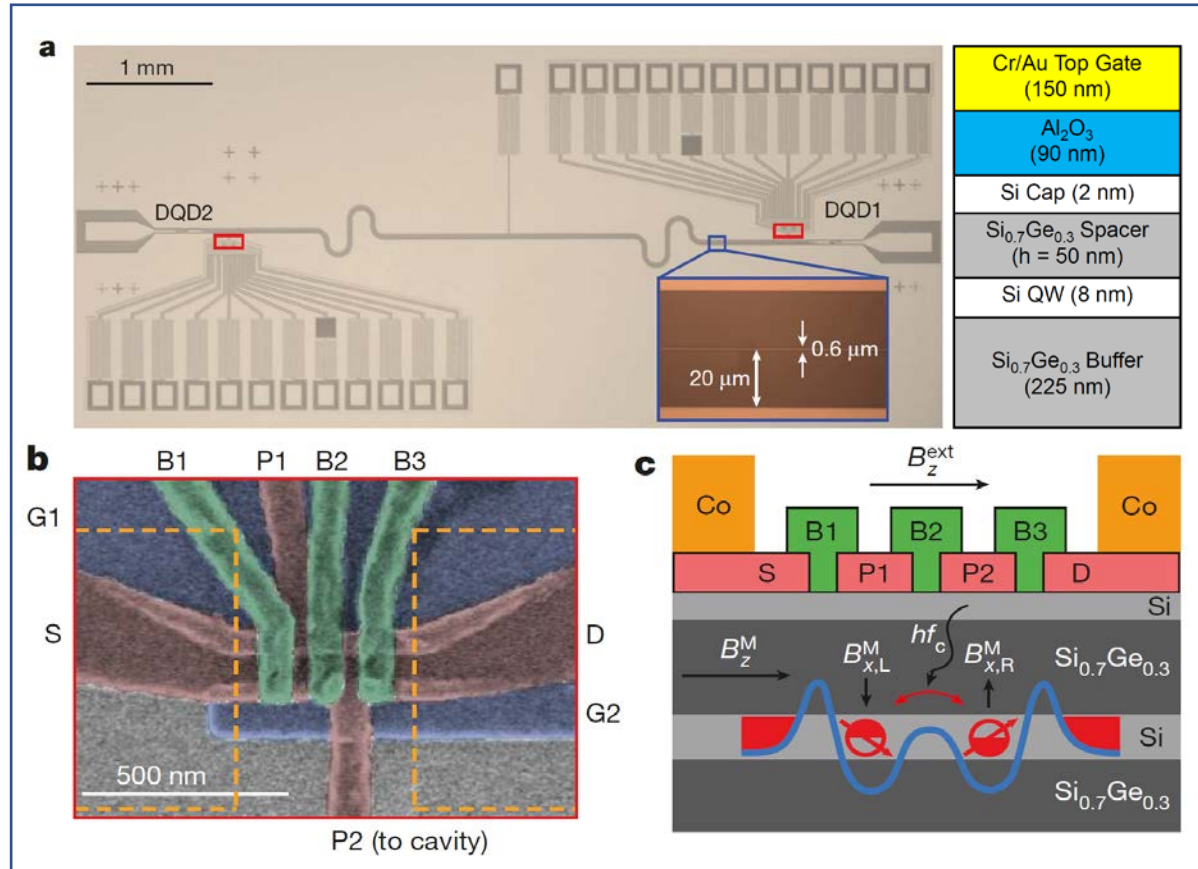
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Joint Quantum Institute/NIST, College Park, Maryland 20742, USA.



Charge-photon hybridization

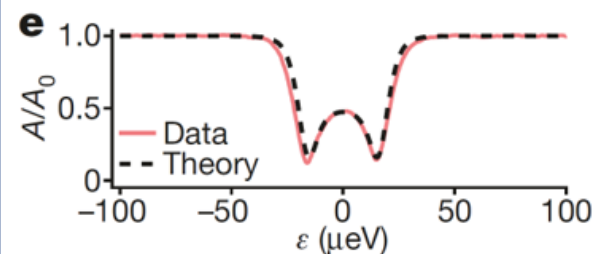
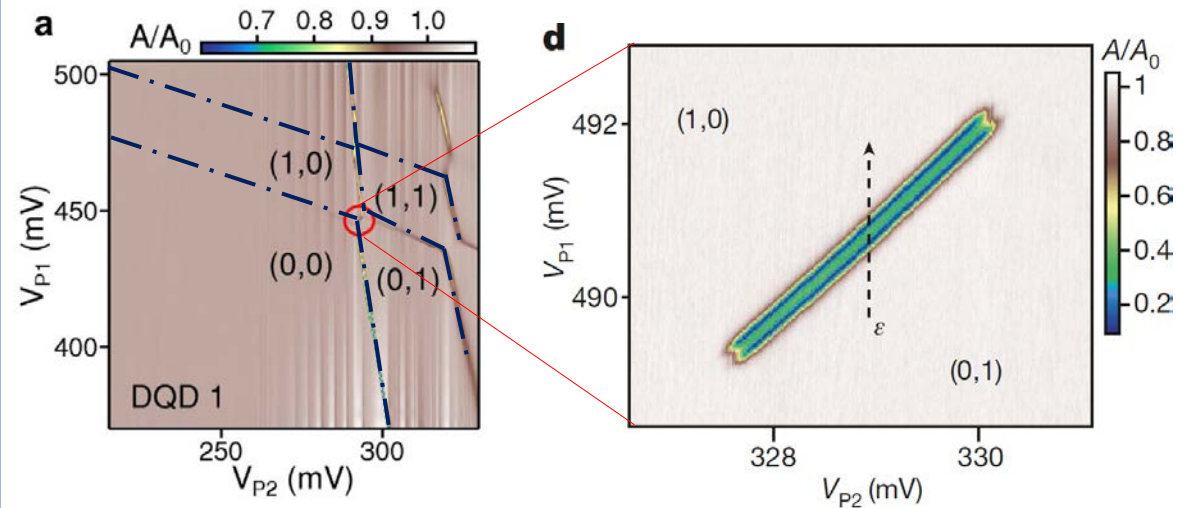


Viennot, J. J. et al. Coherent coupling of a single spin to microwave cavity photons. *Science* 349, 408–411 (2015).

$$H_0 = \frac{1}{2}(\epsilon\tau_z + 2t_c\tau_x + B_z\sigma_z + B_x^M\sigma_x\tau_z)$$

$$a_{\text{out},i} = \sqrt{\kappa_i}a - a_{\text{in},i} \quad \text{Cavity transmission}$$

$$A = \frac{-i\sqrt{\kappa_1\kappa_2}}{-\Delta_0 - i\kappa/2 + g_c \sum_{n=0}^2 \sum_{i=1}^{3-n} d_{n,n+j} \chi_{n,n+j}}$$



charge photon coupling rate:

$$g_c/2\pi = 40 \text{ MHz}$$

charge decoherence rate:

$$\gamma_c/2\pi = 35 \text{ MHz}$$

photon decay rate:

$$\kappa/2\pi = 1.3 \text{ MHz}$$

inter-dot tunnel coupling:

$$2t_c/\hbar = 2.9 \text{ GHz}$$

Spin-photon hybridization

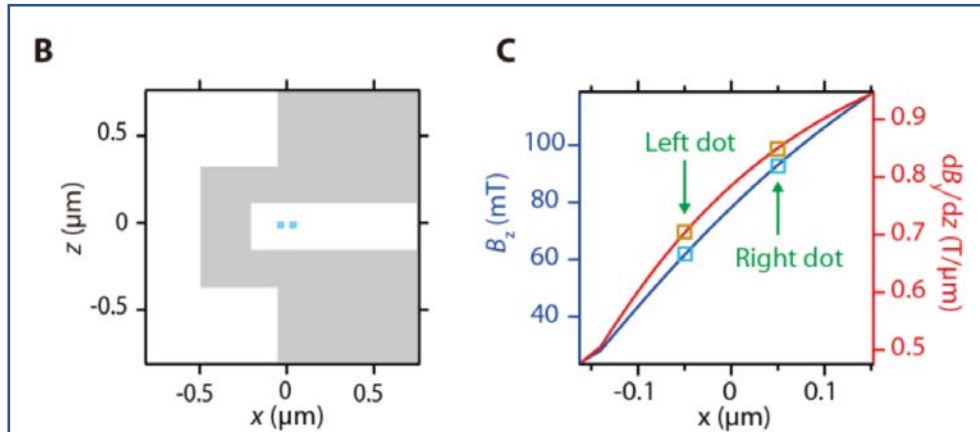
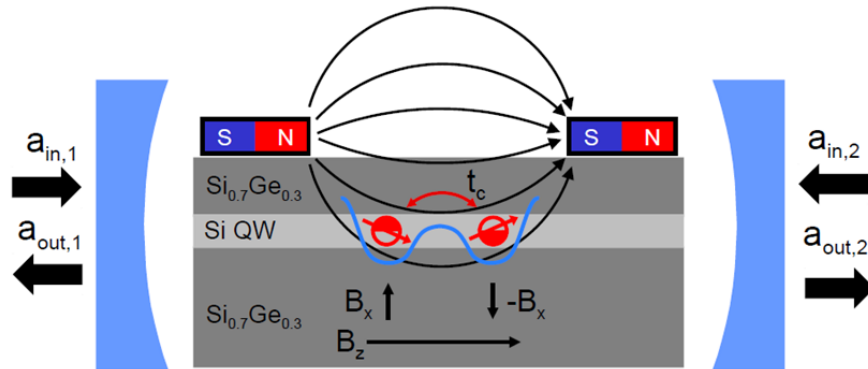


Illustration of micro-magnet

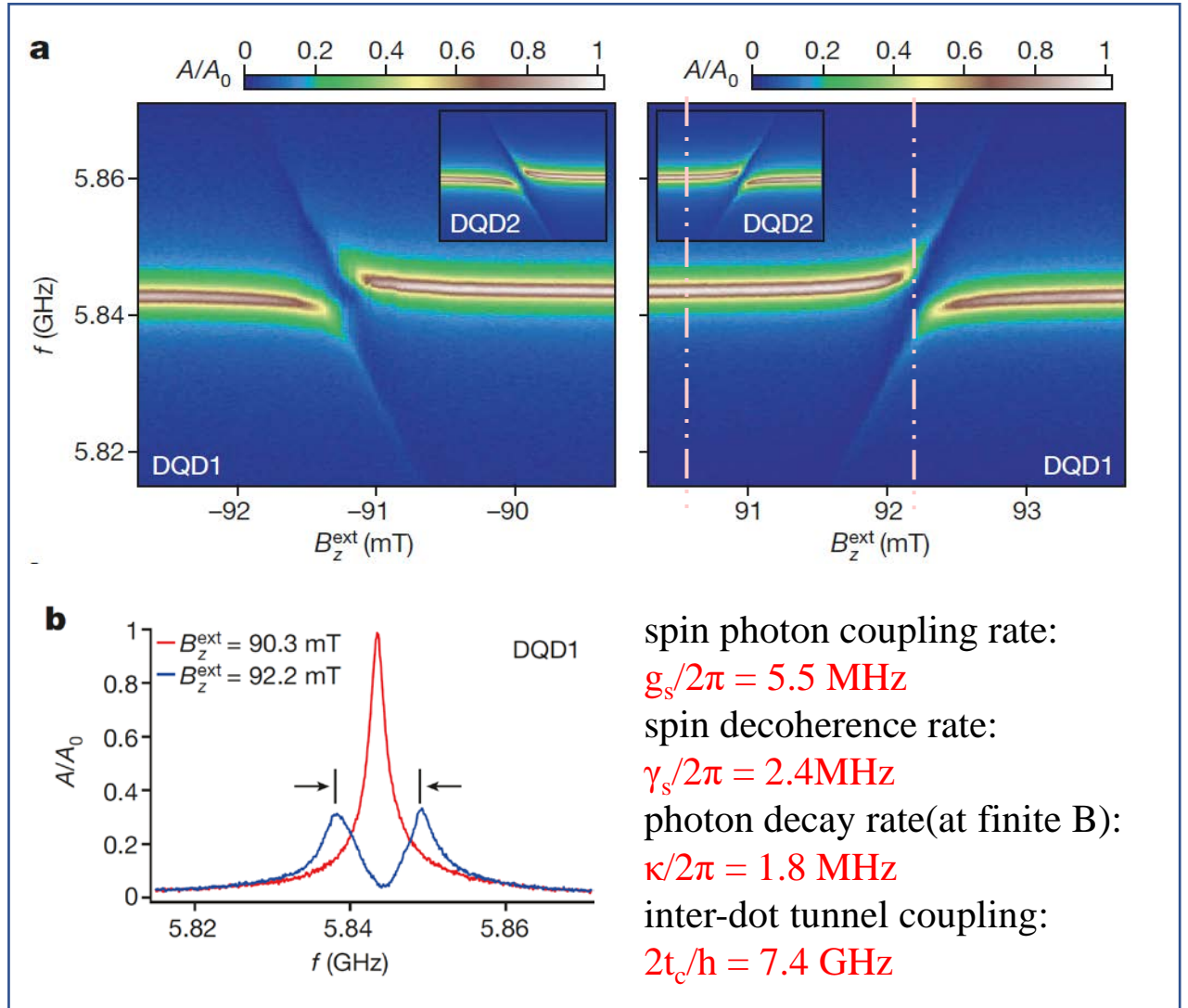
Takeda, K. et al. A fault-tolerant addressable spin qubit in a natural silicon quantum dot. *Sci. Adv.* 2, e1600694 (2016).



Benito, M., Mi, X., Taylor, J. M., Petta, J. R. & Burkard, G. Input-output theory for spin-photon coupling in Si double quantum dots. *Phys. Rev. B* 96, 235434 (2017).

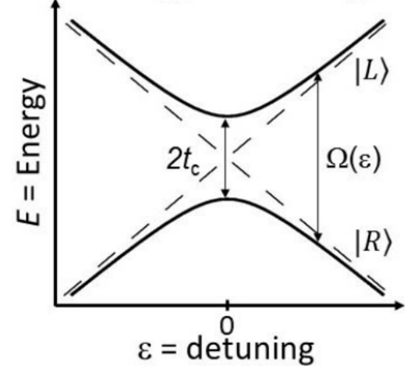
$$E_Z = g\mu_B B_{\text{tot}} \quad \text{Zeeman energy}$$

$$B_{\text{tot}} = \sqrt{[(B_{x,L}^M + B_{x,R}^M)/2]^2 + (B_z^M + B_z^{\text{ext}})^2}$$



DQD containing single electron -> charge qubit

c Energy level diagram



$$H_{JC} = H_a + H_c + H_{\text{int}}$$

$$H_a = \frac{\epsilon}{2}\sigma_z + t\sigma_x$$

$$H_c = hf(a^\dagger a + \frac{1}{2})$$

↓ diagonalize

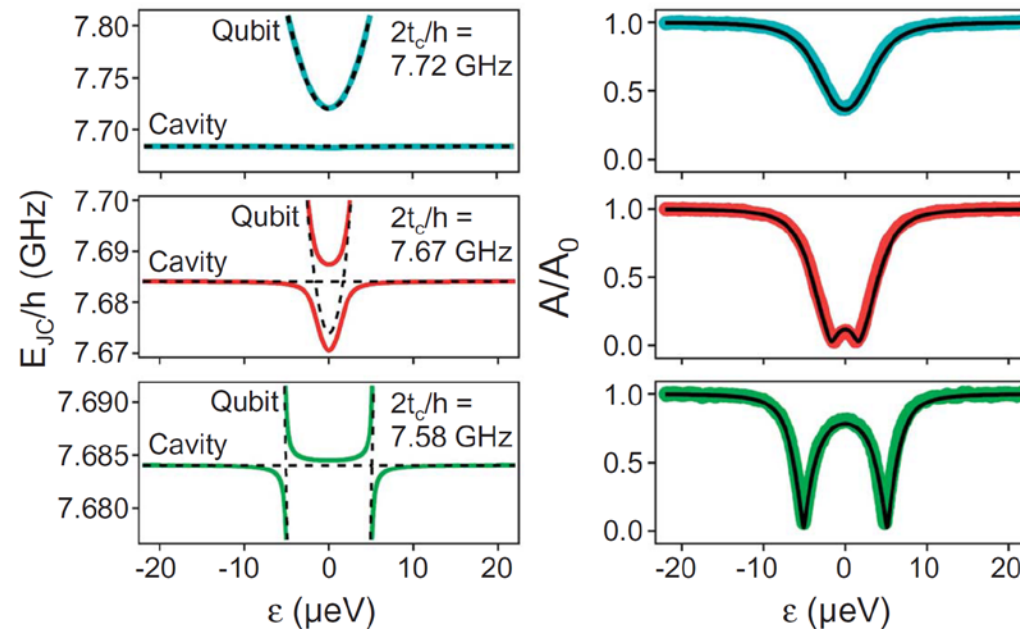
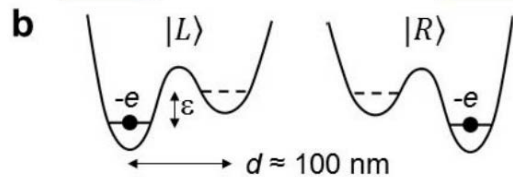
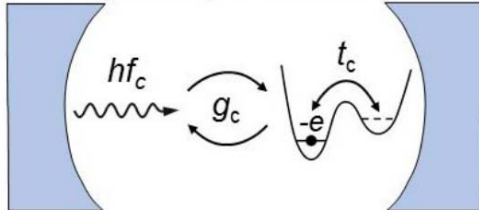
$$H_a = \frac{1}{2}f_a\sigma_z$$

$$H_{\text{int}} = h(g_c/2\pi)\sin\theta(a^\dagger\sigma^- + a\sigma^+)$$

$$\sin\theta = 2t_c/\sqrt{\epsilon^2 + 4t_c^2}$$

$$f_a = \sqrt{\epsilon^2 + 4t_c^2}/h \quad \text{Orbital energy}$$

a Cavity-coupled double dot



Mi, X., Cady, J. V., Zajac, D. M., Deelman, P. W. & Petta, J. R. *Strong coupling of a single electron in silicon to a microwave photon. Science* 355, 156–158 (2017).

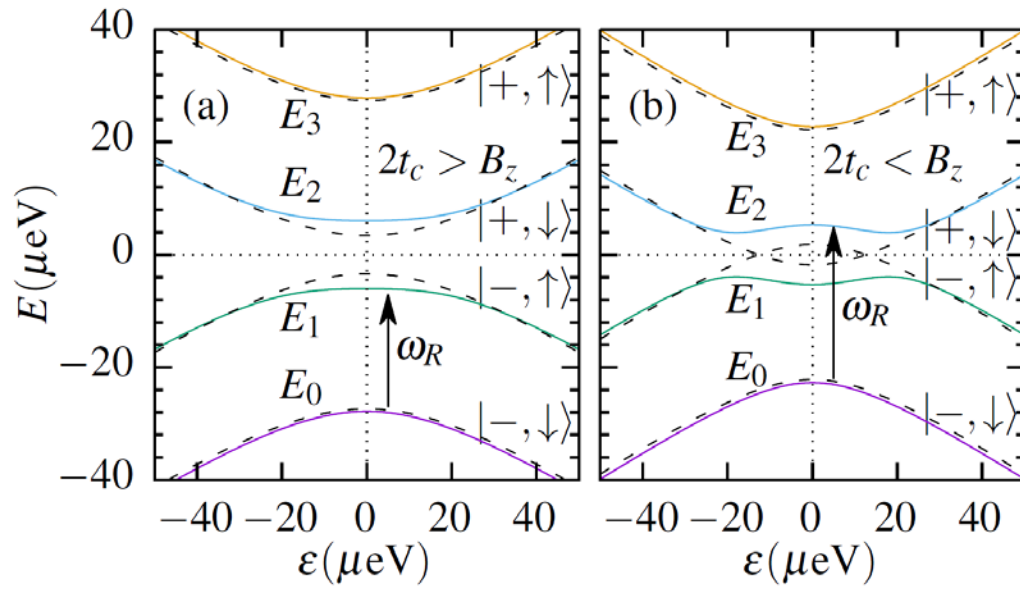
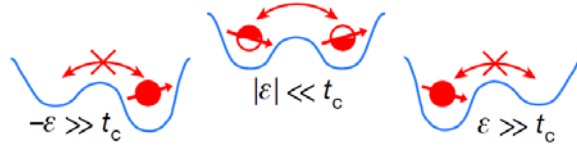
Spin-photon coupling mechanism

$$H_0 = \frac{1}{2} (\epsilon \tau_z + 2t_c \tau_x + B_z \sigma_z + B_x \sigma_x \tau_z)$$

$$H_I = g_c (a + a^\dagger) \sum_{n,m=0}^3 d_{nm} |n\rangle \langle m| \quad g_c = eE_0 d$$

$$E_{3,0} = \pm \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{(2t_c + B_z)^2 + B_x^2}$$

$$E_{2,1} = \pm \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{(2t_c - B_z)^2 + B_x^2}$$



$$\{|+, \uparrow\rangle, |-, \uparrow\rangle, |+, \downarrow\rangle, |-, \downarrow\rangle\}$$

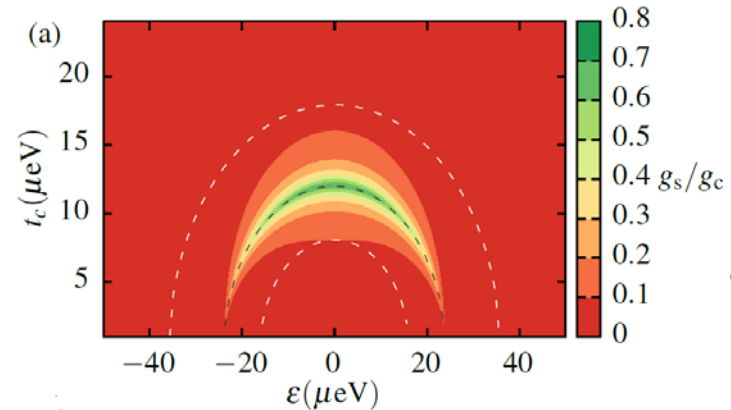
$$r = \sqrt{(2t_c - B_z)^2 + B_x^2} \quad \Phi = \arctan \frac{B_x}{2t_c - B_z}$$

$$\theta = \arctan \frac{\epsilon}{2t_c}$$

Spin-orbit mixing angle

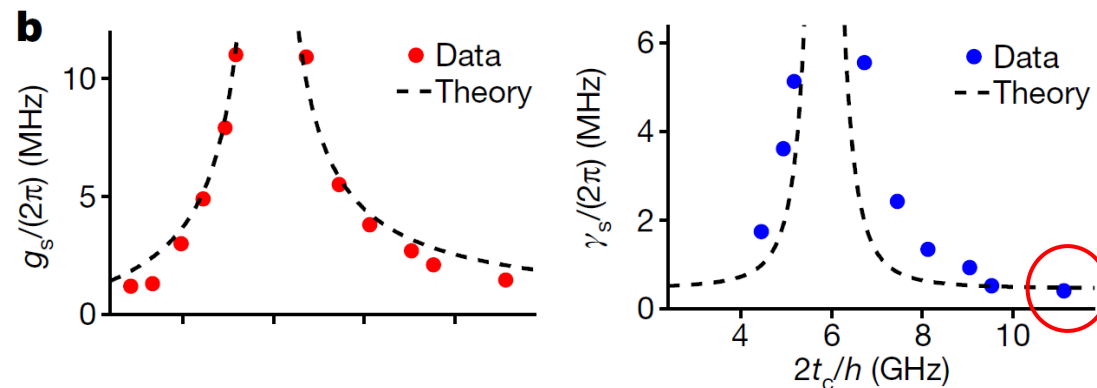
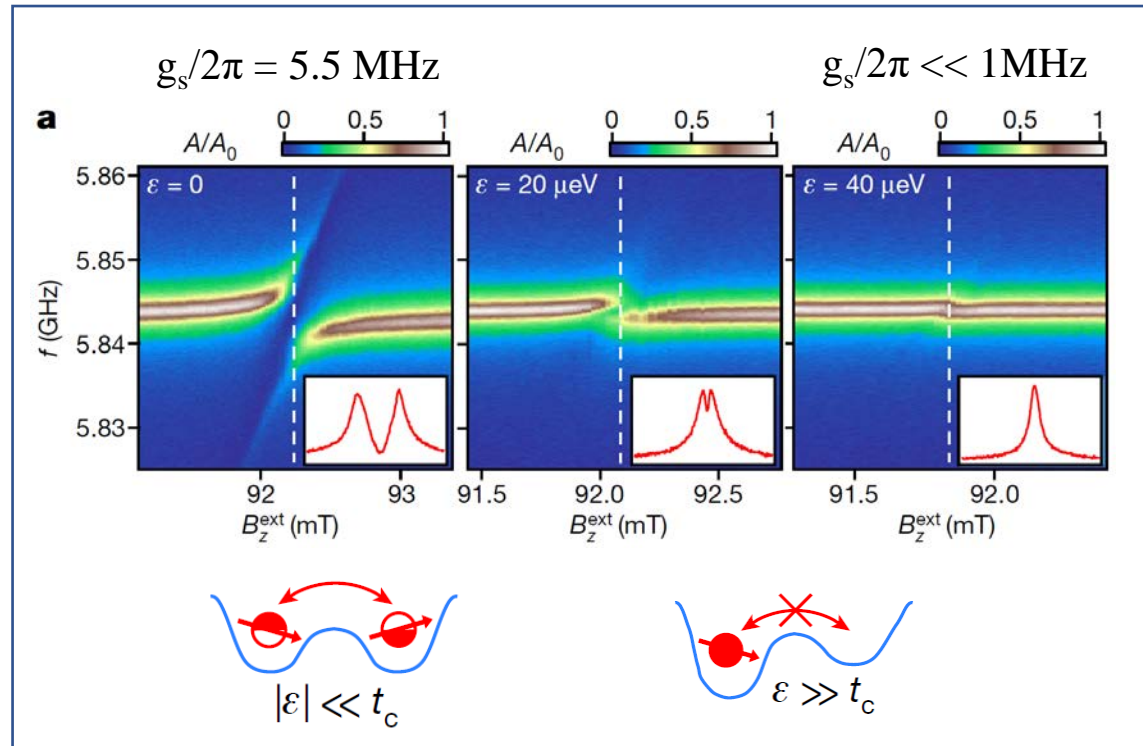
$$d^{\text{orb}} = \begin{pmatrix} \sin \theta & -\cos \theta & 0 & 0 \\ -\cos \theta & -\sin \theta & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \sin \theta & -\cos \theta \\ 0 & 0 & -\cos \theta & -\sin \theta \end{pmatrix}$$

$$H_0^{\text{orb}}(\epsilon = 0) = \frac{r}{2} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{2t_c + B_z}{r} & 0 & 0 & -\sin \Phi \\ 0 & -\cos \Phi & -\sin \Phi & 0 \\ 0 & -\sin \Phi & \cos \Phi & 0 \\ -\sin \Phi & 0 & 0 & \frac{-2t_c - B_z}{r} \end{pmatrix}$$



$$g_s = g_c |d_{01(2)}| \simeq -\sin \frac{\Phi}{2}$$

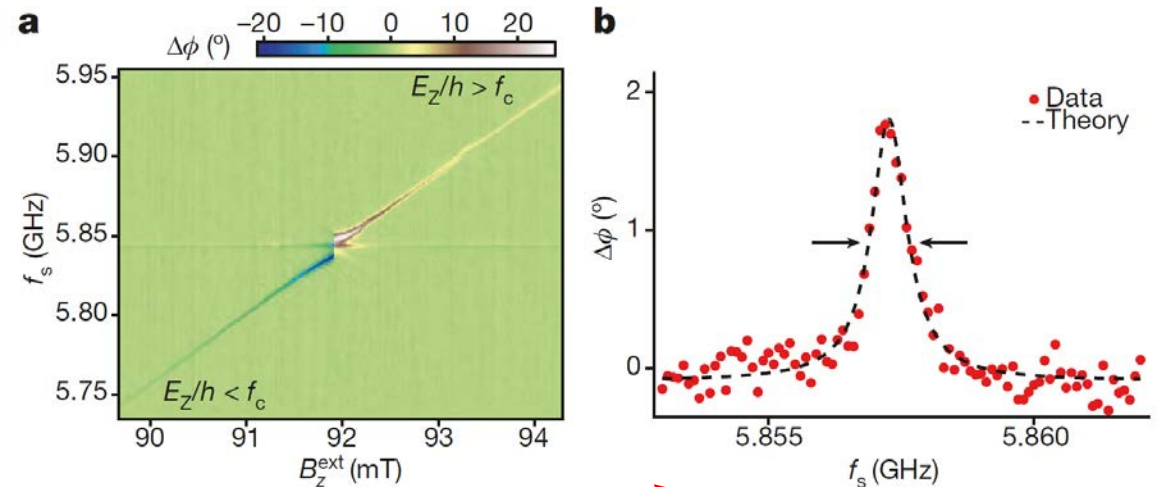
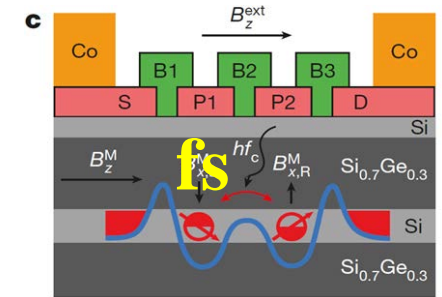
Electrical control of Spin-photon coupling & Dispersive readout of single spin



Dispersive regime:

$$|\Delta/(2\pi)| \gg g_s/(2\pi)$$

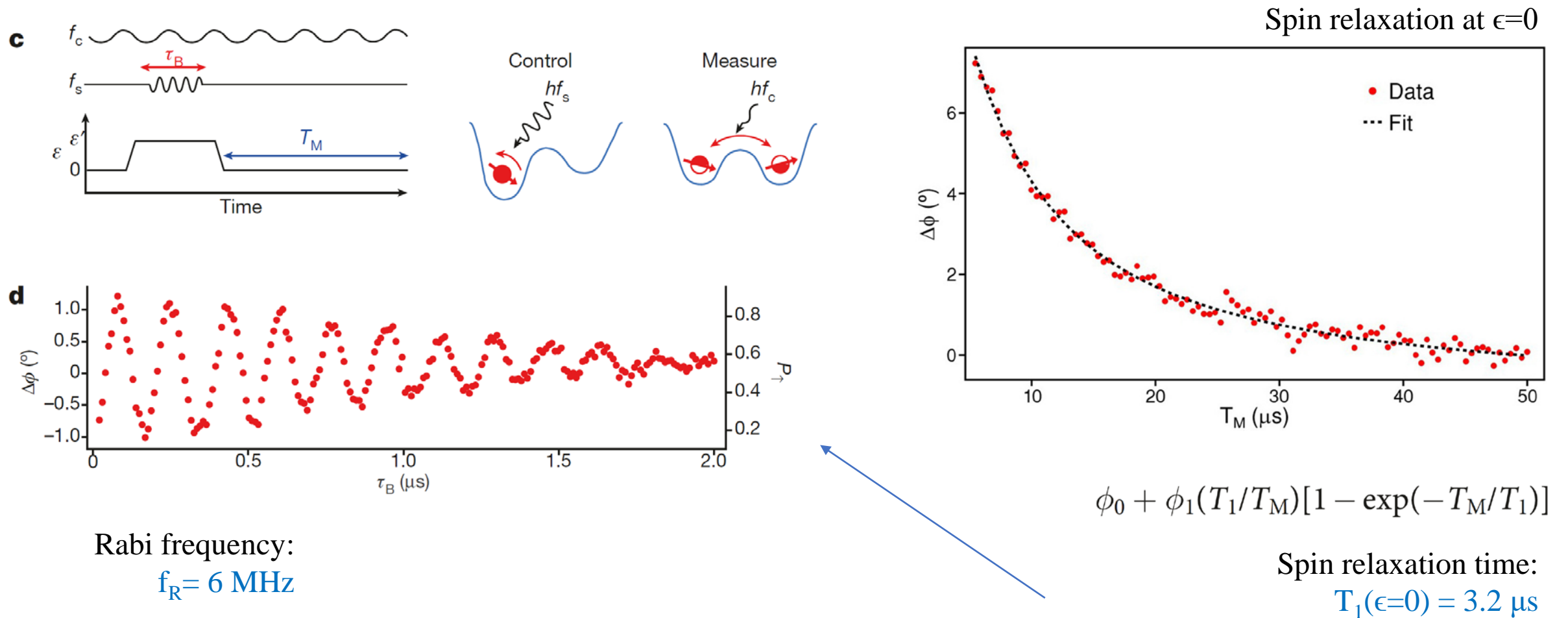
$$\Delta\phi \approx \tan^{-1}[2g_s^2/(\kappa\Delta)]$$



spin decoherence rate:

$$\gamma_s/2\pi = 0.41 \text{ MHz}$$

Dispersive readout of single spin



$$P_{\uparrow} = (1/2)(1 + \Delta\phi/\phi_{\uparrow,r})$$

$$\phi_{\uparrow,r} = \phi_{\uparrow}(T_1/T_M)[1 - \exp(-T_M/T_1)] = 1.5^\circ$$