

NLP Project

Low-Resource

Neural Machine Translation

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Outline

- **Introduction**
- **Pre-trained LMs: mBART50, mT5**
- **Back-Translation**

Introduction

- ! Translate a sentence $w^{(s)}$ in a **source language (input)** to a sentence $w^{(t)}$ in the **target language (output)**



Introduction

! Translate a sentence $w^{(s)}$ in a **source language (input)** to a sentence $w^{(t)}$ in the **target language (output)**

➤ Can be formulated as an optimization problem:

$$\hat{w}^{(t)} = \operatorname{argmax}_{w^{(t)}} \theta(w^{(s)}, w^{(t)})$$

Where θ is a scoring function over source and target sentences

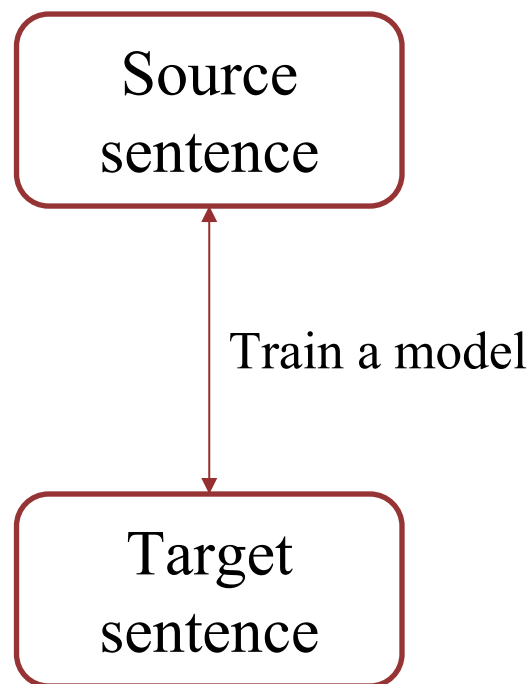
➤ Requires two components:

□ **Learning algorithm** to compute parameters of θ

□ **Decoding algorithm** for computing the best translation $\hat{w}^{(t)}$

Introduction

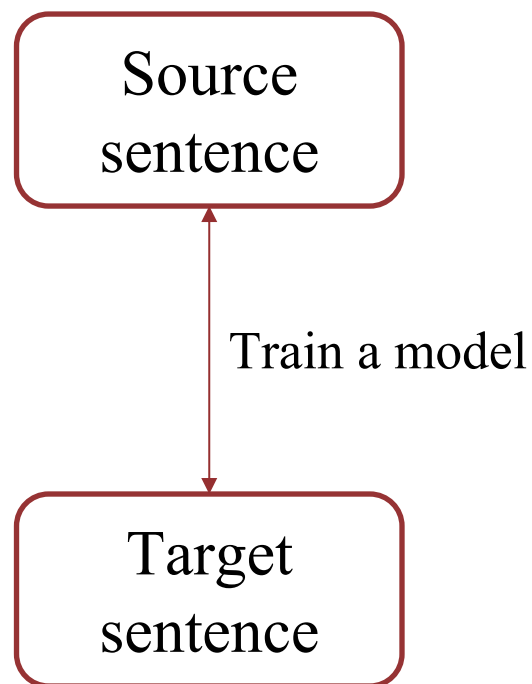
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Introduction



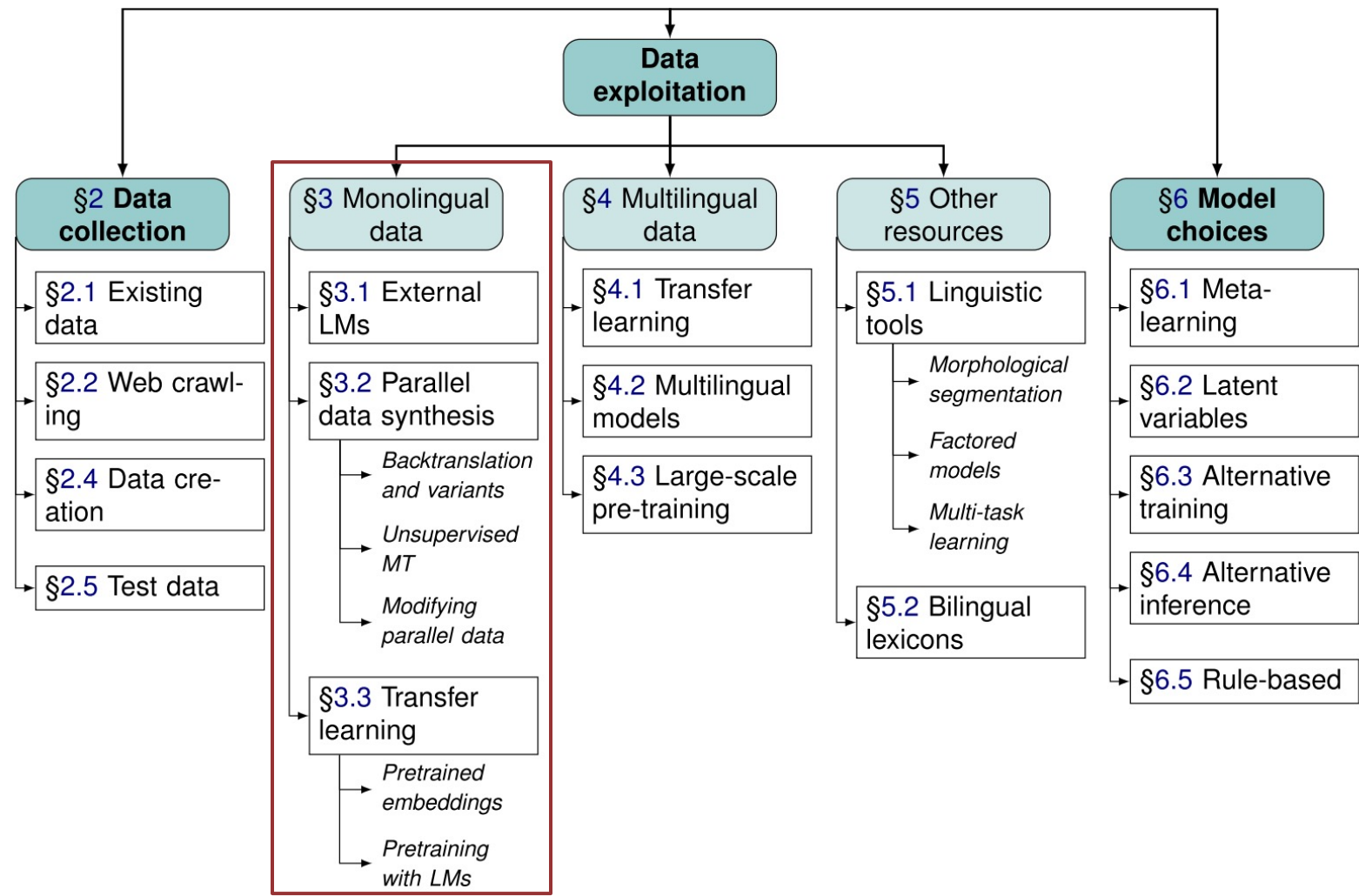
Low-resource Machine Translation



Language Pair	Parallel Sentence
En-De	800M
En-Ko	500M
En-Vi	0.17M
De-Vi	0.05M



Low-resource Machine Translation



Source



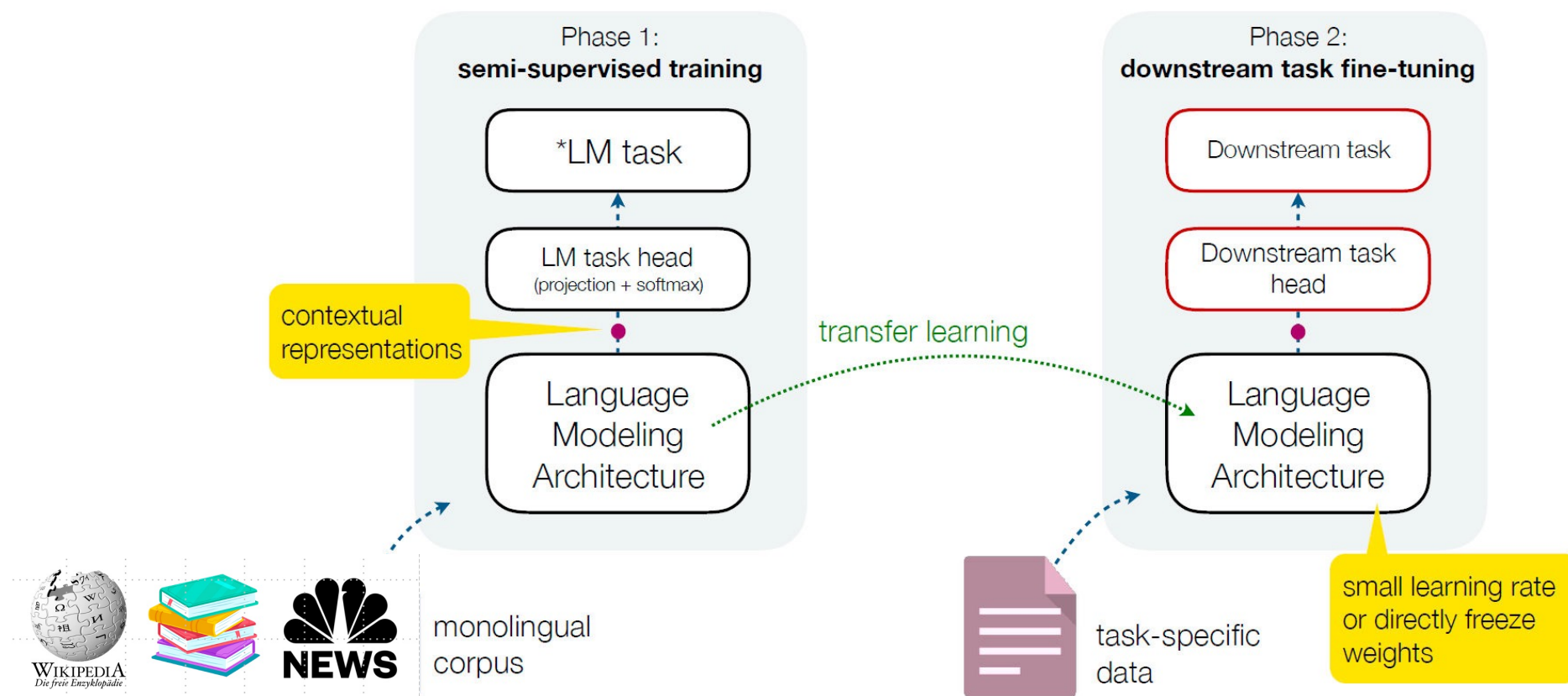
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- **Back-Translation**

Pre-trained LMs



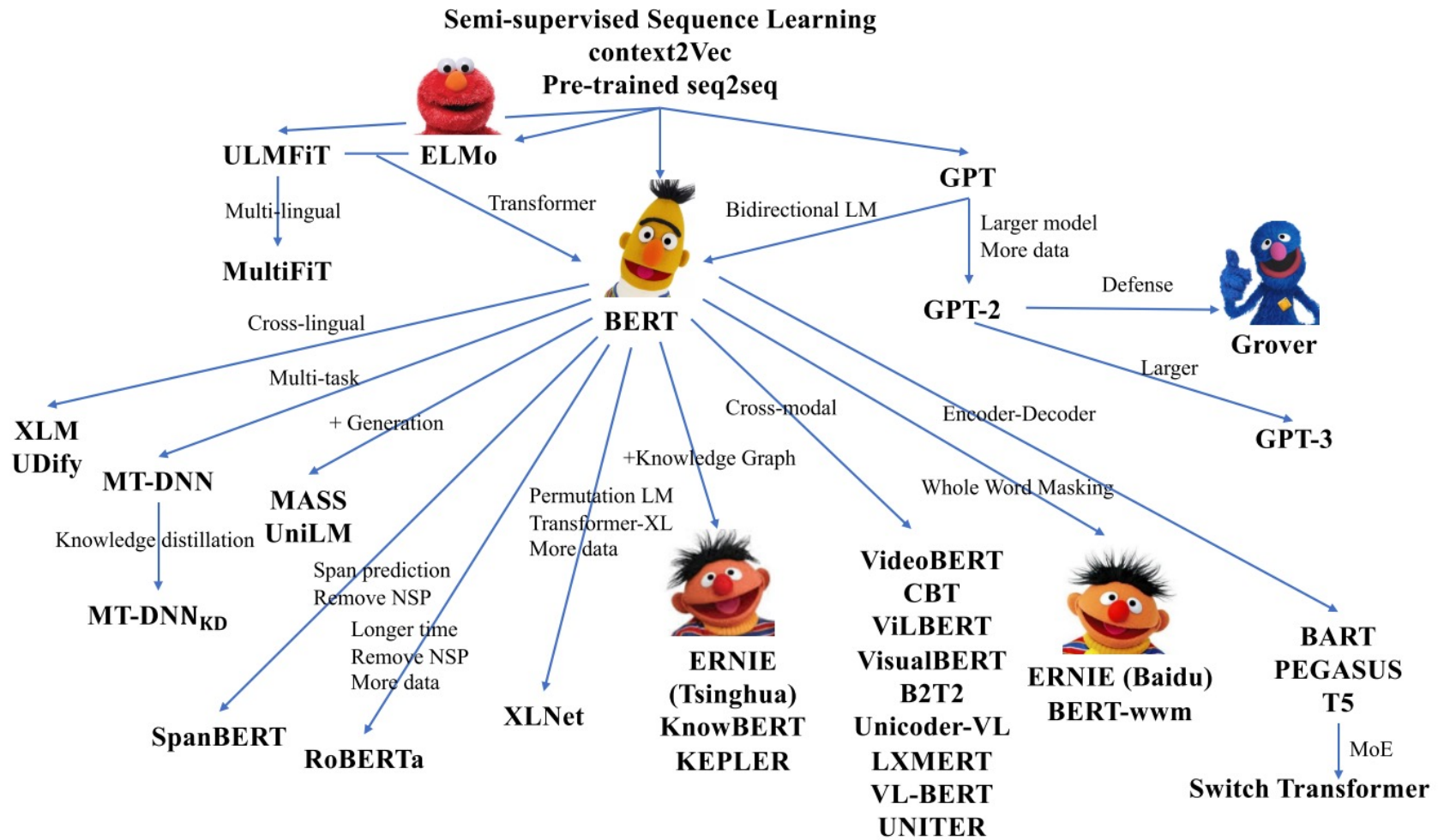
Pre-trained LMs



Pre-trained LMs



Pre-trained LMs

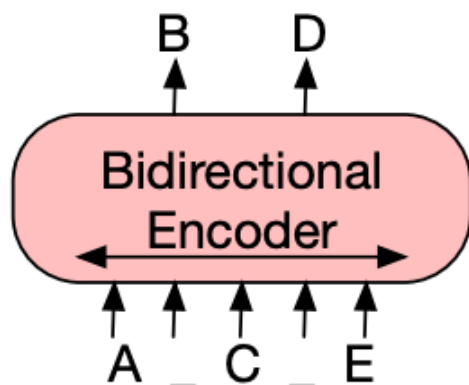


[Source](#)

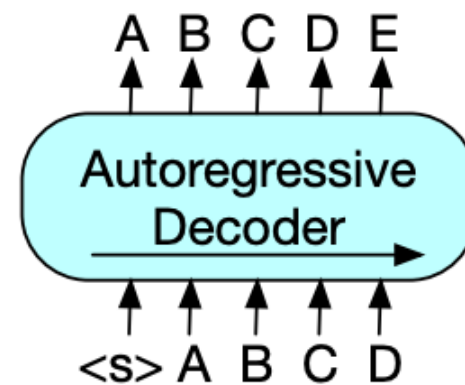
Pre-trained LMs

! Pre-trained LMs

- BERT and GPT: a great catalyst for NLU
- But, less successful for sequence-to-sequence tasks: machine translation, text summarization,...



Missing tokens are predicted independently, so BERT cannot easily be used for generation



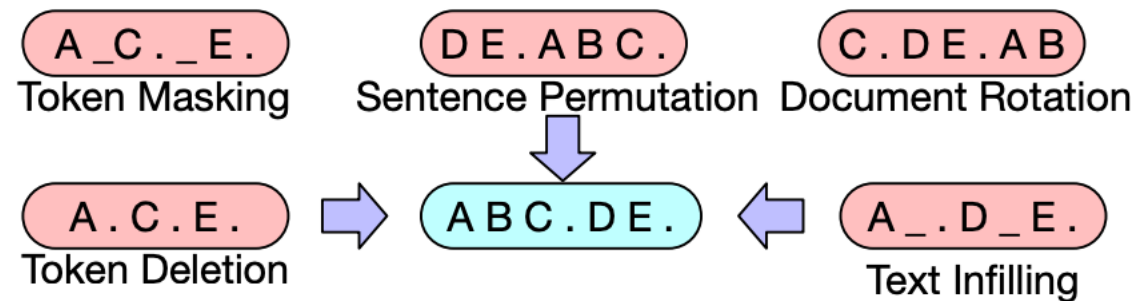
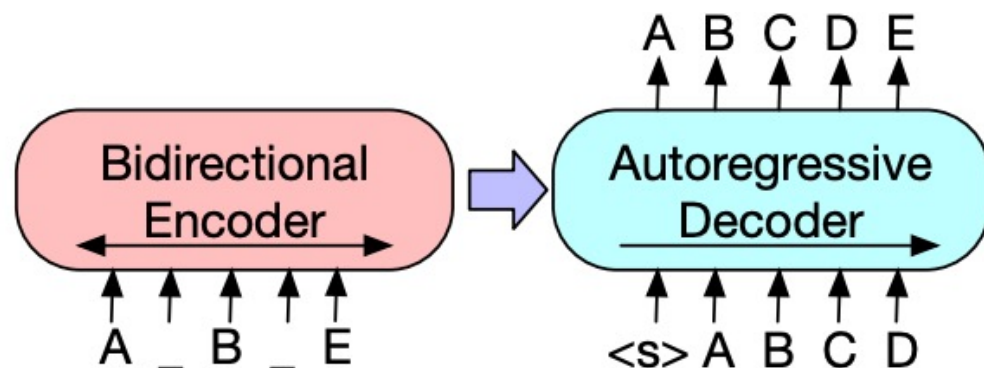
Tokens can only condition on leftward context, so it cannot learn bidirectional interactions

Pre-trained LMs



BART

- BART (Denoising Sequence-to-Sequence Pre-Training for Natural Language Generation, Translation and Comprehension).

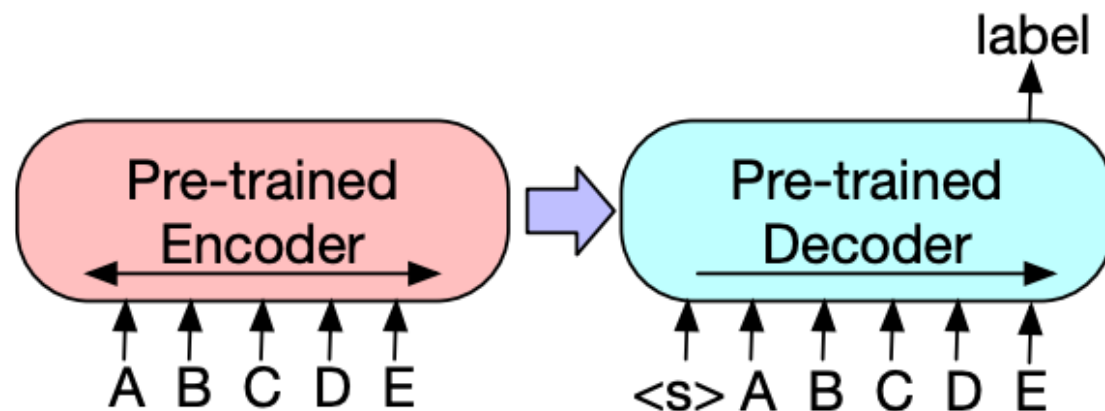


Pre-trained LMs

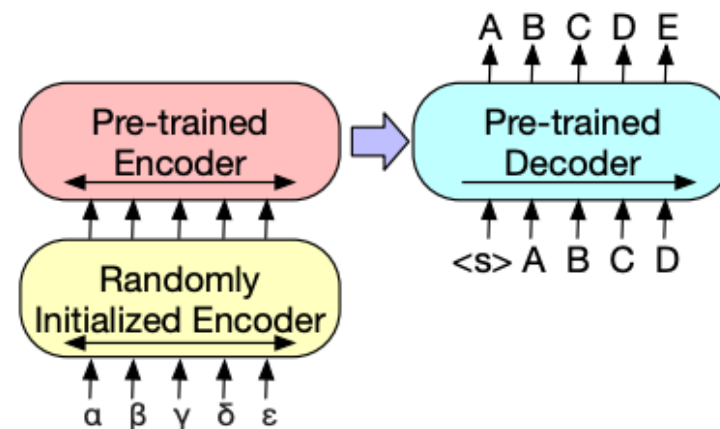


BART

- BART (Denoising Sequence-to-Sequence Pre-Training for Natural Language Generation, Translation and Comprehension).
- Fine-Tuning



Classification Task



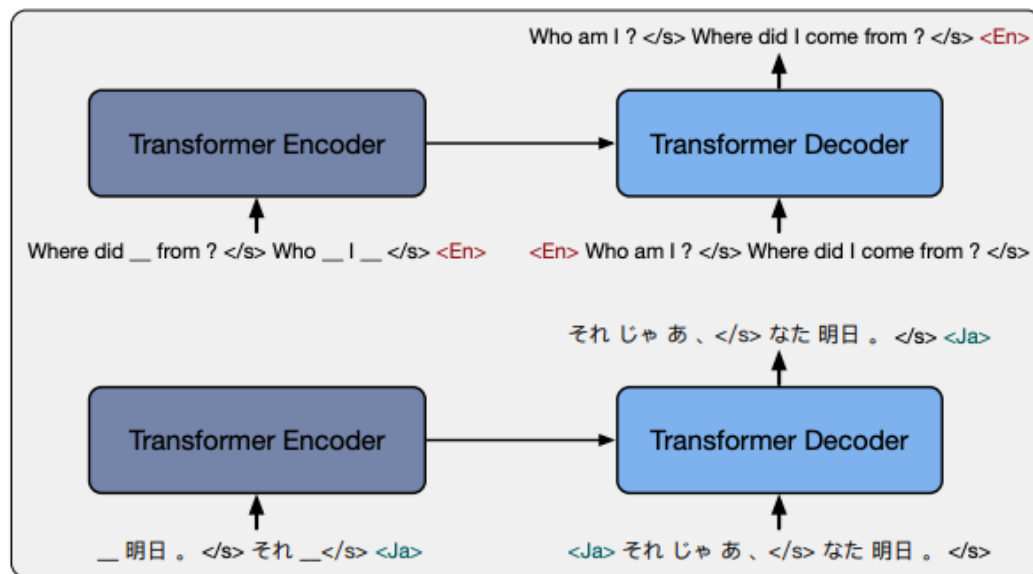
Machine Translation Task

Pre-trained LMs

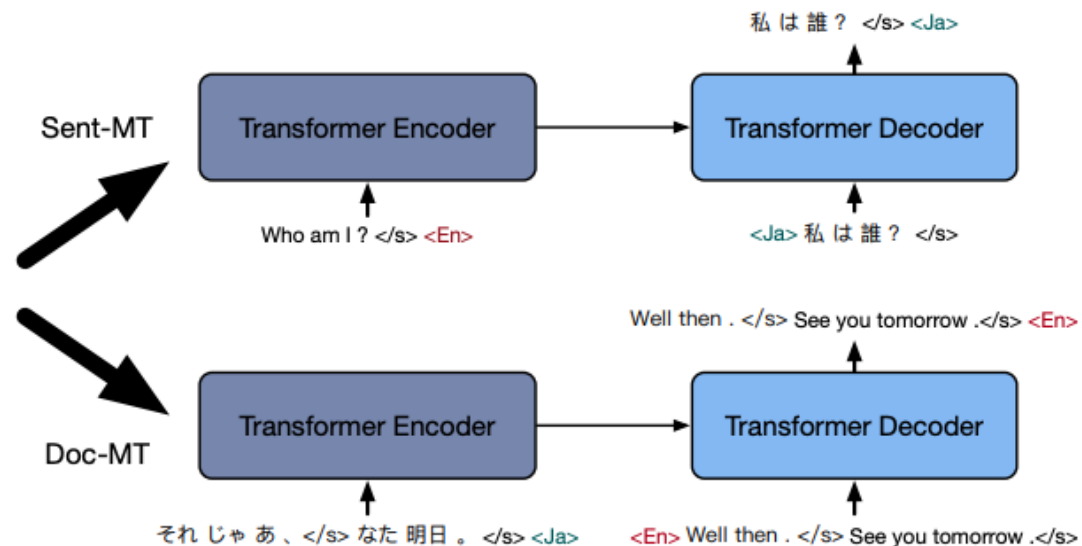


BART

➤ mBART: Multilingual Denoising Pre-Training



Multilingual Denoising **Pre-Training** (mBART)



Fine-tuning on Machine Translation

Pre-trained LMs



BART

➤ mBART50: Multilingual Translation with Extensible Multilingual Pretraining

Data size	Languages
10M+	German, Czech, French, Japanese, Spanish, Russian, Polish, Chinese
1M - 10M	Finnish, Latvian, Lithuanian, Hindi, Estonian
100k to 1M	Tamil, Romanian, Pashto, Sinhala, Malayalam, Dutch, Nepali, Italian, Arabic, Korean, Hebrew, Turkish, Khmer, Farsi, Vietnamese, Croatian, Ukrainian
10K to 100K	Thai, Indonesian, Swedish, Portuguese, Xhosa, Afrikaans, Kazakh, Urdu, Macedonian, Telugu, Slovenian, Burmese, Georgia
10K-	Marathi, Gujarati, Mongolian, Azerbaijani, Bengali

Pre-trained LMs



BART

- mBART50
- PhoMT Dataset

Model	# Params	Pretrained	Finetuned		En-Vi	Vi-En
			Dataset	# pairs		
M2M100	1.2B	-	CCMatrix + CCAIaligned	7.5B	35.83	31.15
Google Translate	-	-	-		39.86	35.76
Bing Translator	-	-	-		40.37	35.74
Transformer-base	65M	-	PhoMT	3M	42.12	37.19
Transformer-big	213M	-	PhoMT	3M	42.94	37.83
mBART [†]	448M	CC25	PhoMT	3M	43.46	39.78
EnViT5-base	275M	CC100	MTet	4.2M	43.87	<u>39.57</u>
			MTet + PhoMT	6.2M	45.47	40.57

Pre-trained LMs



BART

- mBART50
- PhoMT Dataset

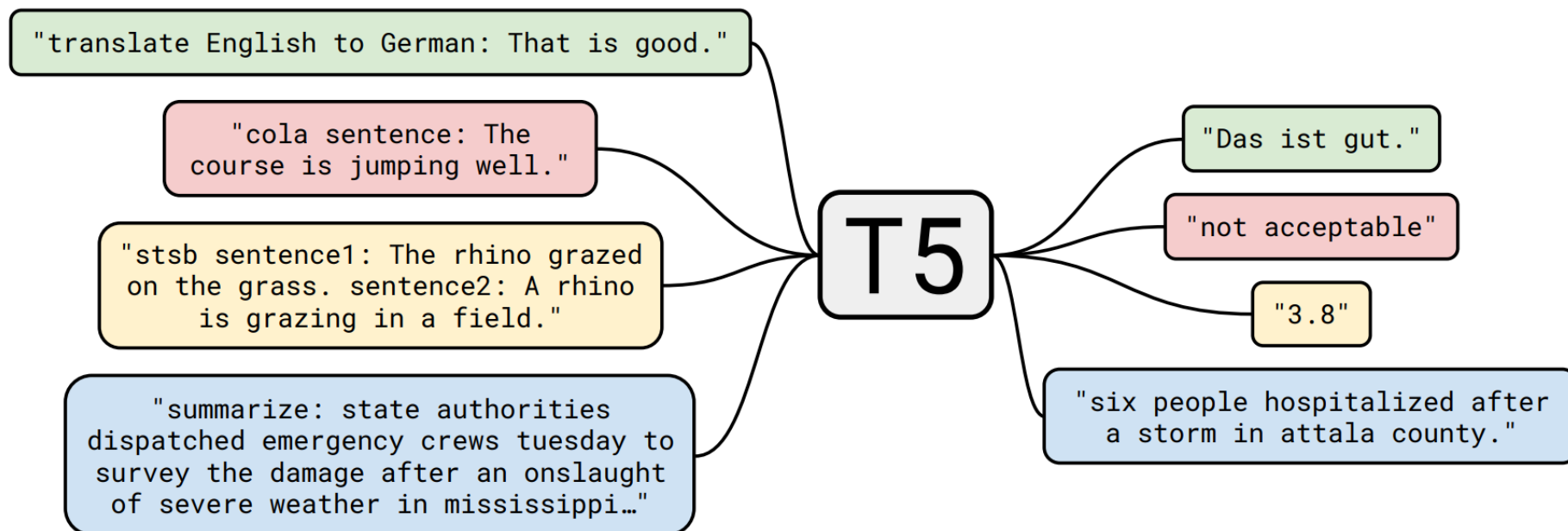
Model	Validation set				Test set					
	En-to-Vi		Vi-to-En		En-to-Vi			Vi-to-En		
	TER↓	BLEU↑	TER↓	BLEU↑	TER↓	BLEU↑	Human↑	TER↓	BLEU↑	Human↑
Google Translate	45.86	40.10	44.69	36.89	46.52	39.86	23/100	45.86	35.76	10/100
Bing Translator	45.36	40.82	45.32	36.61	46.04	40.37	14/100	46.09	35.74	15/100
Transformer-base	42.77	43.01	43.42	38.26	43.79	42.12	13/100	44.28	37.19	13/100
Transformer-big	42.13	43.75	43.08	39.04	43.04	42.94	18/100	44.06	37.83	28/100
mBART	41.56	44.32	41.44	40.88	42.57	43.46	32/100	42.54	39.78	34/100

Pre-trained LMs



T5

- T5 (Exploring the Limits of Transfer Learning with a Unified Text-to-Text Transformer)
- Every task, one format!
- ["Task-specific prefix]: [Input text]" => "[Output text]"



Pre-trained LMs



T5

➤ Baseline Objective

Original text

Thank you ~~for inviting~~ me to your party ~~last~~ week.

Inputs

Thank you <X> me to your party <Y> week.

Targets

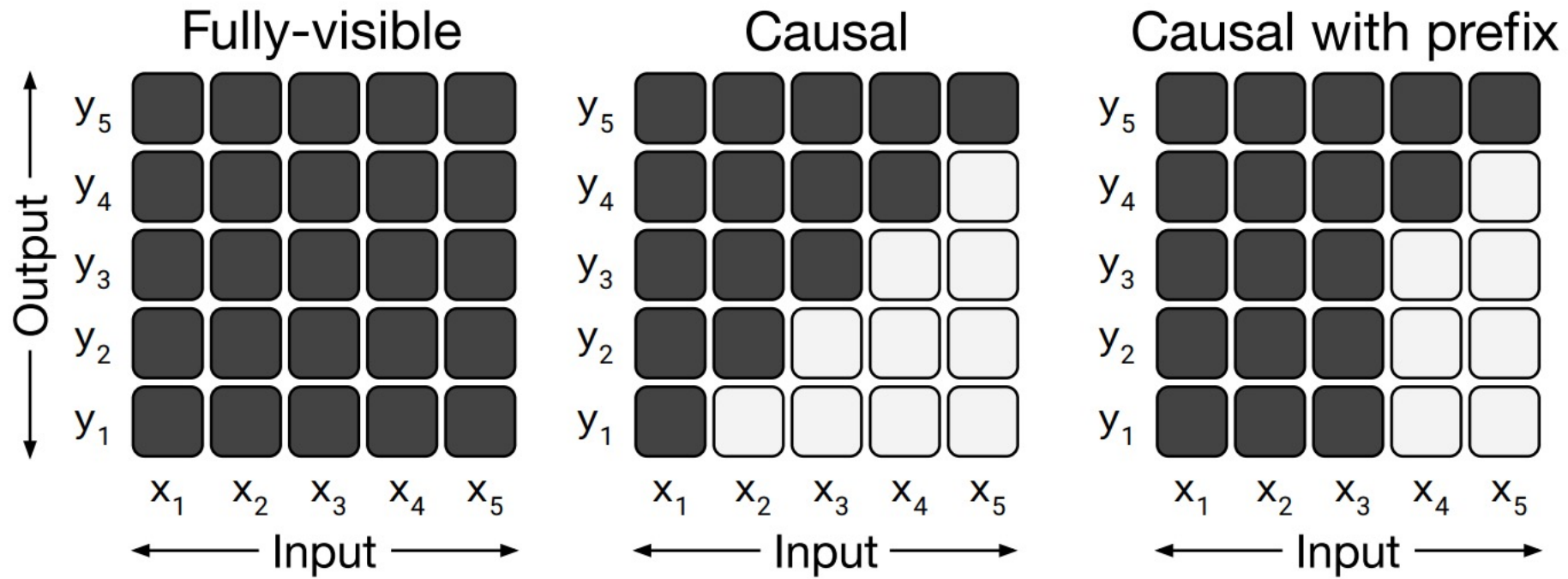
<X> for inviting <Y> last <Z>

Pre-trained LMs



T5

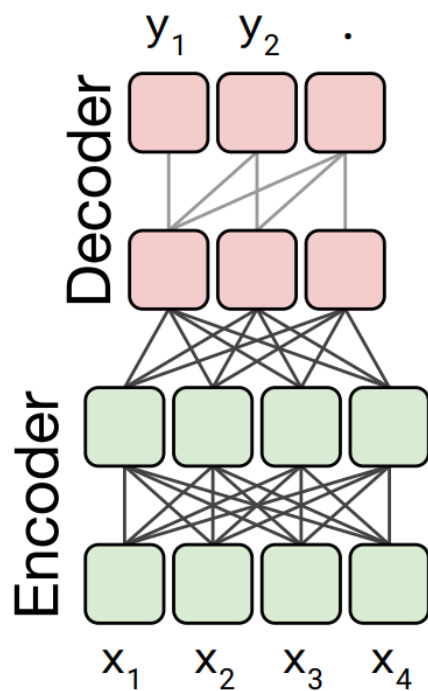
➤ Different Attention Mask Patterns



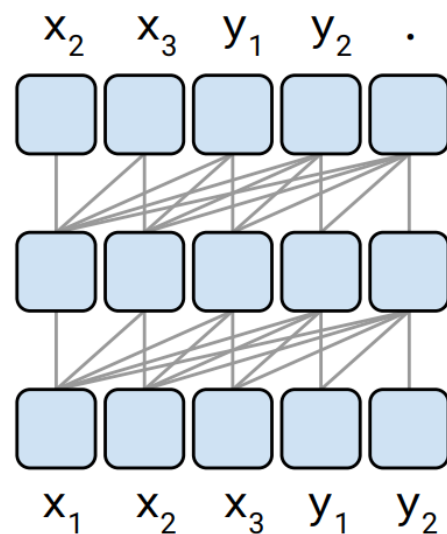
Pre-trained LMs

**T5**

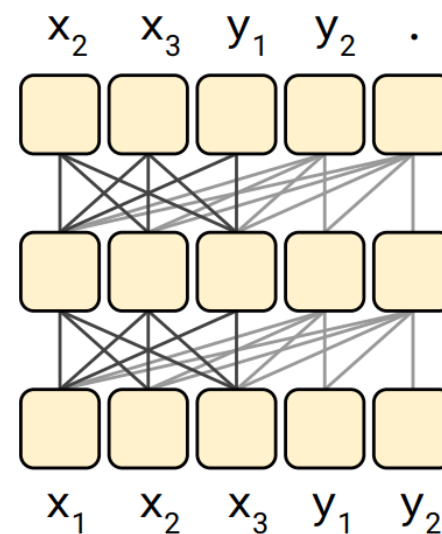
➤ Transformer Architecture Variants



Language model



Prefix LM

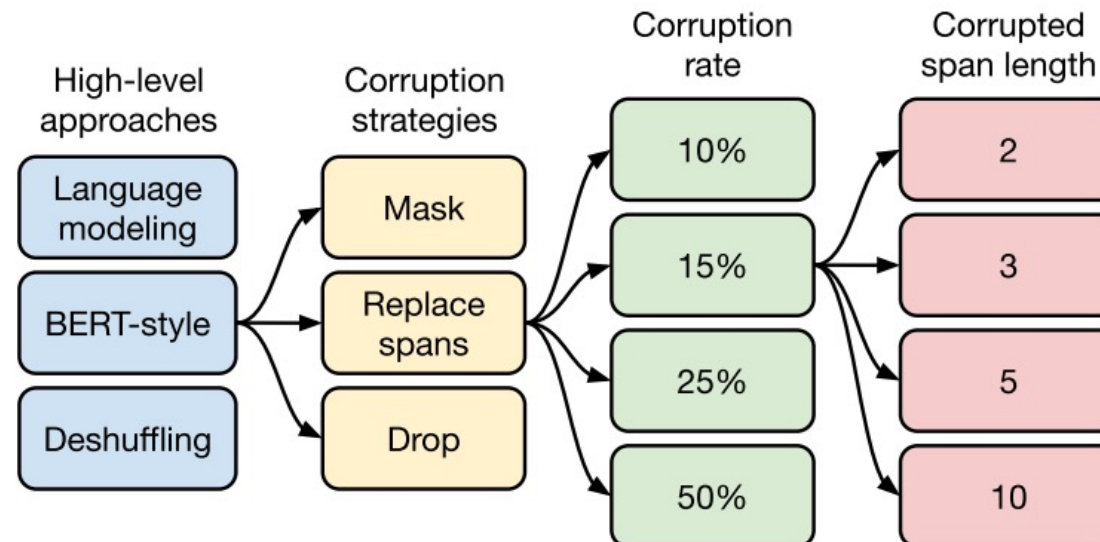


Pre-trained LMs

! T5

➤ Different Unsupervised Objectives

Objective	Inputs	Targets
Prefix language modeling	Thank you for inviting	me to your party last week .
BERT-style Devlin et al. (2018)	Thank you <M> <M> me to your party apple week .	<i>(original text)</i>
Deshuffling	party me for your to . last fun you inviting week Thank	<i>(original text)</i>



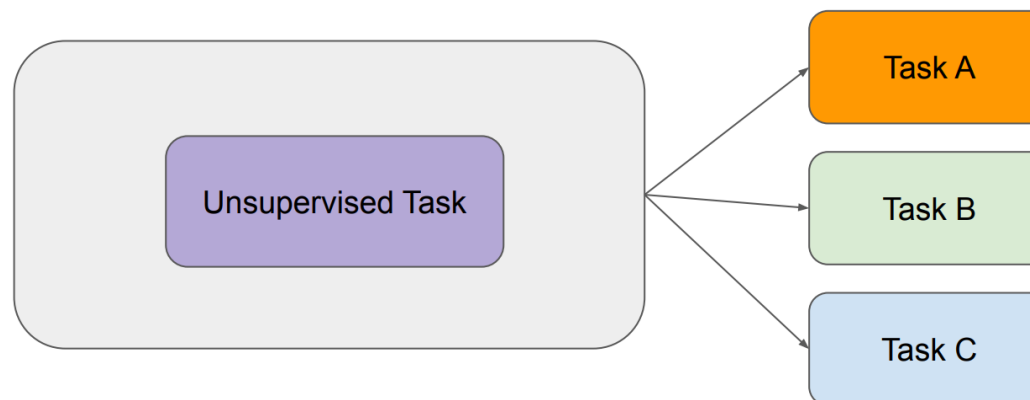
Pre-trained LMs



T5

➤ Multi-task Learning

Training strategy	GLUE	CNNDM	SQuAD	SGLUE	EnDe	EnFr	EnRo
★ Unsupervised pre-training + fine-tuning	83.28	19.24	80.88	71.36	26.98	39.82	27.65
Multi-task training	81.42	19.24	79.78	67.30	25.21	36.30	27.76
Multi-task pre-training + fine-tuning	83.11	19.12	80.26	71.03	27.08	39.80	28.07
Leave-one-out multi-task training	81.98	19.05	79.97	71.68	26.93	39.79	27.87
Supervised multi-task pre-training	79.93	18.96	77.38	65.36	26.81	40.13	28.04



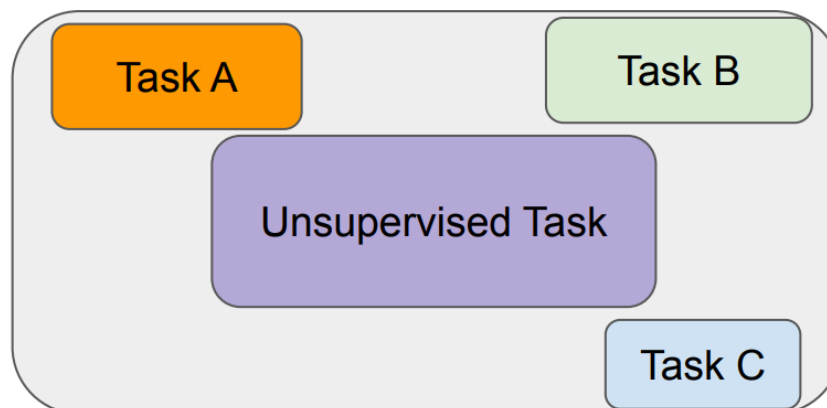
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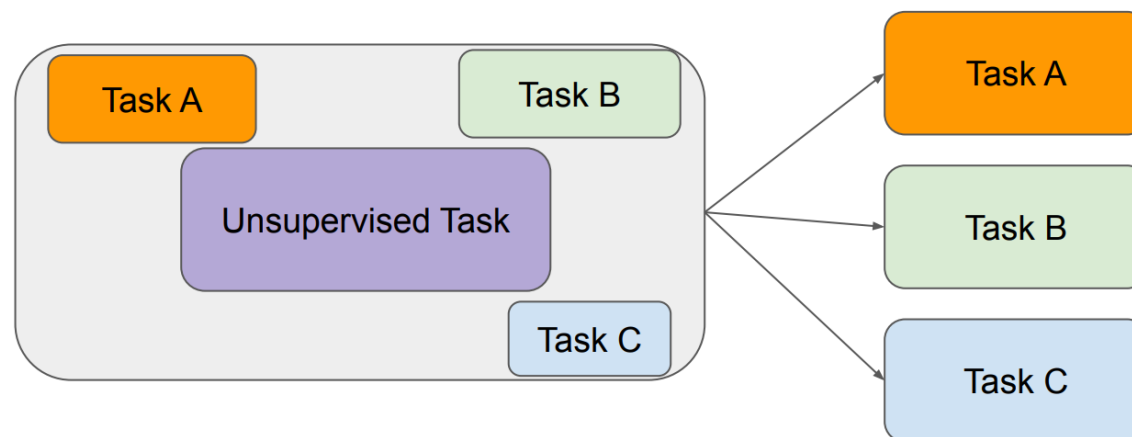
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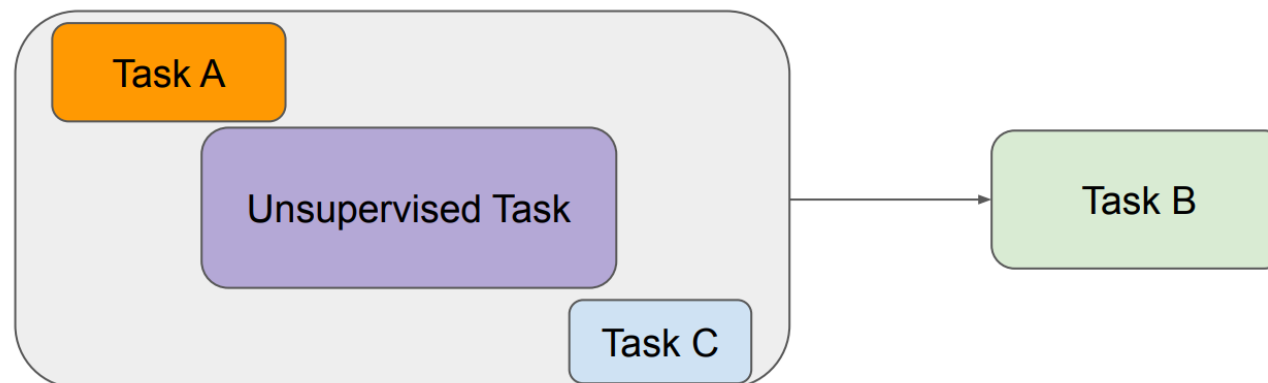
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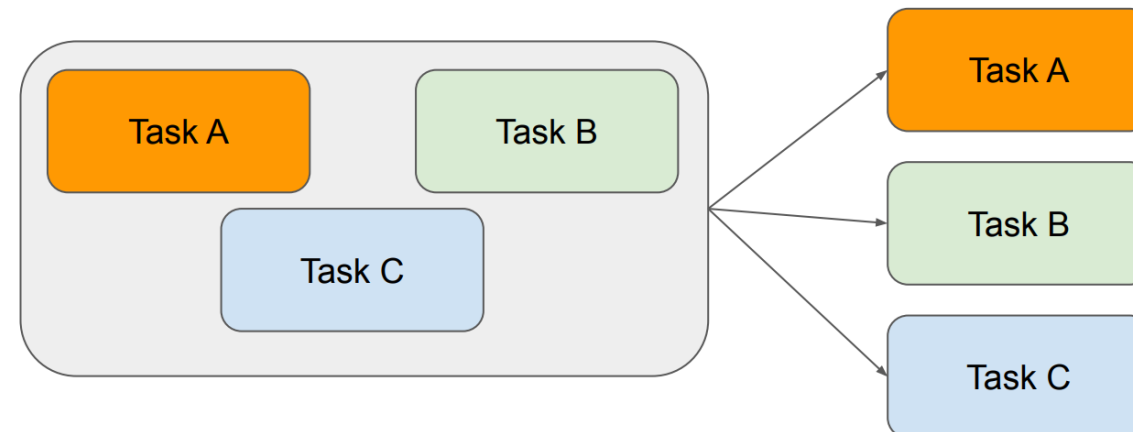


Pre-trained LMs

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Pre-trained LMs



T5

➤ mT5: A Massively Multilingual Pre-trained Text-to-Text Transformer

Model	Architecture	Parameters	# languages	Data source
mBERT (Devlin, 2018)	Encoder-only	180M	104	Wikipedia
XLM (Conneau and Lample, 2019)	Encoder-only	570M	100	Wikipedia
XLM-R (Conneau et al., 2020)	Encoder-only	270M – 550M	100	Common Crawl (CCNet)
mBART (Lewis et al., 2020b)	Encoder-decoder	680M	25	Common Crawl (CC25)
MARGE (Lewis et al., 2020a)	Encoder-decoder	960M	26	Wikipedia or CC-News
mT5 (ours)	Encoder-decoder	300M – 13B	101	Common Crawl (mC4)



Pre-trained LMs



Pre-trained LMs

```
# MBart50TokenizerFast.from_pretrained(model_name,  
    src_lang="en_XX",tgt_lang = "vi_VN")  
model_name = "facebook/mbart-large-50-many-to-many-mmt"  
tokenizer = MBart50TokenizerFast.from_pretrained(model_name)  
model = AutoModelForSeq2SeqLM.from_pretrained(model_name)  
  
# prefix: translate English to Vietnamese  
model_name = "google/mt5-base"  
tokenizer = T5TokenizerFast.from_pretrained(model_name)  
model = AutoModelForSeq2SeqLM.from_pretrained(model_name)
```



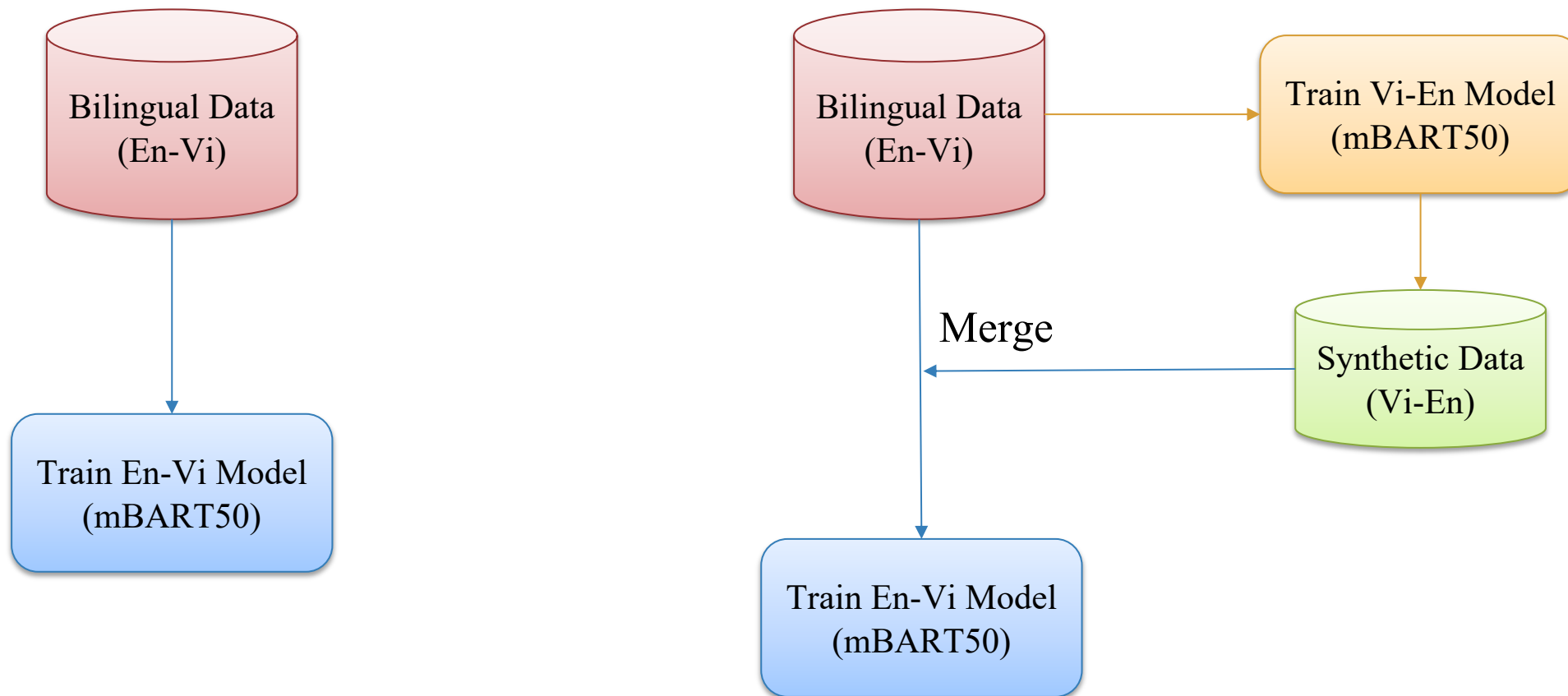
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Back-Translation



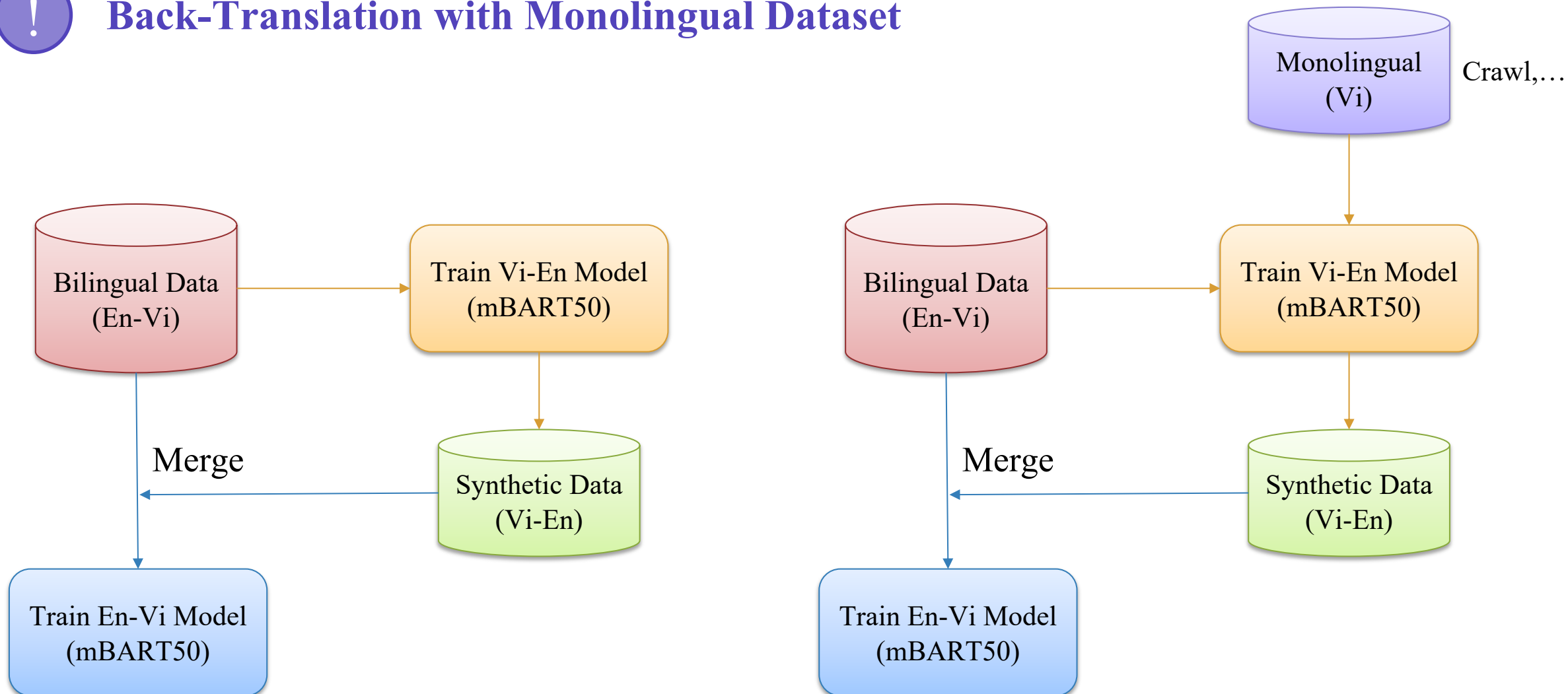
Back-Translation Technique



Back-Translation



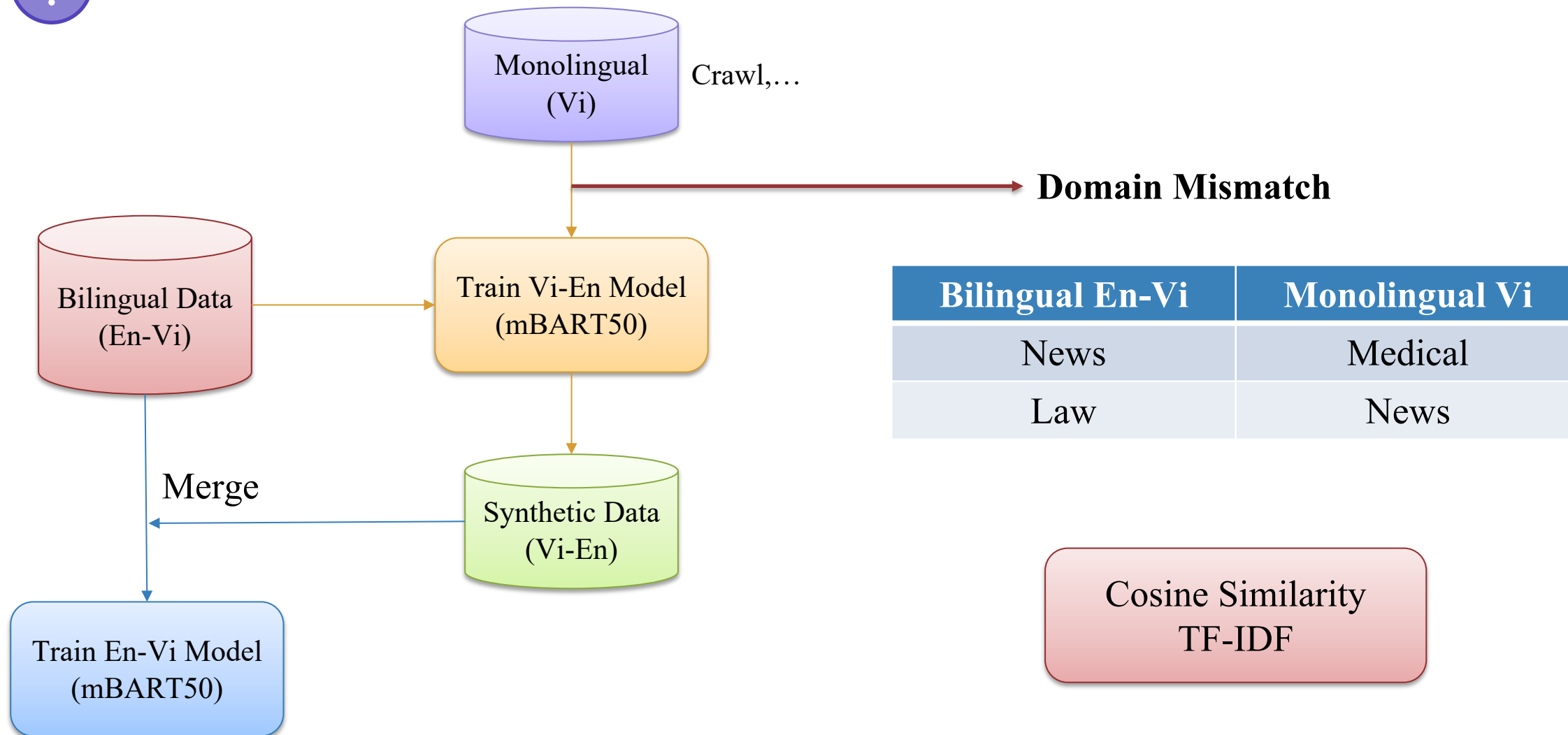
Back-Translation with Monolingual Dataset



Back-Translation



Data Selection

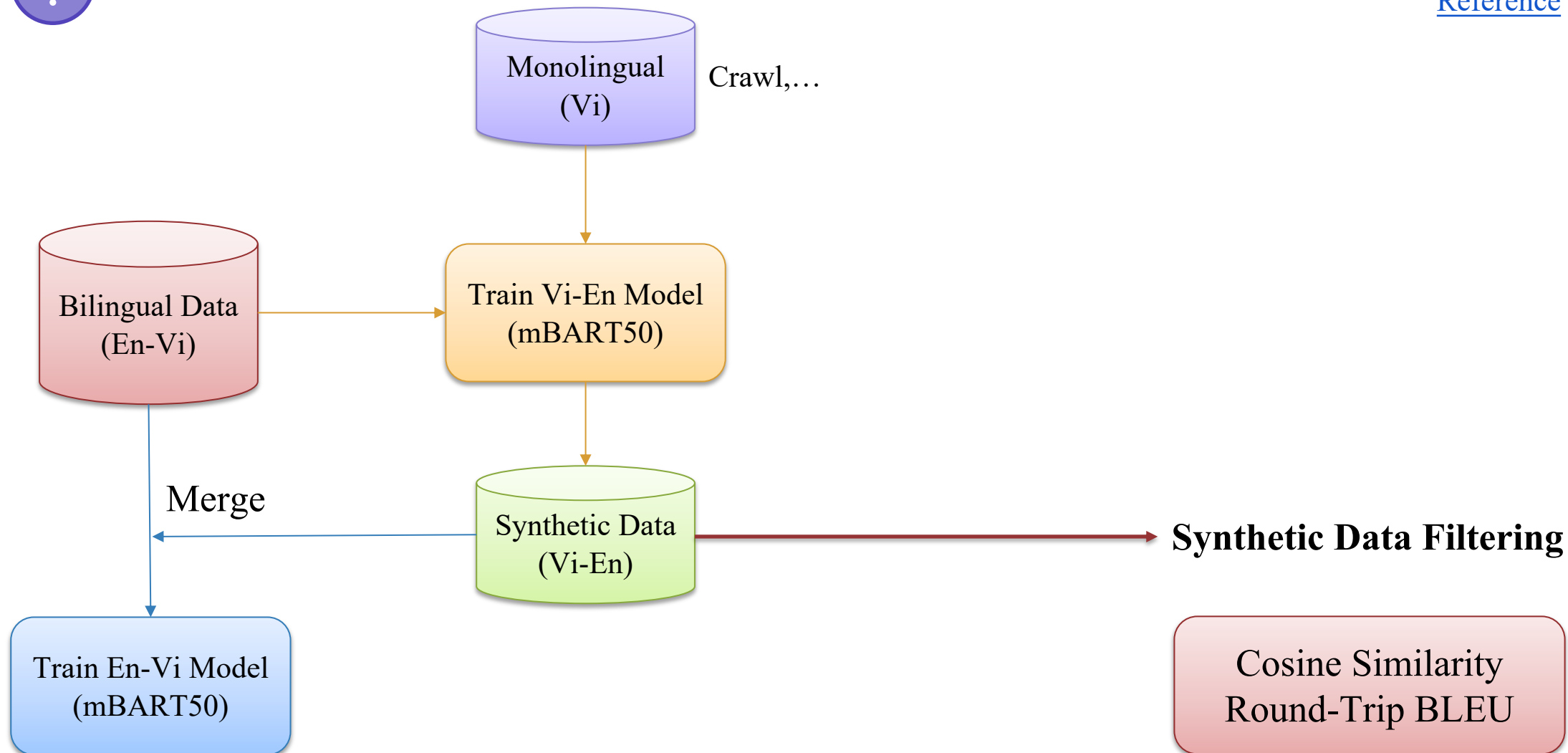


Back-Translation



Data Selection

[Reference](#)



Back-Translation



Experiment

❖ Dataset: IWSLT'15 English-Vietnamese

Training: 133 317

Validation: 1 553

Test: 1 269

Experiment	Model	ScoreBLEU
#1	Standard Transformer (Greedy Search)	24.66
#2	BERT-to-BERT (Greedy Search)	25.41
#3	BERT-to-GPT2 (Greedy Search)	23.56
#4	mBART50	34.87
#5	Back-Translation (Monolingual)	35.22



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Thanks!

Any questions?