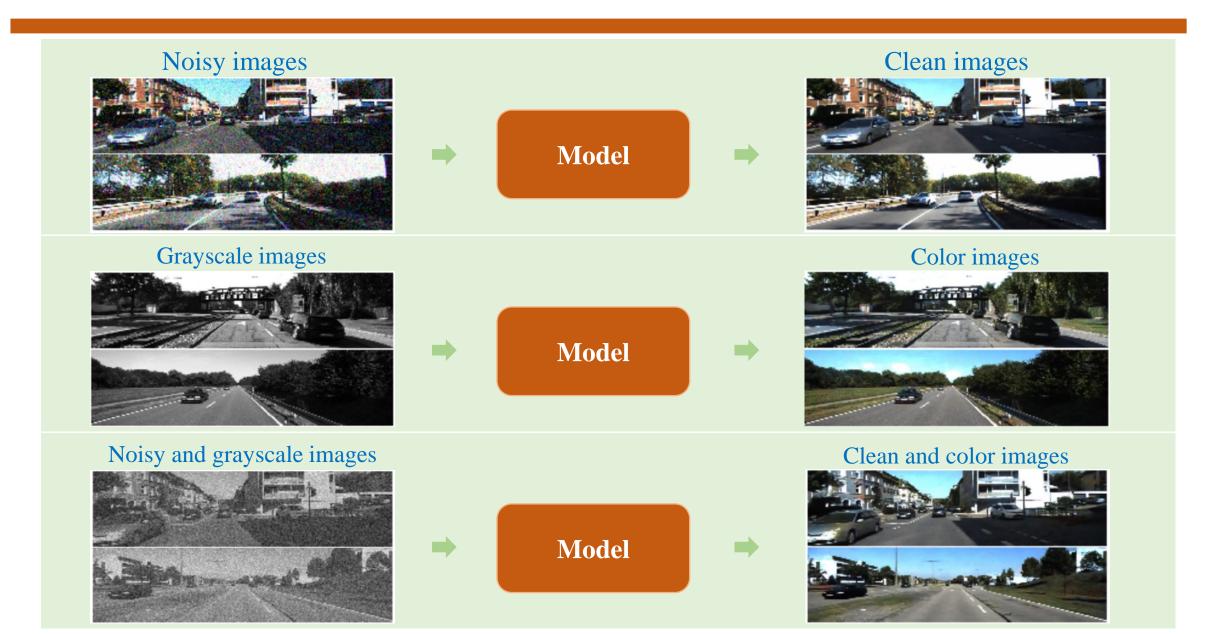
Quang-Vinh Dinh Ph.D. in Computer Science



Outline

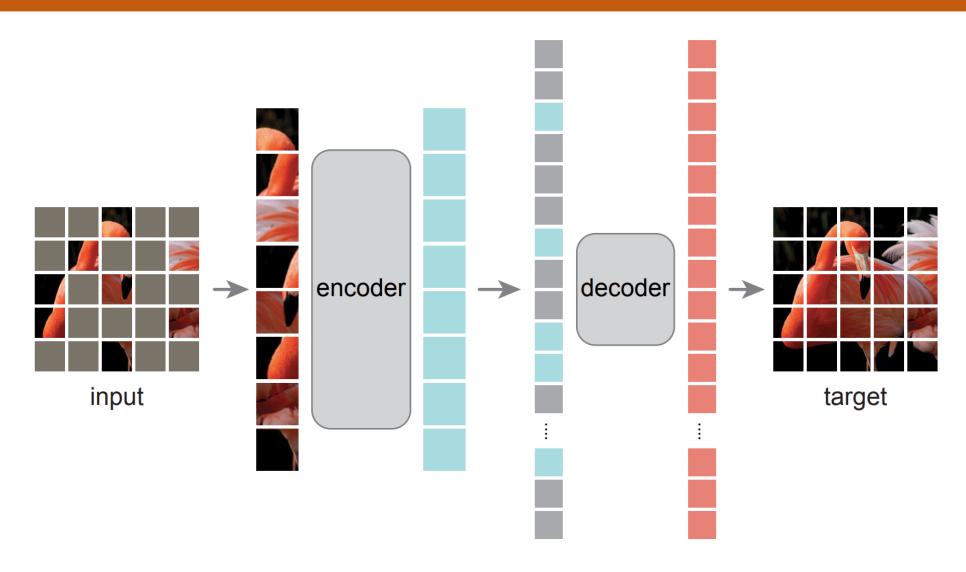
- > Motivation to Text Generation
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- Using Masked Encoder (~Decoder)

Self-Supervision Using Image Data





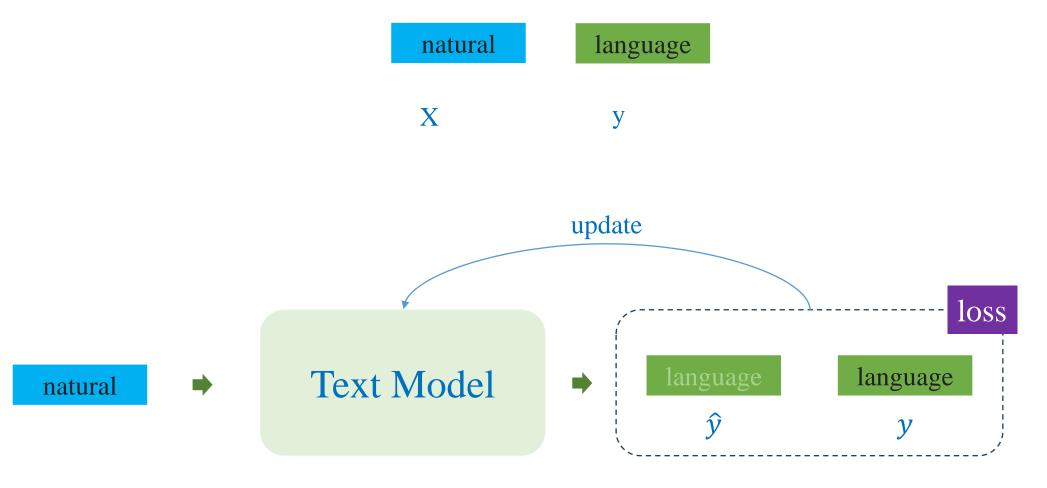
Self-Supervision Using Image Data



Self-Supervision Using Text Data

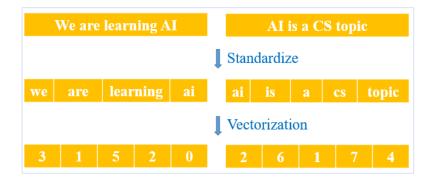
***** How?

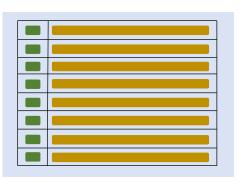
natural language processing is a branch of artificial intelligence

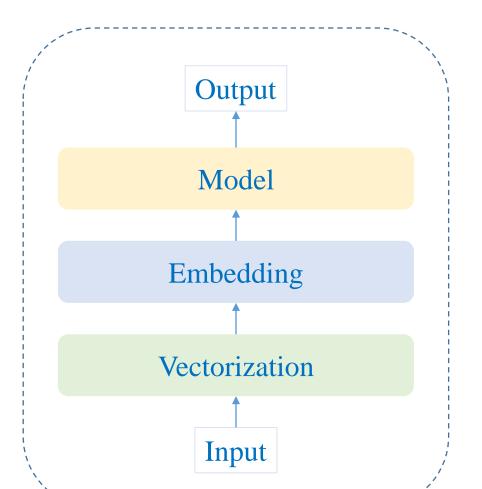


- **Applications**
- ***** From the viewpoint of users

- generate_text("thúy kiều", 4, generator_model)
- 'thúy kiều sắc sảo khôn ngoan'
- generate_text("kim trong và thúy kiều", 6, generator_model)
- 'kim trọng và thúy kiều nhân gian sao tan tành ngay'

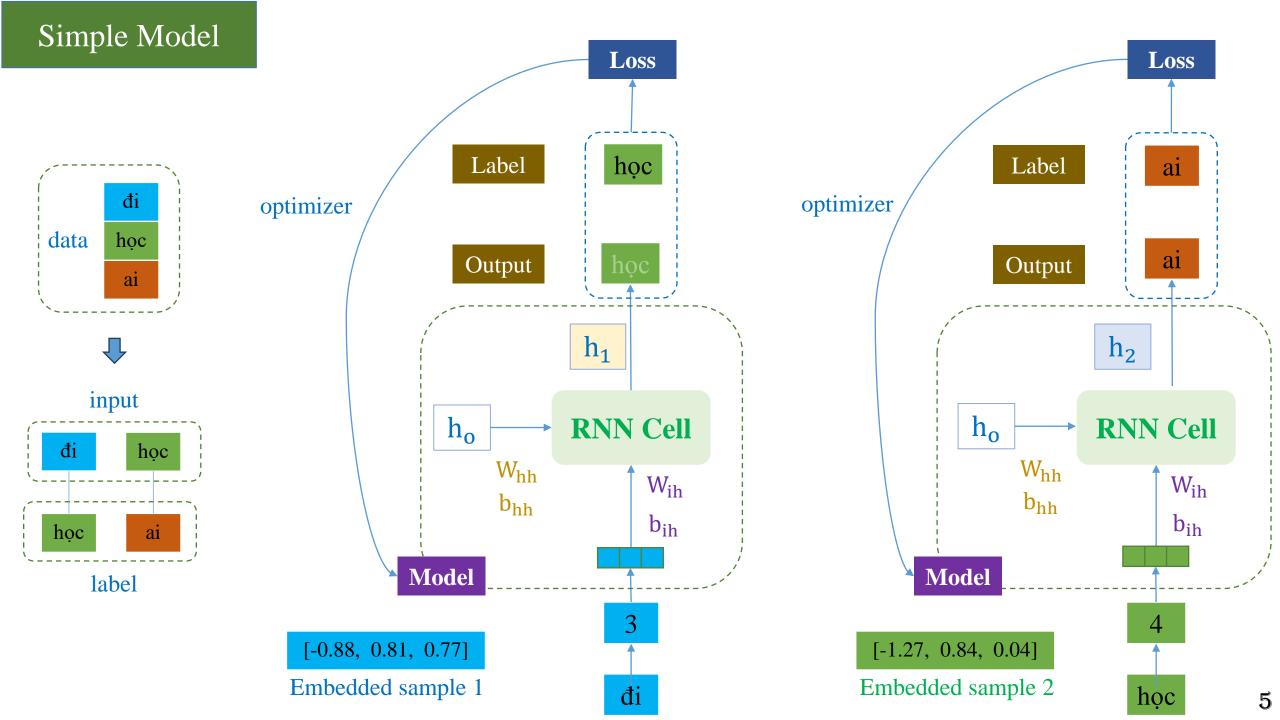


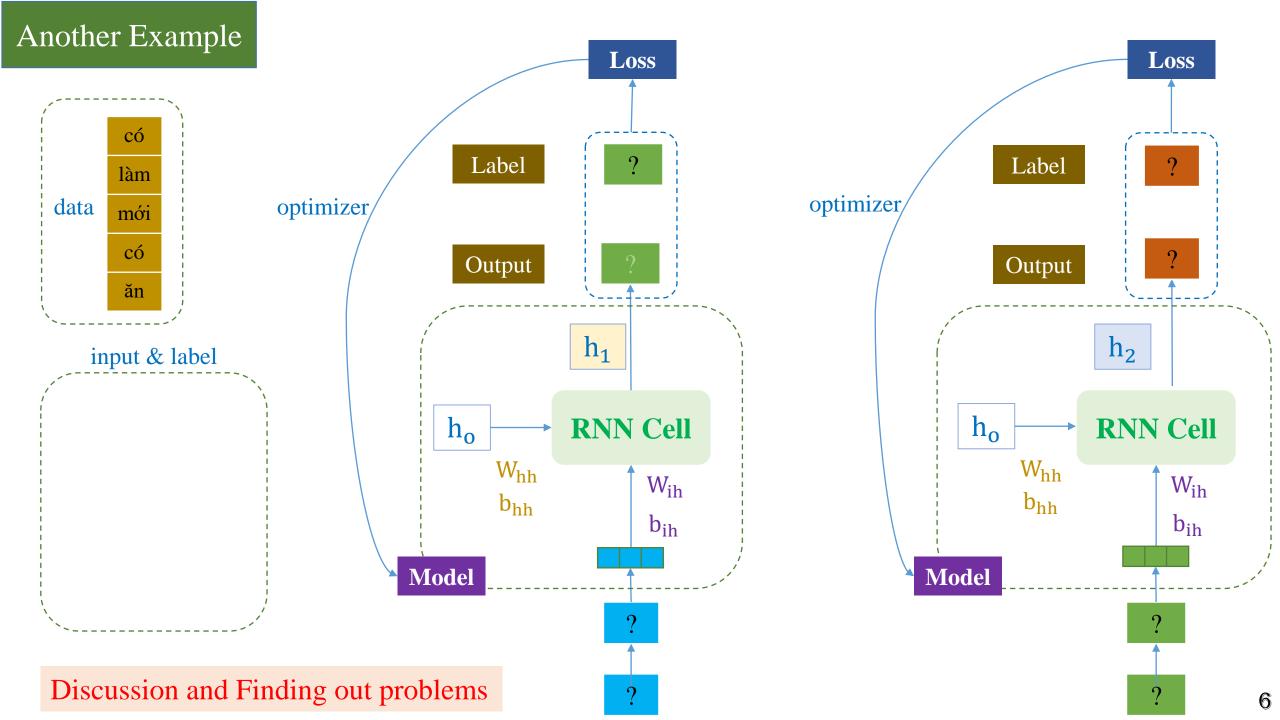




Inference

Simple Model





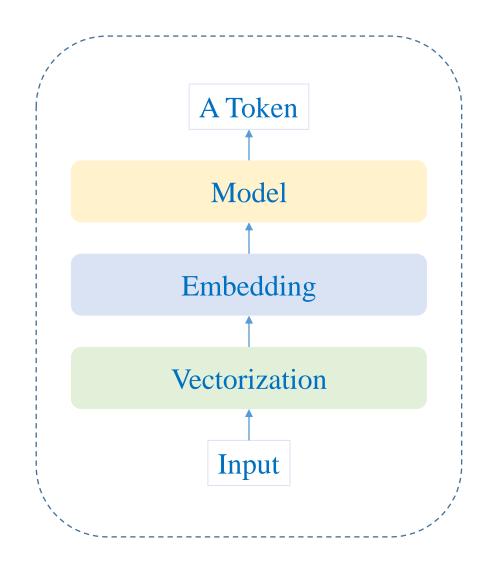
❖ Input is a set of tokens

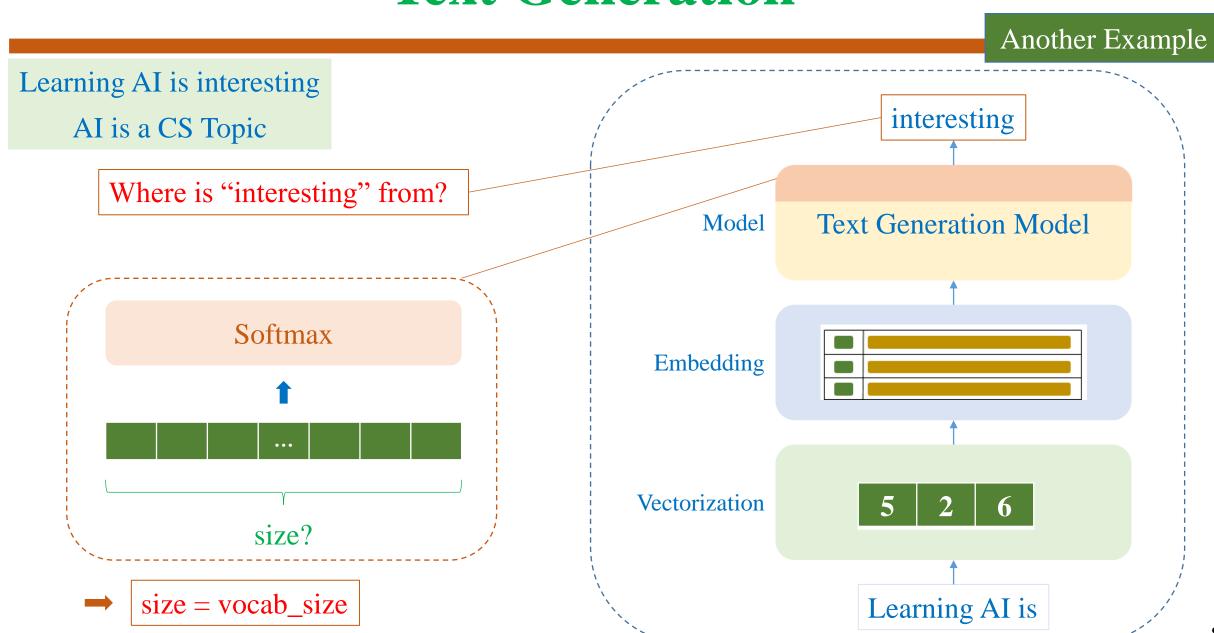
```
generate_text("thúy kiều", 4, generator_model)
'thúy kiều sắc sảo khôn ngoan'

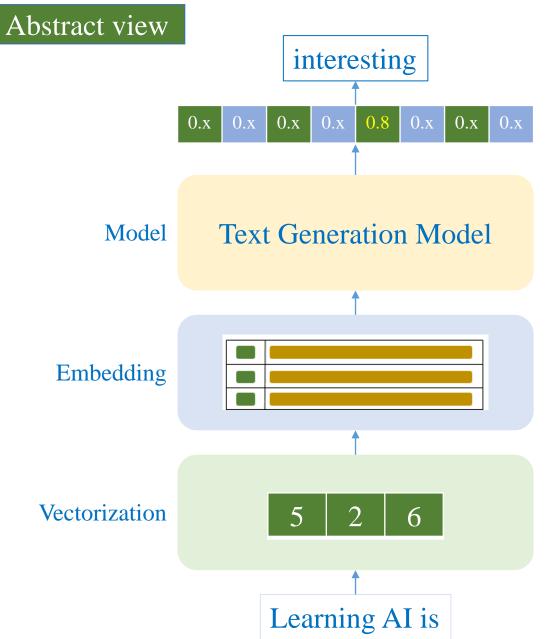
generate_text("kim trọng và thúy kiều", 6, generator_model)
'kim trọng và thúy kiều nhân gian sao tan tành ngay'
```

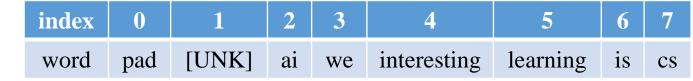
data = 'trăm năm trong cõi người ta'

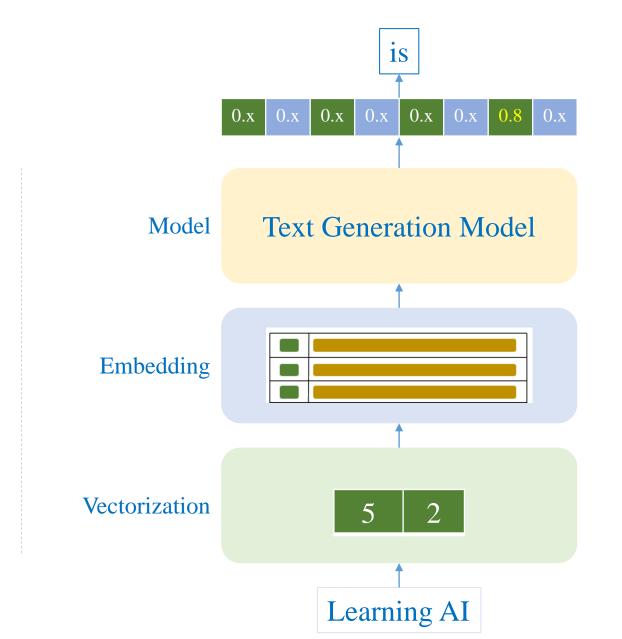
```
Input data: ['trăm'] => output data: năm
Input data: ['trăm', 'năm'] => output data: trong
Input data: ['trăm', 'năm', 'trong'] => output data: cõi
Input data: ['trăm', 'năm', 'trong', 'cõi'] => output data: người
Input data: ['trăm', 'năm', 'trong', 'cõi', 'người'] => output data: ta
```

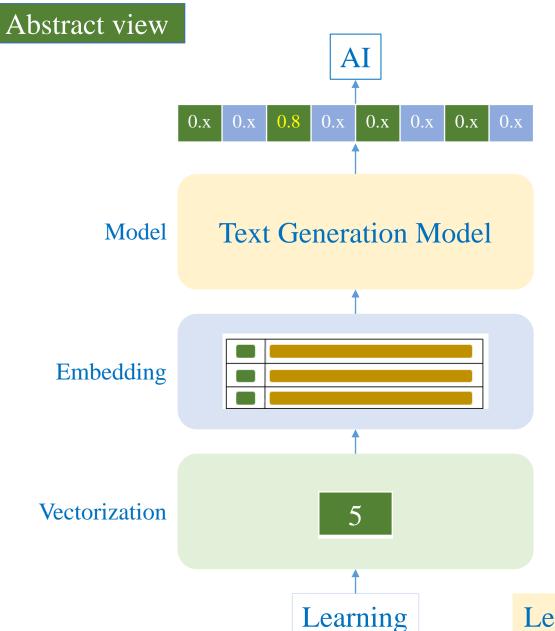




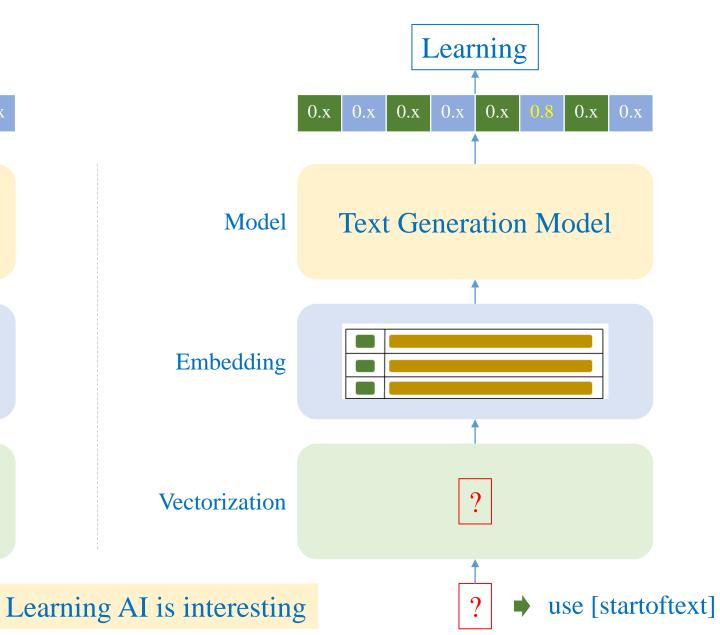




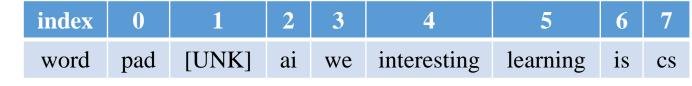


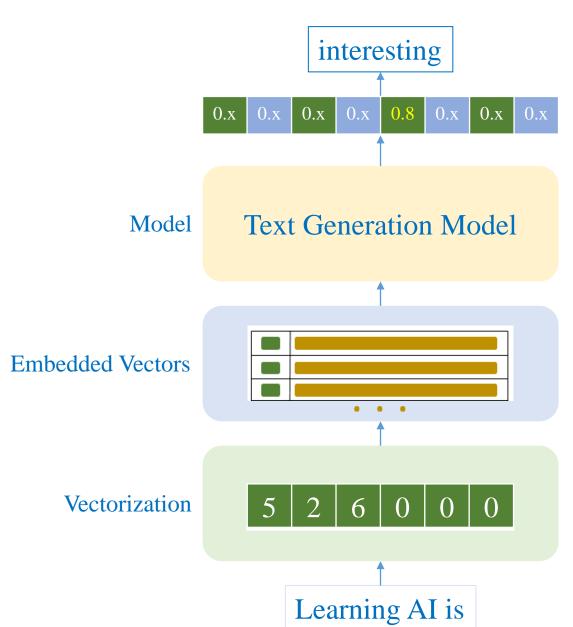


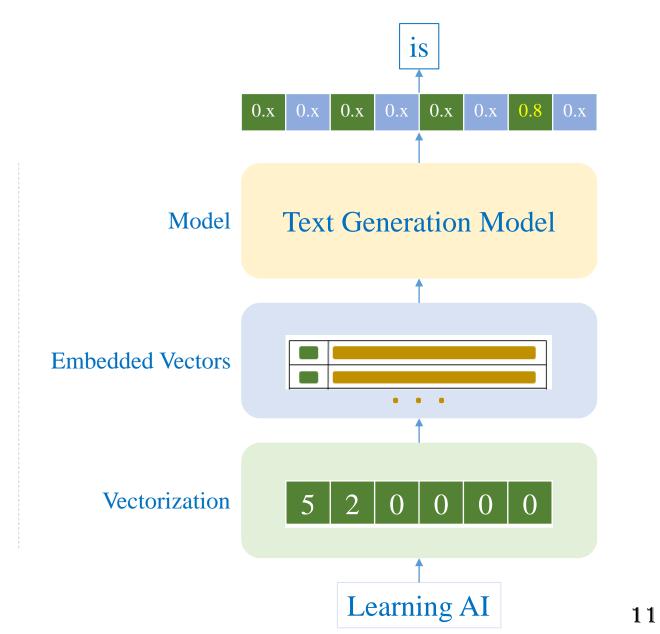




sequence_length = 6



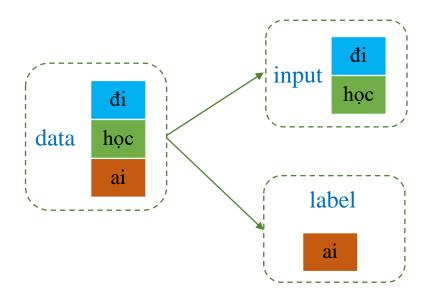


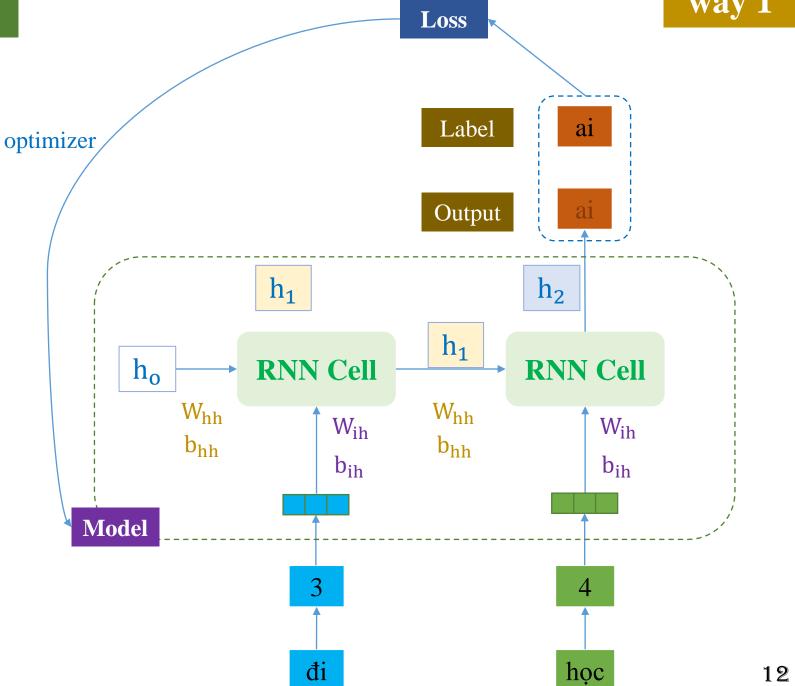


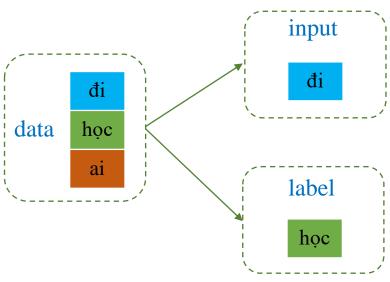
Outline

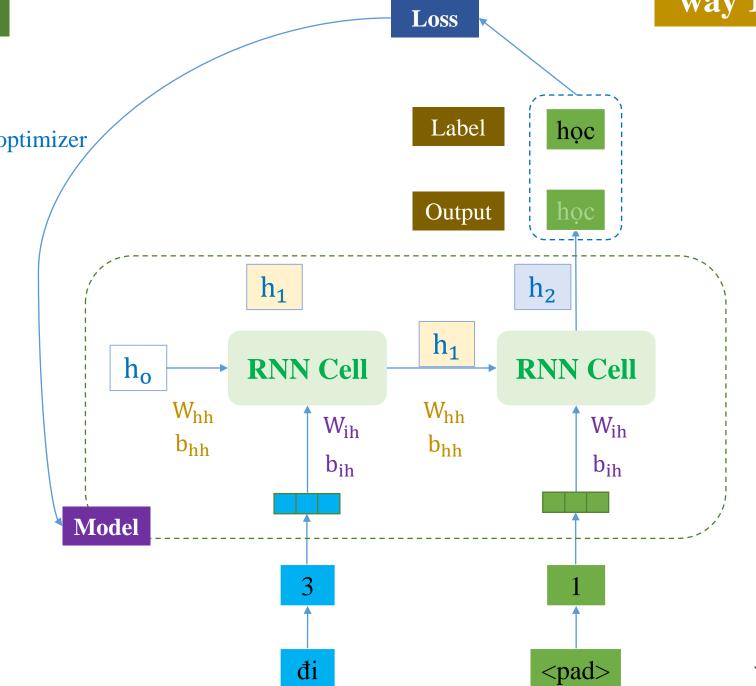
- > Motivation to Text Generation
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Extract context from input





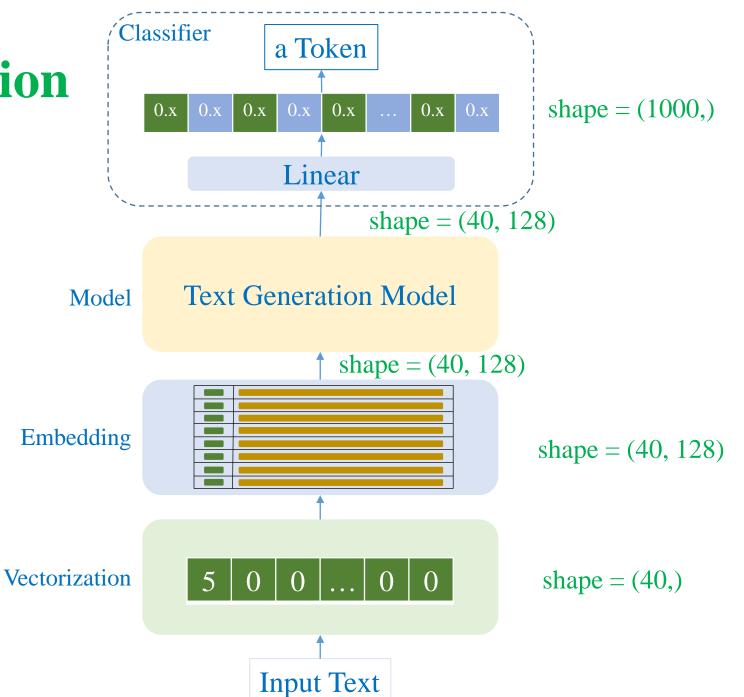




đi

học

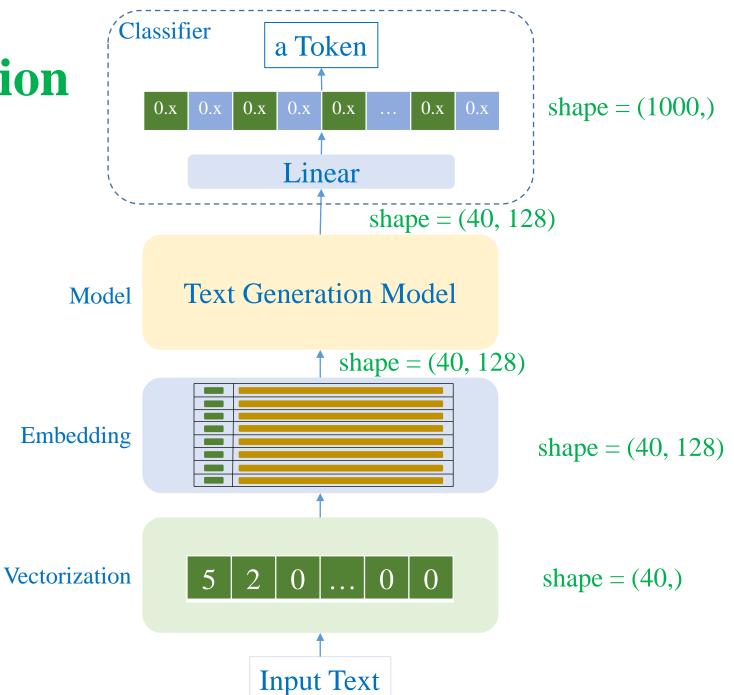
Practice



sequence_length = 40 embed_dim = 128 vocab_size = 1000

'Learning AI is interesting' x = 'Learning' y = 'AI'

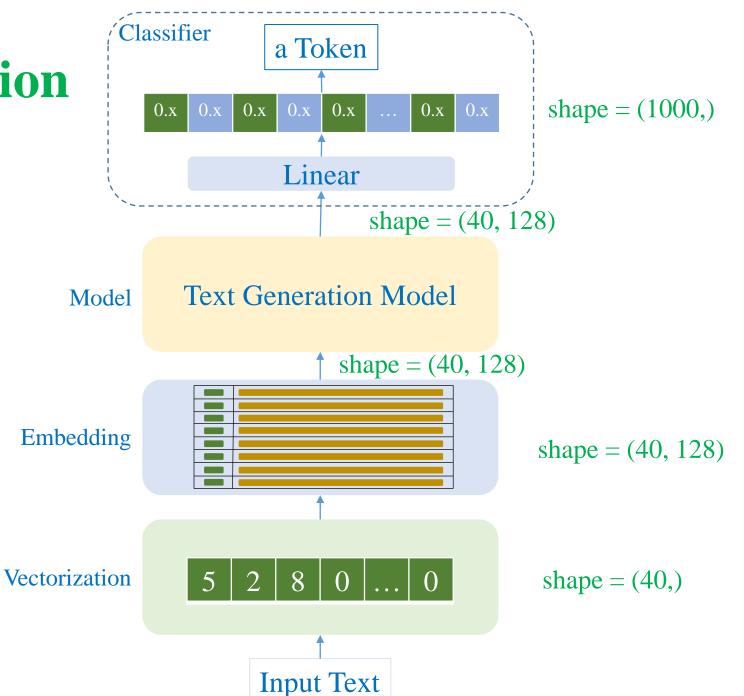
***** Practice



sequence_length = 40 embed_dim = 128 vocab_size = 1000

'Learning AI is interesting' x = `Learning AI' y = `is'

***** Practice

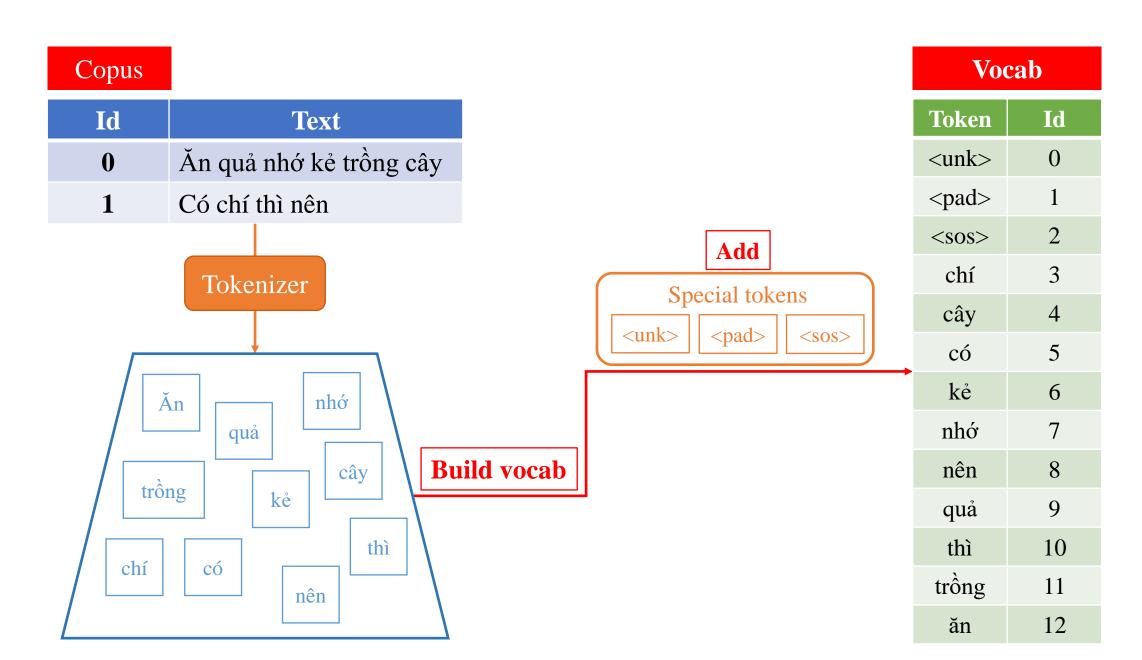


sequence_length = 40 embed_dim = 128 vocab_size = 1000

'Learning AI is interesting' x = 'Learning AI is' y = 'interesting'

Loss function?

Example



Example

Target ids

Id	Text	
0	Ăn quả nhớ kẻ trồng cây	
1	Có chí thì nên	

Input tokens	Target token			
<sos></sos>	Ăn			
<sos> Ăn</sos>	quả			
<sos> Ăn quả</sos>	nhớ			
<sos> Ăn quả nhớ</sos>	kẻ			
<sos> Ăn quả nhớ kẻ</sos>	trồng			
<sos> Ăn quả nhớ kẻ trồng</sos>	cây			
<sos></sos>	Có			
<sos> Có</sos>	chí			
<sos> Có chí</sos>	thì			
<sos> Có chí thì</sos>	nên			

Token	Id	kẻ	6
<unk></unk>	0	nhớ	7
<pad></pad>	1	nên	8
<sos></sos>	2	quả	9
chí	3	thì	10
cây	4	trồng	11
có	5	ăn	12

Vocab

padding

[2, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]	12
[2, 12, 1, 1, 1, 1]	9
[2, 12, 9, 1, 1, 1]	7
[2, 12, 9, 7, 1, 1]	6
[2, 12, 9, 7, 6, 1]	11
[2, 12, 9, 7, 6, 11]	4
[2, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]	5
[2, 5, 1, 1, 1, 1]	3
[2, 5, 3, 1, 1, 1]	10
[2, 5, 3, 10, 1, 1]	8

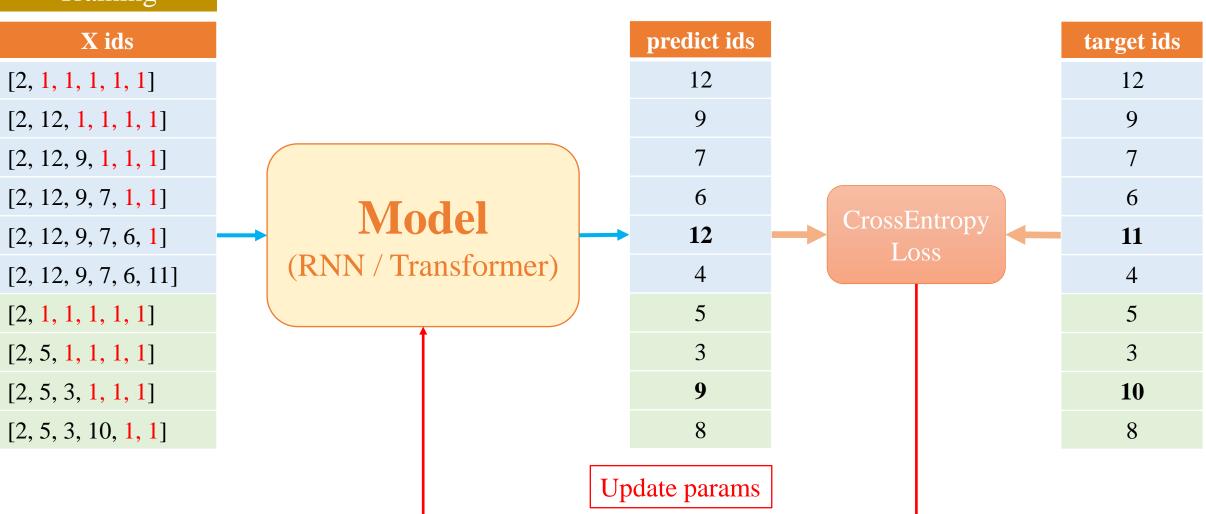
Training data

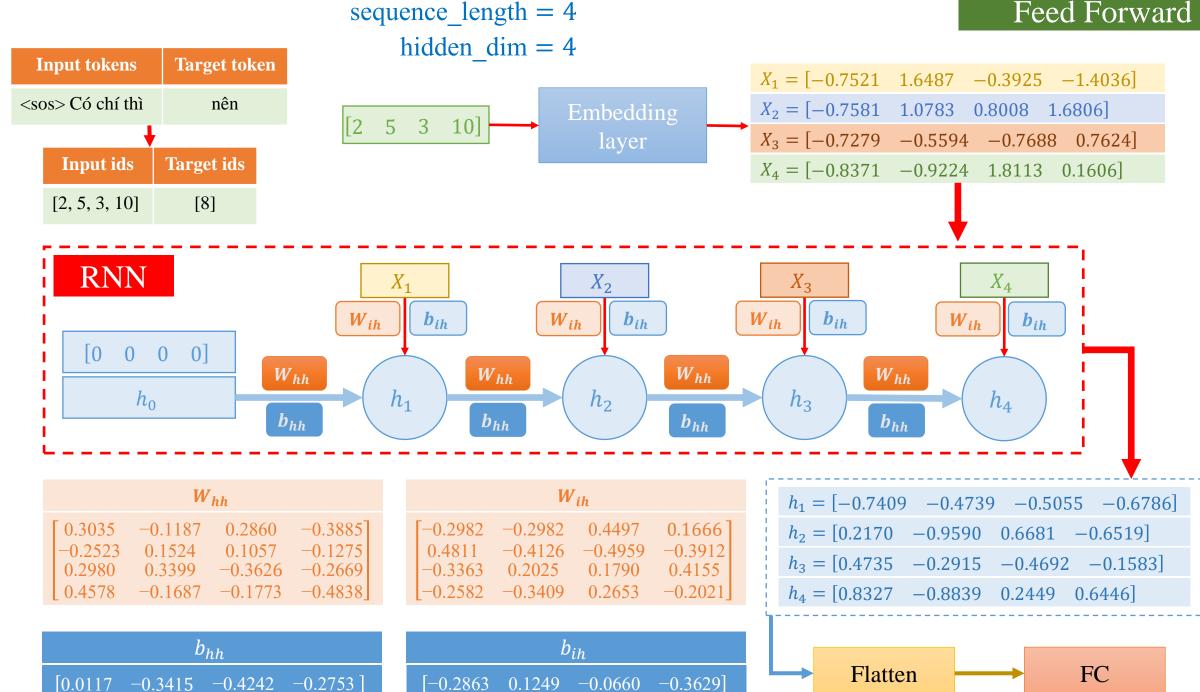
 $sequence_length = 6$

Input ids

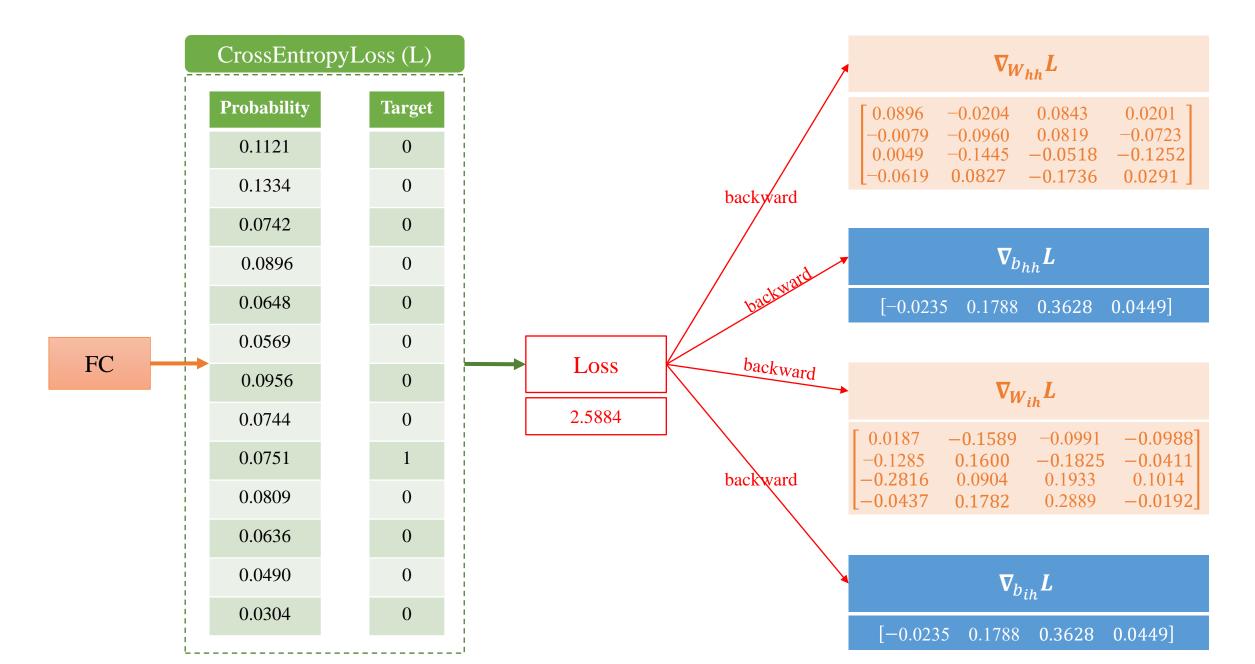
Example

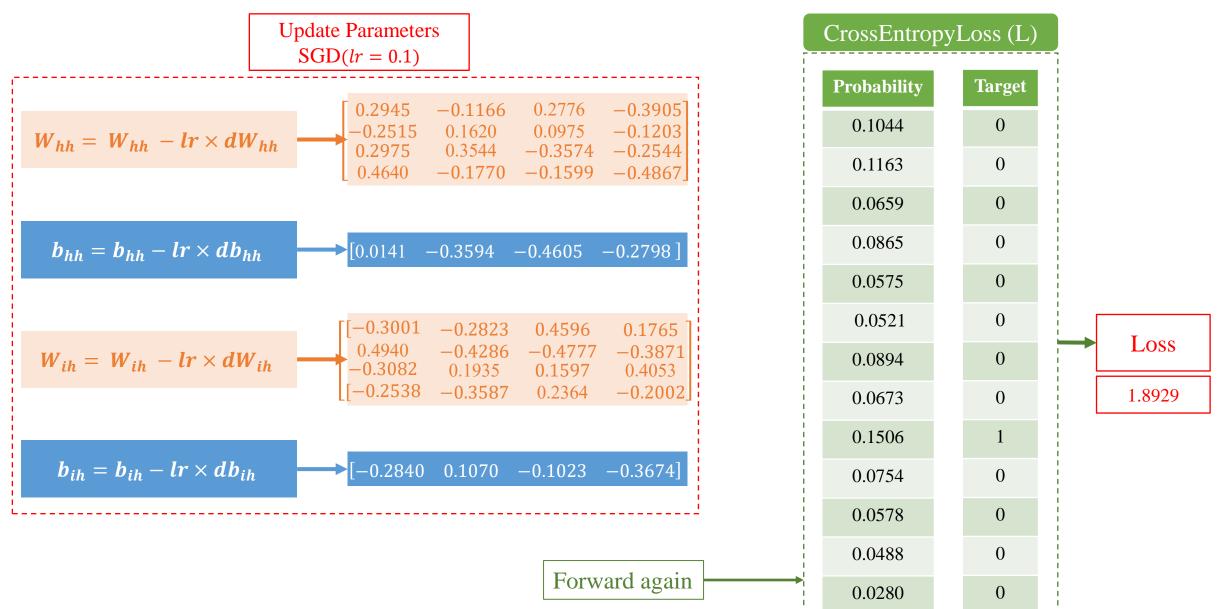






Back-Propagation





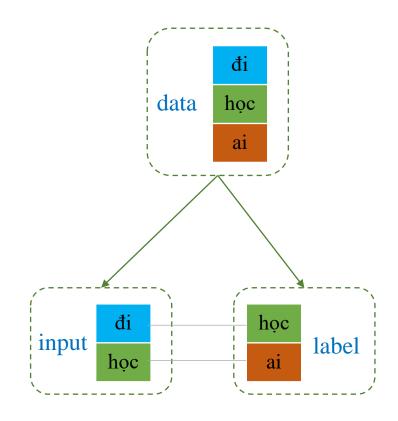
Outline

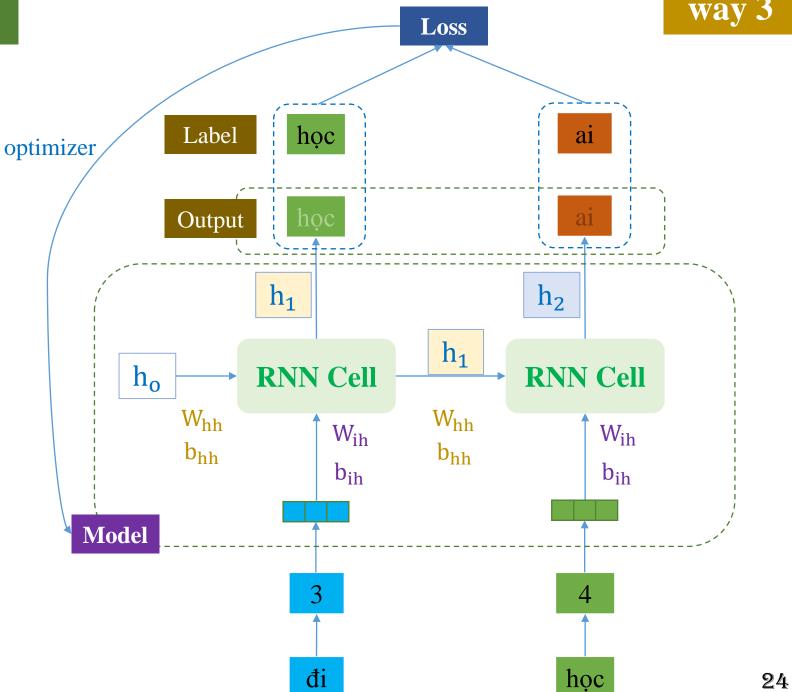
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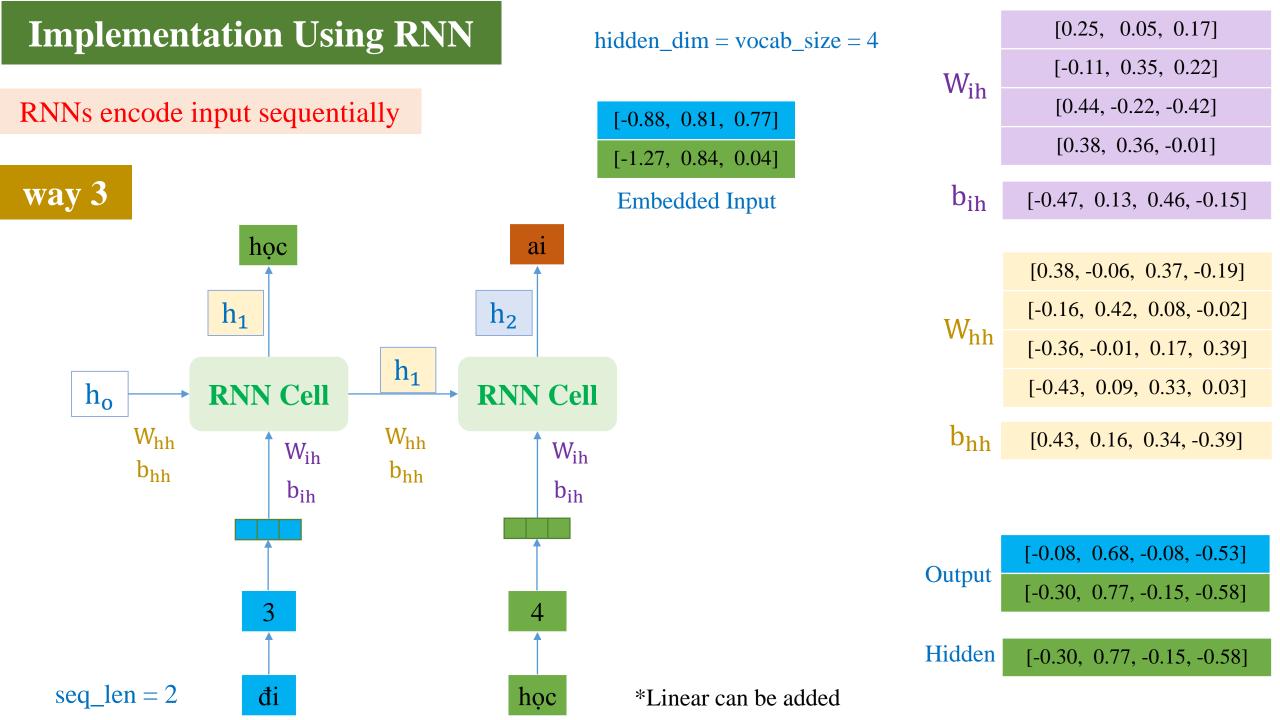
Implementation Using RNN

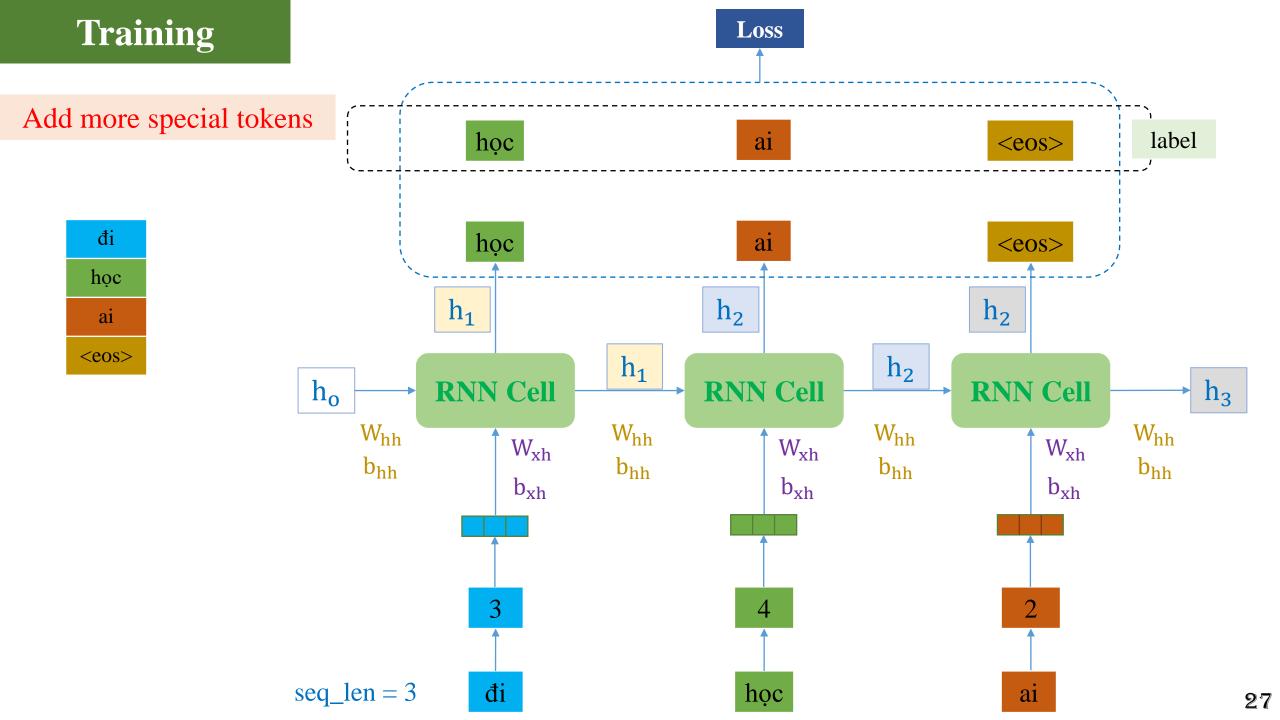
RNNs encode input sequentially

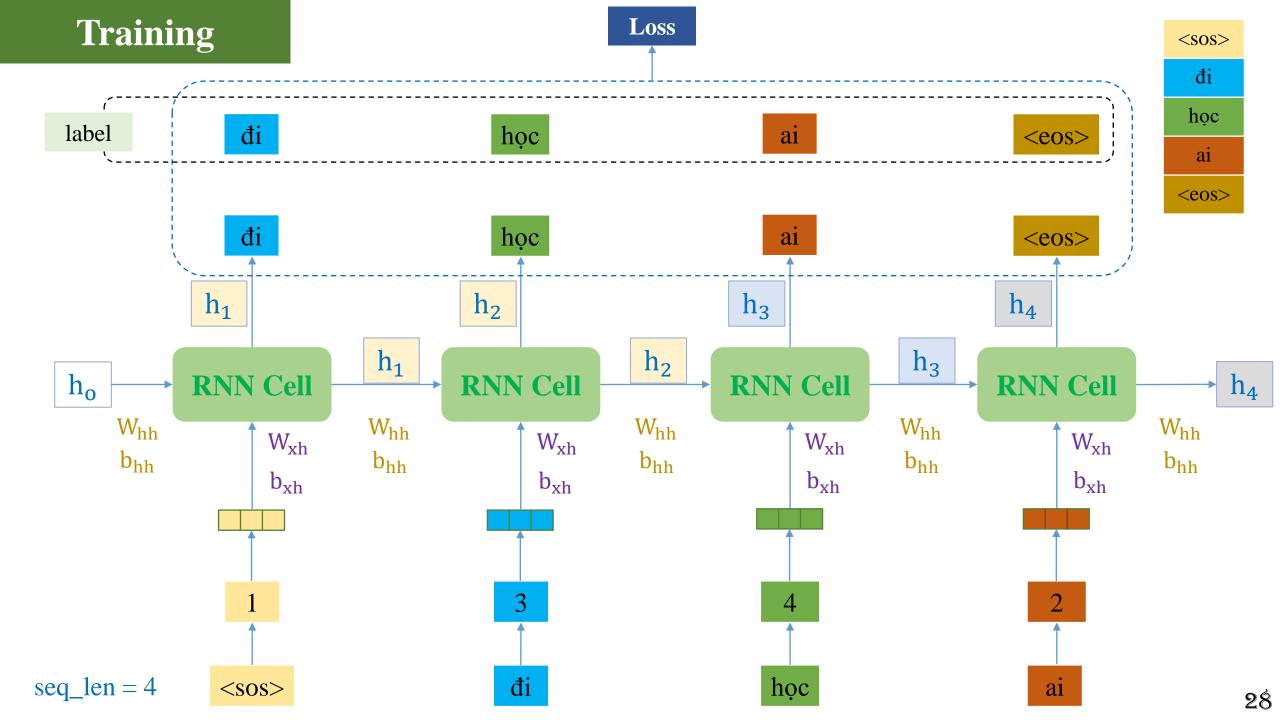
*Linear can be added (where?)



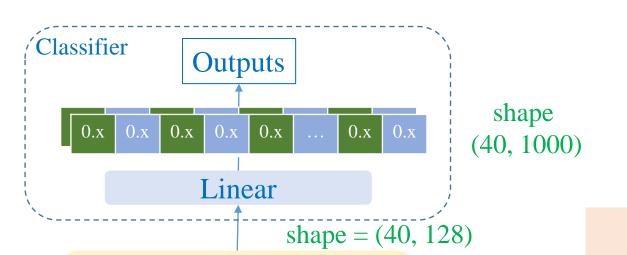








Practice



sequence_length = 40 embed_dim = 128 vocab_size = 1000

What about?

'Learning AI is ... very interesting'

$$x =$$
 'Learning AI is ... very'

$$y =$$
 'AI is ... very interesting'

Model

Text Generation Model

Input

shape = (40, 128)

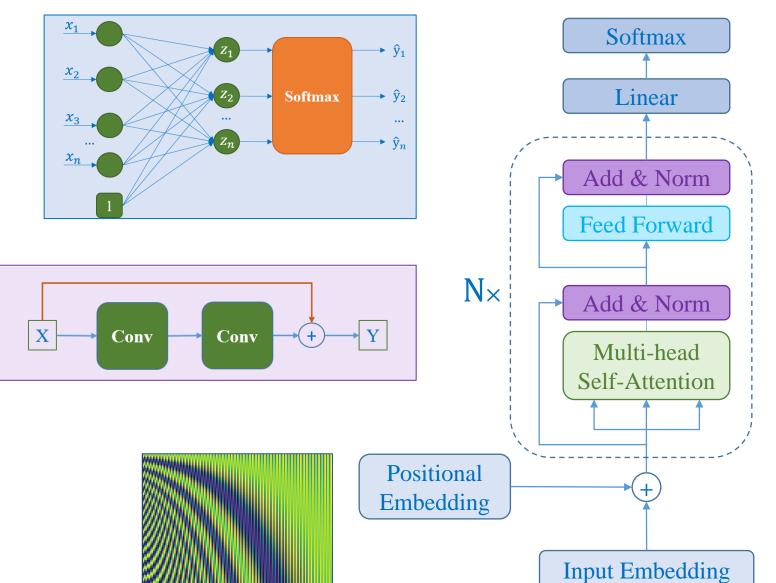
shape = (40,)

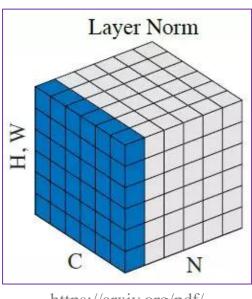
Vectorization 5 2 7 ... 0 0

Outline

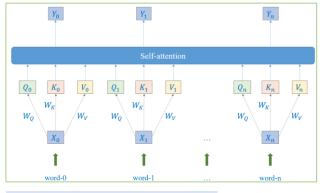
- > Motivation to Text Generation
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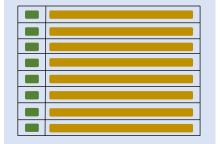
Transformer Encoder

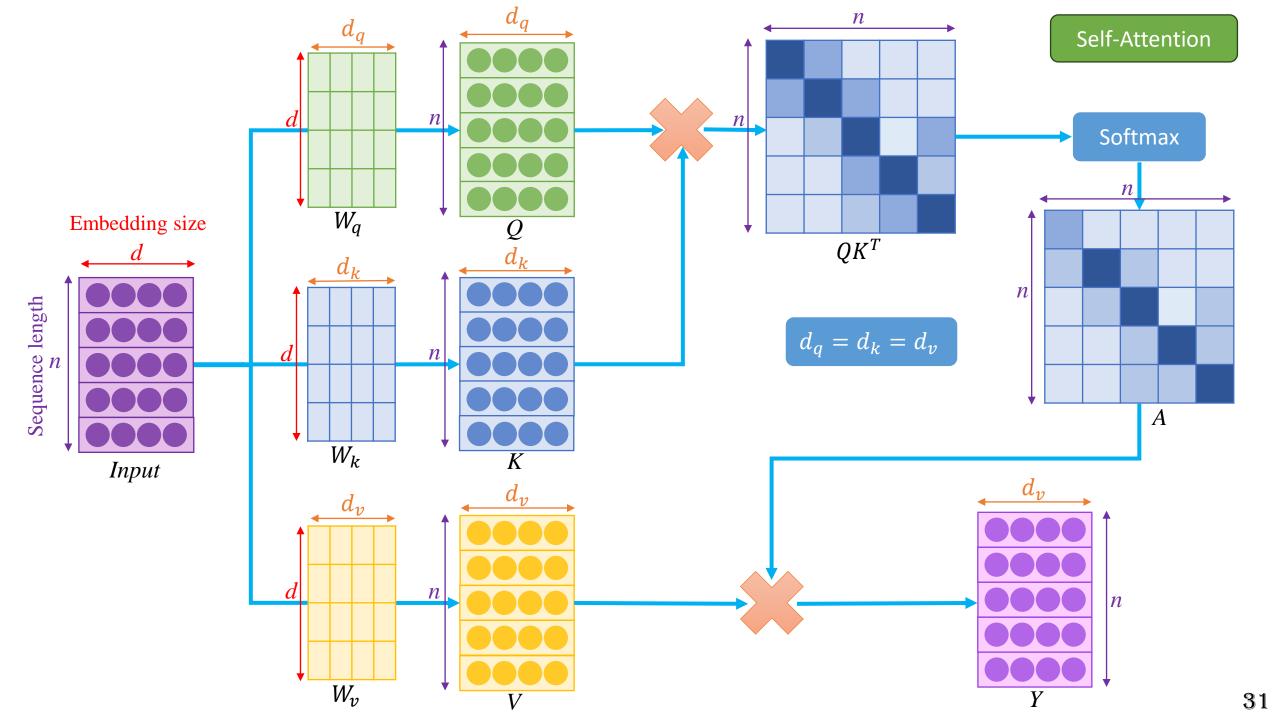




https://arxiv.org/pdf/ 1803.08494.pdf



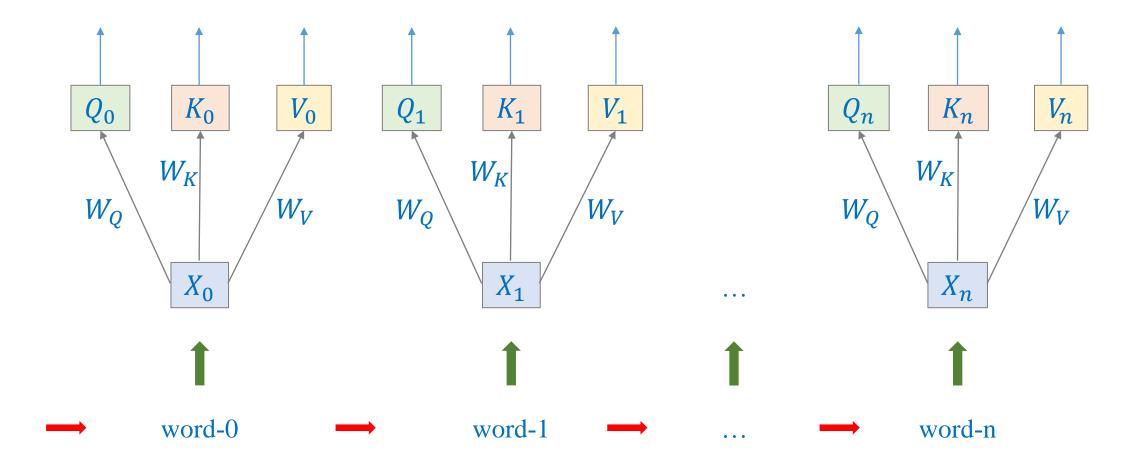


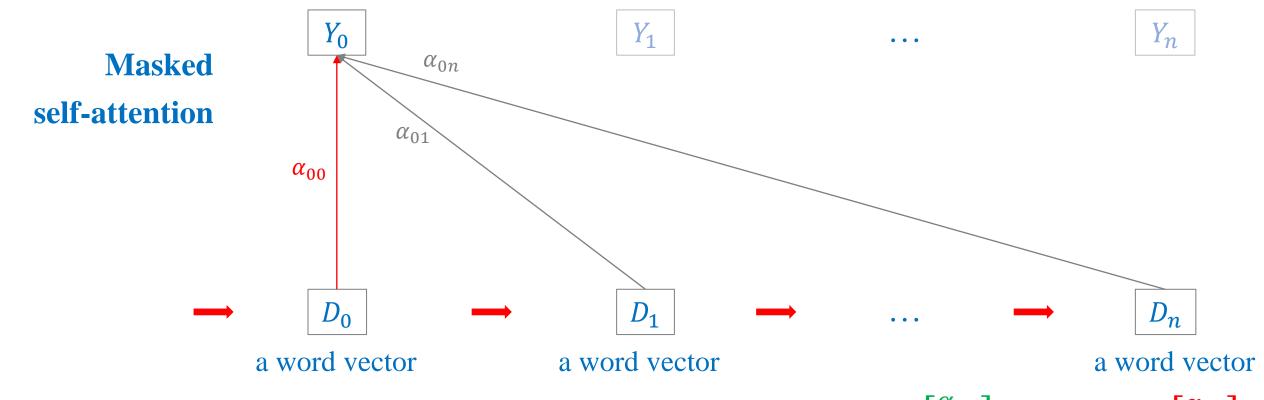


Softmax **Transformer Models** Linear Add & Norm Feed Forward Add & Norm Multi-head Self-Attention Add & Norm $N \times$ Feed Forward Add & Norm N× Add & Norm Masked Multi-head Multi-head **Self-Attention Self-Attention Positional Positional** Embedding **Embedding Input Embedding Output Embedding**

Transformer

❖ Masked self-attention



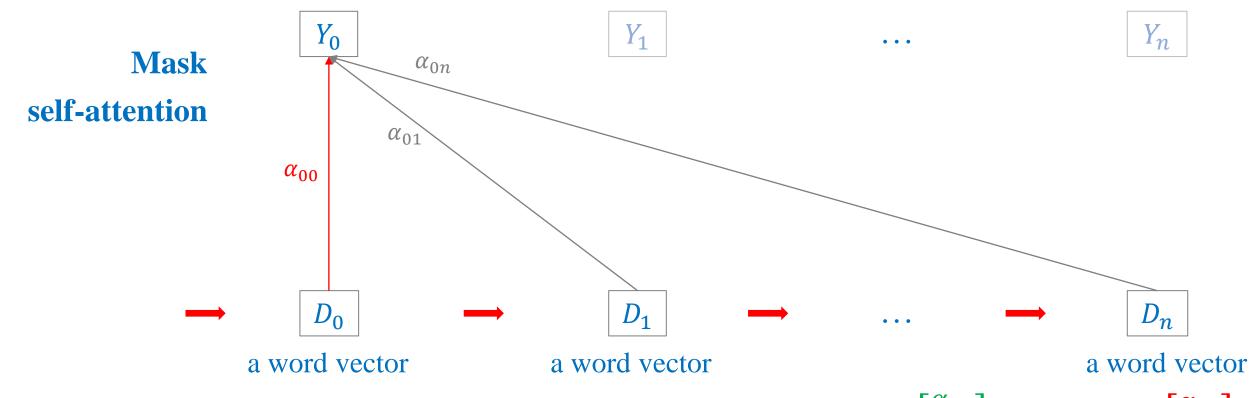


$$Y_0 = \alpha_{00}D_0 + \alpha_{01}D_1 + \dots + \alpha_{0n}D_n$$

$$Y_0 = \alpha_{00} D_0 + 0 \times D_1 + \dots + 0 \times D_n$$

$$\alpha_0 = \operatorname{softmax}(\frac{D_0 D^T}{\sqrt{d}}) = \begin{bmatrix} \alpha_{00} \\ \alpha_{01} \\ \dots \\ \alpha_{0n} \end{bmatrix} \text{ How to obtain kind of } \begin{bmatrix} \alpha_{00} \\ 0 \\ \dots \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\alpha_0 = \operatorname{softmax} \left(\frac{D_0 D^T}{\sqrt{d}} \right) * \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ \dots \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \alpha_{00} \\ 0 \\ \dots \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
?

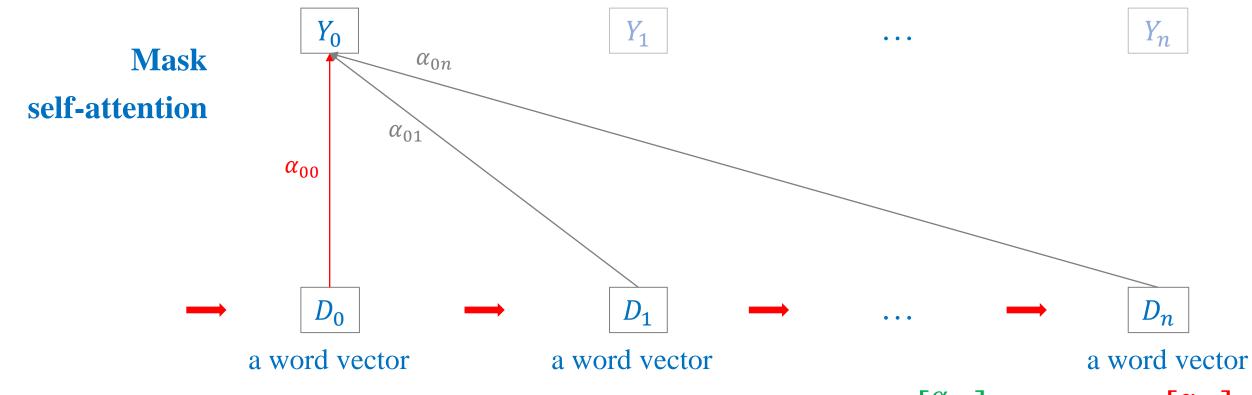


$$Y_0 = \alpha_{00}D_0 + \alpha_{01}D_1 + \dots + \alpha_{0n}D_n$$

$$Y_0 = \alpha_{00}D_0 + 0 \times D_1 + \dots + 0 \times D_n$$

$$\alpha_0 = \operatorname{softmax}(\frac{D_0 D^T}{\sqrt{d}}) = \begin{bmatrix} \alpha_{00} \\ \alpha_{01} \\ \dots \\ \alpha_{0n} \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{array}{l} \operatorname{How \ to \ obtain} \\ \operatorname{kind \ of} \rightarrow \\ 0 \\ \dots \\ 0 \end{array} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\alpha_0 = \operatorname{softmax} \left(\frac{D_0 D^T}{\sqrt{d}} * \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ \dots \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \right) = \begin{bmatrix} \alpha_{00} \\ 0 \\ \dots \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
?

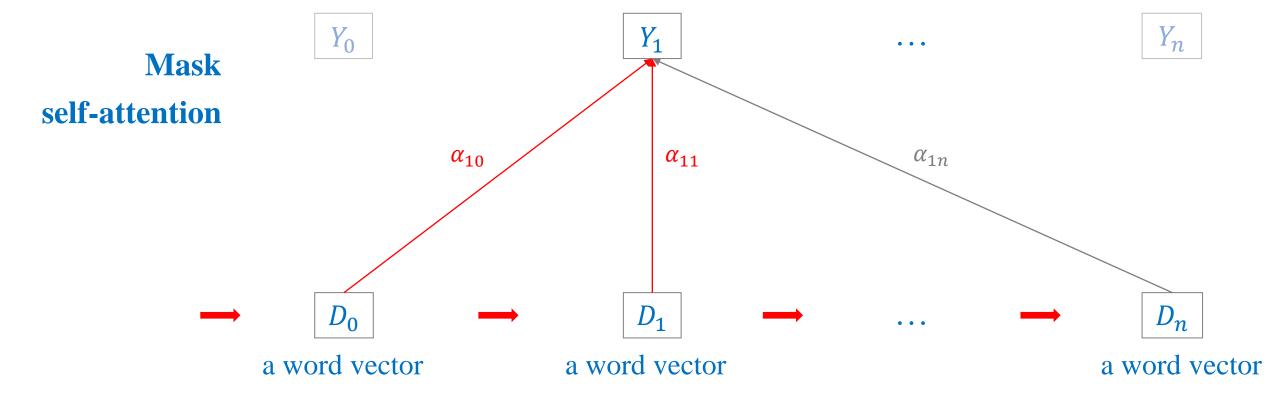


$$Y_0 = \alpha_{00}D_0 + \alpha_{01}D_1 + \dots + \alpha_{0n}D_n$$

$$Y_0 = \alpha_{00} D_0 + 0 \times D_1 + \dots + 0 \times D_n$$

$$\alpha_0 = \operatorname{softmax}(\frac{D_0 D^T}{\sqrt{m}}) = \begin{bmatrix} \alpha_{00} \\ \alpha_{01} \\ \dots \\ \alpha_{0n} \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{array}{l} \operatorname{How \ to \ obtain} \\ \operatorname{kind \ of} \rightarrow \\ 0 \\ \dots \\ 0 \end{array} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\alpha_0 = \operatorname{softmax} \left(\frac{D_0 D^T}{\sqrt{d}} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -\infty \\ \dots \\ -\infty \end{bmatrix} \right) = \begin{bmatrix} \alpha_{00} \\ 0 \\ \dots \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
?

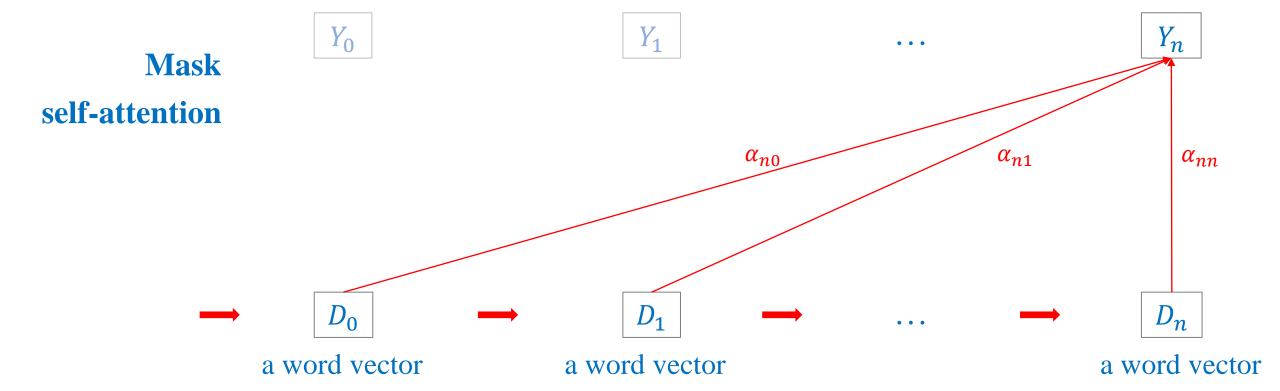


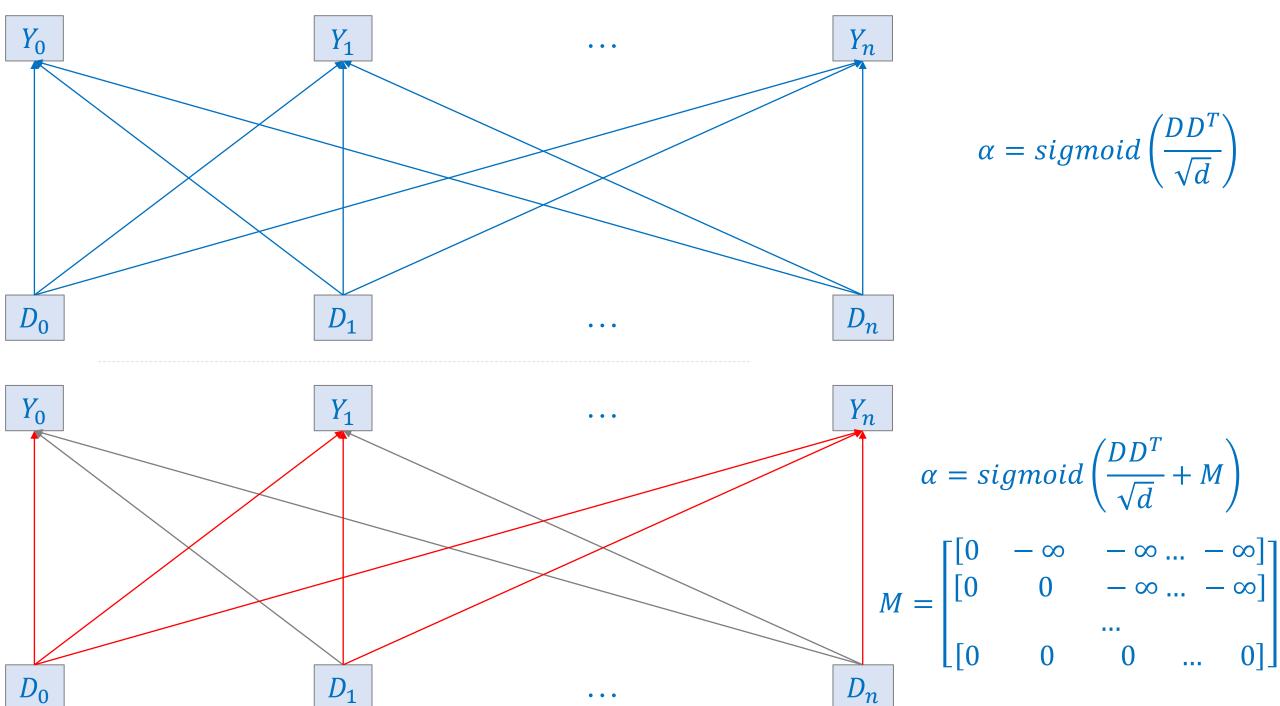
$$Y_{1} = \alpha_{10}D_{0} + \alpha_{11}D_{1} + \dots + \alpha_{1n}D_{n}$$

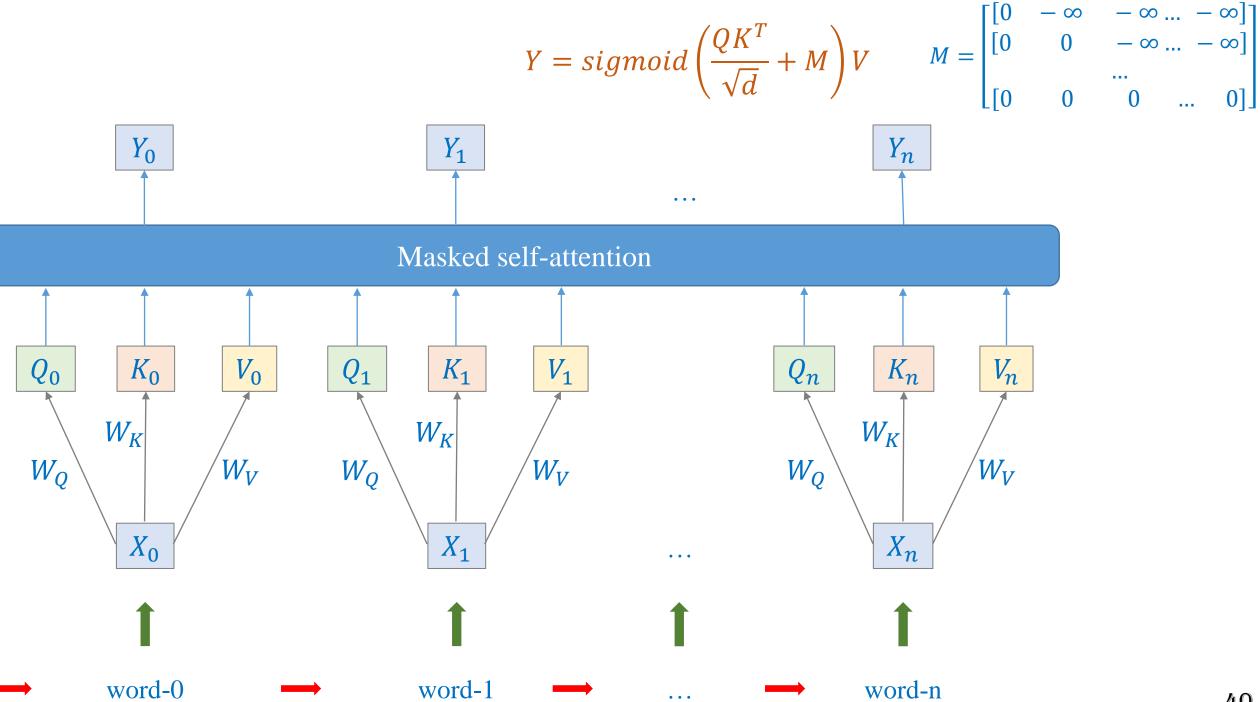
$$\downarrow$$

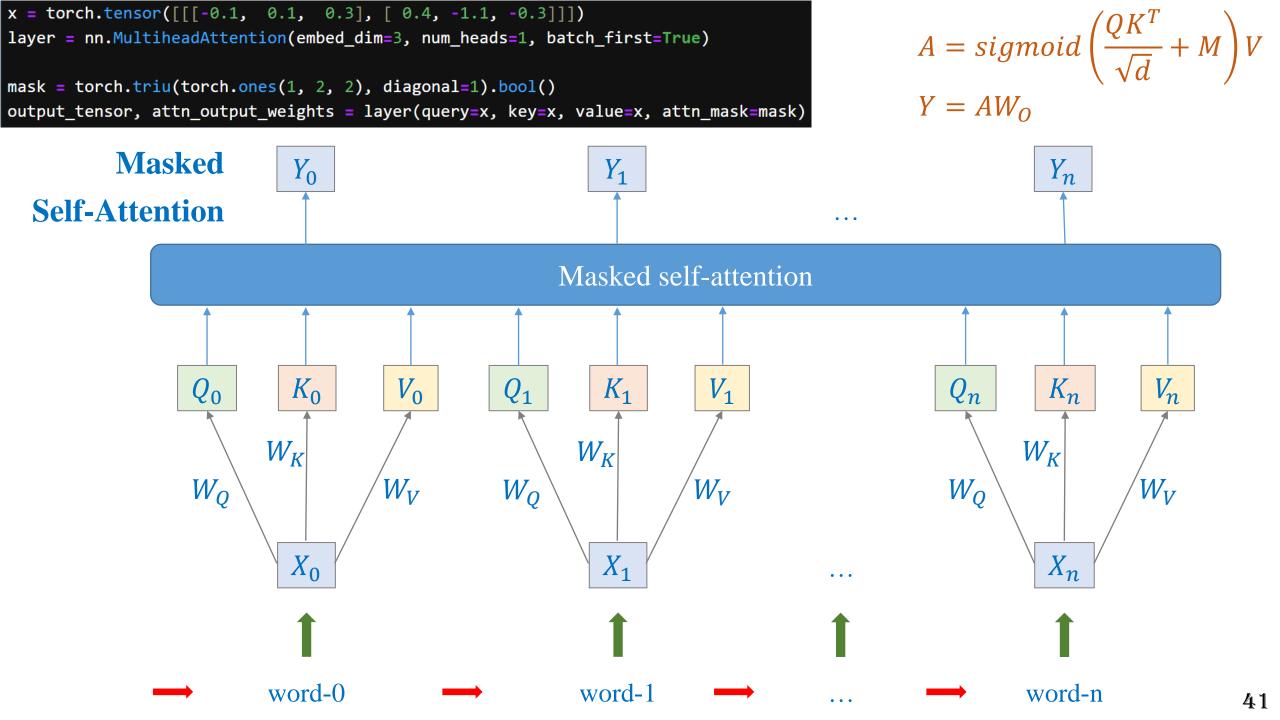
$$Y_{1} = \alpha_{10}D_{0} + \alpha_{11}D_{1} + \dots + 0 \times D_{n}$$

$$\alpha_{1} = \operatorname{softmax} \left(\frac{D_{1}D^{T}}{\sqrt{d}} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ -\infty \\ \dots \\ -\infty \end{bmatrix} \right) = \begin{bmatrix} \alpha_{10} \\ \alpha_{11} \\ 0 \\ \dots \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$









Masked Multihead Attention

$$W_Q = \begin{bmatrix} -0.35 & 0.51 & 0.50 \\ 0.36 & -0.47 & -0.29 \\ -0.51 & -0.14 & -0.56 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$W_K = \begin{bmatrix} -0.49 & -0.68 & 0.18 \\ -0.44 & -0.46 & 0.18 \\ 0.07 & -0.10 & 0.44 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$W_V = \begin{bmatrix} -0.41 & 0.39 & -0.65 \\ -0.40 & -0.07 & -0.34 \\ -0.55 & -0.13 & -0.29 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$W_O = \begin{bmatrix} -0.36 & -0.08 & 0.32 \\ 0.27 & 0.05 & 0.15 \\ -0.05 & -0.28 & 0.05 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X = \begin{bmatrix} -0.1 & 0.1 & 0.3 \\ 0.4 & -1.1 & -0.3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Q = XW_Q = \begin{bmatrix} -0.1 & 0.1 & 0.3 \\ 0.4 & -1.1 & -0.3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -0.35 & 0.51 & 0.50 \\ 0.36 & -0.47 & -0.29 \\ -0.51 & -0.14 & -0.29 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} -0.08 & -0.14 & -0.24 \\ -0.39 & 0.77 & 0.69 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$K = XW_K = \begin{bmatrix} -0.1 & 0.1 & 0.3 \\ 0.4 & -1.1 & -0.3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -0.49 & -0.68 & 0.18 \\ -0.44 & 0.04 & 0.18 \\ -0.07 & -0.10 & 0.44 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 0.02 & -0.01 & 0.13 \\ 0.27 & 0.27 & -0.26 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$V = XW_V = \begin{bmatrix} -0.1 & 0.1 & 0.3 \\ 0.4 & -1.1 & -0.3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -0.41 & 0.39 & -0.65 \\ -0.40 & -0.07 & -0.34 \\ -0.55 & -0.13 & -0.29 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} -0.16 & -0.08 & -0.05 \\ -0.02 & -0.02 & 0.05 \end{bmatrix}$$

 $M = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -\infty \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

Masked Multi-head Attention

Example

approximately

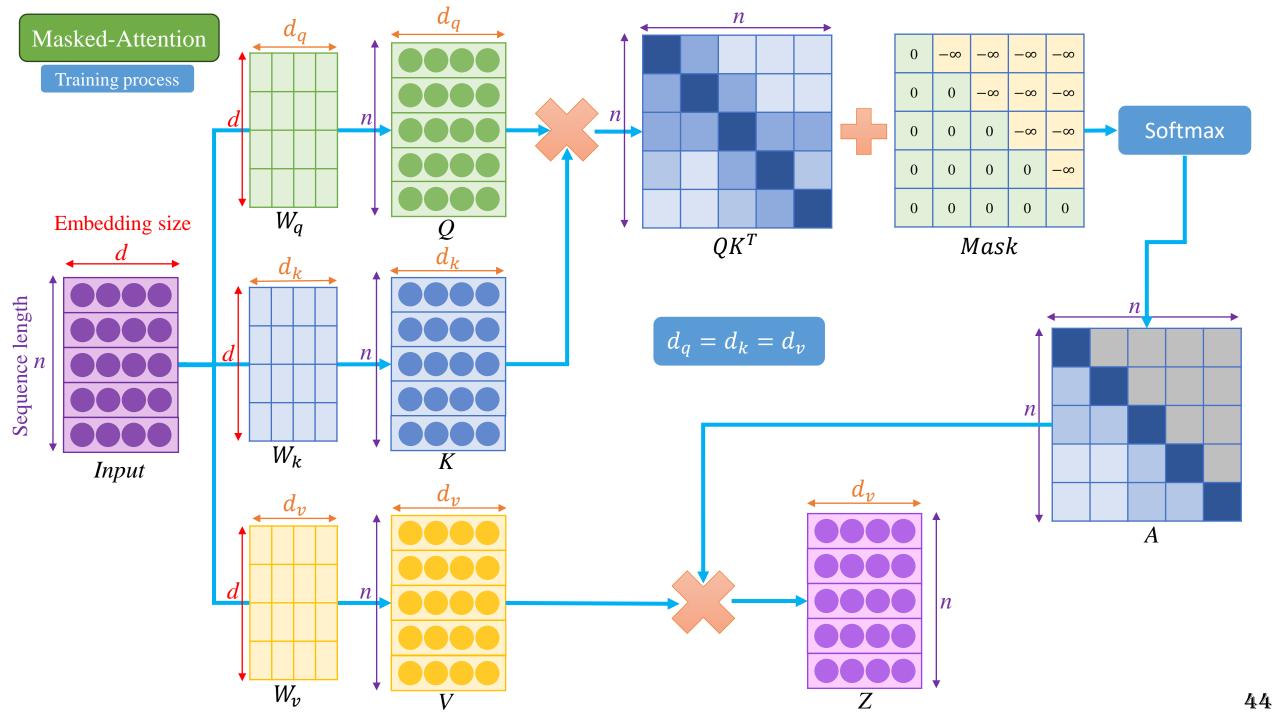
$$A = sigmoid \left(\frac{QK^{T}}{\sqrt{d}} + M\right)V$$

$$= sigmoid \left(\begin{bmatrix} -0.08 & -0.14 & -0.24 \\ -0.39 & 0.77 & 0.69 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0.02 & 0.27 \\ -0.01 & 0.27 \\ 0.13 & -0.26 \end{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{d}} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -\infty \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \right) \begin{bmatrix} -0.16 & -0.08 & -0.05 \\ -0.02 & -0.02 & 0.05 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= sigmoid \left(\begin{bmatrix} -0.019 & 0.002 \\ 0.043 & -0.046 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -\infty \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \right) \begin{bmatrix} -0.16 & -0.08 & -0.05 \\ -0.02 & -0.02 & 0.05 \end{bmatrix}$$

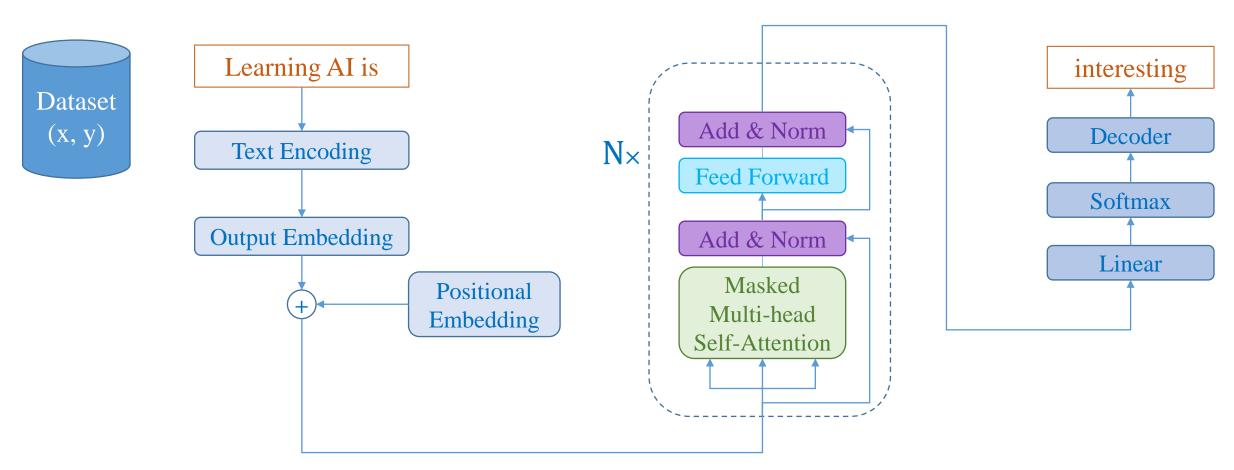
$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.52 & 0.48 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -0.16 & -0.08 & -0.05 \\ -0.02 & -0.02 & 0.05 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -0.16 & -0.08 & -0.05 \\ 0.12 & 0.08 & 0.06 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Y = AW_O = \begin{bmatrix} -0.16 - 0.08 & -0.05 \\ 0.12 & 0.08 & 0.06 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -0.36 & -0.08 & 0.32 \\ 0.27 & 0.05 & 0.15 \\ -0.05 & -0.28 & 0.05 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.03 & 0.02 & -0.06 \\ -0.02 & -0.02 & 0.05 \end{bmatrix}$$



Text Generation

***** Architecture

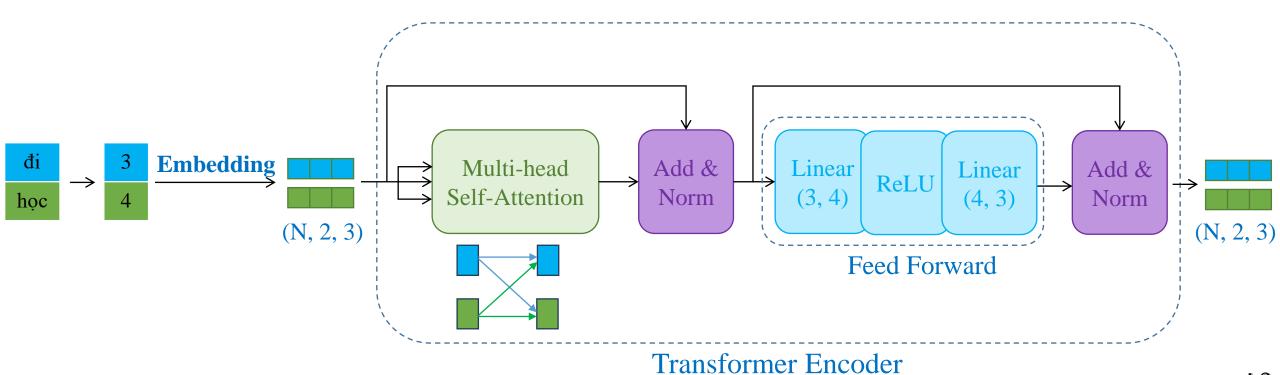


Encoder in PyTorch

Encoder in Pytorch

index	word			
0	[UNK]			
1	[pad]			
2	ai			
3	đi			
4	học			
	•••			

index	Embedding
0	[-0.188,, 0.7013]
1	[1.7840, 1.3586]
2	[1.0281,, 0.4211]
3	[-1.308,, -0.3680]
4	[0.2293,, 2.0501]



Encoder

```
embed_input = torch.Tensor([[[ 0.69,  0.72, -1.41],
   in Pytorch
                                                                  [ 0.21, 1.10, -1.31]])
                                   # 1. self attn
                                   x = self_attn(embed_input, embed_input, embed_input)[0]
                                   # 2. norm1(x + self. sa block(x))
                                   x = src + x
                                  x1 = norm1(x)
                                   # 3. _{ff_block(x)}
                                                                                                     [0.97, 0.39, -1.37]
                                   x = linear2( torch.nn.ReLU()(encoder_layer.linear1(x1)) )
    [0.69, 0.72, -1.41]
                                                                                                     [0.58, 0.82, -1.40]
                                   # 4. norm2(x + _ff_block(x))
    [0.21, 1.10, -1.31]
                                   x = x + x1
                                   x = norm2(x)
             Embedding
                                         Multi-head
                                                            Add &
                                                                                                     Add &
                                                                         Linear
                                                                                        Linear
                                                                                 ReLU
     \rightarrow
                                        Self-Attention
                                                            Norm
                                                                         (3, 4)
                                                                                         (4, 3)
                                                                                                     Norm
hoc
                                                                                                               (N, 2, 3)
                         (N, 2, 3)
                                                                              Feed Forward
                                                            Transformer Encoder
                                                                                                                    47
```

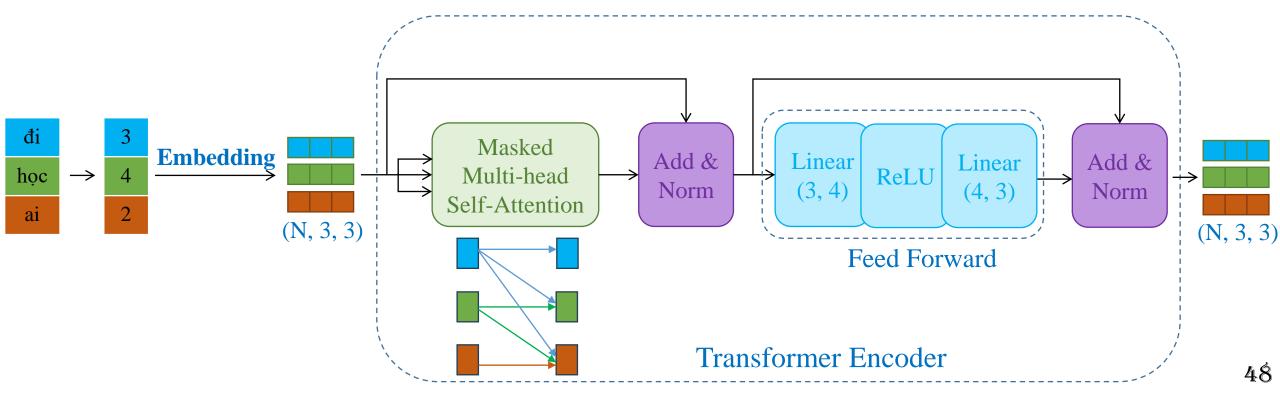
input after throught embedding

Masked Encoder in PyTorch

Masked Encoder in Pytorch

index	word			
0	[UNK]			
1	[pad]			
2	ai			
3	đi			
4	học			
	•••			

index	Embedding
0	[-0.188,, 0.7013]
1	[1.7840, 1.3586]
2	[1.0281,, 0.4211]
3	[-1.308,, -0.3680]
4	[0.2293,, 2.0501]
•••	



Masked Encoder in Pytorch

```
[ 0.21, 1.10, -1.31]])
                                       # 1. masked self attn
                                       mask = torch.triu(torch.ones(seq_len, seq_len), diagonal=1).bool()
                                       x = self_attn(embed_input, embed_input, embed_input,attn_mask=mask)[0]
                                       # 2. norm1(x + self. sa block(x))
                                       x = src + x
                                       x1 = norm1(x)
                                       # 3. ff block(x)
                                                                                                                  [0.97, 0.39, -1.37]
                                       x = linear2( torch.nn.ReLU()(encoder_layer.linear1(x1)) )
      [0.69, 0.72, -1.41]
                                       # 4. norm2(x + _ff_block(x))
                                                                                                                  [0.58, 0.82, -1.40]
                                       x = x + x1
      [0.21, 1.10, -1.31]
                                                                                                                 [-0.85, 1.40, -0.54]
                                       x = norm2(x)
     [-0.88, 0.60, -0.31]
đi
                                                Masked
              Embedding
                                                                   Add &
                                                                                 Linear
                                                                                                   Linear
                                                                                                                Add &
học
                                              Multi-head
                                                                                          ReLU
     \rightarrow
                                                                                                   (4, 3)
                                                                   Norm
                                                                                  (3, 4)
                                                                                                                 Norm
                                             Self-Attention
ai
                            (N, 3, 3)
                                                                                                                            (N, 3, 3)
                                                                                       Feed Forward
                                                                  Transformer Encoder
                                                                                                                                 49
```

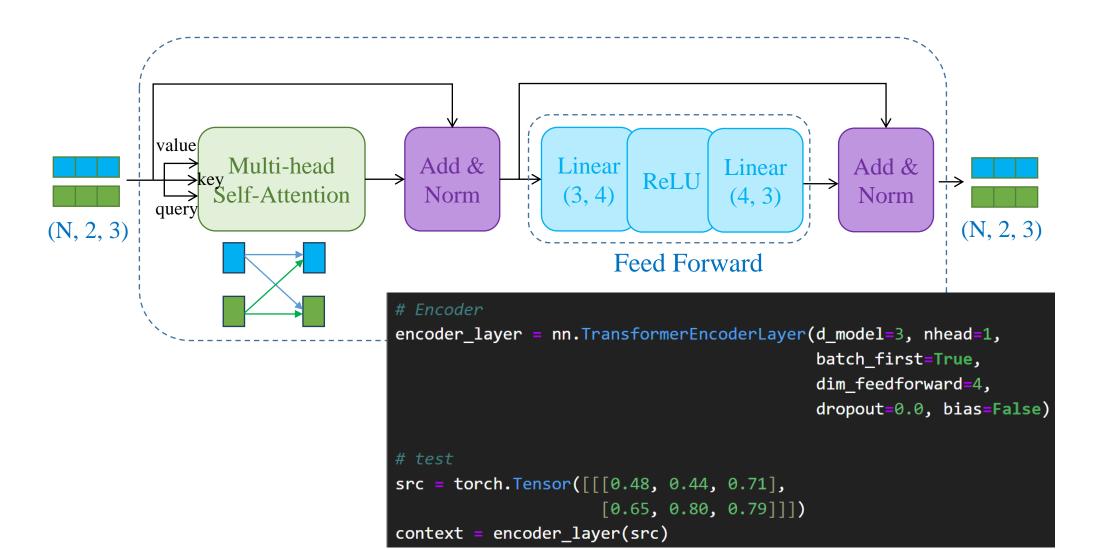
embed_input = torch.Tensor([[[0.69, 0.72, -1.41],

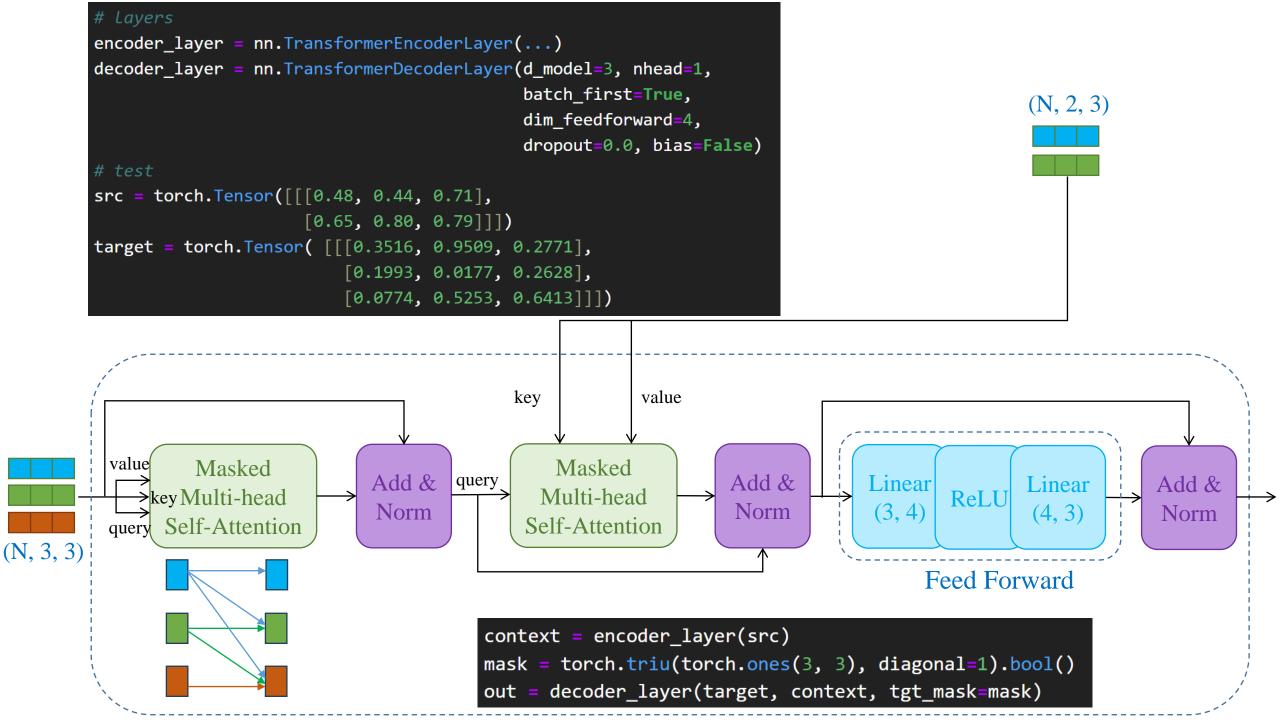
input after throught embedding

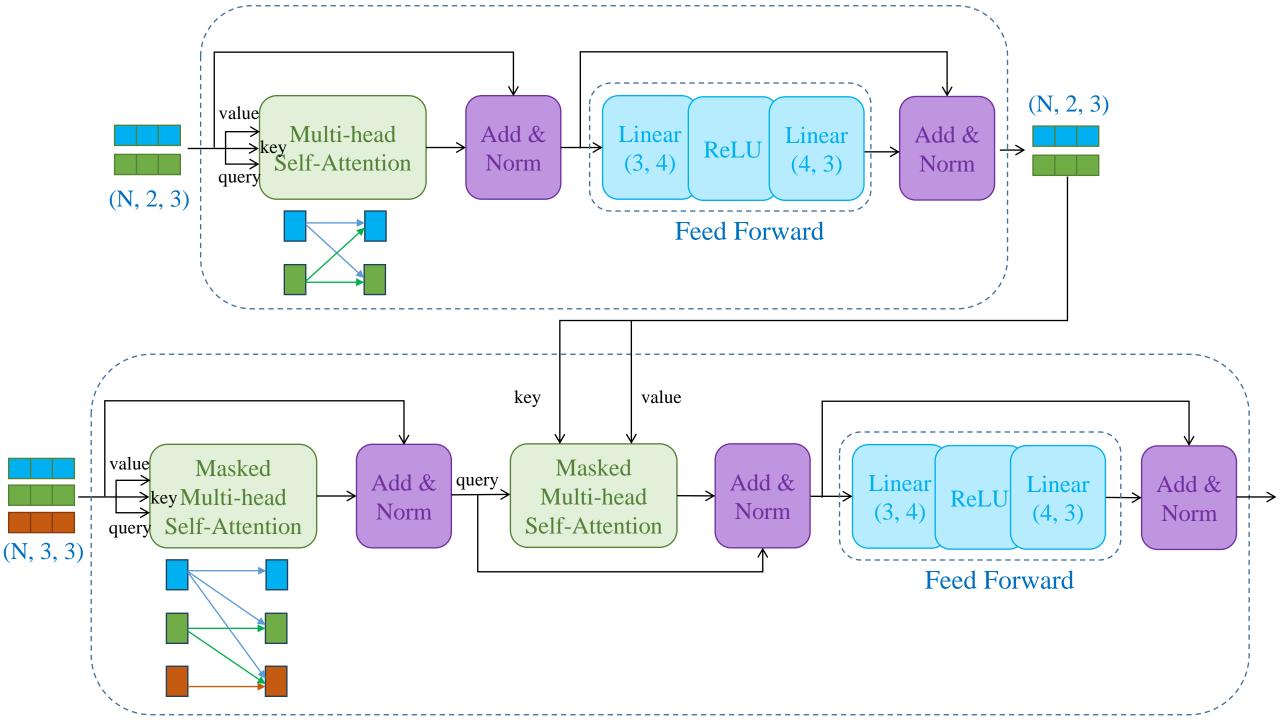
Transformer in PyTorch

Transformer in PyTorch

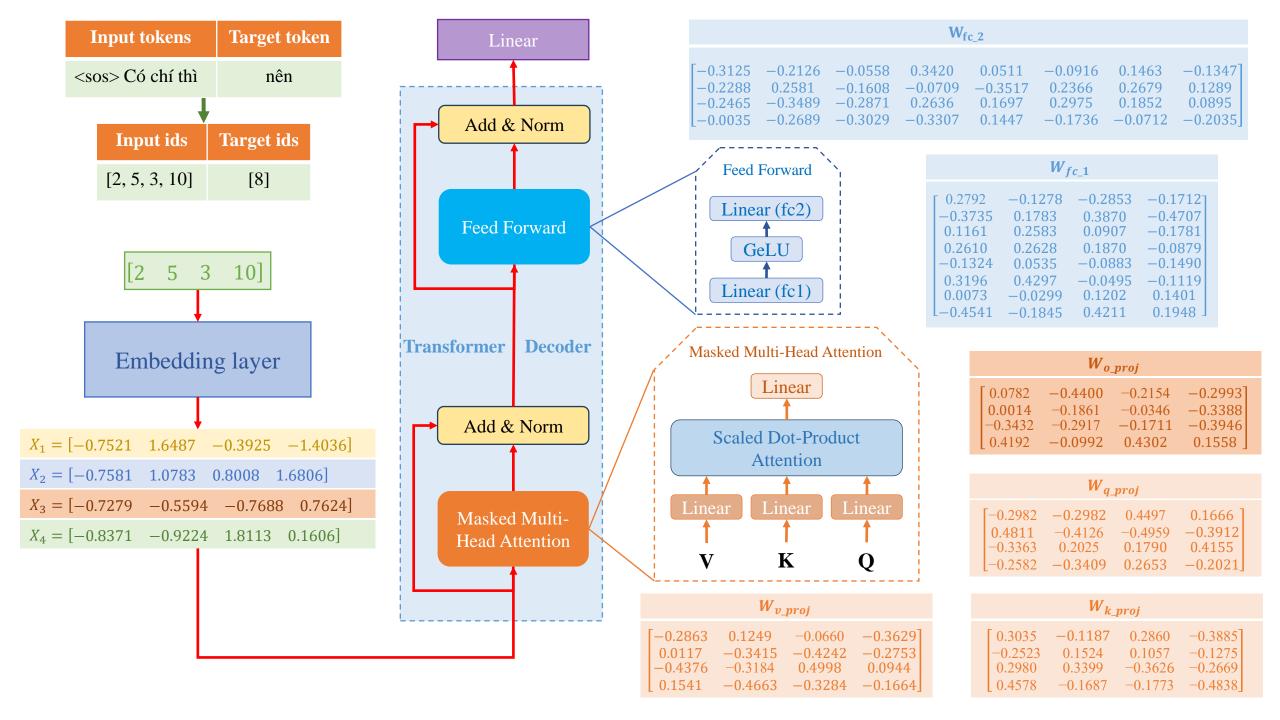
***** Transformer Encoder

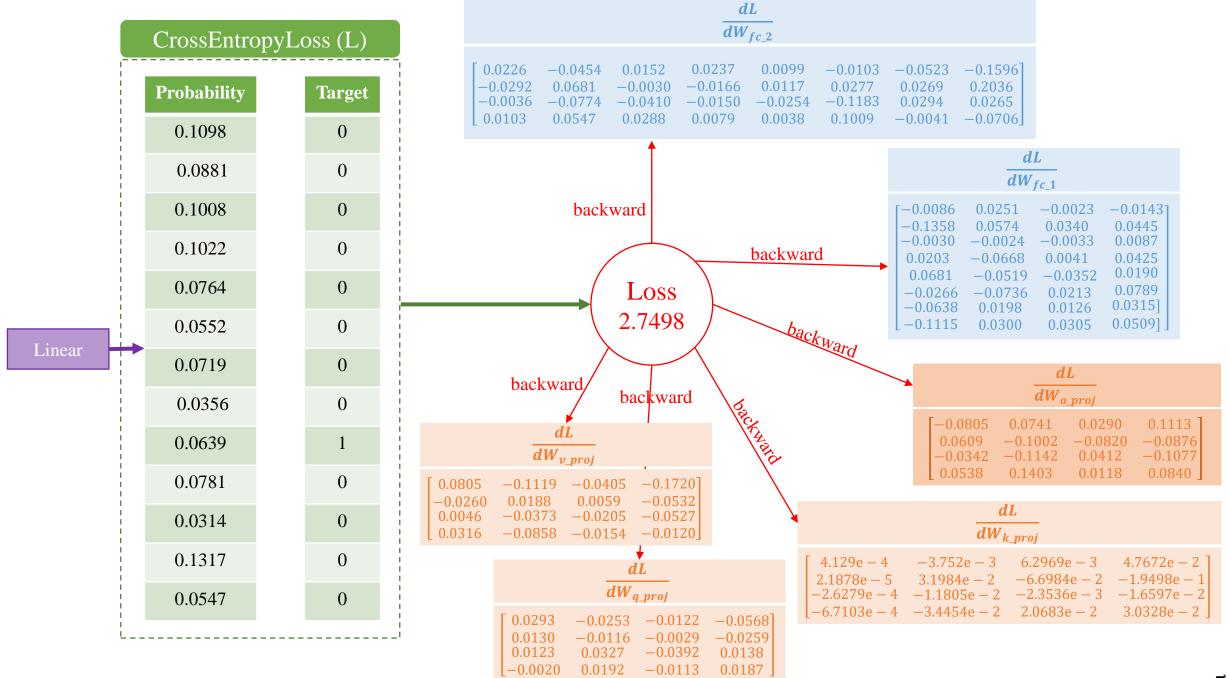




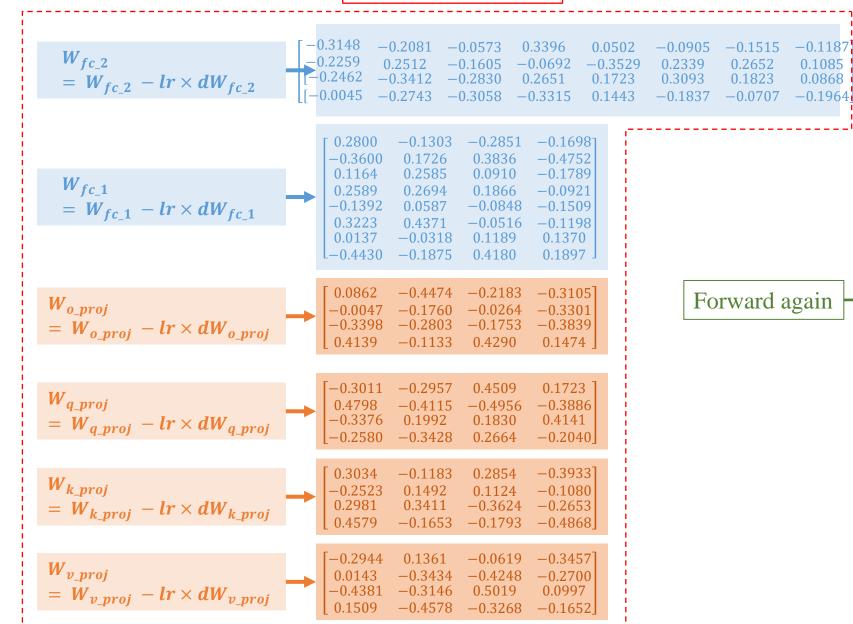


Example





Update Parameters SGD(lr = 0.1)



CrossEntropyLoss (L)

Probability	Target
0.0503	0
0.0227	0
0.0684	0
0.0322	0
0.0225	0
0.0170	0
0.0445	0
0.0075	0
0.6174	1
0.0274	0
0.0108	0
0.0522	0
0.0270	0

Loss

0.1699



Precision and Recall of Words

Predict/Candidate/Output: Tôi học NLP của AI VIET NAM

Reference: Tôi đang học lớp AI của AI VIET NAM

Precision 1-gram $\frac{\text{correct}}{\text{candidate_length}} = \frac{6}{7}$ Recall 1-gram $\frac{\text{correct}}{\text{reference_length}} = \frac{6}{9}$ F1-score 1-gram $\frac{\text{precision} \times \text{recall}}{\text{(precision} + \text{recall)}/2} = 0.75$

BLEU Score

BLEU score

Precision 1-gram

$$\frac{\text{correct}}{\text{candidate_length}} = \frac{6}{7}$$

Recall 1-gram

$$\frac{\text{correct}}{\text{reference_length}} = \frac{6}{9}$$

N-gram overlap between machine translation candidate and reference translation

Compute precision for n-grams of size 1 to 4

With 4-gram and add brevity penalty (for too short translations):

$$BLEU = min \left(1, \frac{candidate_length}{reference_length}\right) \left(\prod_{i=1}^{4} Precision_i\right)^{1/4}$$

Precision and Recall of Words

Predict/Candidate/Output: Tôi học NLP của AI VIET NAM

Reference: Tôi đang học lớp CV và NLP của AI

Precision	1-gram	2-gram	3-gram	4-gram
	6/7	3/6	2/5	1/4

Multiple reference: N-grams may match in any of the reference and closest reference length used

Brevity penalty =
$$7/9$$

BLEU = 0.35

$$BLEU = min \left(1, \frac{candidate_length}{reference_length}\right) \left(\prod_{i=1}^{4} Precision_i\right)^{1/4}$$