Practice Exercises - Chapter: 04

* Exercise 4.1:

Write a program to print the positive number entered by the user. If the user enters a negative number, it is skipped.

Example 1:

Enter an integer: 5

You entered a positive number: 5

This statement is always executed.

Example 2:

Enter a number: -5

This statement is always executed.

Solution 4.1:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

int main() {
   int number;

   cout << "Enter an integer: ";
   cin >> number;

   // checks if the number is positive
   if (number > 0) {
      cout << "You entered a positive integer: " << number << endl;
   }
   cout << "This statement is always executed.";
   return 0;
}</pre>
```

* Exercise 4.2:

Write a program that asks the user to enter a number within the range of 1 through 10. Use a switch statement to display the Roman numeral version of that number. If the user input a number less than 1 or greater than 10, the program displays a message "Error".

Solution 4.2:

```
#include <iostream>
```

```
using namespace std;
int main()
     int num; // Ask user to input a number.
     cout << "Enter a number within the range of 1 through</pre>
10, n'';
     cout << "and I will display the Roman numeral version of</pre>
that number. \n";
     cin >> num;
     if(num < 1 \mid \mid num > 10){
           cout<< "Error!";</pre>
     }
     else
     cout << "The Roman numeral version of ";</pre>
     switch(num)
      {
           case 1:cout << num << " is I.\n";break;</pre>
           case 2:cout << num << " is II.\n";break;</pre>
           case 3:cout << num << " is III.\n";break;</pre>
           case 4:cout << num << " is IV.\n";break;</pre>
           case 5:cout << num << " is V.\n";break;</pre>
           case 6:cout << num << " is VI.\n";break;</pre>
           case 7:cout << num << " is VII.\n";break;</pre>
           case 8:cout << num << " is VIII.\n";break;</pre>
           case 9:cout << num << " is IX.\n";break;</pre>
           case 10:cout<< num << " is X.\n";break;</pre>
     return 0;
```

* Exercise 4.3:

The date June 10, 1960, is special because when we write it in the following format (m/d/yy), the month times the day equals the year (6/10/60).

Write a program that asks the user to enter a month (in numeric form), a day, and a two-digit year. If the month times the day is equal to the year, the program should display a message" The date is magic". Otherwise, it should display a message" The date is not magic".

Example:

Enter a month (1-12): 6 [Enter] Enter a day (1-31): 10 [Enter]

Enter a two-digit year: 60 [Enter]

Solution 4.3:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
     int month, day, year;
     //Ask user to enter a month, a day, and a two-digit year.
     cout << "Enter (in numeric form) a month, a day, and a two-
digit year, \n"
           << "and the program will determine if the date is
magic.\n";
     cout << "Enter a month: ";</pre>
     cin >> month;
     cout << "Enter a day: ";</pre>
     cin >> day;
     cout << "Enter a two- digit year";</pre>
     cin >> year;
     // Calculate and display whether the date is magic.
     if (year == month * day)
          cout << "The date is magic.\n";</pre>
     else
          cout << "The date is not magic.\n";</pre>
     return 0;
}
```

* Exercise 4.4:

Write a program to input three angles of a triangle and check whether the triangle is valid or not by using the if-else statement.

* Exercise 4.5:

The area of a rectangle is the rectangle's length times its width. Write a program that asks for the length and width of two rectangles. The program should tell the user which rectangle has the greater area, or if the areas are the same.

* Exercise 4.6:

Write a program to find all roots of a quadratic equation $ax^2+bx+c=0$. This program accepts coefficients of a quadratic equation from the user and displays the roots.

*** Exercise 4.7:**

Write a program to convert the US Dollar into different currencies:

- 1. Euro.
- 2. Japanese Yen.
- 3. British Pound.
- 4. Vietnamese Dong.

Use a switch statement to display the menu of currencies.

Input Validation: Only accept a number greater than 0.

* Exercise 4.8:

Write a program that determines a student's grade. The program will read three types of scores (quiz, mid-term, and final scores). The grade point average (GPA) be calculated as GPA =0.2* quiz score + 0.3*mid-term score +0.5*final score. Determine the grade based on the following rules:

- if the average score >=8.5 then grade A;
- if the average score \geq =7.0 and \leq 8.5 then grade B;
- if the average score \geq =5.5 and \leq 7.0 then grade C;
- if the average score \geq =4.0 and \leq 5.5 then grade D;
- if the average score <4.0 then grade F.

* Exercise 4.9:

Write a program that asks the user to enter the month (letting the user enter an integer in the range of 1 through 12) and the year. The program should then display the number of days in that month. Use the following criteria to identify leap years:

- 1. Determine whether the year is divisible by 100. If it is, then it is a leap year if and only if it is divisible by 400. For example, 2000 is a leap year but 2100 is not.
- 2. If the year is not divisible by 100, then it is a leap year if and if only it is divisible by 4. For example, 2008 is a leap year but 2009 is not.

Example:

Enter a month (1-12): 2 [Enter]

Enter a year: 2008 [Enter]

29 days

* Exercise 4.10:

Write a program that accepts three integers a, b, c (-999999999<=a, b, c<=999999999) from the user and prints them out in ascending order.

Example:

Input	Output
093	039
-1000000000 0 9999	Not valid

* Exercise 4.11:

Write a program to input all sides of a triangle and check whether the triangle is an equilateral (E), isosceles (I) or scalene (S) triangle using if-else statement. If the user input a number less than 0, the program displays a message "Not triangle".

Example:

Input	Output
66 66 7	Ι
12 19 0	Not triangle

*** Exercise 4.12:**

Write a program to check whether a character is alphabet (A), digit (D) or special character (S).

Example:

Input	Output
b	A
*	S