# Mapping read data

MAQ, BOWTIE2, BWA, SOAP2, SSAHA2, ELAND2, RMAP, NovoAlign, Mosaik

# Mapping read data:

Bowtie2

http://bowtie-bio.sourceforge.net/bowtie2/index.shtml

http://bowtie-bio.sourceforge.net/bowtie2/manual.shtml

#### Building genome index using Bowtie2

bowtie2-build [options] <reference\_in> <bt2\_base>

Command	What does it mean?
<reference_in></reference_in>	A comma-separated list of files containg reference sequences
<bt2_base></bt2_base>	The basename of the index file to write (would be written in .bt2 format)

#### Using Bowtie2

bowtie2 [options] -x <bt2-idx> {-1 <m1> -2 <m2> | -U <r> | --interleaved <i>} -S [<sam>]

Command	What does it mean?
-x <bt2-idx></bt2-idx>	Basename for Index file for the reference genome
-1 <m1></m1>	File containing Paired end read 1 / mate 1 sequences
-2 <m2></m2>	File containing Paired end read 2 / mate 2 sequences
-U <r></r>	File containing Unpaired read sequences
interleaved <i></i>	File containing read 1 and read 2 sequences interleaved
-S <sam></sam>	Output file containing alignments in .sam format
-q	Reads in <m1>, <m2> , <r> are .fastq files</r></m2></m1>

## Bowtie2: Input options

Command	What does it mean?
-5/trim5 <int></int>	Trim <int> bases from 5' (left) end of each read before alignment (default: 0).</int>
-3/trim3 <int></int>	Trim <int> bases from 3' (right) end of each read before alignment (default: 0).</int>
trim-to [3: 5:] <int></int>	Trim reads exceeding <int> bases. Bases will be trimmed from either the 3' (right) or 5' (left) end of the read. If the read end if not specified, bowtie 2 will default to trimming from the 3' (right) end of the readtrim-to and -3/-5 are mutually exclusive.</int>
phred33	Input qualities are ASCII chars equal to the <u>Phred quality</u> plus 33. This is also called the "Phred+33" encoding, which is used by the very latest Illumina pipelines.
phred64	Input qualities are ASCII chars equal to the <a href="Phred quality">Phred quality</a> plus 64. This is also called the "Phred+64" encoding.

# Bowtie2: Run options

Command	What does it mean?
end-to-end mode	Alignment from one end of the read to the other end
very-fast	
fast	
sensitive	(default inend-to-end mode)
very-sensitive	
local mode	Not entire read is required to align (soft clipping/trimming)
very-fast-local	
fast-local	
sensitive-local	(default inlocal mode)
very-sensitive-local	

### Bowtie2: Output options

Command	What does it mean?
fr/rf/ff	The upstream/downstream mate orientations for a valid paired-end alignment against the forward reference strand. E.g., iffr is specified and there is a candidate paired-end alignment where mate 1 appears upstream of the reverse complement of mate 2 Default:fr (appropriate for Illumina's Paired-end Sequencing Assay).
no-mixed	By default, when bowtie2 cannot find a concordant or discordant alignment for a pair, it then tries to find alignments for the individual mates. This option disables that behavior.
no-discordant	By default, bowtie2 looks for discordant alignments if it cannot find any concordant alignments. A discordant alignment is an alignment where both mates align uniquely, but that does not satisfy the paired-end constraints (fr/rf/ff). This option disables that behavior.

### Bowtie2: Output options

Command	What does it mean?
-I/minins <int></int>	The minimum fragment length for valid paired-end alignments. E.g. if -I 60 is specified and a paired-end alignment consists of two 20-bp alignments in the appropriate orientation with a 20-bp gap between them, that alignment is considered valid (as long as -X is also satisfied).
-X/maxins <int></int>	The maximum fragment length for valid paired-end alignments. E.g. if - X 100 is specified and a paired-end alignment consists of two 20-bp alignments in the proper orientation with a 60-bp gap between them, that alignment is considered valid (as long as <u>-I</u> is also satisfied). Default: 500.