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1.Is the literal 4 a valid Py	ython expression?
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Answer:no

1. Is the variable x a valid Python expression?

Answer: No

2. Is x + 4 a valid Python expression?

Answer :yes, but x should be defined.

3. What affect does the unary + operator have when applied to a numeric expression?

Answer: No effect all numeric values are positive by default.

5. Sort the following binary operators in order of high to low precedence: +, -, \*, //, /, %, =.

Answer: The general order is PEMDAS. parentheses, exponents, multiplication, division, addition and subtraction.

6:Given the following

assignment .6 x = 2

Indicate what each of the following Python statements would print.

- (a) print("x") x
- (b) print('x') x
- (c) print(x) 2
- (d) print("x + 1") x + 1
- (e) print('x' + 1) error
- (f) print(x + 1) 3

7. Given the following assignments:

2

**=** 5

2

=

5

0

d

3

=

-

0

5

Evaluate each of the following Python expressions.

(b) 
$$i1/i2$$
  $2/5 = 0.4$ 

(c) 
$$i1 // i2$$
  $2//5 = 0$ 

(d) 
$$i2/i1$$
  $5/2 = 2.5$ 

(e) 
$$i2 // i1$$
  $5//2 = 2$ 

(f) 
$$i1*i3$$
  $2*-3=-6$ 

(g) 
$$d1 + d2$$
  $2.0 + (-0.5) = 1.5$ 

(h) 
$$d1/d2$$
 2.0/5.0 = 0.4

(i) 
$$d2/d1$$
 5.0/2.0 = 2.5

(j) 
$$d3 * d1$$
  $-0.5 * 2.0 = -1.0$ 

(k) 
$$d1 + i2$$
  $2.0 + 5 = 7.0$ 

(I) 
$$i1/d2$$
  $2/5.0 = 0.4$ 

(m) 
$$d2 / i1$$
  $5.0/2 = 2.5$ 

(n) 
$$i2 / d1$$
  $5/5.0 = 1.0$ 

(o) 
$$i1/i2*d1$$
  $2/5*2.0 = 0.8$  (p)  $d1*i1/i2$   $2.0*2/5 = 0.8$ 

(q) 
$$d1/d2*i1$$
 2.0/5.0\*2 = 0.8

(r) 
$$i1*d1/d2$$
  $2*2.0/5.0 = 0.8$ 

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(s) i2/i1*d1 5/2*2.0 = 5.0
```

(t) 
$$d1*i2/i1$$
  $2.0*5/2 = 5.0$ 

(u) 
$$d2/d1*i1$$
 5.0/2.0\*2 = 5.0

(v) 
$$i1*d2/d1$$
  $2*5.0/2.0 = 2.0$ 

8. What is printed by the following statement :

# print(5/3)

Answer: # converts the whole line to a Comment, so nothing

9. Given the following assignments:

ו 1

=

2

2

=

5

:

3

\_

3

d

1

=

2

0

d

2

5

.

0

d

3

=

\_

0

•

5

Evaluate each of the following Python expressions.

(c) 
$$i1/(i2 + i3)$$

(f) 
$$i1 // i2 + i3$$

(h) 
$$3+4+5//3$$

(i) 
$$(3+4+5)/3$$

(j) 
$$(3+4+5)//3$$

(k) 
$$d1 + (d2 * d3)$$
  $2.0 + (5.0 * -0.5) = -0.5$ 

(I) 
$$d1 + d2 * d3$$
  $2.0 + 5.0* - 0.5 = -0.5$ 

(m) 
$$d1/d2 - d3$$
  $2.0/5.0 - (0.5) = -0.5$ 

(n) 
$$d1/(d2-d3)$$
  $2.0/(5.0-(-0.5)) = 0.3636...$ 

(o) 
$$d1 + d2 + d3 / 3$$
  $2.0 + 5.0 - 0.5 / 3 = 2.88...$ 

(p) 
$$(d1 + d2 + d3) / 3$$
  $(2.0 + 5.0 - 0.5)/3 = 2.166...$ 

(q) 
$$d1 + d2 + (d3/3)$$
  $2.0 + 5.0 + (0.5/-3) = 7.66...$ 

(r) 
$$3*(d1+d2)*(d1-d3)$$
  $3*(2+5)*(2.0-(-0.5)) = 52.5$ 

## 10. What symbol signifies the beginning of a:

comment in Python? #

## 11. How do Python comments end?

comments, are line elements, so if the line changes comment will end.

12. Which is better, too many comments or too few comments ?

The happy medium is moderate amount of useful comments. but, "when in doubt, add a remark" as the book explains it self...

## 13 . What is the purpose of comments?

human readability:

programmer or even the same programmer, comments in case a piece of code needs to be modified by another aid them in reading and understanding the code faster.

14. Why is human readability such an important consideration?

" Programmers are more important then

programs" humans write code, so it is crucial

that they understand the code easier and

faster.

15. What circumstances can cause each of the following run-time errors to arise

- NameError using undefined variable
- ValueError wrong value given to

functions, like int('pizza')

- ZeroDivisionError dividing by zero: 2/0
- IndentationError python declares blocks by

indentation, so unnecessary indentation may

cause this error

OverflowError math operations

having very large results: 1.5\*\*9999

 SyntaxError incomplete code, or problems regarding the way python should

be written: print)

TypeError trying to work with

incompatible types: print("your age is: " + 18)

16. Consider the following program which contains some errors. You may assume that the comments within the program accurately describe the program's intended behavior.

# Get two numbers from the user

n1 =

float(input

()) # 1 n2

float(input

()) # 2

# Compute sum of the two numbers

print(n1 + n2) # 3

# Compute average of the

two numbers

print(n1+n2/2) # 4 #

Assign some variables d1

= d2 = 0 # 5 both d1 and

d2 are 0, d2 is useless.

# Compute a

quotient

print(n1/d1) # 6

zeroDivisionErro

r since d1 is 0 #

Compute a

product n1\*n2

= d1 # 7 d1 =

n1\*n2

# Print result print(d1) # 8

For each line listed in the comments, indicate whether or not an interpreter error, runtime exception, or logic error is present. Not all lines contain an error.

17. Write the shortest way to express each of the following statements.

(a) 
$$x = x + 1$$
  $x += 1$ 

(b) 
$$x = x / 2$$
  $x / = 2$ 

(c) 
$$x = x - 1$$
  $x -= 1$ 

(d) 
$$x = x + y$$
  $x += y$ 

(e) 
$$x = x - (y + 7) x -= y+7$$

(f) 
$$x = 2*x$$
  $x *= 2$ 

(g) number\_of\_closed\_cases = number\_of\_closed\_cases + 2\*ncc number\_of\_closed\_cases += 2\*ncc

18. What is printed by the following code fragment?

X

1

=

2

X

2

=

2

Х

1

+

=

1

v

2

\_

=

1

g

r

i

n

t

C

π

19. Consider the following program that attempts to compute the circumference of a circle given the radius entered by the user. Given a circle's radius, r, the circle's circumference, C is given by the formula:

PI = 3.14159

#Formula for the area of a circle

given its radius C = 2\*PI\*r r is not

defined yet.

# Get the radius from the user r =

float(input("Please enter the circle's

radius: "))

should be above C = 2\*PI\*r

# Print the circumference

print("Circumference is", C)

- (a) The program does not produce the intended result. Why? explained above.
- (b) How can it be repaired so that it works

Correctly? PI = 3.14159

r = float(input("Please enter the

circle's radius: ")) C = 2\*r\*PI

print("Circumference is: ", C)