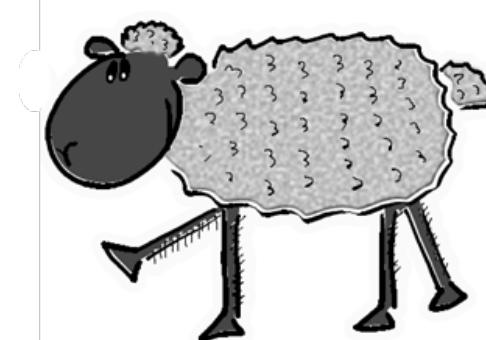


# How to Create SAS packages

Ryo Nakaya



developer



# What is SAS Packages?

- SAS macros, functions, data, etc. are packaged in a unified form using SAS Packages Framework (SPF).  
[https://github.com/yabwon/SAS\\_PACKAGES](https://github.com/yabwon/SAS_PACKAGES)
- Package can be created and shared like R
- SASPAC (SAS Packages Archive) Repository  
<https://github.com/SASPAC>



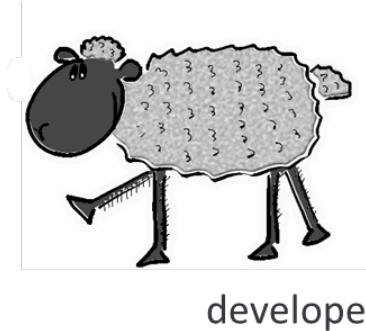
SAS packages were developed by Bartosz Jablonski \* in 2019 and the number of users has been increasing in recent years

\*Takeda pharmaceutical, Warsaw University of Technology, yabwon



# How to Create SAS Packages

1. Loading SPF (Setup)  
- > next slide(3 lines only! )



## 1.5. Create a hex logo with ChatGPT, etc.!!

2. Creating Source Files and Folders for a Package  
- > To be explained in the following slides
3. Execute the% generatePackage () macro

This will result in the creation of a [packagename] .zip file (package file)

```
%generatePackage (  
    filesLocation = C:\your\packages\folder, /* location of the files/folders created above */  
    markdownDoc = 1, /* Create .md file*/  
    easyArch = 1 /* create archive files of .zip and .md */  
)
```

There are other parameters related to tests, etc. at the time of package preparation.

# SPF Setup

```
filename packages "YourFolder";
filename SPFinit url "https://raw.githubusercontent.com/yabwon/SAS_PACKAGES/main/SPF/SPFinit.sas";
%include SPFinit;
%installPackage(SPFinit)
```

Once SPFinit.sas is downloaded to the location of packages using the above %installPackage (SPFinit), the following is OK

```
filename packages "YourFolder";
%include packages(SPFinit);
```

[https://github.com/yabwon/SAS\\_PACKAGES/blob/main/SPF/Documentation/HelloWorldPackage.md](https://github.com/yabwon/SAS_PACKAGES/blob/main/SPF/Documentation/HelloWorldPackage.md)

## Installation and Loading Examples

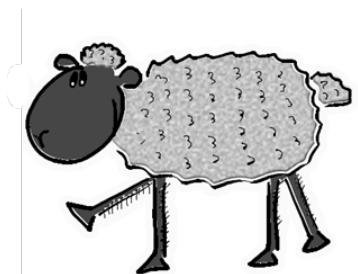
```
%installPackage (baseplus)
%installPackage (SASPACer, sourcePath = https://github.com/Nakaya-Ryo/SASPACer/raw/main/)
%installPackage (RWDEexpress (0.0.1), github = Narusawa-T)
```

```
%loadPackage (baseplus)
%loadPackage (SASPACer)
```

%loadPackage () looks like library () in R.

# Source file folder for package

- Standard Configuration



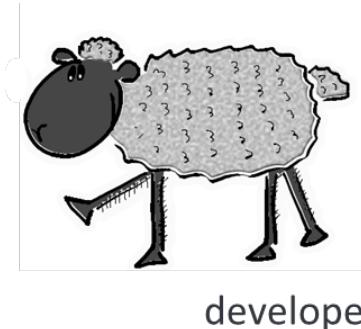
developer

- 01\_libname
- 02\_formats
- 03\_functions
- 04\_data
- 05\_lazydata
- 06\_macro
- 07\_test
- addcnt
-  description
-  license

- Sequential number (for order of execution at the time of package creation)
- Object type (e.g. macro) at end
- Test is the test code at the time of package creation
- Only numbers, “\_” and lower case letters
- Any files other than .sas files are ignored (except for addcnt).
- Addcnt (Additional contents) will be included in the package
- “description.sas” should be an essential file, and “license.sas” should be created (to be explained on a later page)

[https://github.com/yabwon/SAS\\_PACKAGES/blob/628641a6cfb6c5cf900283e9db450c7fe0e386e9/SPF/Documentation/Paper\\_1079-2021/My%20First%20SAS%20Package%20-%20a%20How%20To.pdf](https://github.com/yabwon/SAS_PACKAGES/blob/628641a6cfb6c5cf900283e9db450c7fe0e386e9/SPF/Documentation/Paper_1079-2021/My%20First%20SAS%20Package%20-%20a%20How%20To.pdf)

[https://github.com/yabwon/SAS\\_PACKAGES/blob/main/SPF/Documentation/HelloWorldPackage.md](https://github.com/yabwon/SAS_PACKAGES/blob/main/SPF/Documentation/HelloWorldPackage.md)



# Source file folder for package

- Examples of sas file content in each folder

- 01\_libname
- 02\_formats
- 03\_functions
- 04\_data
- 05\_lazydata
- 06\_macro
- 07\_test
- addcnt
- description**
- license**

```
Type : Package
Package : testPackage
Title : Test package
Version : 0.0.1
Author : Taro Sasu(taro.sasu@mail.com)
Maintainer : Taro Sasu(taro.sasu@mail.com)
License : MIT
Encoding : UTF8
Required : "Base SAS Software"
ReqPackages : "List any SAS packages required here"

DESCRIPTION START:

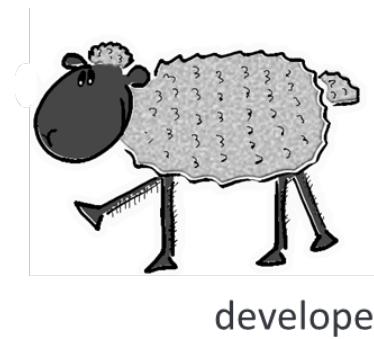
## The testPackage ##
The test package is to show how the package is created
You can describe package information here

DESCRIPTION END:
```

Fill in the package information in this format such as type

# Source file folder for package

- Examples of sas file content in each folder



- 01\_libname
- 02\_formats
- 03\_functions
- 04\_data
- 05\_lazydata
- 06\_macro
- 07\_test
- addcnt
- description
- license

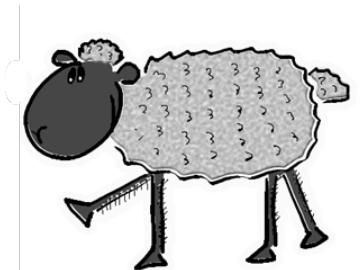
Copyright (c) [YEAR] [Owner Name]

Permission is hereby granted, free of charge, to any person obtaining a copy of this software and associated documentation files (the "Software"), to deal in the Software without restriction, including without limitation the rights to use, copy, modify, merge, publish, distribute, sublicense, and/or sell copies of the Software, and to permit persons to whom the Software is furnished to do so, subject to the following conditions:

The above copyright notice and this permission notice shall be included in all copies or substantial portions of the Software.

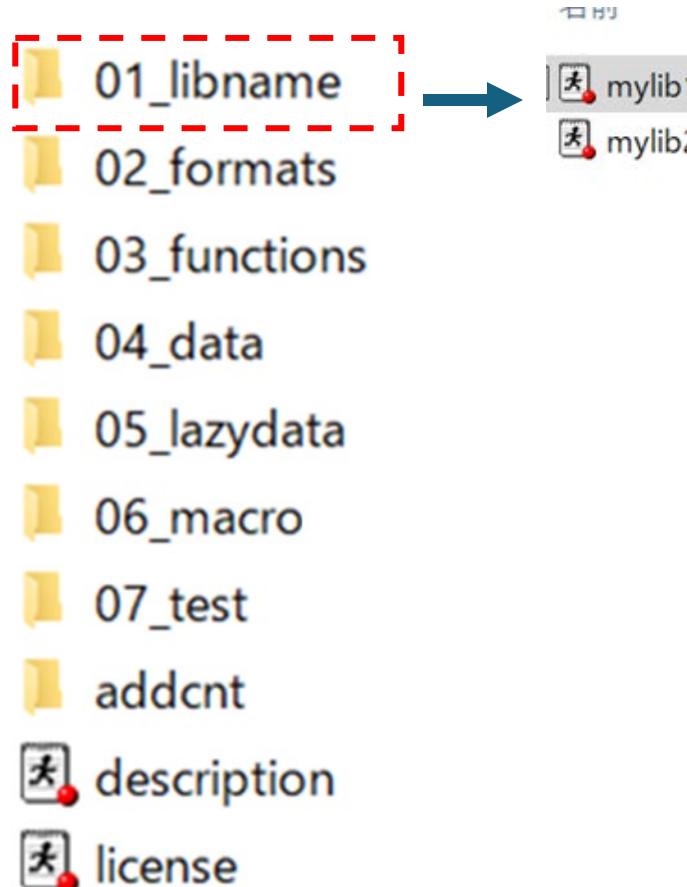
THE SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED "AS IS", WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND NONINFRINGEMENT. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE AUTHORS OR COPYRIGHT HOLDERS BE LIABLE FOR ANY CLAIM, DAMAGES OR OTHER LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM, OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE SOFTWARE.

Standard text in the MIT License  
(if license.sas file is not present,  
the MIT standard text is  
prepopulated.)



# Source file folder for package

- Examples of sas file content in each folder



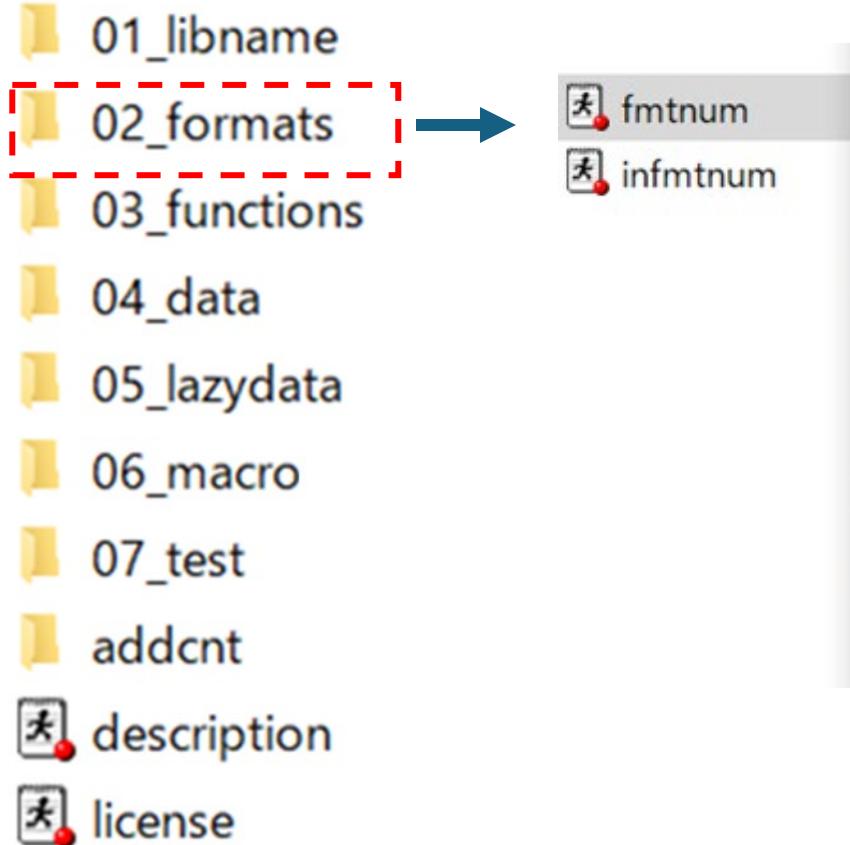
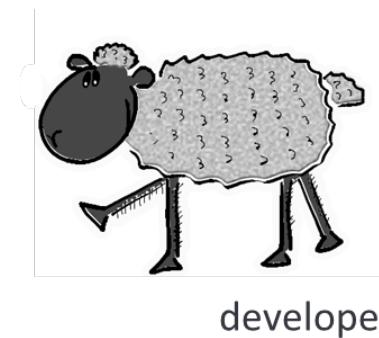
```
1  /*** HELP START ***/
2
3 Create mylib library under work directory.
4
5 /*** HELP END ***/
6
7 data _null_;
8 length rc0 $ 32767 rc1 rc2 8;
9 lib = "myLib1";
10 rc0 = DCREATE(lib, "%sysfunc(pathname(%work%))");
11 put rc0 =;
12 rc1 = LIBNAME(lib, "%sysfunc(pathname(%work%))" !! lib, "BASE");
13 rc2 = LIBREF(lib);
14 if rc2 NE 0 then rc1 = LIBNAME(lib, "%sysfunc(pathname(%work%))", "BASE");
15 run;
16
17 libname myLib1 LIST;
```

Help Information Field

File name = Object name  
(1 file: 1 object)  
(In principle, the same applies to documents other than libname)

# Source file folder for package

- Examples of sas file content in each folder



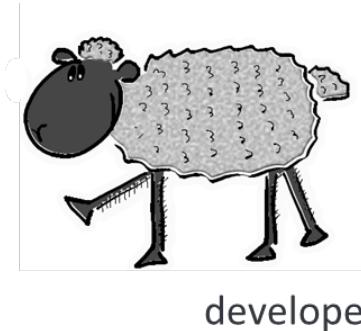
```
1 /**** HELP START ***//*
2
3 This is a format.
4 Proc format ; and run ; are not needed within SASPAC framework.
5
6 *///*** HELP END ***
7
8   value fmtNum
9     low -< 0 = "negative"
10    0 = "zero"
11    0 <- high = "positive"
12    other = "missing"
13 :
```

Help Information Field

It is impossible to describe  
Proc format; and run;  
(Describe only the contents)

Formats does not need to be 1  
file: 1 object.

Note: A folder structure of format (without s) is possible, but the format folder was historically created earlier and should contain a proc format lib = work. & packageName.format; and run; (Formats is usually more convenient.)



# Source file folder for package

- Examples of sas file content in each folder

01\_libname

02\_formats

03\_functions

04\_data

05\_lazydata

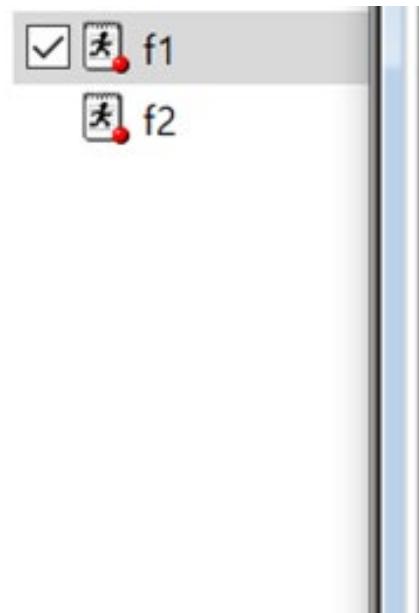
06\_macro

07\_test

addcnt

description

license



```
1  /*** HELP START ***/
2
3  F1 is an user-defined function to output +1 value.
4  Proc fcmp outlib=work.f.p ; and run ; are not needed in
5  options cmplib=work.f ; is required prior to f1 is used.
6
7  /*** HELP END ***/
8
9  function F1(n);
10    return (n+1);
11  endsub;
```

Help Information  
Field

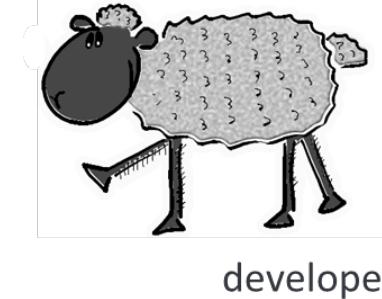
It is impossible to describe  
Proc fcmp; and run;  
(Describe only the contents)

For Functions, 1 file: 1 object is  
not required.

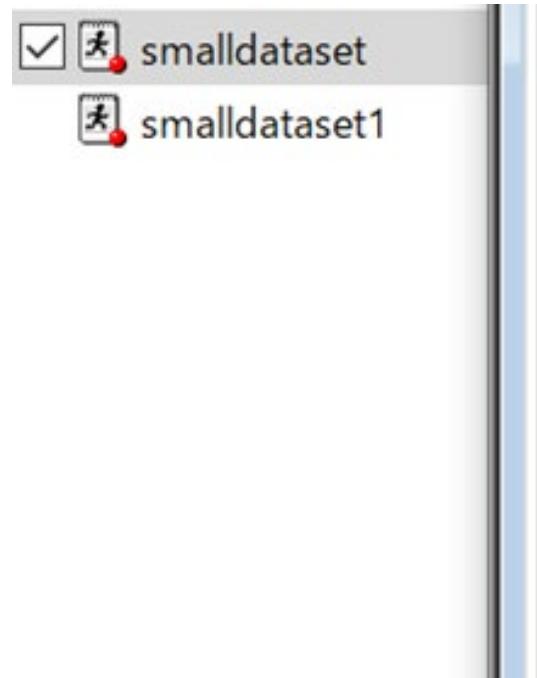
Note: A folder structure of function (without s) is possible, but the function folder was historically created earlier and should contain proc fcmp outlib = work. & packageName.fcmp.package; and run; (I usually prefer the functions folder.)

# Source file folder for package

- Examples of sas file content in each folder



01\_libname  
02\_formats  
03\_functions  
**04\_data**  
05\_lazydata  
06\_macro  
07\_test  
addcnt  
description  
license



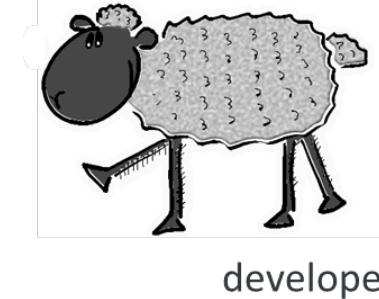
```
1 /*** HELP START ***/  
2  
3 This is a small dataset.  
4  
5 *//*** HELP END ***/  
6  
7 data myLib1.smallDataset;  
8   do n = ., -1, 0, 1;  
9     m = put(n, fmtNum.);  
10    output;  
11  end;  
12 run;
```

Help Information Field

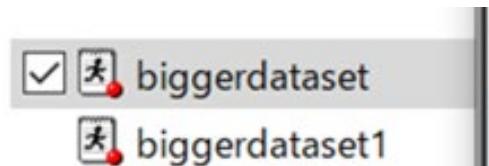
Using mylib1 library defined in 01\_libname and fmtNum format defined in 02\_formats (so folders are numbered sequentially)

# Source file folder for package

- Examples of sas file content in each folder



- 01\_libname
- 02\_formats
- 03\_functions
- 04\_data
- 05\_lazydata
- 06\_macro
- 07\_test
- addcnt
- description
- license



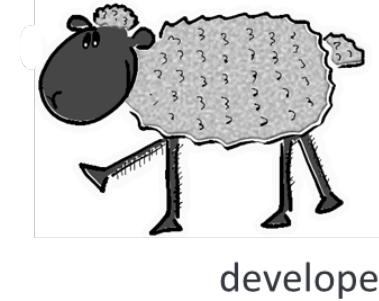
```
1 /*** HELP START ***/  
2  
3 This is a bigger dataset.  
4  
5 /*** HELP END ***/  
6  
7 data myLib1.biggerDataset;  
8   do i = -1e6 to 1e6;  
9     j = put(i, fmtNum.);  
10    k = ranuni(17);  
11    output;  
12  end;  
13 run;
```

Help Information Field

The file is not loaded unless  
lazyData = is specified in%  
loadPackage ().

# Source file folder for package

- Examples of sas file content in each folder



- 01\_libname
- 02\_formats
- 03\_functions
- 04\_data
- 05\_lazydata
- 06\_macro**
- 07\_test
- addcnt
- description
- license

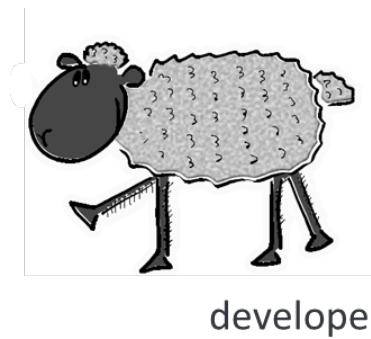
The screenshot shows a SAS source editor window. On the left, there's a toolbar with icons for 'macrone' (checked) and 'macrtwo'. The main area displays a SAS program:

```
1 **** HELP START ****/*  
2  
3 This is mcrOne macro.  
4  
5 /**/** HELP END ***/  
6  
7 %macro mcrOne();  
8   %put ***Hi! This is macro &sysmacroname.*%;  
9   data _null_;  
10    set myLib1.smallDataset;  
11    p = f1(n);  
12    p + f2(n);  
13    put (n p) (= fmtNum.);  
14  run;  
15 %mend mcrOne;  
16
```

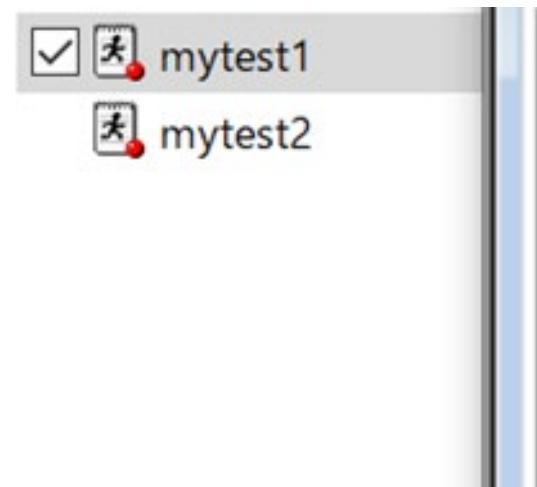
A callout bubble points to the first few lines of the code with the text "Help Information Field". Another callout bubble points to the macro definition with the text "Macro plays a leading role in package!!".

# Source file folder for package

- Examples of sas file content in each folder



- 01\_libname
- 02\_formats
- 03\_functions
- 04\_data
- 05\_lazydata
- 06\_macro
- 07\_test
- addcnt
- description
- license



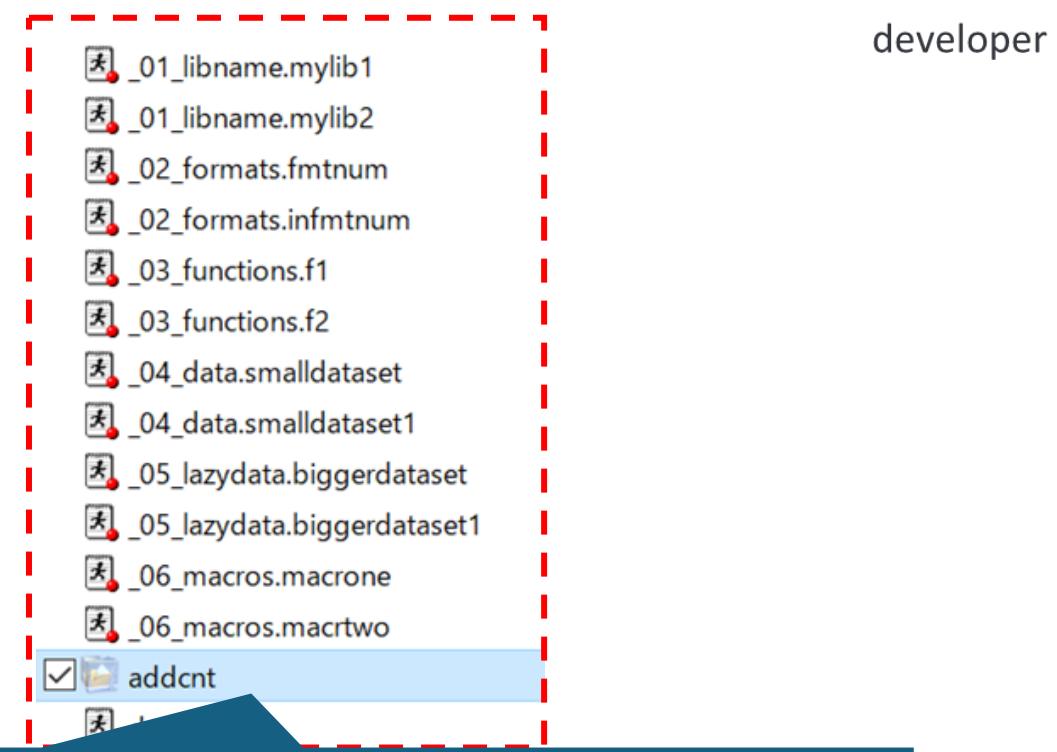
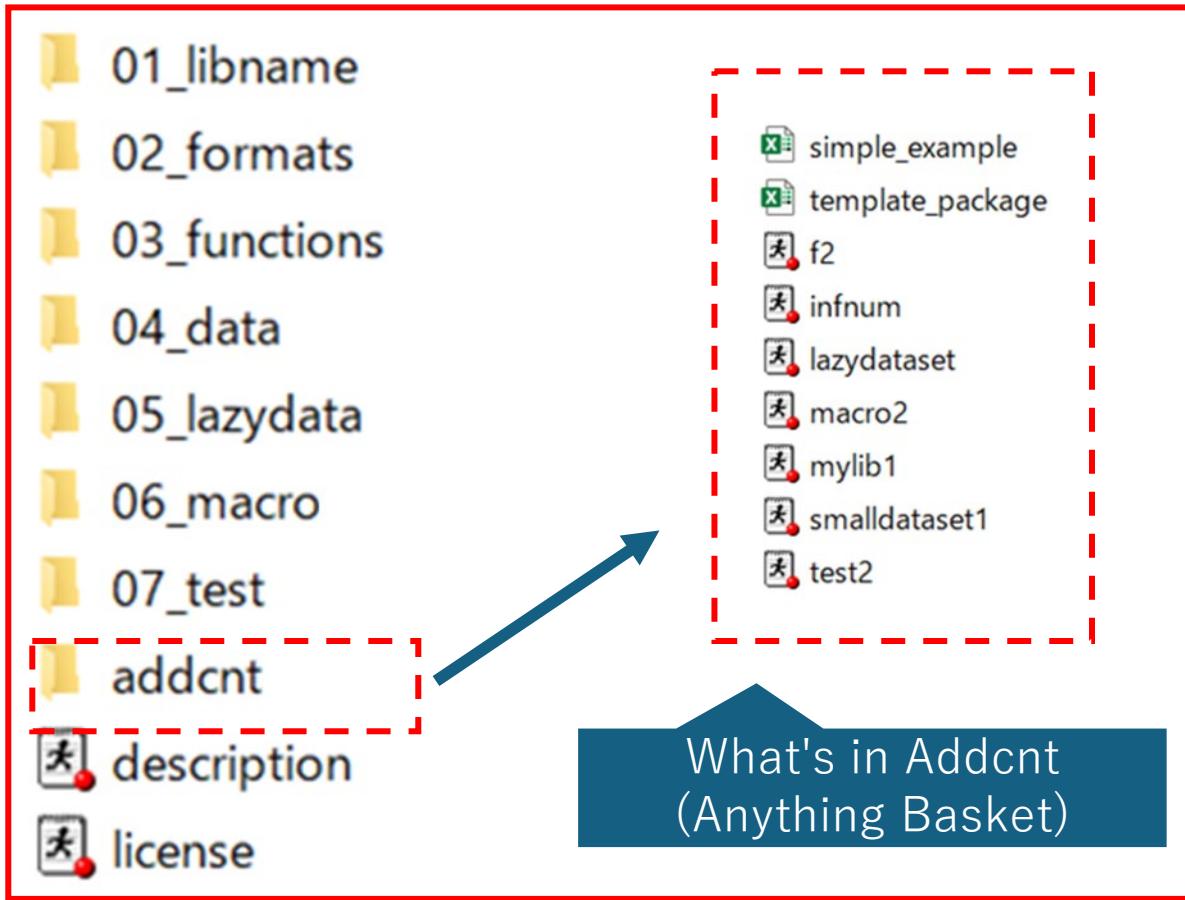
```
1 /*** HELP START ***/
2
3 This is a test.
4
5 /*** HELP END ***/
6
7 %mcrTwo(m=mcrOne)
8
```

Help Information  
Field

If testPackage = Y (default) is selected in % generatePackage (), the test is executed when the package is created.

# Source file folder for package

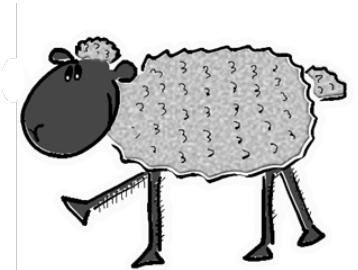
- Additional Contents(Addcnt)



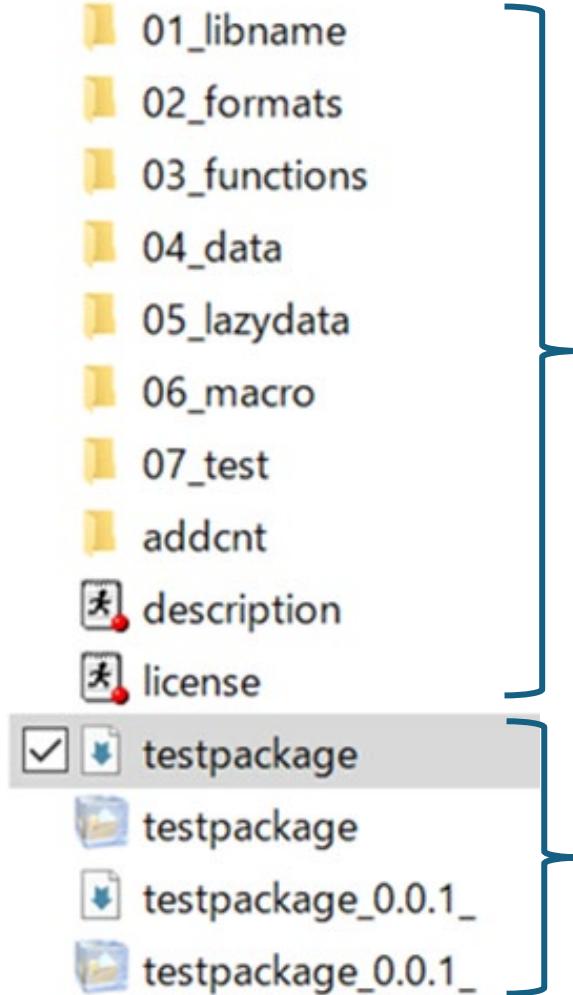
The contents of testPackage.zip (package file).  
Addcnt will be packaged as is in .zip



# Output of %generatePackage ()



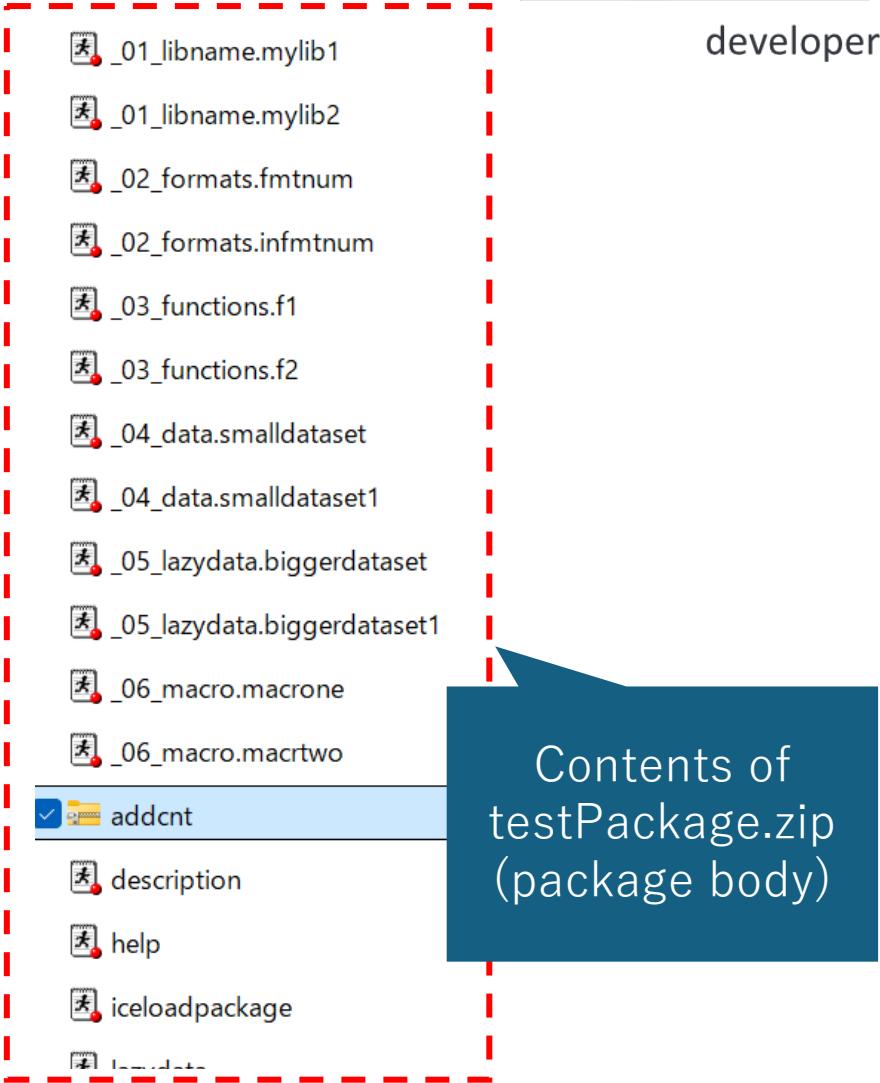
developer



Source folder file (input data to be placed in%  
generatePackage ())

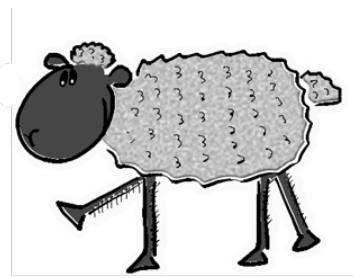
testPackage.md  
(Markdown document based  
on description and help  
information)

Package body (.zip), instructions (.md),  
archive copy (\_version)  
(Output data from% generatePackage ())



Contents of  
testPackage.zip  
(package body)

# Options to create SAS packages



developer

1. Manually create source files and folders and run %generatePackage  
You can copy existing source packages(e.g. Adamski) as a start point
2. Use SASPACer
3. Use SASPACerShiny and run %generatePackage
4. Ask Oba-chan(SAS Package Lady) to cook source files and folders and run %generatePackage



how\_to\_create\_example\_SAS\_package.sas

# SASPACer

- Package for **Creating SAS package in one step**  
(A mechanism that you can generally understand when you look at Sample in Excel)  
<https://github.com/PharmaForest/SASPACer>
  - `%ex2pac()`, `%pac2ex()`

Type	Package
Package	testPackage
Title	My first SAS package
Version	0.0.1
Author	John Smith(john.smith@mail.com)
Maintainer	John Smith(john.smith@mail.com)
License	MIT
Encoding	UTF8
Required	"Base SAS Software"
ReqPackage	"Baseplus (2.1.0)"
Description	## The myPackage ## The 'myPackage' is my first SAS package.  ### References ### 1. Bartosz Jablonski. "My First SAS Package - a How To". SGF
	<a href="#">description</a> <a href="#">license</a> <a href="#">01_libname</a> <a href="#">02_forma</a>

Output source folder files and package files as input  
in Excel.  
There is no need to create a folder or file!

name	help	body	location
mcrone	This is mcrOne macro. (No need to write location column if content is written in body column.)	%macro mcrOne(); %put **Hi! This is macro &sysmacroname.**; data _null_; set myLib.smallDataset; p = f1(n); p + f2(n); put (n p) (= fmtNum.); run; %mend mcrOne;	
mcrtwo	This is mcrTwo macro. (No need to write body column if content is in a file written in location column, SASPACer reads the file.)		C:\temp\addcnt\mcrtwo.sas

```
%ex2pac(  
    excel_file = ¥folder¥to¥excel_file.xlsx,  
    package_location = ¥folder¥for¥output,  
    complete_generation = Y  
)
```



# SASPACerShiny

- For **SAS Package Creation using Rshiny**  
**R** package (Shiny application)  
<https://github.com/PharmaForest/SASPACerShiny>



C:\Temp\test - Shiny  
http://127.0.0.1:4324 | Open in Browser | C

SASPACer shiny

Set all in the main(right) panel and run:

Run

New Tab Name:  
myTab

Add Tab

Instructions(3 steps)

**step1:** Set all fields in the right panel. You can add tabs and remove tabs and edit contents(by double click) in each tab.

**step2:** Run button creates and downloads zipped source folders/files of SAS package.

**step3:** You can unzip and run %generatePackage() in SAS Packages Framework(SPF) using SAS to generate SAS package file.

description  
license  
01\_libname  
02\_formats  
03\_functions  
04\_macro  
05\_test

Type:  
Package

Package:  
myPackage

Title:  
My Package

Version:  
0.0.1

Author:  
Your Name(yourname@mail.com)

Maintainer:  
Your Name(yourname@mail.com)

Set up source folder files in the graphical user interface  
Download and run %generatePackage() separately

%generatePackage(  
filesLocation = ¥path¥to¥source¥package¥folder,  
markdownDoc = 1,  
easyArch = 1)

# SAS Package Lady

- The aunty who cooks SAS Package interactively  
<https://chatgpt.com/g/g-68be12f679a88191866ef1e9b35be3c4-sas-package-lady>
- Support details
  - Listens to package information
  - Can add help information when uploading macro files, etc.
  - The system outputs the source package (folder and file structure)
  - They also help me create logos
- Requires chatGPT sign-up (free version OK)

Your aunt will create the source package, download it, and run %generatePackage() separately.



```
%generatePackage(  
  filesLocation = ¥path¥to¥source¥package¥folder,  
  markdownDoc = 1,  
  easyArch = 1)
```



# References

- SAS Packages: The Way to Share (a How To), SAS Global Forum 2020, Bartosz Jablonski  
<https://www.sas.com/content/dam/SAS/support/en/sas-global-forum-proceedings/2020/4725-2020.pdf>
- SASPAC(SAS Packages Repository)  
<https://github.com/SASPAC>
- Modern graph package “SAS plotter,” SAS User Group Conference Japan 2024, Kosuke Tsutsugo  
<https://github.com/SASPAC/sasplotter>
- Integration of SAS GRID environment and SF-36 Health Survey scoring API with SAS Packages, PharmaSUG 2024, Bartosz Jablonski  
<https://pharmasug.org/wp-content/uploads/2024/06/PharmaSUG-2024-SD-262.pdf>
- SASPAC - Introduction of a certain Github archive-, The 10th Osaka SAS Study Group 2024, Ryo Nakaya,  
<https://sites.google.com/view/osakasasbenkyokai/%E7%AC%AC10%E5%9B%9E>
- SASPAC2 - Examination of Real World Data acceleration tool -, The 11th Osaka SAS Study Group 2025, Teruko Narusawa,  
<https://sites.google.com/view/osakasasbenkyokai/%E7%AC%AC11%E5%9B%9E>
- PharmaForest  
<https://github.com/PharmaForest>
- SASPACer  
<https://github.com/Nakaya-Ryo/SASPACer>
- SASPACerShiny  
<https://github.com/Nakaya-Ryo/SASPACerShiny>
- SAS Package Lady  
<https://chatgpt.com/g/g-68be12f679a88191866ef1e9b35be3c4-sas-package-lady>
- RWDExpress  
<https://github.com/Narusawa-T/RWDExpress>