

# Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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## NeoColab\_REC\_CS23221\_Python Programming

### REC\_Python\_Week 6\_CY

Attempt : 1  
Total Mark : 40  
Marks Obtained : 40

### Section 1 : Coding

#### 1. Problem Statement

Write a program to obtain the start time and end time for the stage event show. If the user enters a different format other than specified, an exception occurs and the program is interrupted. To avoid that, handle the exception and prompt the user to enter the right format as specified.

Start time and end time should be in the format 'YYYY-MM-DD HH:MM:SS'. If the input is in the above format, print the start time and end time. If the input does not follow the above format, print "Event time is not in the format "

#### ***Input Format***

The first line of input consists of the start time of the event.

The second line of the input consists of the end time of the event.

### **Output Format**

If the input is in the given format, print the start time and end time.

If the input does not follow the given format, print "Event time is not in the format".

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

### **Sample Test Case**

Input: 2022-01-12 06:10:00

2022-02-12 10:10:12

Output: 2022-01-12 06:10:00

2022-02-12 10:10:12

### **Answer**

```
from datetime import datetime
```

```
expected_format = "%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S"
```

```
try:
```

```
    start_time_input = input()
```

```
    end_time_input = input()
```

```
    start_time = datetime.strptime(start_time_input, expected_format)
```

```
    end_time = datetime.strptime(end_time_input, expected_format)
```

```
    print(start_time_input)
```

```
    print(end_time_input)
```

```
except ValueError:
```

```
    print("Event time is not in the format")
```

**Status : Correct**

**Marks : 10/10**

## **2. Problem Statement**

Implement a program that checks whether a set of three input values can form the sides of a valid triangle. The program defines a function `is_valid_triangle` that takes three side lengths as arguments and raises a `ValueError` if any side length is not a positive value. It then checks whether the sum of any two sides is greater than the third side to determine the validity of the triangle.

### ***Input Format***

The first line of input consists of an integer A, representing side1.

The second line of input consists of an integer B, representing side2.

The third line of input consists of an integer C, representing side3.

### ***Output Format***

The output prints either "It's a valid triangle" if the input side lengths form a valid triangle,

or "It's not a valid triangle" if they do not.

If there is a `ValueError`, it should print "ValueError: <error\_message>".

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

### ***Sample Test Case***

Input: 3

4

5

Output: It's a valid triangle

### ***Answer***

# You are using Python

```
def is_valid_triangle(a, b, c):
```

```
    if a <= 0 or b <= 0 or c <= 0:
```

```
        raise ValueError("Side lengths must be positive")
```

```
    if a + b > c and b + c > a and a + c > b:
```

```
        return True
    else:
        return False

try:
    A = int(input())
    B = int(input())
    C = int(input())

    if is_valid_triangle(A, B, C):
        print("It's a valid triangle")
    else:
        print("It's not a valid triangle")

except ValueError as ve:
    print(f"ValueError: {ve}")
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 10/10

### 3. Problem Statement

In the enchanted realm of Academia, you, the Academic Alchemist, are bestowed with a magical quill and a parchment to weave the grades of aspiring students into a tapestry of academic brilliance.

The mission is to craft a Python program that empowers faculty members to enter student grades for any two subjects, stores these magical grades in a mystical file, and then, with a wave of your virtual wand, calculates the GPA to unveil the true essence of academic achievement.

#### **Input Format**

The input format is a string representing the student's name, any two subjects, and corresponding grades.

After entering grades, they can type 'done' when prompted for the student's name.

#### **Output Format**

The output should display the (average of grades) calculated GPA with a precision of two decimal places.

The magical grades will be saved in a mystical file named "magical\_grades.txt".

Refer to the sample output for format specifications.

### **Sample Test Case**

Input: Alice

Math

95

English

88

done

Output: 91.50

### **Answer**

# You are using Python

```
def record_magical_grades():
```

```
    filename = "magical_grades.txt"
```

```
    with open(filename, 'w') as f:
```

```
        while True:
```

```
            name = input()
```

```
            if name.lower() == 'done':
```

```
                break
```

```
            subject1 = input()
```

```
            grade1 = input()
```

```
            subject2 = input()
```

```
            grade2 = input()
```

```
        try:
```

```
            grade1 = float(grade1)
```

```
            grade2 = float(grade2)
```

```
            gpa = (grade1 + grade2) / 2
```

```
            f.write(f"{name},{subject1},{grade1},{subject2},{grade2},{gpa:.2f}\n")
```

```
print(f"{gpa:.2f}\n")  
  
except ValueError:  
    print("Spell misfired! Grades must be numeric. Try again.\n")  
  
record_magical_grades()
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 10/10

#### 4. Problem Statement

A shopkeeper is recording the daily sales of an item for N days, where the price of the item remains the same for all days. Write a program to calculate the total sales for each day and save them in a file named sales.txt that can store the data for a maximum of 30 days. Then, read the file and display the total earnings for each day.

Note: Total Earnings for each day = Number of Items sold in that day × Price of the item.

##### **Input Format**

The first line of input consists of an integer N, representing the number of days.

The second line of input consists of N space-separated integers representing the number of items sold each day.

The third line of input consists of an integer M, representing the price of the item that is common for all N days.

##### **Output Format**

If the number of days entered exceeds 30 ( $N > 30$ ), the output prints "Exceeding limit!" and terminates.

Otherwise, the code reads the contents of the file and displays the total earnings for each day on separate lines.

Contents of the file: The total earnings for N days, with each day's earnings

appearing on a separate line.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

**Sample Test Case**

Input: 4

5 10 5 0

20

Output: 100

200

100

0

**Answer**

```
N = int(input())
```

```
if N > 30:
```

```
    print("Exceeding limit!")
```

```
else:
```

```
    items_sold = list(map(int, input().split()))
```

```
    price = int(input())
```

```
    with open("sales.txt", "w") as file:
```

```
        for i in range(N):
```

```
            total = items_sold[i] * price
```

```
            file.write(str(total) + "\n")
```

```
    with open("sales.txt", "r") as file:
```

```
        for line in file:
```

```
            print(line.strip())
```

**Status : Correct**

**Marks : 10/10**