

# C5 – S1 – THEORY

## EXERCISE 1





### PROBLEM:

- ✓ Enter a number.
- ✓ Check if this number is in one of the bellow ranges:
  - 1 to 10
  - 29 to 51
  - 76 to 101
- ✓ Print True if the number is in one of the ranges, print False otherwise.

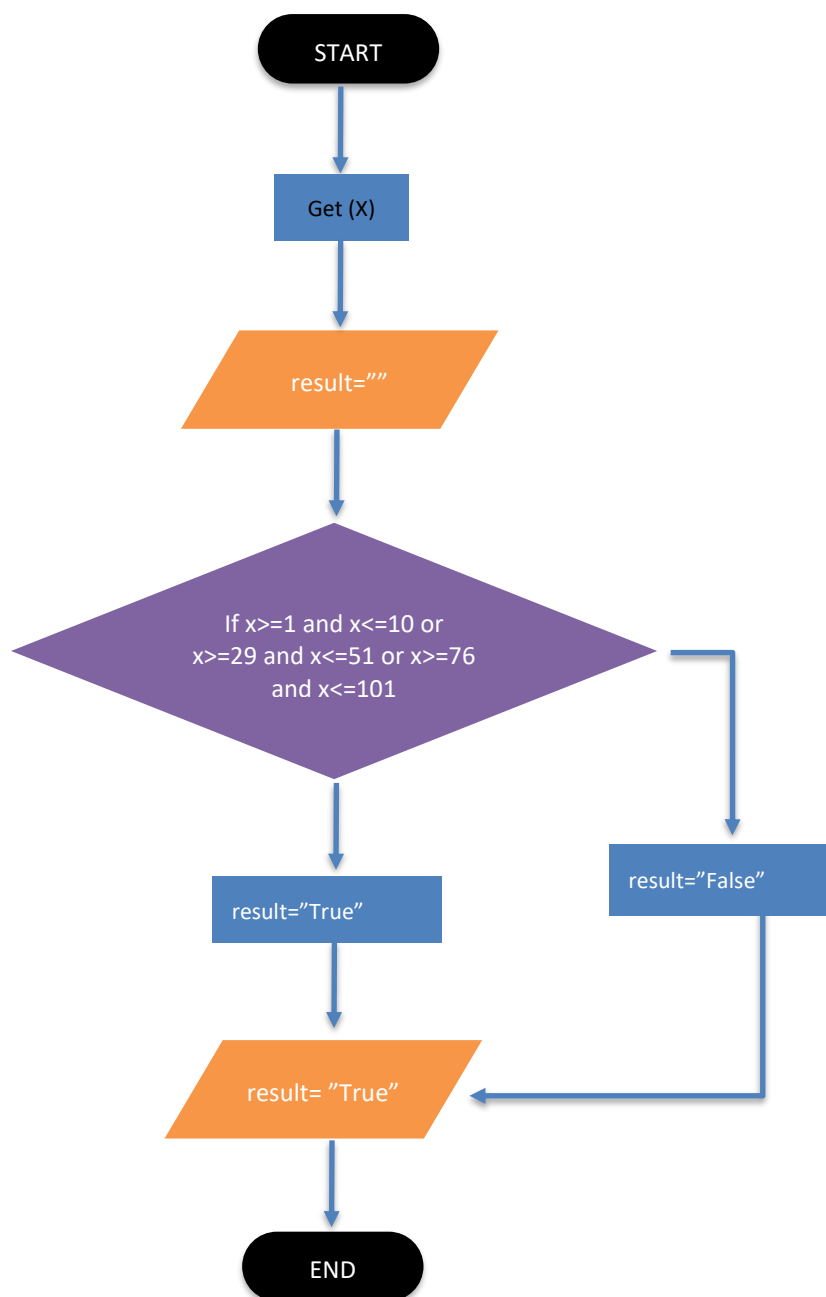
Q1 – Complete the missing outputs

INPUT	OUTPUT
11	False
50	True
88	True
30	True
101	True

Q2 – Analyze the symbols you need to solve this problem

Element		Do you need it?	For what?
Action		Yes	To get the action
Decision		Yes	
Repeat			
Input / Output		Yes	To check input and output

Q3 – Create a flowchart to solve this problem.



**Q4 – Execute** the flowchart: What is the result of your flowchart with those inputs?

INPUT	OUTPUT
-1	False
0	False
8	True
11	False
15	False
29	True

35	True
75	False
80	True
110	False

**Q5** – Review the code and find **the error** and explain them.

```
# Check if a number is in one of the 3 ranges: 1 to 10 or 29 to 51 or 76 to 101
value = int(input())
inRange = False

if value >= 1 or value <= 10:
    inRange = True
elif value >= 29 or value <= 51:
    inRange = True
elif value >= 76 or value <= 101:
    inRange = True

print(inRange)
```

**Q6** If this code is a valid code? Explain why

```
# Check if a number is in one of the 3 ranges: 1 to 10 or 29 to 51 or 76 to 101
value = int(input())
inRange = True

if value < 1:
    inRange = False
elif value > 10 and value < 29:
    inRange = False
elif value > 51 and value < 76:
    inRange = False
elif value > 101:
    inRange = False

print(inRange)
```

**Q7**– Write your own good code to solve this problem.

This time, you can use **1 condition** only

```
x=int(input())
result=""
if x>=1 and x<=10 or x>=29 and x<=51 or x>=76 and x<=101:
    result="True"
else:
    result="False"
print(result)
```

## EXERCICE 2

- Input a text in the console.
- Print the number of points related to this word, following the below rules.

IF THE WORD CONTAINS	THEN THE POINTS ARE
One 'A' or more	10 points
One 'B' or more	20 points

- Note: you can cumulate the rules: if you have some "A" and some "B" it will be  $10+20 = 30$  points!
- If no rules match, then the result is 0 points.

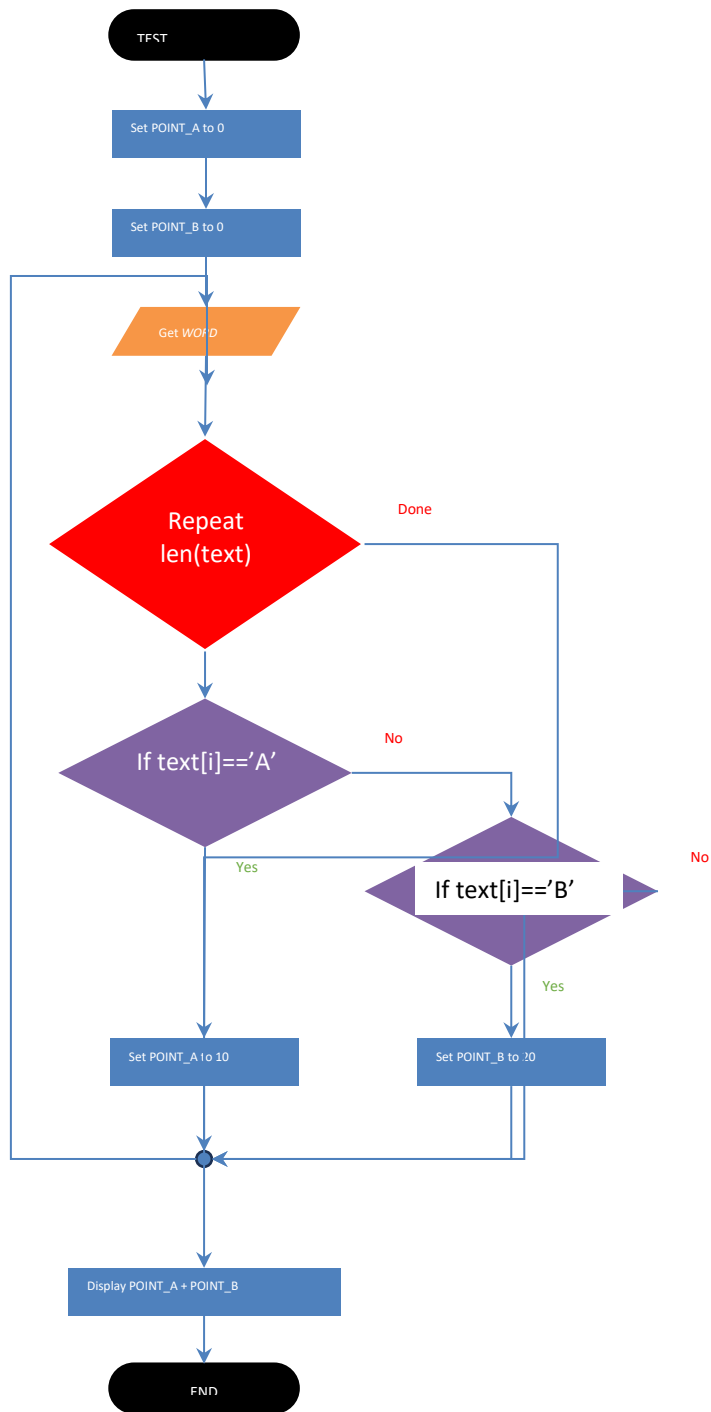
### Examples

INPUT	OUTPUT
KKK	0
BCA	30 <i>Because we found 1 'B' and 1 'A': <math>10 + 20</math></i>
MMBBR	20
MAARTDAC	10
AABBBB	30
C	0

**Q1** – What will be the **results** for those inputs?

INPUT	OUTPUT
DADADA	10
ACAAAB	30
AAAAAA	10
QWERTY	0

**Q2** – Fill up the gap on this flowchart.



Q3 – Implement it and test it with the inputs of the first question.

```
word=input()
PointA=0
PointB=0
sum=0
for i in range(len(word)):
    if word[i]=='A':
        PointA=10
    elif word[i]=='B':
        PointB=20
sum=PointA+PointB
print(sum)
```

## EXERCISE 3

- Execute mentally the below code and write, for each step of execution the value of each variable.
- If the variable is not defined yet, write “?”

```
a = "roman"
b = a[2]
c = a + b
a = c[-1]
```

STEP	A	B	C
1	"roman"		
2	"roman"	"m"	
3	"roman"	"m"	"romanm"
4	"m"	"m"	"romanm"