VUE - CHAPTER 5

MUTIPLE PAGE ROUTING

IMPORT COMPONENTS: GLOBALY OR LOCALY!

Global import

main.js

```
import BaseCard
from './components/UI/BaseCard.vue';

app.component('base-card', BaseCard );
```

Every component
Can use base-card

Local import

myComponent.vue

```
<script>
import BaseCard
from './components/UI/BaseCard.vue';

export default {
   components: { BaseCard }
}
```

Only myComponent
Can use base-card

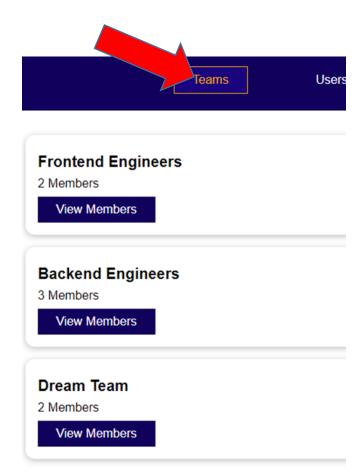
CLASS?

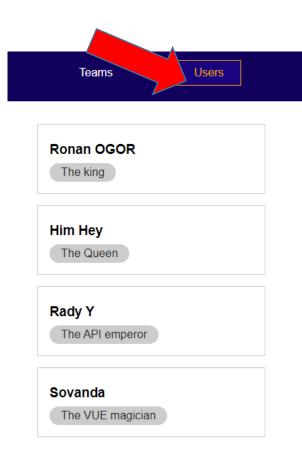




- 1. Open and execute the project
- 2. Understand how the MENU work
- 3. Does the **URL change** when you change the view?

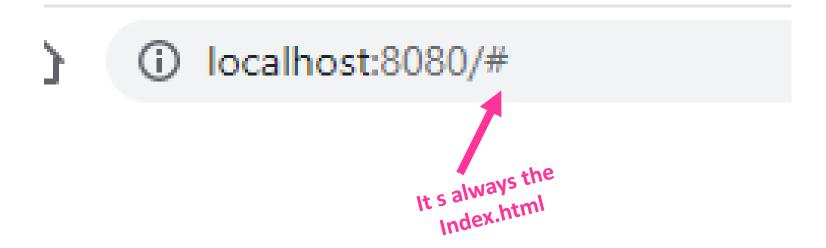
On click: show only the team-list compone nt





On click: show only the user-list component

Because we build a SPA, the URL never changes:



But we this approach:

- We can just share the default page URL
- We cannot share the URL of a specific page

But we can manage specific URL using the VUE ROUTER!

```
<users-view>
<base url> / users
                                    <team-view>
<base url> / teams
<base url> / contact
                                    <contact-page>
```

Configuration of router

#1 Install the VUE ROUTER using NPM

```
npm install vue-router@next
```

You should the router on package.json

```
"dependencies": {
    "core-js": "^3.6.5",
    "vuc": "^3.0.0",
    "vue-router": "^4.0.12"
```

DEMO 1 router and <router -view>!

```
{ createApp } from 'vue';
import { createRouter, createWebHistory } from 'vue-router';
import App from './App.vue';
import TeamsList from './components/teams/TeamsList.vue';
import UsersList from './components/users/UsersList.vue';
 const router = createRouter({
   history: createWebHistory(),
     { path: '/teams', component: TeamsList }, // our-domain.co
   routes: [
     { path: '/users', component: UsersList },
  const app = createApp(App)
```

ROUTERS: HOW DO IT WORKS?

1 – Setup the router on main.ts

2 – Anywhere you need, use the <router-view> component to render the current routed component

```
<template>
    <router-view></router-view>
</template>
```



DEMO 2 navigation using <routing-link>

```
<router-link to="/teams">Teams/router-link>
<nav>
  <u1>
    <1i>>
      <router-link to="/users">Users/router-link>
    <1i>>
```

HOW DOES ROUTER-LINK WORKS?

Router-link are like <a> elements, linking to a path of the ROUTER:

<router-link to="/teams">Teams/router-link>



<router-view></router-view>

The router-view is now on the teamList component

DEMO 4 Navigation programmatically

```
methods: {
    confirmInput() {
     this.$router.push('/teams');
    }
}
```

HOW DOES ROUTER PUSH WORKS?

You also can programmatically change the active route:

```
methods: {
   confirmInput() {
     this.$router.push('/teams');
   }
}
```

```
<router-view></router-view>
```

The router-view is now on the teamList component

DEMO 5 Path with parameters

HOW DOES ROUTE WITH PAMETERS WORKS?

1- Define the route with some parameters :

```
{ path: '/teams/:teamId', component: TeamMembers }
```

2- The parameter can be retrieved using the **\$route parameters**:

```
const teamId = this.$route.params.teamId;
```

3- You can also get your teamID as a prop:

```
{ path: '/teams/:teamId', component: TeamMembers, props :true }
```

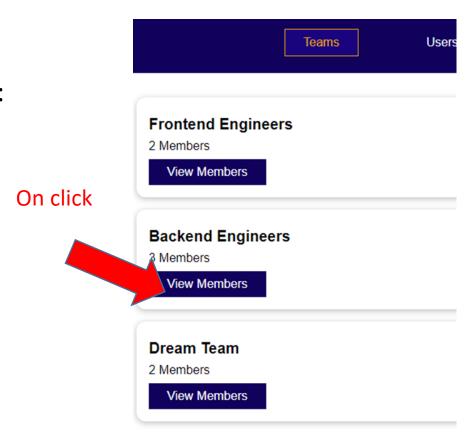




When we click on the View member, we want to route to /teams/:teamID To see the list of members of the team related to the team ID

→ Try to do this using the router link component :

<router-link to:"/yourPath" >



ROUTERS: A LOT MORE !!!!

```
Route to a not found
routes: [
                                                                         component
   { path: '/:notFound(.*)', component: NotFound }
                                                          Redirect the path
   { path: '/', redirect: '/teams' },
     name: 'teams',
     path: '/teams',
                                                    Require authentication for this path
     meta: { needsAuth: true },
     components: { default: TeamsList, footer: TeamsFooter }
     beforeEnter(to, from, next) {
       console.log('users beforeEnter');
                                                      Do something before entering to
       console.log(to, from);
                                                      The component
       next();
```