

# Keras input and dense layers

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# Course outline

- Chapter 1: Introduction to the Keras functional API (Refresher)
- Chapter 2: Models with 2 inputs
- Chapter 3: Models with 3 inputs
- Chapter 4: Multiple outputs

# Course Datasets: College basketball data, 1989-2017

## Dataset 1: Regular season

- Team ID 1
- Team ID 2
- Home vs Away
- Score Difference (Team 1 - Team 2)
- Team 1 Score
- Team 2 Score

## Dataset 2: Tournament games

- Same as Dataset 1
- Also has difference in Seed

# Course Datasets: College basketball data, 1989-2017

```
import pandas as pd
games_season = pd.read_csv('datasets/games_season.csv')
games_season.head()
```

Out[1]:

	season	team_1	team_2	home	score_diff	score_1	score_2	won
0	1985	3745	6664	0	17	81	64	1
1	1985	126	7493	1	7	77	70	1
2	1985	288	3593	1	7	63	56	1
3	1985	1846	9881	1	16	70	54	1
4	1985	2675	10298	1	12	86	74	1

```
games_tourney = pd.read_csv('datasets/games_tourney.csv')
games_tourney.head()
```

Out[2]:

	season	team_1	team_2	home	seed_diff	score_diff	score_1	score_2	won
0	1985	288	73	0	-3	-9	41	50	0
1	1985	5929	73	0	4	6	61	55	1
2	1985	9884	73	0	5	-4	59	63	0
3	1985	73	288	0	3	9	50	41	1
4	1985	3920	410	0	1	-9	54	63	0

# Inputs and outputs

Two fundamental parts:

- Input layer
- Output layer



# Inputs

```
from keras.layers import Input  
input_tensor = Input(shape=(1,))
```



# Inputs

```
from keras.layers import Input
input_tensor = Input(shape=(1,))
print(input_tensor)

<tf.Tensor 'input_1:0' shape=(?, 1) dtype=float32>
```



# Outputs

```
from keras.layers import Dense  
output_layer = Dense(1)
```

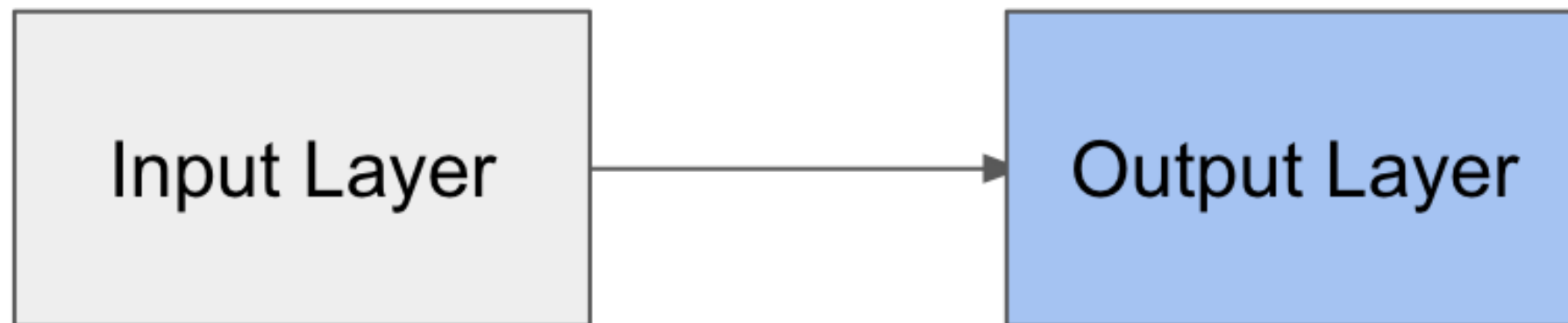




# Outputs

```
from keras.layers import Dense
output_layer = Dense(1)
print(output_layer)

<keras.layers.core.Dense at 0x7f22e0295a58>
```



# Connecting inputs to outputs

```
from keras.layers import Input, Dense
input_tensor = Input(shape=(1,))
output_layer = Dense(1)
output_tensor = output_layer(input_tensor)
```



# Connecting inputs to outputs

```
print(output_tensor)
```

```
<tf.Tensor 'dense_1/BiasAdd:0' shape=(?, 1) dtype=float32>
```



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# Keras models

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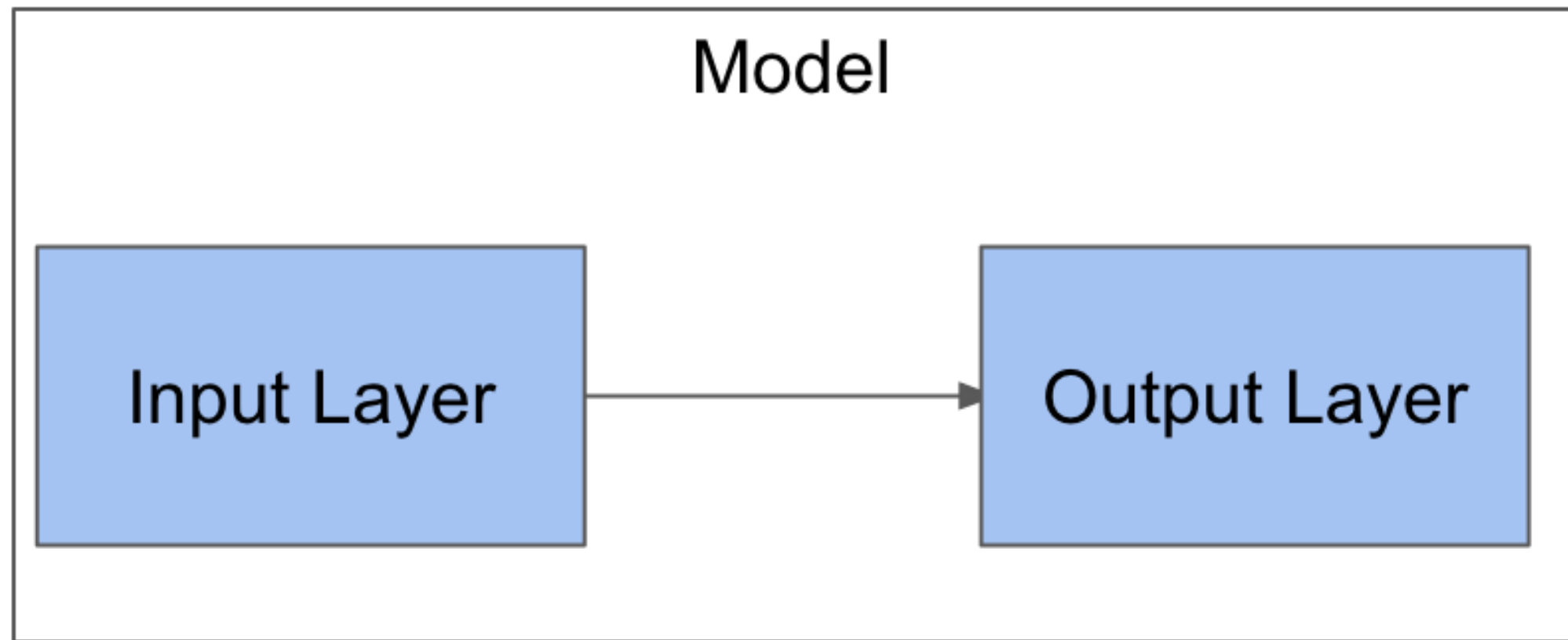
# Keras models

```
from keras.layers import Input, Dense
input_tensor = Input(shape=(1,))
output_tensor = Dense(1)(input_tensor)
```



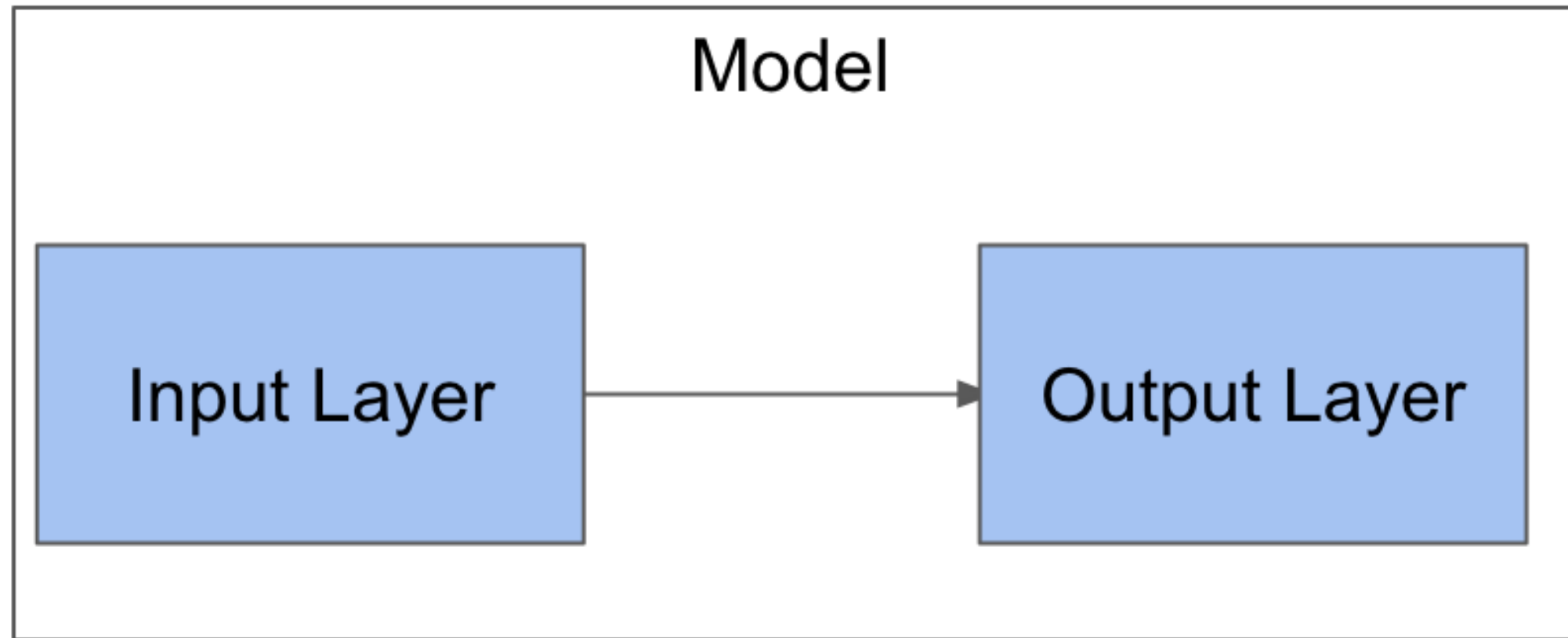
# Keras models

```
from keras.models import Model  
model = Model(input_tensor, output_tensor)
```



# Compile a model

```
model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='mae')
```





# Summarize the model

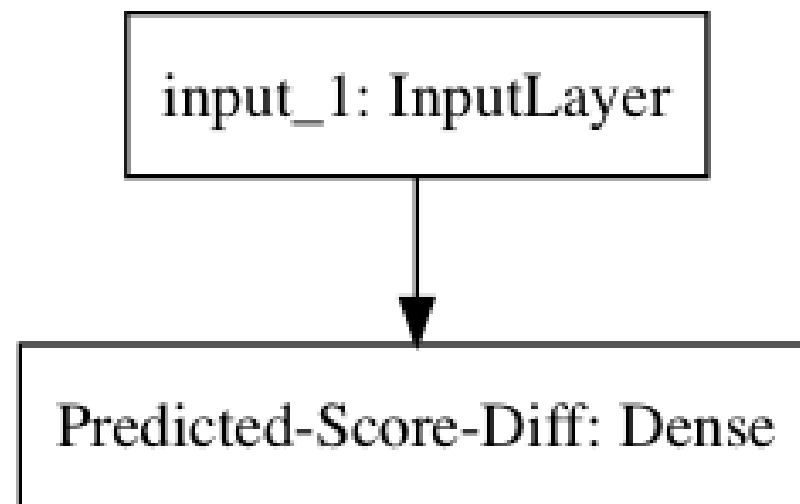
```
model.summary()
```

```
-----  
Layer (type)                 Output Shape                 Param #  
-----  
input_1 (InputLayer)         (None, 1)                   0  
-----  
dense_1 (Dense)              (None, 1)                   2  
-----  
Total params: 2  
Trainable params: 2  
Non-trainable params: 0  
-----
```

# Plot model using keras

```
input_tensor = Input(shape=(1,))
output_layer = Dense(1, name='Predicted-Score-Diff')
output_tensor = output_layer(input_tensor)
model = Model(input_tensor, output_tensor)
plot_model(model, to_file='model.png')

from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
img = plt.imread('model.png')
plt.imshow(img)
plt.show()
```



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# Fit and evaluate a model

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# Basketball Data

Goal: Predict tournament outcomes

Data Available: team ratings from the tournament organizers

```
import pandas as pd
games_tourney = pd.read_csv('datasets/games_tourney.csv')
games_tourney.head()
```

Out[1]:

	season	team_1	team_2	home	seed_diff	score_diff	score_1	score_2	won
0	1985	288	73	0	-3	-9	41	50	0
1	1985	5929	73	0	4	6	61	55	1
2	1985	9884	73	0	5	-4	59	63	0
3	1985	73	288	0	3	9	50	41	1
4	1985	3920	410	0	1	-9	54	63	0

# Basketball Data

Input: Seed difference

```
import pandas as pd
games_tourney = pd.read_csv('datasets/games_tourney.csv')
games_tourney.head()
```

Out[1]:

	season	team_1	team_2	home	seed_diff	score_diff	score_1	score_2	won
0	1985	288	73	0	-3	-9	41	50	0
1	1985	5929	73	0	4	6	61	55	1
2	1985	9884	73	0	5	-4	59	63	0
3	1985	73	288	0	3	9	50	41	1
4	1985	3920	410	0	1	-9	54	63	0

# Basketball Data

Output: Score difference

```
import pandas as pd
games_tourney = pd.read_csv('datasets/games_tourney.csv')
games_tourney.head()
```

Out[1]:

	season	team_1	team_2	home	seed_diff	score_diff	score_1	score_2	won
0	1985	288	73	0	-3	-9	41	50	0
1	1985	5929	73	0	4	6	61	55	1
2	1985	9884	73	0	5	-4	59	63	0
3	1985	73	288	0	3	9	50	41	1
4	1985	3920	410	0	1	-9	54	63	0

# Basketball Data

Input:

- Seed difference - one number: -15 to +15
- Seed range from 1-16
- Highest difference is  $16-1 = +15$
- Lowest difference is  $1-16 = -15$

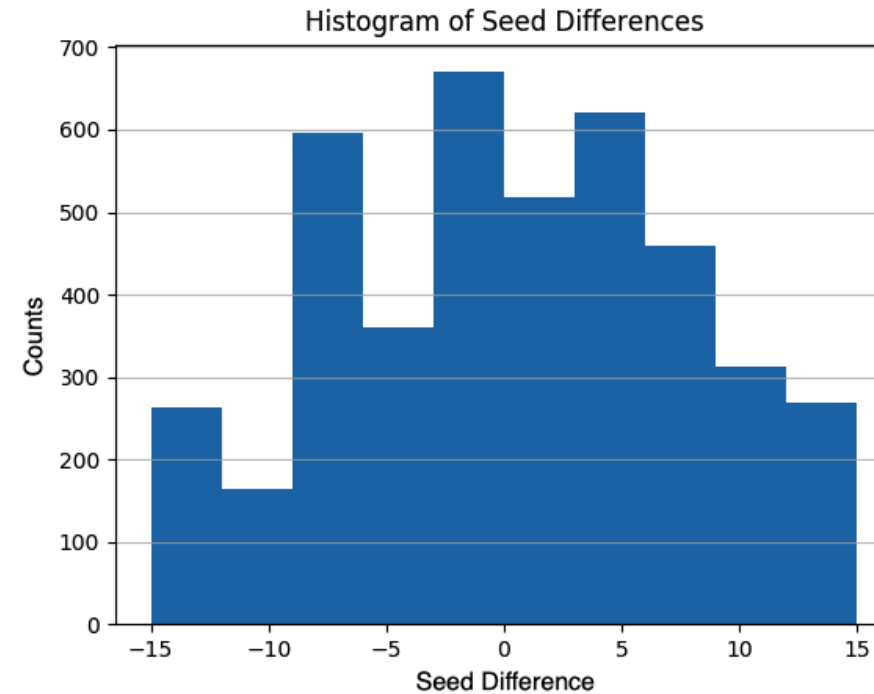
Output:

- Score difference - one number: -50 to +50



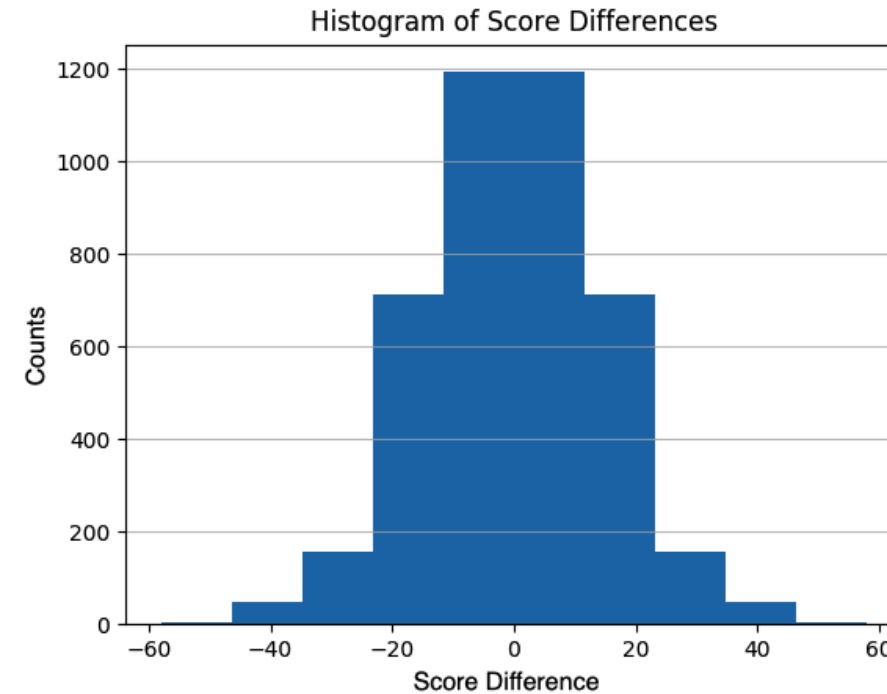
# Basketball Data

- Seed difference: 15
  - Team 1: 16
  - Team 2: 1
- Seed difference: -15
  - Team 1: 1
  - Team 2: 16



# Basketball Data

- Score difference: -9
  - Team 1: 41
  - Team 2: 50
- Score difference: 6
  - Team 1: 61
  - Team 2: 55



# Basketball Data

```
import pandas as pd
games_tourney = pd.read_csv('datasets/games_tourney_samp.csv')
games_tourney.head()
```

Out[1]:

	season	team_1	team_2	home	seed_diff	score_diff	score_1	score_2	won
0	2017	320	6323	0	13	18	100	82	1
1	2017	6323	320	0	-13	-18	82	100	0

# Build the model

```
from keras.models import Model
from keras.layers import Input, Dense
input_tensor = Input(shape=(1,))
output_tensor = Dense(1)(input_tensor)
model = Model(input_tensor, output_tensor)
model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='mae')
```



# Fit the model

```
from pandas import read_csv
games = read_csv('datasets/games_tourney.csv')
model.fit(games['seed_diff'],
          games['score_diff'],
          batch_size=64,
          validation_split=.20,
          verbose=True)
```



# Evaluate the model

```
model.evaluate(games_test['seed_diff'],  
               games_test['score_diff'])
```

```
1000/1000 [=====] - 0s 26us/step  
Out[1]: 9.742335235595704
```

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# Category embeddings

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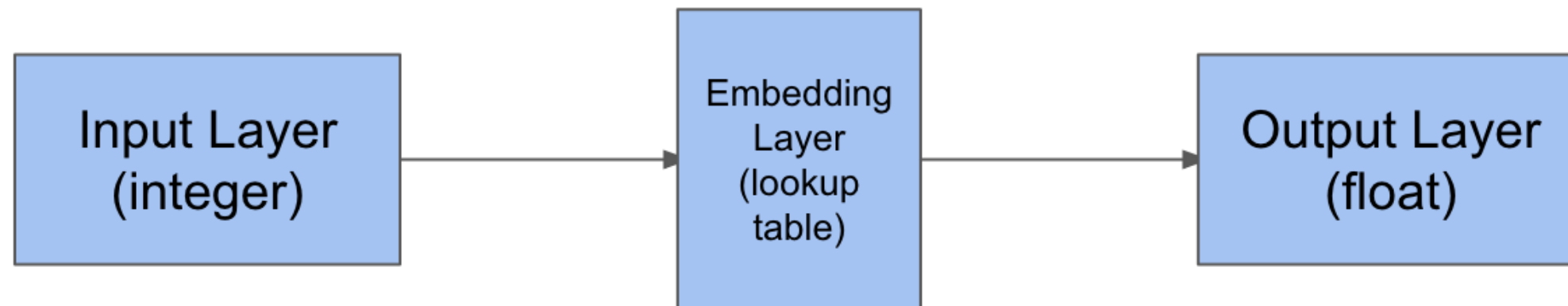


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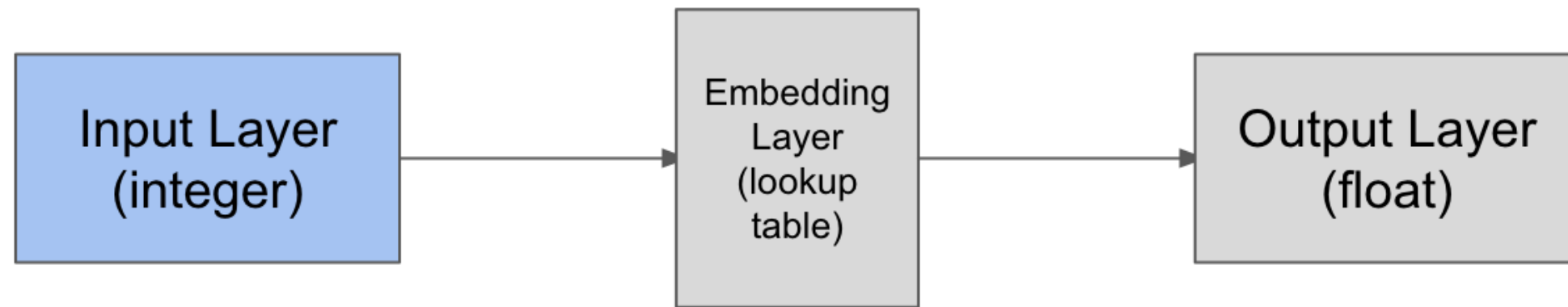
# Category embeddings

- Input: integers
- Output: floats
- Note: Increased dimensionality: output layer flattens back to 2D



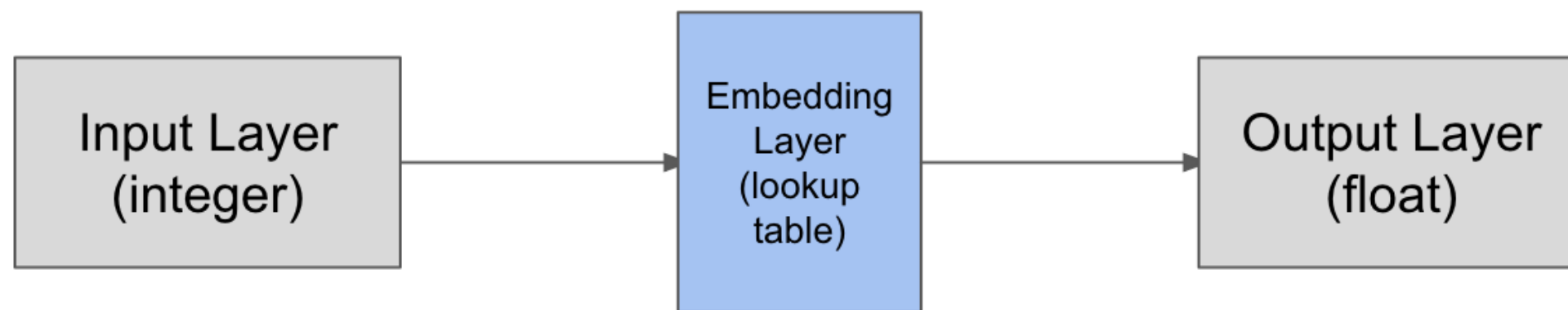
# Inputs

```
input_tensor = Input(shape=(1,))
```



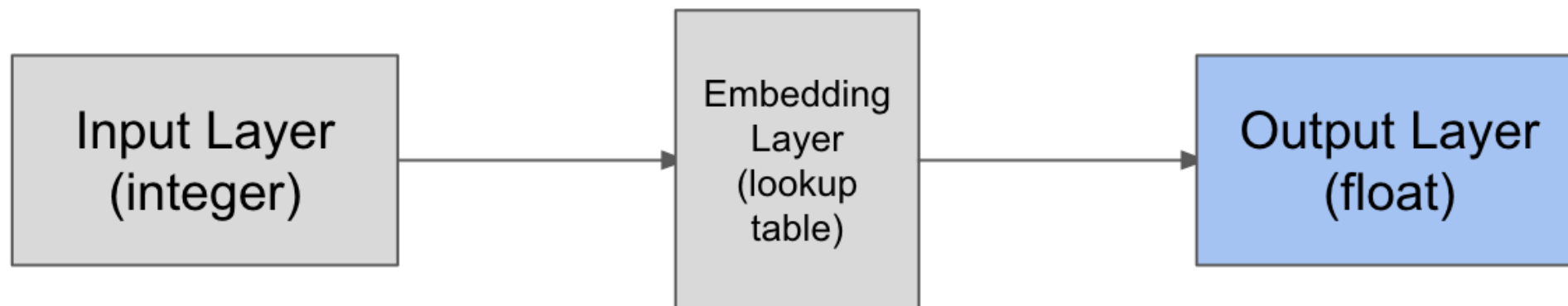
# Embedding Layer

```
from keras.layers import Embedding
input_tensor = Input(shape=(1,))
n_teams = 10887
embed_layer = Embedding(input_dim=n_teams,
                        input_length=1,
                        output_dim=1,
                        name='Team-Strength-Lookup')
embed_tensor = embed_layer(input_tensor)
```



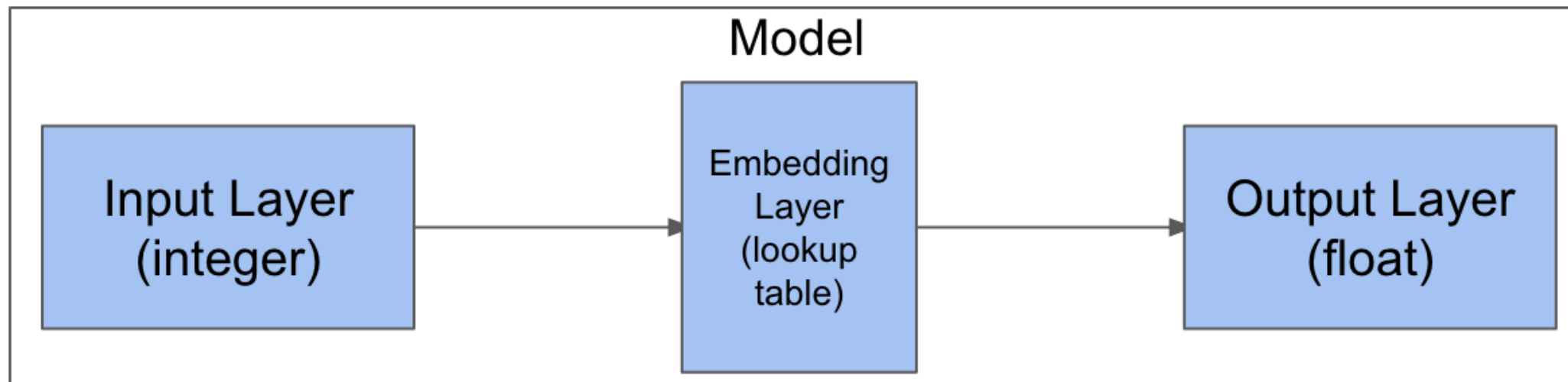
# Flattening

```
from keras.layers import Flatten  
flatten_tensor = Flatten()(embed_tensor)
```



# Put it all together

```
input_tensor = Input(shape=(1,))
n_teams = 10887
embed_layer = Embedding(input_dim=n_teams,
                        input_length=1,
                        output_dim=1,
                        name='Team-Strength-Lookup')
embed_tensor = embed_layer(input_tensor)
flatten_tensor = Flatten()(embed_tensor)
model = Model(input_tensor, flatten_tensor)
```

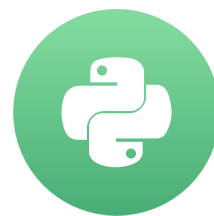


# Let's practice!

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# Shared layers

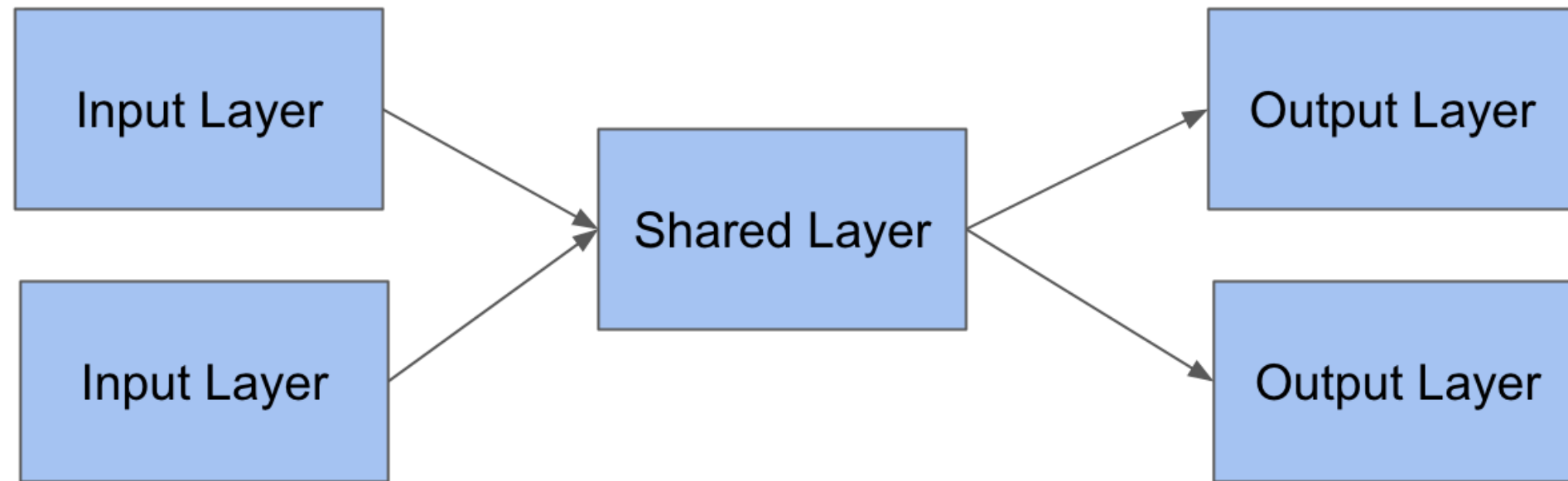
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# Shared layers

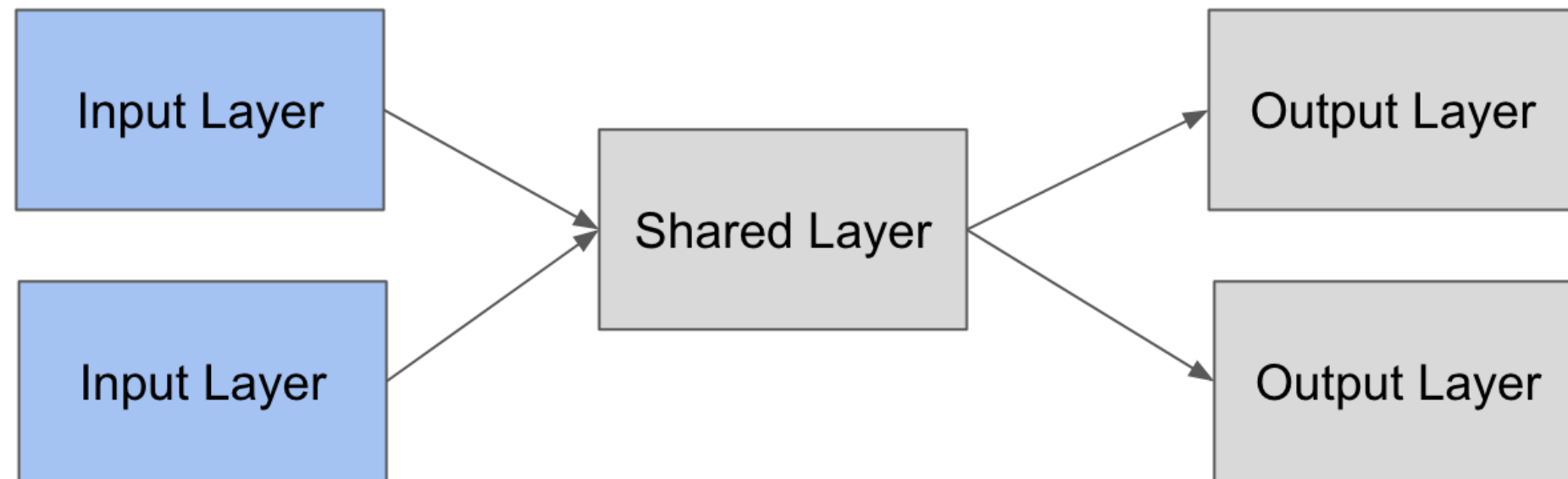
- Require the functional API
- Very flexible





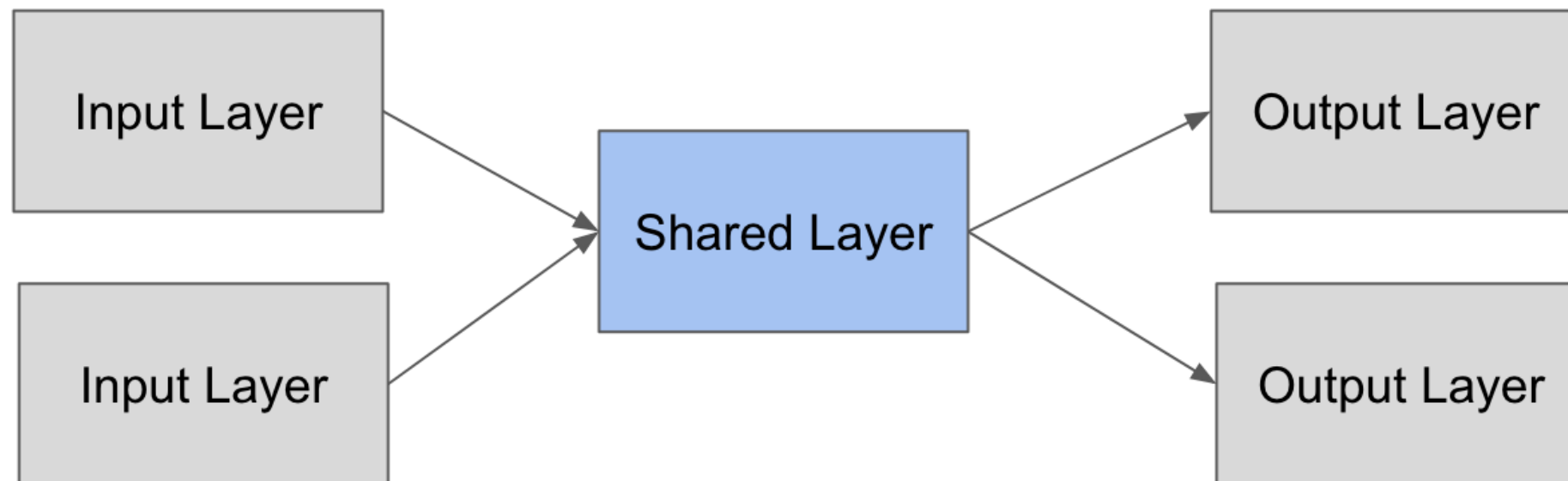
# Shared layers

```
input_tensor_1 = Input((1,))  
input_tensor_2 = Input((1,))
```



# Shared layers

```
shared_layer = Dense(1)
output_tensor_1 = shared_layer(input_tensor_1)
output_tensor_2 = shared_layer(input_tensor_2)
```



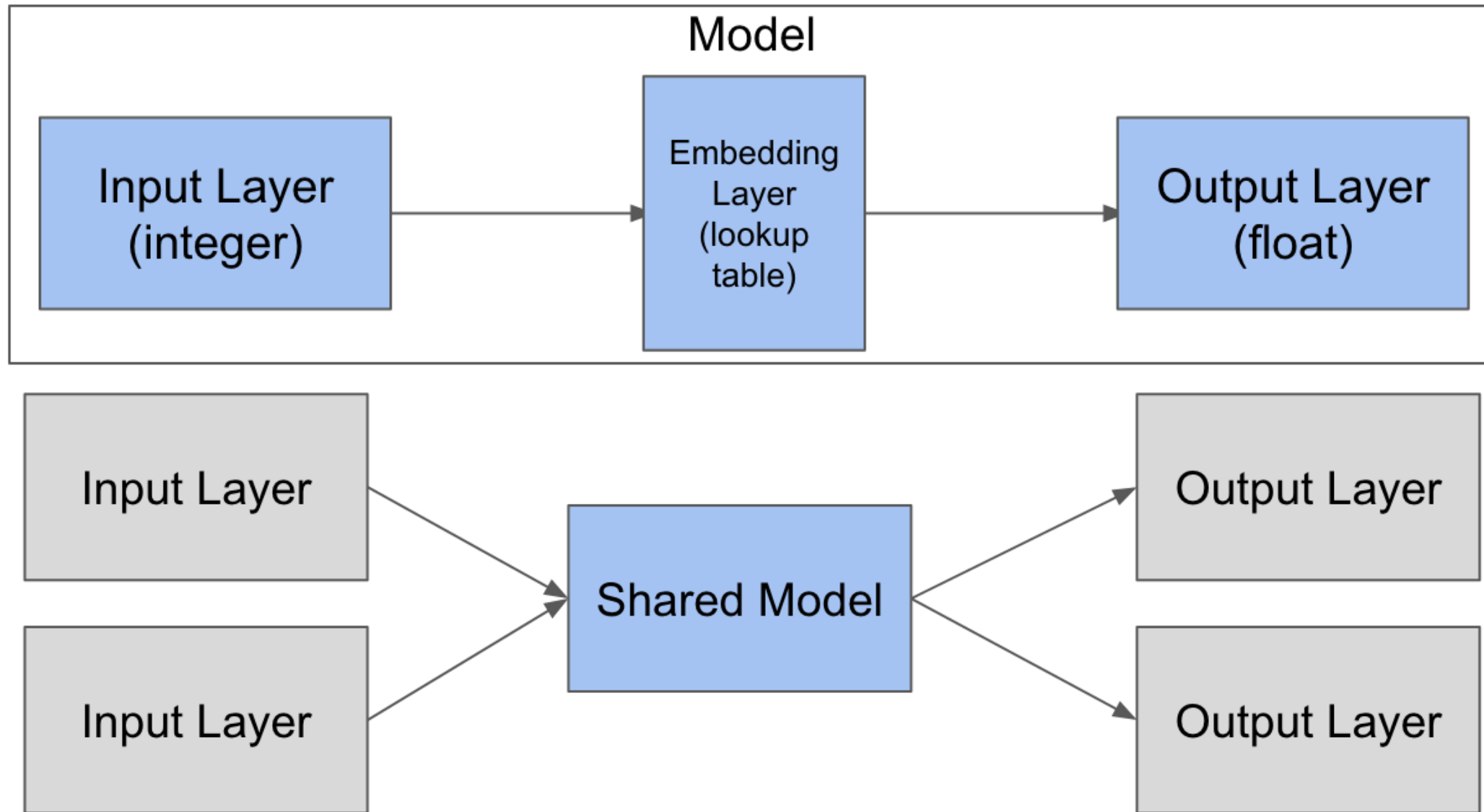
# Sharing multiple layers as a model

```
input_tensor = Input(shape=(1,))
n_teams = 10887
embed_layer = Embedding(input_dim=n_teams,
                        input_length=1,
                        output_dim=1,
                        name='Team-Strength-Lookup')

embed_tensor = embed_layer(input_tensor)
flatten_tensor = Flatten()(embed_tensor)
model = Model(input_tensor, flatten_tensor)
```

```
input_tensor_1 = Input((1,))
input_tensor_2 = Input((1,))
output_tensor_1 = model(input_tensor_1)
output_tensor_2 = model(input_tensor_2)
```

# Sharing multiple layers as a model



# Let's practice!

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# Merge layers

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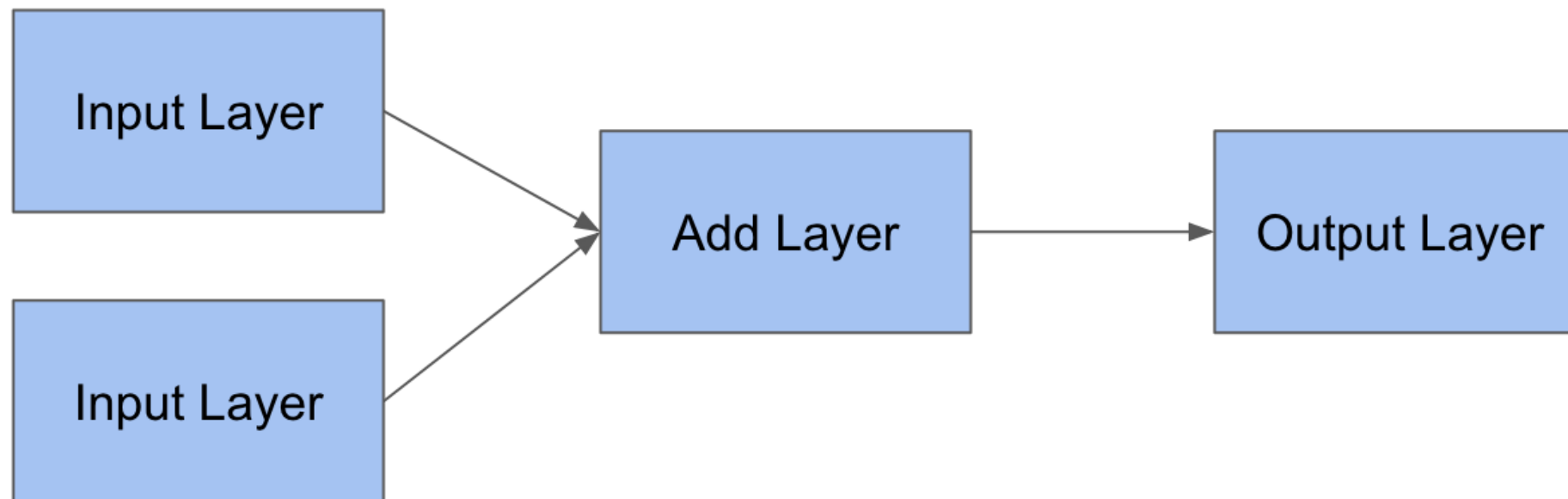
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# Merge layers

- Add
- Subtract
- Multiply
- Concatenate

# Merge layers

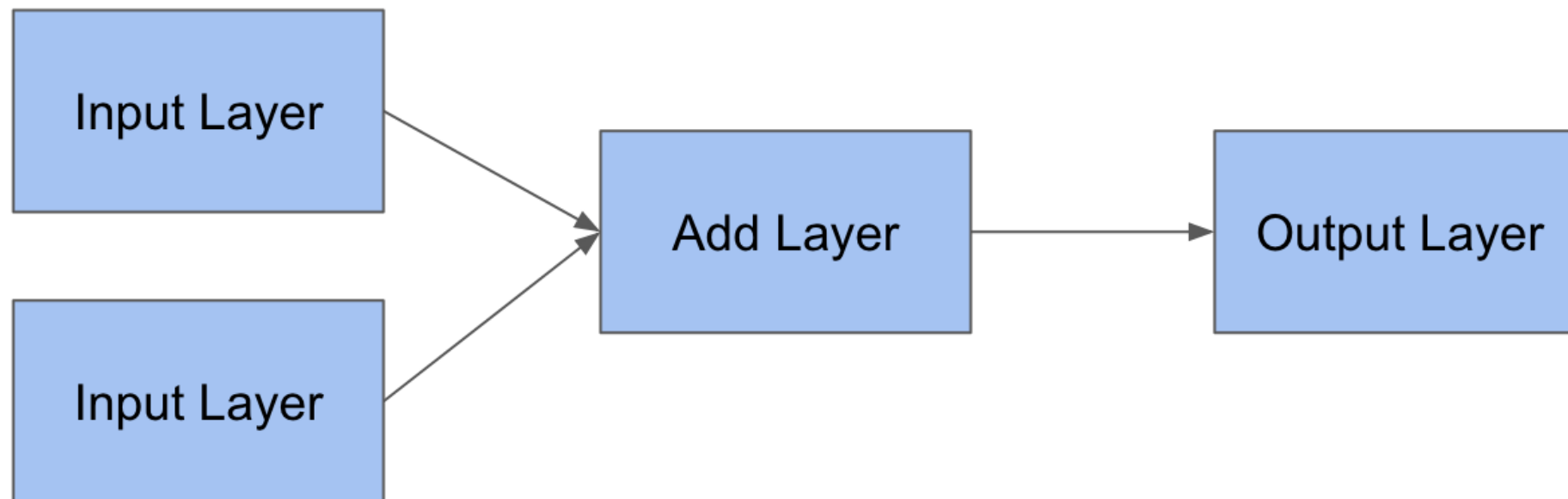
```
from keras.layers import Input, Add
in_tensor_1 = Input((1,))
in_tensor_2 = Input((1,))
out_tensor = Add()([in_tensor_1, in_tensor_2])
```





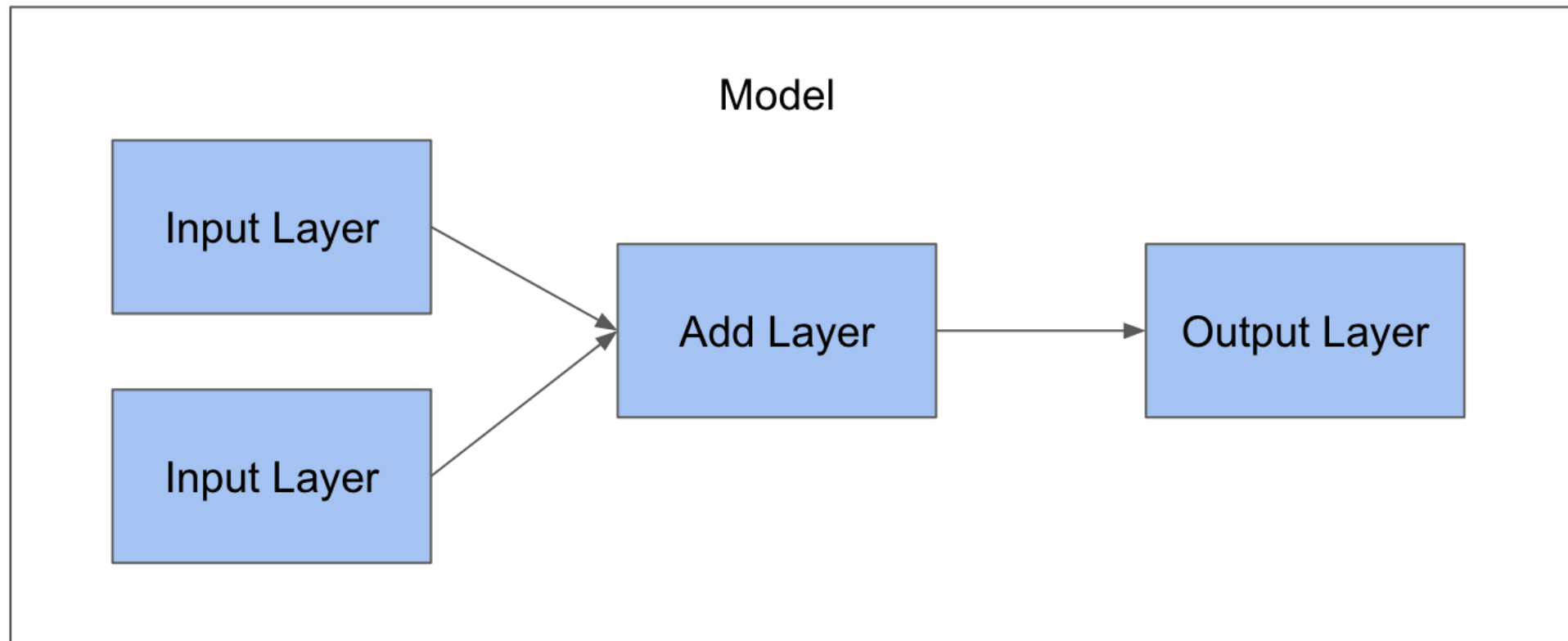
# Merge layers

```
in_tensor_3 = Input((1,))  
out_tensor = Add()([in_tensor_1, in_tensor_2, in_tensor_3])
```



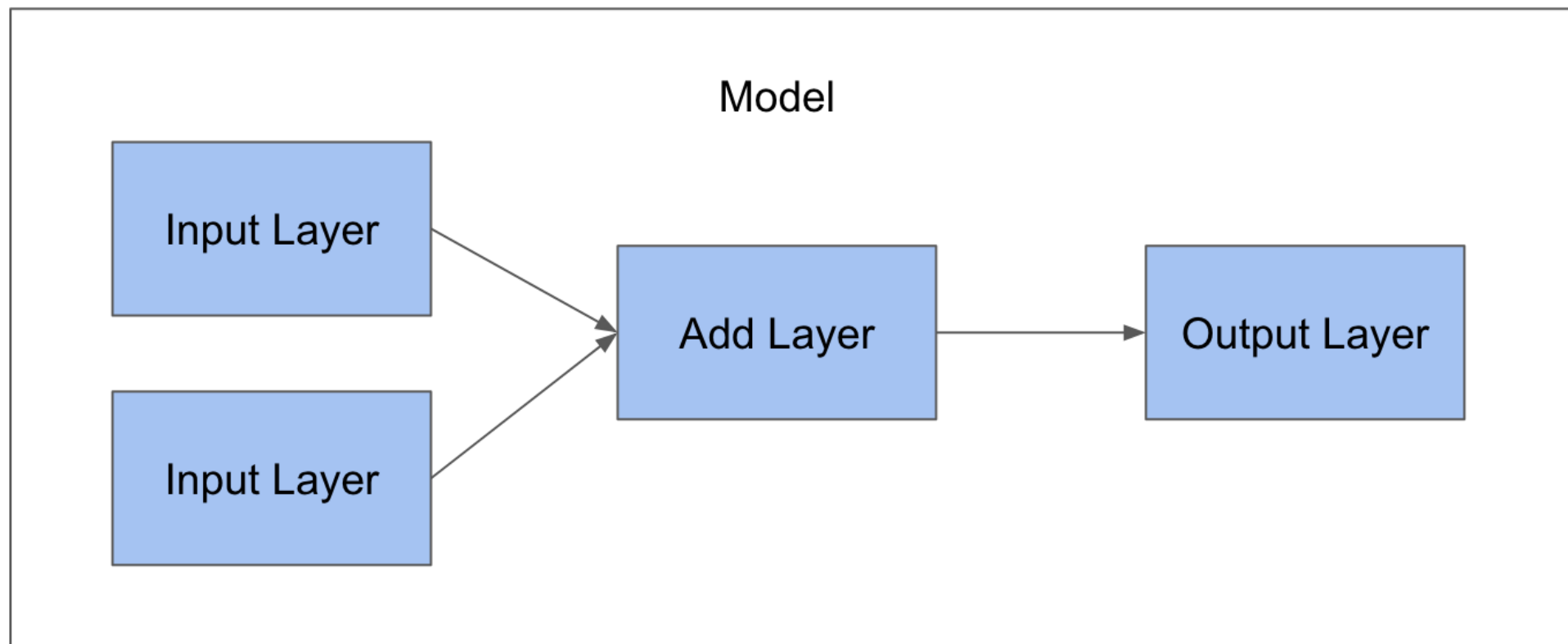
# Create the model

```
from keras.models import Model  
model = Model([in_tensor_1, in_tensor_2], out_tensor)
```



# Compile the model

```
model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='mean_absolute_error')
```

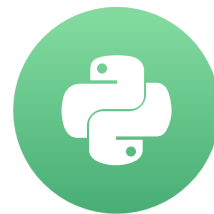


# Let's practice!

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# Fitting and Predicting with multiple inputs

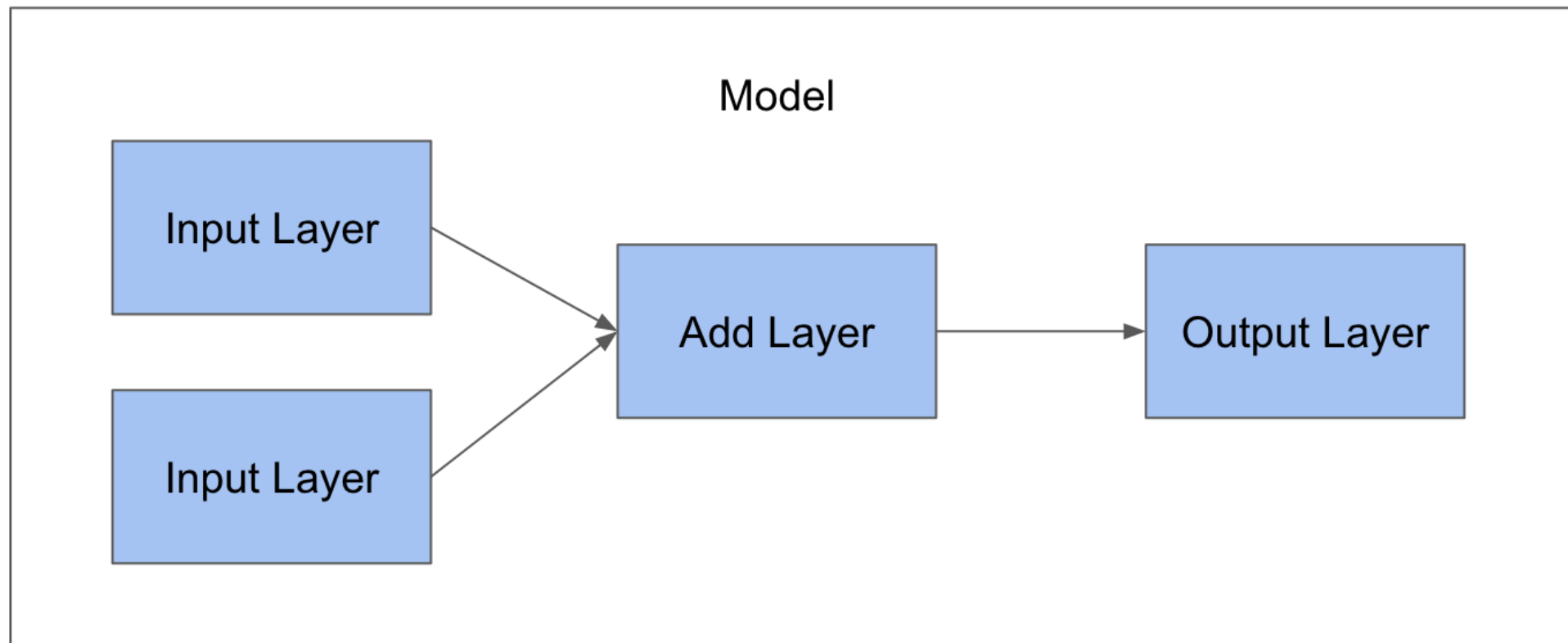
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# Fit with multiple inputs

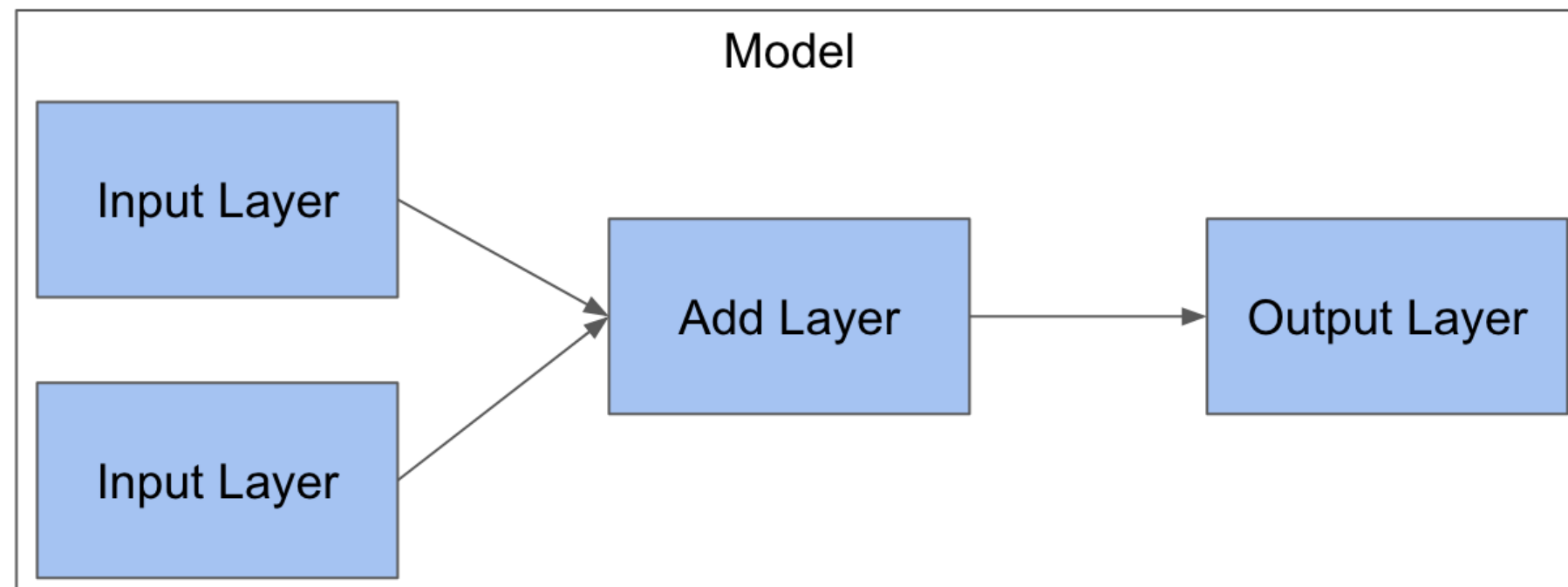
```
model.fit([data_1, data_2], target)
```



# Predict with multiple inputs

```
model.predict([np.array([[1]]), np.array([[2]])])  
array([[3.]], dtype=float32)
```

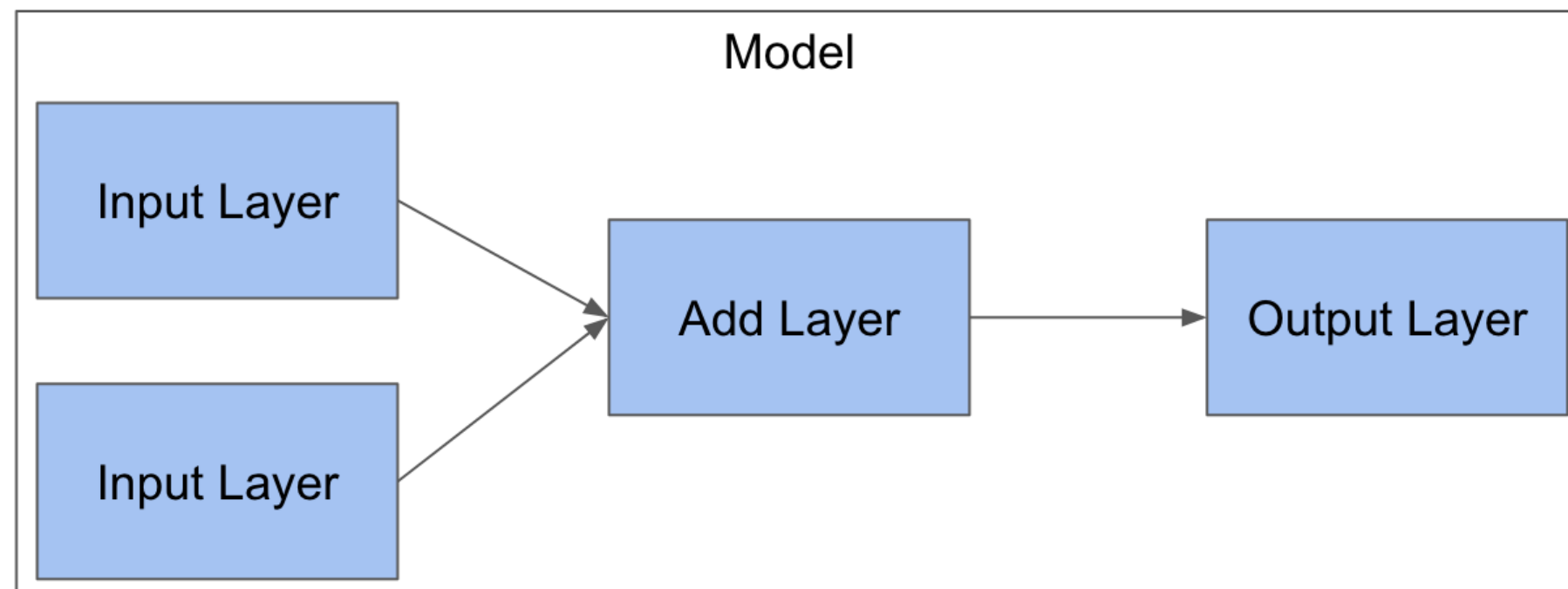
```
model.predict([np.array([[42]]), np.array([[119]])])  
array([[161.]], dtype=float32)
```



# Evaluate with multiple inputs

```
model.evaluate([np.array([[ -1]]), np.array([[ -2]]), np.array([[ -3]])]
```

```
1/1 [=====] - 0s 801us/step  
Out[21]: 0.0
```



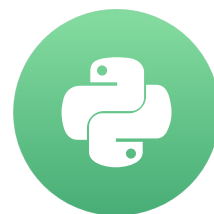


# Let's practice!

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# Three-input models

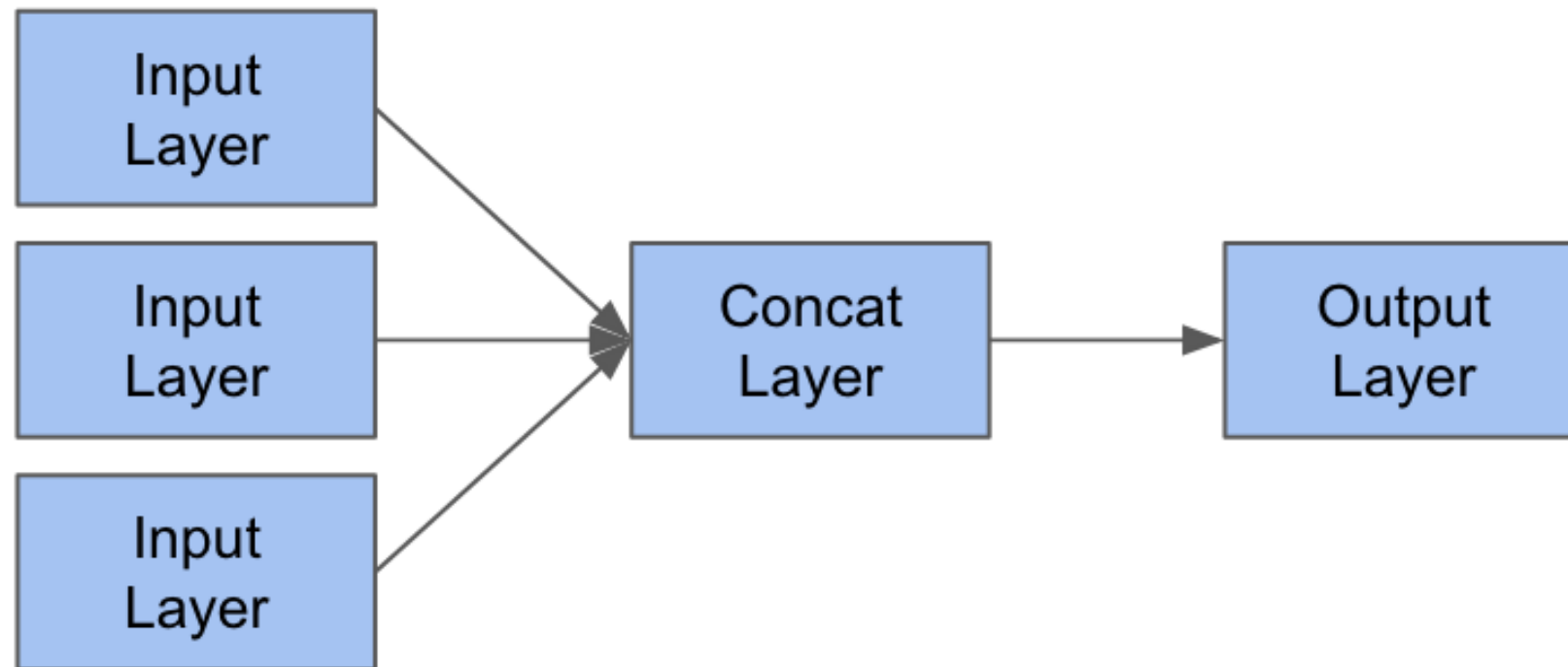
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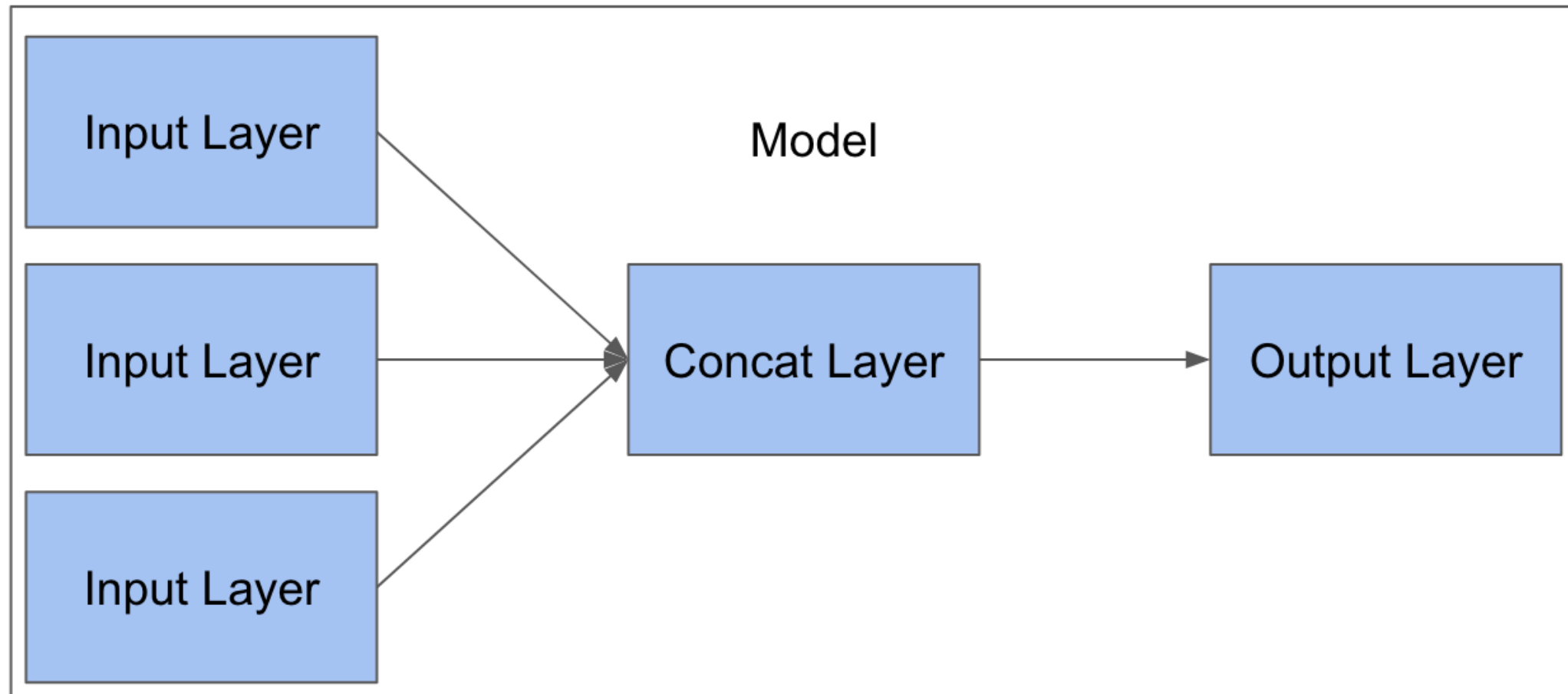
# Simple model with 3 inputs

```
from keras.layers import Input, Concatenate, Dense
in_tensor_1 = Input(shape=(1,))
in_tensor_2 = Input(shape=(1,))
in_tensor_3 = Input(shape=(1,))
out_tensor = Concatenate()([in_tensor_1, in_tensor_2, in_tensor_3])
output_tensor = Dense(1)(out_tensor)
```



# Simple model with 3 inputs

```
from keras.models import Model
model = Model([in_tensor_1, in_tensor_2, in_tensor_3], out_tensor)
```

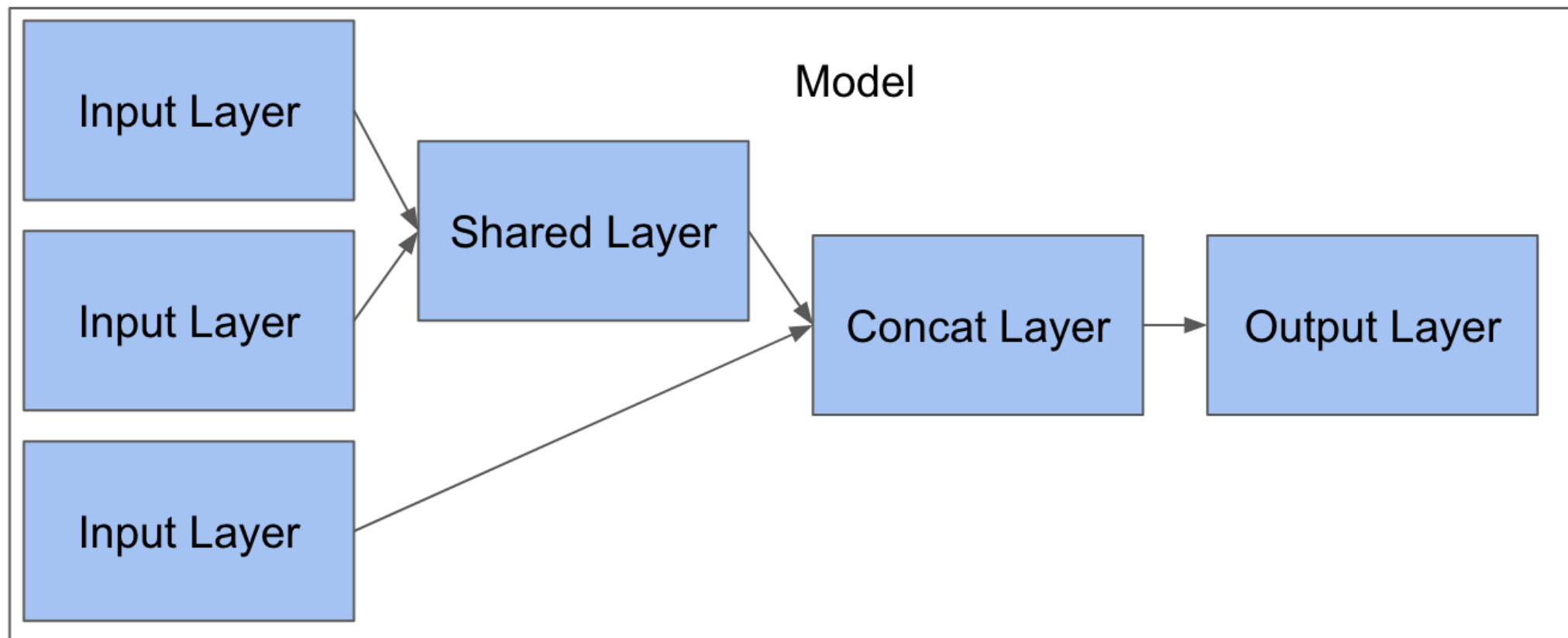


# Shared layers with 3 inputs

```
shared_layer = Dense(1)
shared_tensor_1 = shared_layer(in_tensor_1)
shared_tensor_2 = shared_layer(in_tensor_1)
out_tensor = Concatenate()([shared_tensor_1, shared_tensor_2, in_tensor_3])
out_tensor = Dense(1)(out_tensor)
```

# Shared layers with 3 inputs

```
from keras.models import Model
model = Model([in_tensor_1, in_tensor_2, in_tensor_3], out_tensor)
```



# Fitting a 3 input model

```
from keras.models import Model
model = Model([in_tensor_1, in_tensor_2, in_tensor_3], out_tensor)
model.compile(loss='mae', optimizer='adam')
```

```
model.fit([[train['col1'], train['col2'], train['col3']],
          train_data['target']])
```

```
model.evaluate([[test['col1'], test['col2'], test['col3']],
                test['target']])
```

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# Summarizing and plotting models

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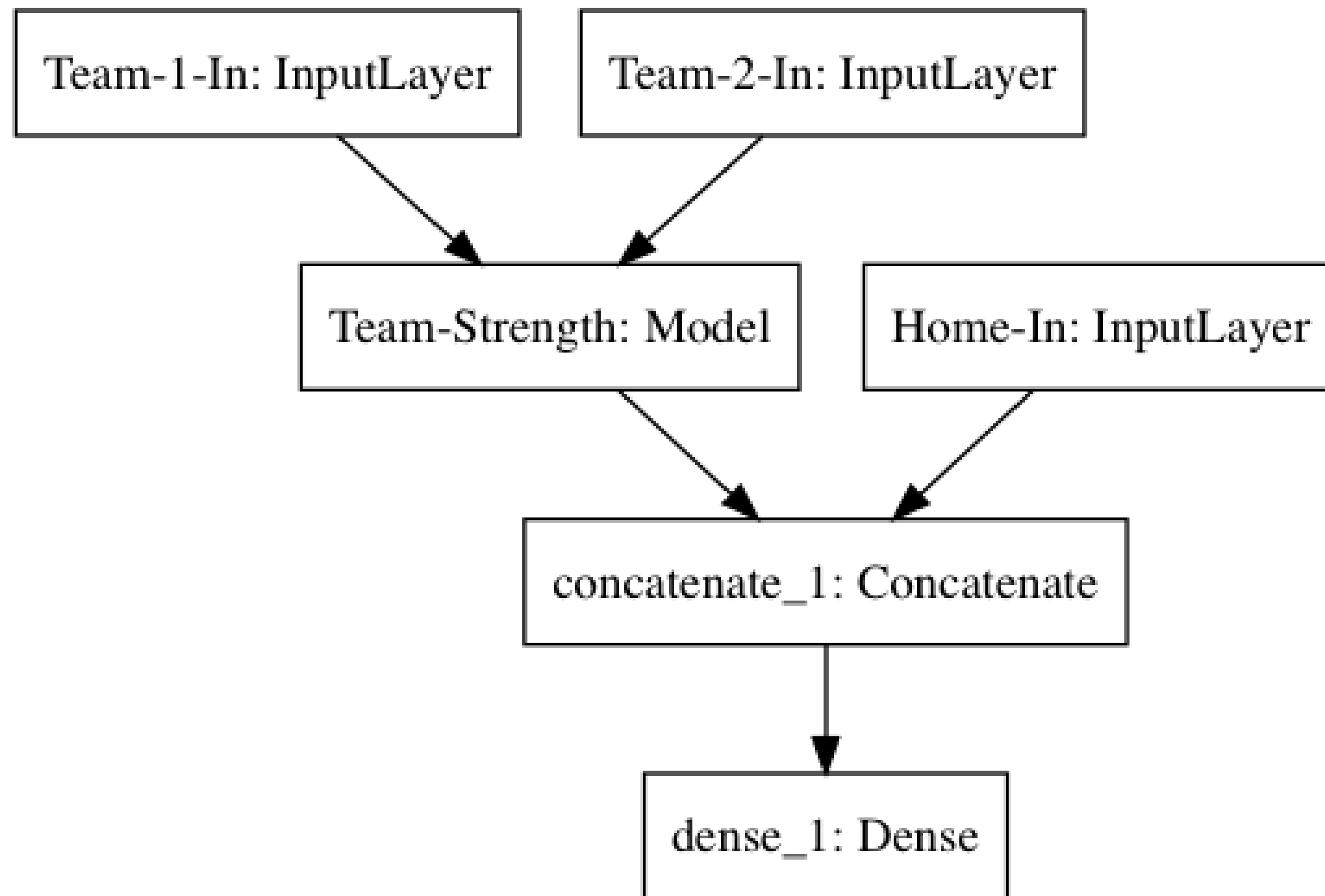
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# Understanding a model summary

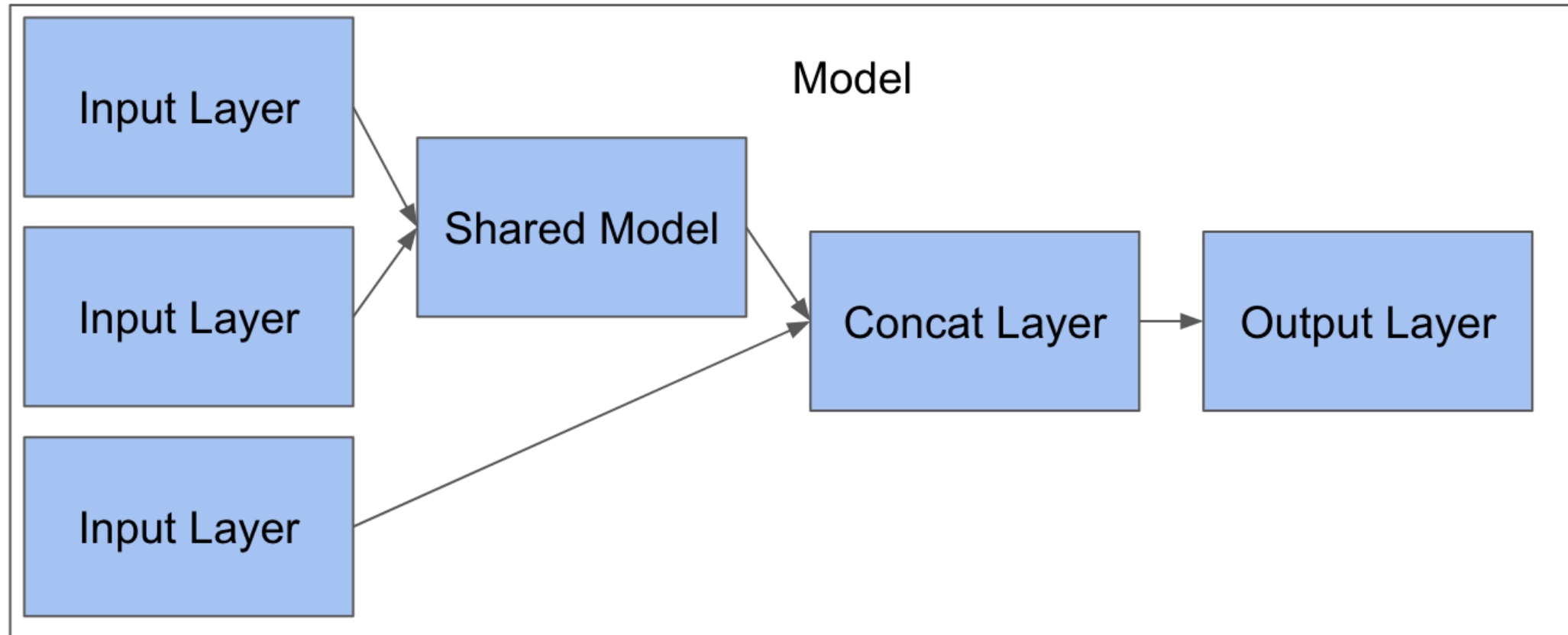
Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #	Connected to
input_1 (InputLayer)	(None, 1)	0	
input_2 (InputLayer)	(None, 1)	0	
input_3 (InputLayer)	(None, 1)	0	
concatenate_1 (Concatenate)	(None, 3)	0	input_1[0][0] input_2[0][0] input_3[0][0]
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 1)	4	concatenate_1[0][0]
Total params: 4			
Trainable params: 4			
Non-trainable params: 0			

# Understanding a model summary

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #	Connected to
input_1 (InputLayer)	(None, 1)	0	
embedding_1 (Embedding)	(None, 1, 1)	10887	input_1[0][0]
flatten_1 (Flatten)	(None, 1)	0	embedding_1[0][0]
input_2 (InputLayer)	(None, 1)	0	
input_3 (InputLayer)	(None, 1)	0	
concatenate_1 (Concatenate)	(None, 3)	0	flatten_1[0][0] input_2[0][0] input_3[0][0]
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 1)	4	concatenate_1[0][0]
Total params: 10,891			
Trainable params: 10,891			
Non-trainable params: 0			



# Understanding a model plot!

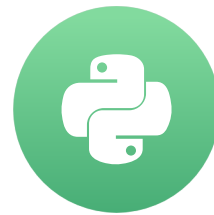


# Let's Practice

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# Stacking models

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# Stacking models requires 2 datasets

```
from pandas import read_csv
games_season = read_csv('datasets/games_season.csv')
games_season.head()
```

	team_1	team_2	home	score_diff
0	3745	6664	0	17
1	126	7493	1	7
2	288	3593	1	7
3	1846	9881	1	16
4	2675	10298	1	12

```
games_tourney = read_csv('datasets/games_tourney.csv')
games_tourney.head()
```

	team_1	team_2	home	seed_diff	score_diff
0	288	73	0	-3	-9
1	5929	73	0	4	6
2	9884	73	0	5	-4
3	73	288	0	3	9
4	3920	410	0	1	-9

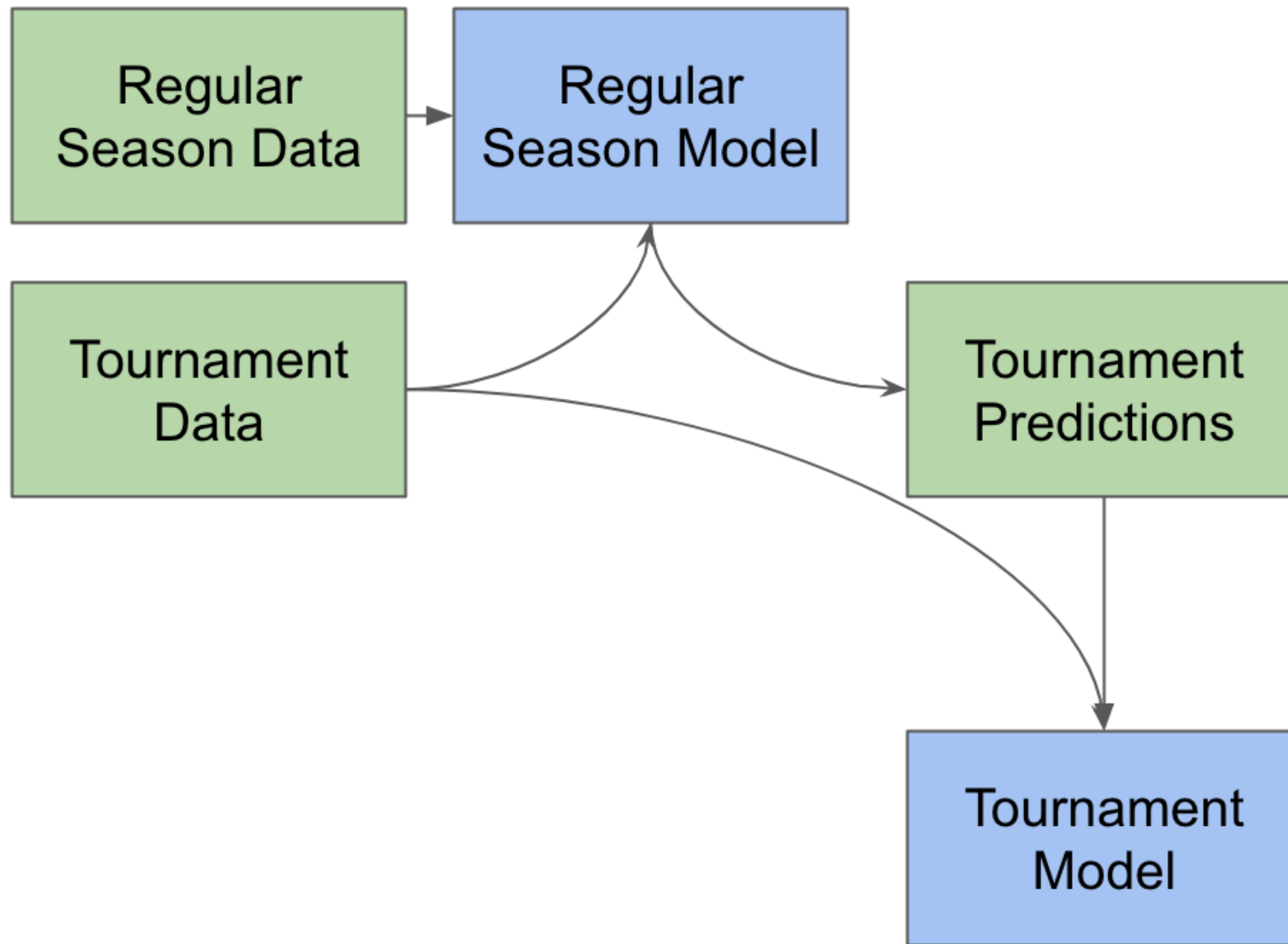


# Enrich the tournament data

```
in_data_1 = games_tourney['team_1']
in_data_2 = games_tourney['team_2']
in_data_3 = games_tourney['home']
pred = regular_season_model.predict([in_data_1, in_data_2, in_data_3])
```

```
games_tourney['pred'] = pred
games_tourney.head()
```

	team_1	team_2	home	seed_diff	pred	score_diff
0	288	73	0	-3	0.582556	-9
1	5929	73	0	4	0.707279	6
2	9884	73	0	5	1.364844	-4
3	73	288	0	3	0.699145	9
4	3920	410	0	1	0.833066	-9

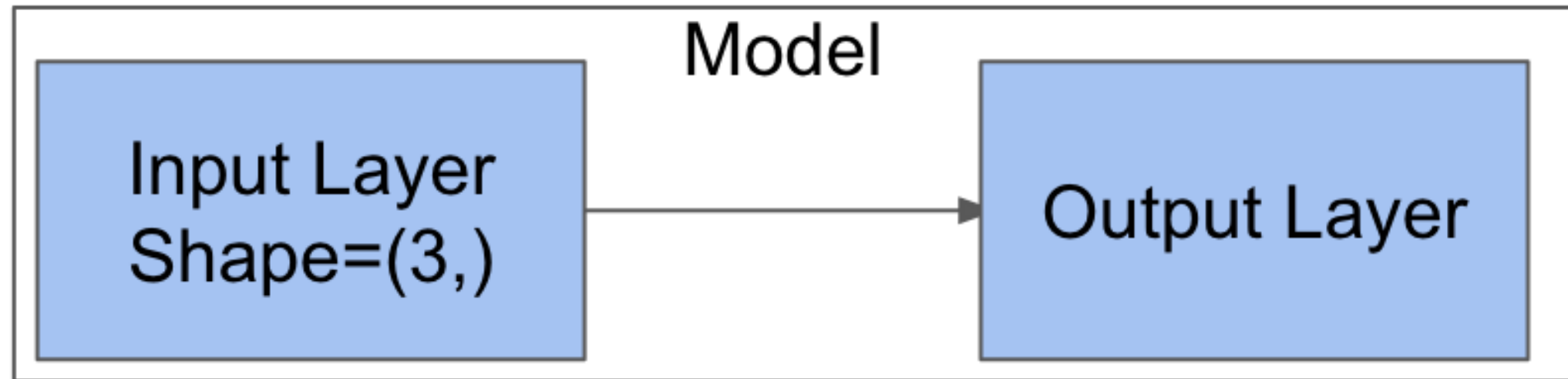


# 3 input model with pure numeric data

```
games_tourney[['home', 'seed_diff', 'pred']].head()
```

	home	seed_diff	pred
0	0	-3	0.582556
1	0	4	0.707279
2	0	5	1.364844
3	0	3	0.699145
4	0	1	0.833066

# 3 input model with pure numeric data



# 3 input model with pure numeric data

```
from keras.layers import Input, Dense
in_tensor = Input(shape=(3,))
out_tensor = Dense(1)(in_tensor)
```

```
from keras.models import Model
model = Model(in_tensor, out_tensor)
model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='mae')
train_X = train_data[['home', 'seed_diff', 'pred']]
train_y = train_data['score_diff']
model.fit(train_X, train_y, epochs=10, validation_split=.10)
```

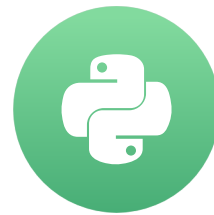
```
test_X = test_data[['home', 'seed_diff', 'pred']]
test_y = test_data['score_diff']
model.evaluate(test_X, test_y)
1066/1066 [=====] - 0s 14us/step
9.11321775461451
```

# Let's practice!

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# Two-output models

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Data Scientist

# Simple model with 2 outputs

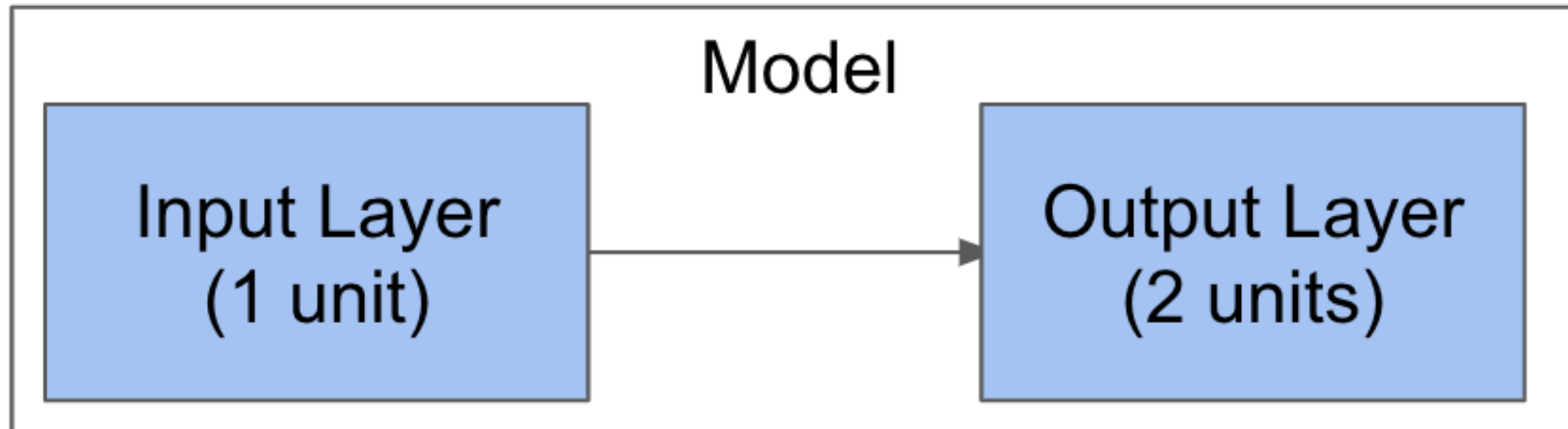
```
from keras.layers import Input, Concatenate, Dense
input_tensor = Input(shape=(1,))
output_tensor = Dense(2)(input_tensor)
```





# Simple model with 2 outputs

```
from keras.models import Model
model = Model(input_tensor, output_tensor)
model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='mean_absolute_error')
```



# Fitting a model with 2 outputs

```
games_tourney_train[['seed_diff', 'score_1', 'score_2']].head()
```

	seed_diff	score_1	score_2
0	-3	41	50
1	4	61	55
2	5	59	63
3	3	50	41
4	1	54	63

```
X = games_tourney_train[['seed_diff']]  
y = games_tourney_train[['score_1', 'score_2']]  
model.fit(X, y, epochs=500)
```

# Inspecting a 2 output model

```
model.get_weights()
```

```
[array([[ 0.60714734, -0.5988793 ]], dtype=float32),  
 array([70.39491, 70.39306], dtype=float32)]
```

# Evaluating a model with 2 outputs

```
X = games_tourney_test[['seed_diff']]  
y = games_tourney_test[['score_1', 'score_2']]  
model.evaluate(X, y)
```

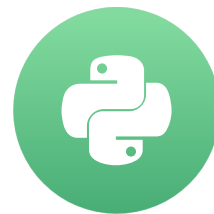
```
11.528035634635021
```

# Let's practice!

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# Single model for classification and regression

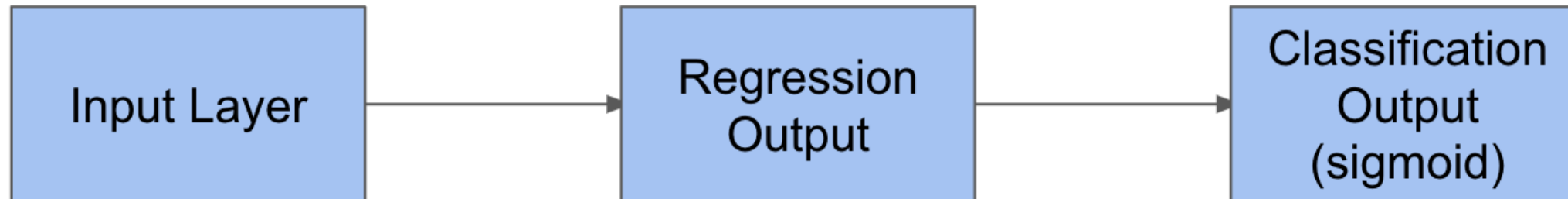
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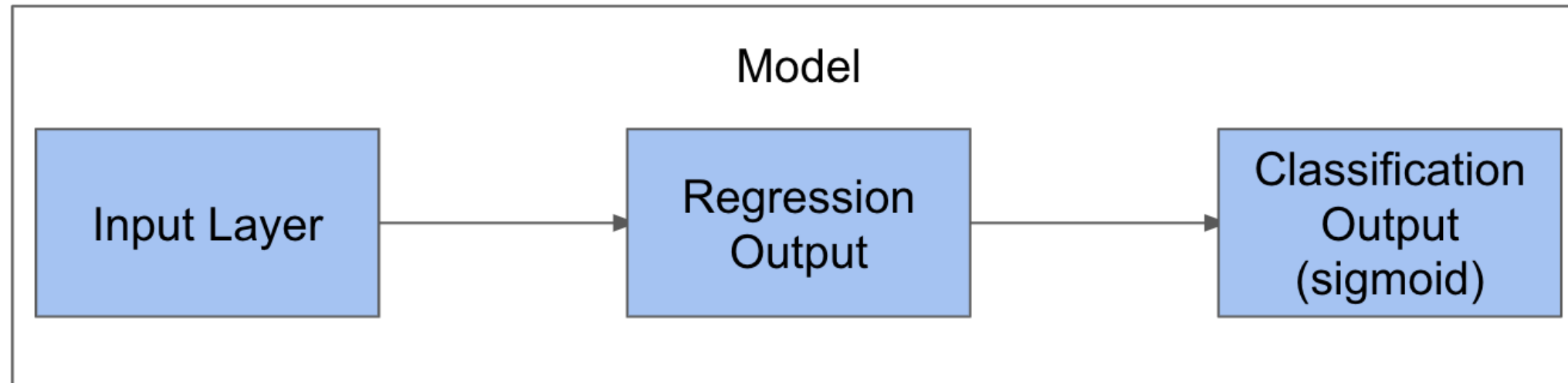
# Build a simple regressor/classifier

```
from keras.layers import Input, Dense
input_tensor = Input(shape=(1,))
output_tensor_reg = Dense(1)(input_tensor)
output_tensor_class = Dense(1, activation='sigmoid')(output_tensor_reg)
```



# Make a regressor/classifier model

```
from keras.models import Model
model = Model(input_tensor, [output_tensor_reg, output_tensor_class])
model.compile(loss=['mean_absolute_error', 'binary_crossentropy'],
              optimizer='adam')
```

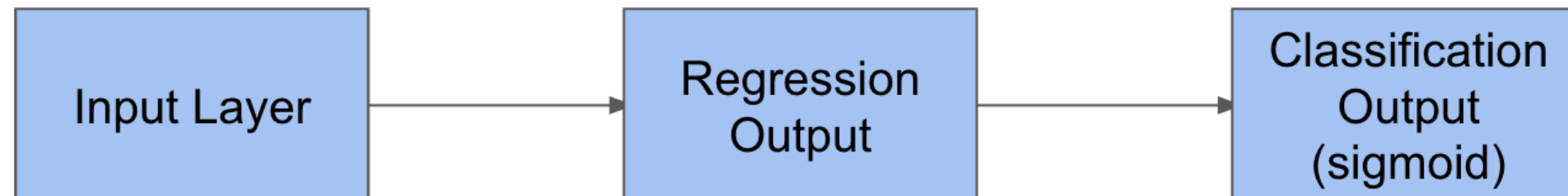




# Fit the combination classifier/regressor

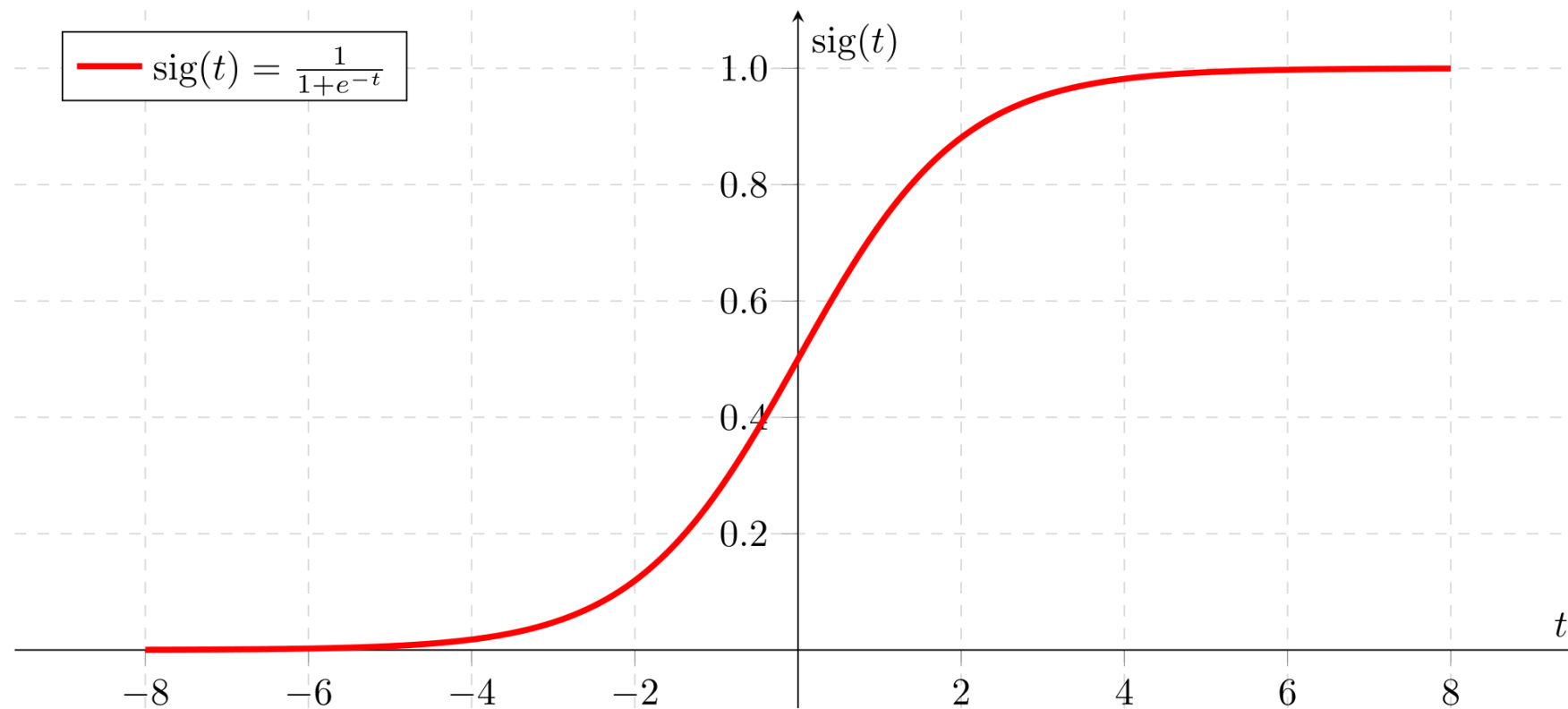
```
X = games_tourney_train[['seed_diff']]
y_reg = games_tourney_train[['score_diff']]
y_class = games_tourney_train[['won']]
model.fit(X, [y_reg, y_class], epochs=100)
```

Model



# Look at the model's weights

```
model.get_weights()
[array([[1.2371823]], dtype=float32),
 array([-0.05451894], dtype=float32),
 array([[0.13870609]], dtype=float32),
 array([0.00734114], dtype=float32)]
```



# Look at the model's weights

```
model.get_weights()

[array([[1.2371823]], dtype=float32),
 array([-0.05451894], dtype=float32),
 array([[0.13870609]], dtype=float32),
 array([0.00734114], dtype=float32)]
```

```
from scipy.special import expit as sigmoid
print(sigmoid(1 * 0.13870609 + 0.00734114))
```

```
0.5364470465211318
```

# Evaluate the model on new data

```
X = games_tourney_test[['seed_diff']]  
y_reg = games_tourney_test[['score_diff']]  
y_class = games_tourney_test[['won']]  
model.evaluate(X, [y_reg, y_class])
```

```
[9.866300069455413, 9.281179495657208, 0.585120575627864]
```

# Now you try!

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# Wrap-up

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# So far...

- Functional API
- Shared layers
- Categorical embeddings
- Multiple inputs
- Multiple outputs
- Regression / Classification in one model

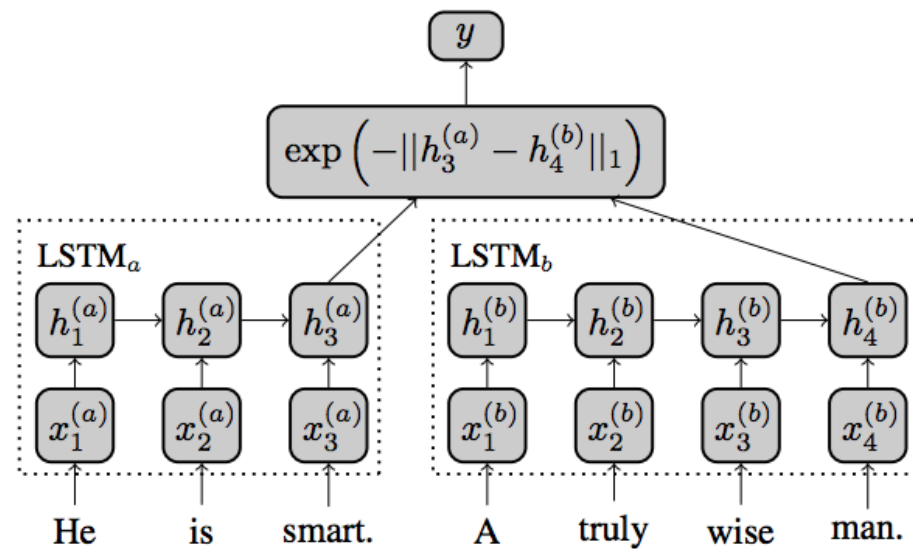
# Shared layers

Useful for making comparisons

- Basketball teams
- Image similarity / retrieval
- Document similarity

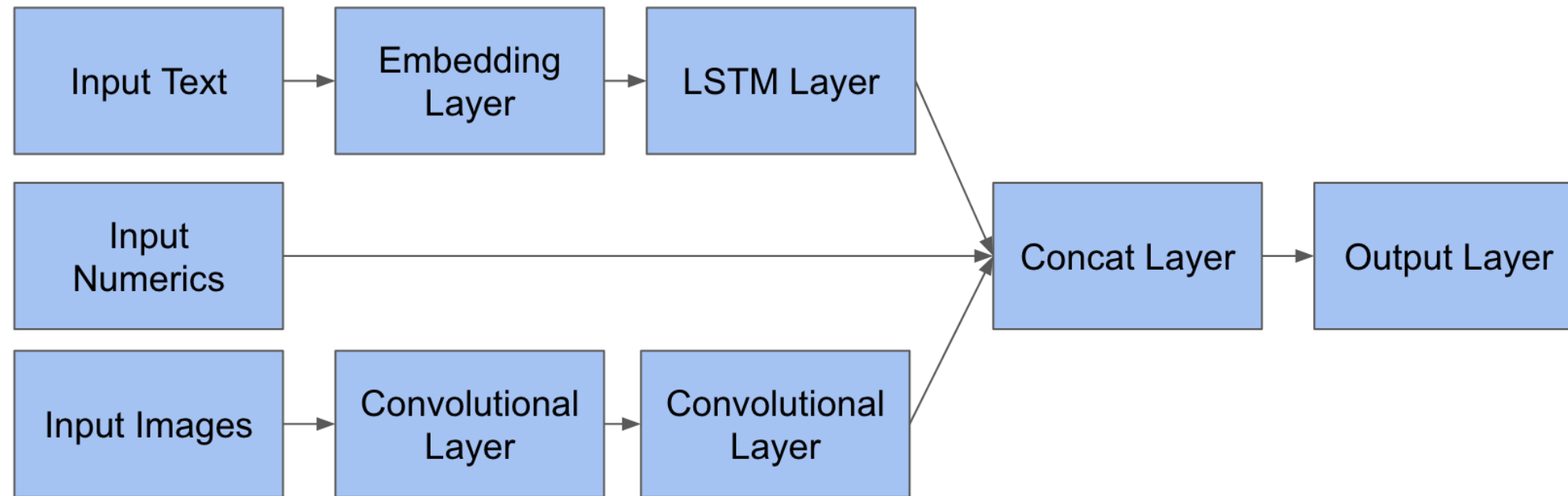
Known in the academic literature as Siamese networks

- [Link to blog post](#)
- [Link to academic paper](#)

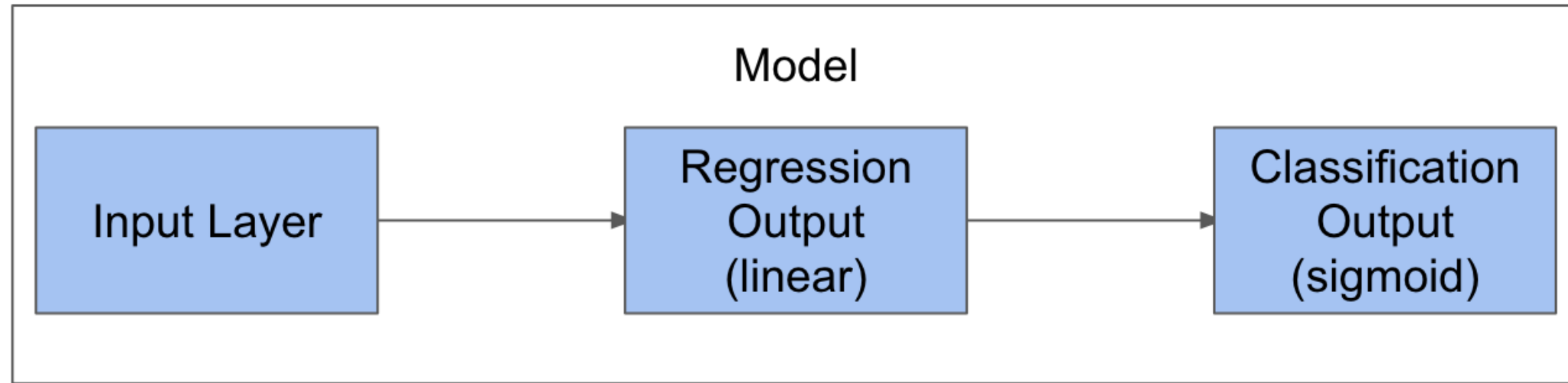




# Multiple inputs



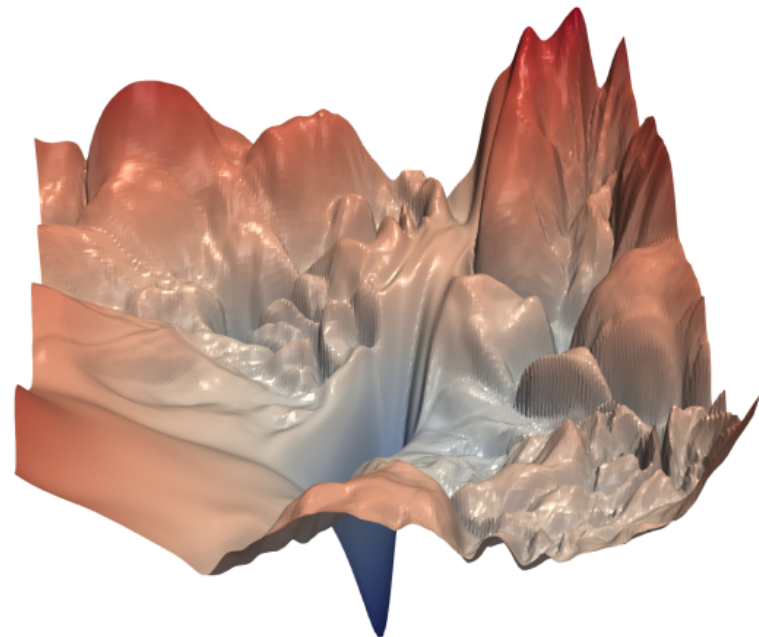
# Multiple outputs



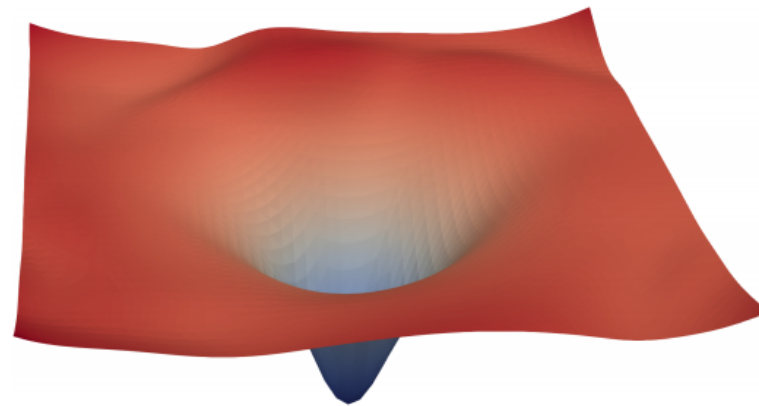
# Skip connections

```
input_tensor = Input((100,))  
hidden_tensor = Dense(256, activation='relu')(input_tensor)  
hidden_tensor = Dense(256, activation='relu')(hidden_tensor)  
hidden_tensor = Dense(256, activation='relu')(hidden_tensor)  
output_tensor = Concatenate()([input_tensor, hidden_tensor])  
output_tensor = Dense(256, activation='relu')(output_tensor)
```

## Visualizing the Loss Landscape of Neural Nets



(a) without skip connections



(b) with skip connections

# Best of luck!

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