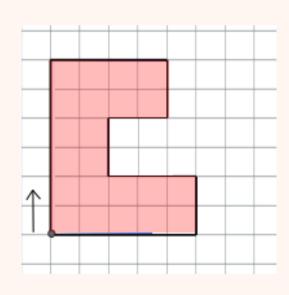
#### Level 4: Pockets

# **C**atalysts

- During his walk, Jim's trail forms pockets.
- A point p is said to be in a pocket if it is not inside the polygon, and at least one of the following two conditions holds.
  - There are boundary points directly both east and west of p; or
  - There are boundary points directly both north and south of p.

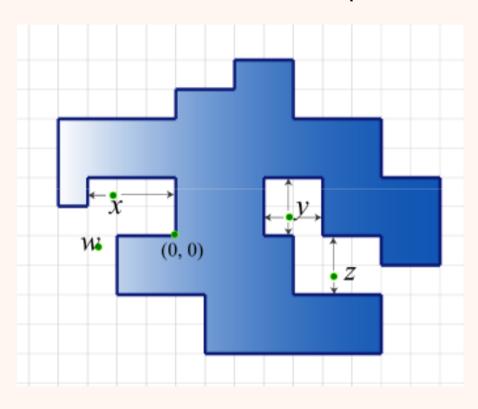
- Input: same as in Level 1
- Output: D RA A P
- Example (the red area is A):
  - Input: 9 F 6 R 1 F 4 RFF 2 LFF 1 LFFFR 1 F 2 R 1 F 5
  - Output: 26 30 22 4



## Level 4: Pocket Examples

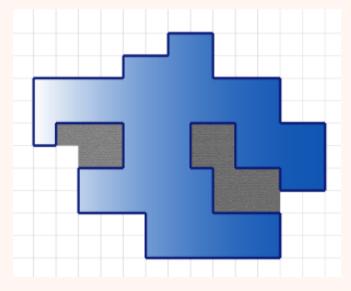
## Catalysts

• To make the definition of pockets more clear, some examples:.



The points x, y and z are inside pockets,
The point w is not inside a pocket

The pockets are marked in grey



#### Level 4: Pockets

### **C**atalysts

Input: same as in Level 1

Output: D RA A P

Example (the grey area is P):

- Input: 9 F 6 R 1 F 4 RFF 2 LFF 1 LFFFR 1 F 2 R 1 F 5

- Output: 26 30 22 4

