

cURL

curl -i -X POST -H 'Content-type: application/json' -d '{"id": 4, "date": "September 13", "content": "We did it"}' <https://envue059mywzj.x.pipedream.net>

Curl = help

-i = include

-X = request <command> Specify request command to use

POST = sending information to server

-H header <head/@file> Pass custom header(s) to server

Content-type = the content type that is being sent

-d = data <data> HTTP Post data

'{"Lorem ipsum"}' = data being sent with JSON formatting

Https: = designated server to receive information

Useful Options:

Send the specified data in an (HTTP) POST request, in the same way that a web browser does. This will pass the data using the content-type application/x-www-form-urlencoded. Compare to -F, --form.

--data "string"

(HTTP FTP FILE) Fetch the headers only! HTTP-servers feature the command HEAD which this uses to get nothing but the header of a document. When used on an FTP or FILE file, curl displays the file size and last modification time only.

-I, --head

Example:

curl -I <https://example.com>

if you want to provide a URL in a config file, you must do that the --url way, or just with url, and not like on the command line where everything that is not an option is assumed to be a URL. So you provide a URL for curl like this:

url = "http://example.com"

-4 or -6 = Resolve names to IPv4 or IPv6 addresses