#### Presentation 3:

Multi-Species Integrated Species Distribution Modeling in *PointedSDMs*'ISEC 2024 – Swansea'

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## Introduction to Multi-Species ISDMs

- Extend single-species models to analyze multiple species simultaneously
- Potential benefits:
  - Improved estimates for rare species
  - Better understanding of community-level patterns
  - More efficient use of data

## The Setophaga Example

- Three warbler species in Pennsylvania:
  - Setophaga fusca (Blackburnian Warbler)
  - Setophaga caerulescens (Black-throated Blue Warbler)
  - Setophaga magnolia (Magnolia Warbler)
- Data sources: eBird, BBS, BBA
- Environmental covariates: Elevation, Canopy cover, Coniferous forest cover

#### Model Initialization

```
speciesModel <- startSpecies(SetohagaData,
    Boundary = PA, Projection = proj,
    Mesh = mesh, responsePA = "NPres",
    trialsPA = "Trials",
    pointsSpatial = NULL,
    spatialCovariates = covariates,
    speciesName = "Species_name")</pre>
```

# Spatial Effect Structures

- 1. Independent (Replicate)
- 2. Shared
- 3. Copied

# Independent Spatial Effects

- Default multi-species model assumes each species has unique spatial field
  - i.e., each treated as a replicate

```
startSpecies(..., speciesSpatial = "replicate",
...)
```

## Shared Spatial Effects

► If species are assumed to have a common spatial field, we can specify it is shared

```
startSpecies(..., speciesSpatial = "shared",
...)
```

# Copied Spatial Effects

```
startSpecies(..., speciesSpatial = "copy",
...)
```

# Species-Specific Covariate Effects

speciesModelConif <- startSpecies(...,</pre>

```
spatialCovariates = all_covariates,
   speciesEnvironment = TRUE)
speciesModelConif$changeComponents(removeComponent = "Seto]
```

## Bias Correction in Multi-Species Models

# Model Comparison

CopyspeciesEst\$dic\$dic speciesSharedEst\$dic\$dic speciesCopyEst\$dic\$dic speciesEstConif\$dic\$dic biasEst\$dic\$dic

### **Ecological Implications**

- How do spatial effect structures affect species predictions?
- ▶ What can we learn from species-specific covariate effects?
- ► How does bias correction impact our understanding of species distributions?

## Next Steps

- Questions and discussions
- ► Hands-on exercise: Fitting multi-species models to your own data

## References