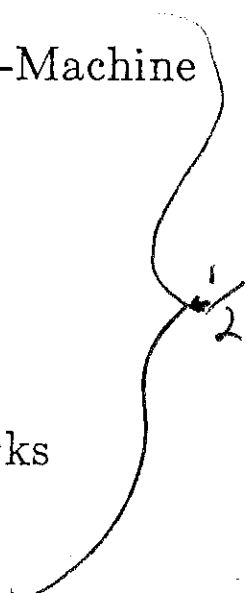


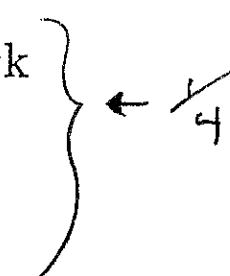
## OUTLINE

From the book:

1. Overview
  2. Interconnection Networks and Parallel-Machine Models
  3. Single-Stage Network Comparisons
  4. Partitioning Single-Stage Networks
  5. Multistage Cube/Shuffle-Exchange Networks
  6. Data Manipulator Network
- 

Additional network material:

Dynamic Redundancy Network  
Parallel Algorithms  
Parallel Machine Case Studies  
Associative Processing ← 1/4



# Interconnection Networks for Parallel Processing

## Chap. 1: Overview

Large-Scale:  $\sim 2^6$  to  $2^{16}$  processors

Parallel Processing: collection of computing devices working together on a single task } *everything in one room*  
*not a LAN*

"Need for Speed"

- computational complexity  
Ex. nuclear simulations, 3-D
- large data sets  
Ex. satellite images,  $4K_{\text{pixels}} \times 4K_{\text{pixels}}$
- time requirements -  
Ex. weather; defense

Networks:

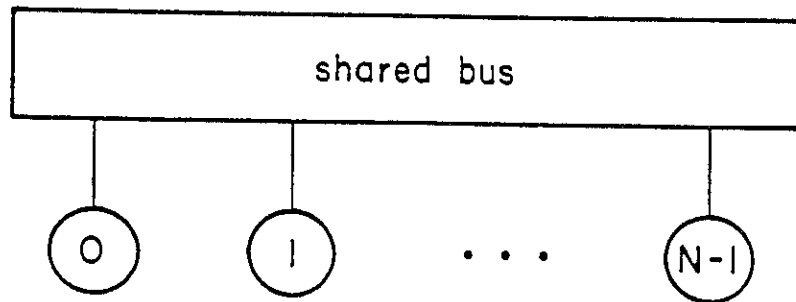
vehicle for processors and memories to communicate with each other in order to do computation

One extreme -

single shared bus

cheap:  $O(N)$  cost

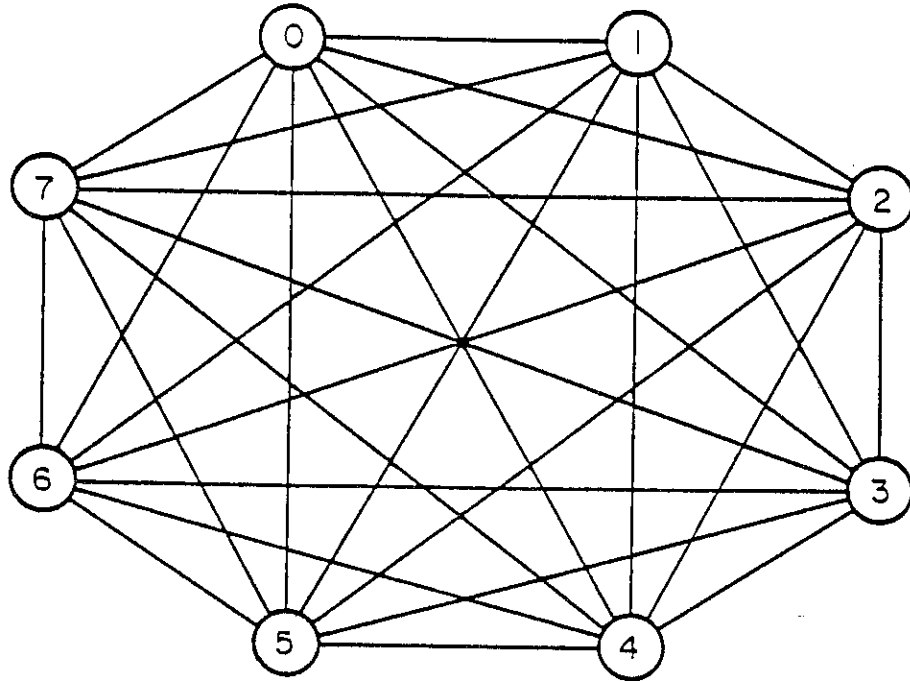
speed:  $O(N)$  if all processors send  
want  $\text{proc. } i \rightarrow \text{proc. } i+1 \forall i$



for  $N$  large and somewhat frequent communication —  
too slow

Other extreme —

completely connected  
each proc. connected to all others



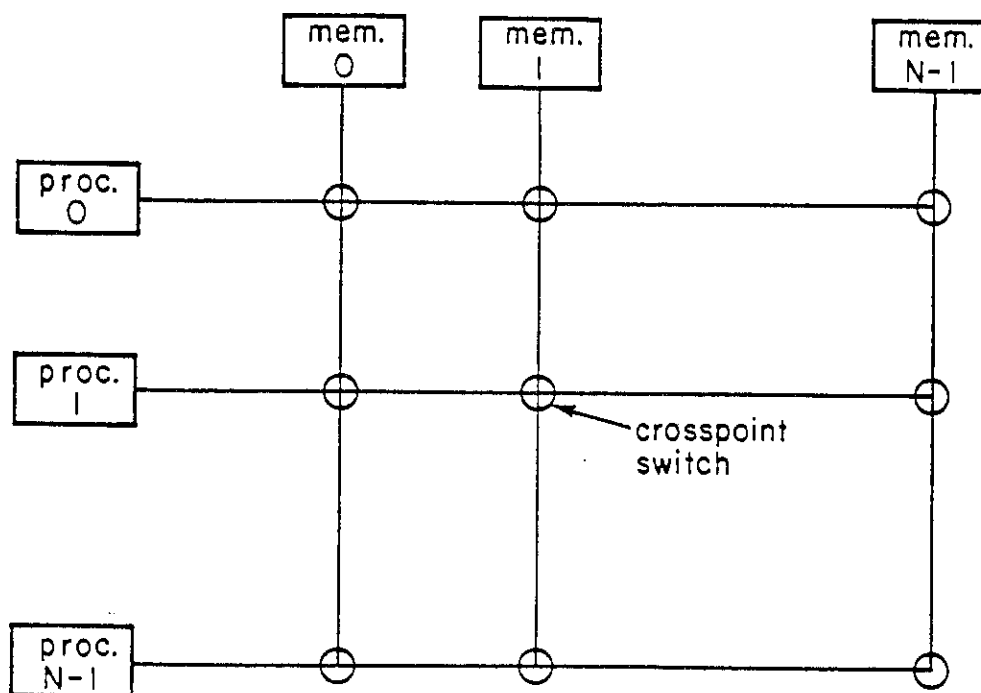
speed:  $O(1)$  constant (fast)

cost:  $O(N^2)$   $N*(N-1)$  links

for large  $N$  too expensive

Alternative to completely connected —

crossbar network — each cross pt. switch  
can form connection



Can connect any proc. to any unique memory  
simultaneously

speed:  $O(1)$  constant

cost:  $O(N^2)$  # switches

for large  $N$  too expensive

Discuss important class of networks based on

both single + multi-stage { PM2I (Plus-Minus  $2^i$ )  
Cube  
Shuffle-Exchange

Illiac (nearest neighbor)

Network designs using above:

(references in book)

data manipulator

ADM

IADM

gamma

omega

perfect shuffle

mesh

hypercube

generalized cube

extra stage cube

SW-banyan

delta

flip

indirect binary m-cube

Benes

baseline

Machine designs using above:  
(references in book for most)

MPP

DAP

CLIP4

Illiacc IV

Novel Multiproc. Array

Omen

SIMDA

RAP

STARAN

DISP

CHoPP

PASM

Ultracomputer

data flow machines

IBM RP3

NCUBE

Intel cube

cosmic cube

BBN butterfly

Connection Machine

∴ This class of networks is important