Title of Thesis Title of Thesis Line 2 Title of Thesis Line3

Author of Thesis

Doctor of Philosophy

Department

McGill University
Montreal,Quebec
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Requirements Statement Copyright Statement

DEDICATION

This document is dedicated to the graduate students of the McGill University.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Acknowledgments, if included, must be written in complete sentences. Do not use direct address. For example, instead of Thanks, Mom and Dad!, you should say I thank my parents.

ABSTRACT

Abstract in English and French are required. The text of the abstract in English begins here.

ABRÉGÉ

The text of the abstract in French begins here.

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CHAPTER 1 Introduction

1.1 Introduction

There is an eps file of the mcgill logo here: https://github.com/vijayrudraraju/thesis.

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t}u(\boldsymbol{x}^c,t) + \nabla \cdot \boldsymbol{f}(u(\boldsymbol{x}^c,t)) = 0, t \ge 0, \boldsymbol{x}^c \coloneqq \begin{bmatrix} x & y & z \end{bmatrix} \in \Omega,$$
$$u(\boldsymbol{x}^c,0) = u_0(\boldsymbol{x}^c), \boldsymbol{x}^c \in \Omega,$$

$$\int_{\mathbf{\Omega}_{r}} \boldsymbol{\chi}(\boldsymbol{\xi}^{r})^{T} J_{m}^{\Omega} \boldsymbol{\chi}(\boldsymbol{\xi}^{r}) \frac{d}{dt} \hat{\boldsymbol{u}}_{m}(t)^{T} d\Omega_{r} + \int_{\mathbf{\Omega}_{r}} \boldsymbol{\chi}(\boldsymbol{\xi}^{r})^{T} \frac{\partial}{\partial \boldsymbol{\xi}} \boldsymbol{\chi}(\boldsymbol{\xi}^{r}) \hat{\boldsymbol{f}}_{1m}^{r}(t)^{T} d\Omega_{r}
+ \int_{\mathbf{\Omega}_{r}} \boldsymbol{\chi}(\boldsymbol{\xi}^{r})^{T} \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta} \boldsymbol{\chi}(\boldsymbol{\xi}^{r}) \hat{\boldsymbol{f}}_{2m}^{r}(t)^{T} d\Omega_{r} + \int_{\mathbf{\Omega}_{r}} \boldsymbol{\chi}(\boldsymbol{\xi}^{r})^{T} \frac{\partial}{\partial \zeta} \boldsymbol{\chi}(\boldsymbol{\xi}^{r}) \hat{\boldsymbol{f}}_{3m}^{r}(t)^{T} d\Omega_{r}
+ \int_{\mathbf{\Gamma}_{r}} \boldsymbol{\chi}(\boldsymbol{\xi}^{r})^{T} J_{m}^{\Gamma} \hat{\boldsymbol{n}}_{m} \cdot \boldsymbol{f}_{m}^{C} d\Gamma_{r} = \mathbf{0}^{T},$$
(1.1.1)

Selecting suitable sets of surface and volume cubature nodes and using (1.1.1) is given discretely by [1, eq. (4.24)], [2, eq. (23)], presented in §1.2 to numerically verify

		L_2 Error			Conv. Order		
Polynomial	Mesh Size	ρ	p	s	ρ	p	s
P1	7.91e-02	1.66e-01	2.42e-01	4.52e-02	-	-	-
	3.95e-02	4.93e-02	6.58e-02	1.58e-02	1.75	1.88	1.52
	1.98e-02	1.63e-02	2.08e-02	5.63e-03	1.60	1.66	1.49
	9.88e-03	5.56e-03	6.90e-03	2.00e-03	1.55	1.59	1.49
P2	1.09e-01	1.75e-03	1.78e-03	1.55e-03	-	-	-
	5.46e-02	2.20e-04	2.06e-04	2.38e-04	2.99	3.11	2.70
	2.73e-02	2.75e-05	2.47e-05	3.22e-05	3.00	3.06	2.89
	1.36e-02	3.43e-06	2.99e-06	4.15e-06	3.01	3.05	2.96
	6.82e-03	4.29e-07	3.69e-07	5.25 e-07	3.00	3.02	2.98
P3	8.33e-02	6.68e-04	8.98e-04	6.25 e-05	-	-	-
	4.17e-02	7.09e-05	9.54 e-05	4.82e-06	3.24	3.24	3.70
	2.08e-02	7.25e-06	9.89e-06	4.05e-07	3.29	3.27	3.57
	1.04e-02	7.64e-07	1.06e-06	2.76e-08	3.24	3.22	3.87
	5.21e-03	7.23e-08	1.03e-07	1.76e-09	3.40	3.36	3.97
P4	6.74e-02	6.33e-06	7.24e-06	4.53e-06	-	-	-
	3.37e-02	2.58e-07	2.68e-07	2.39e-07	4.62	4.76	4.24
	1.69e-02	8.27e-09	7.60e-09	8.92e-09	4.96	5.14	4.74
	8.43e-03	2.56e-10	2.22e-10	2.91e-10	5.01	5.10	4.94

Table 1–1: Errors and Convergence Orders - $PI_c = 2P$ (GL/Cools), $PI_{cf} = 2P$ (GL), PG = P, EFE = 1

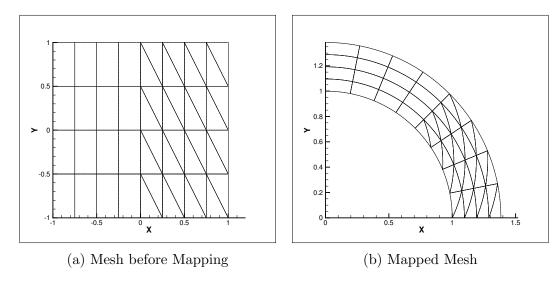


Figure 1–2: Supersonic Vortex Structured Mixed Mesh

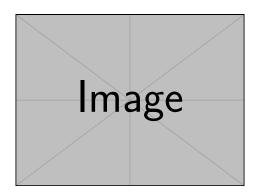


Figure 1–1: figure caption

- setspace (2000/12/01)
- ulem (2000/05/26)

You can use \uline{text} to underline <u>text</u>. The documentation of the ulem package provides more information.

• sectsty (1999/04/12)

Since underlining in section headings is rather nontrivial, the sectsty package was used to manipulate the formatting of sectional headings.

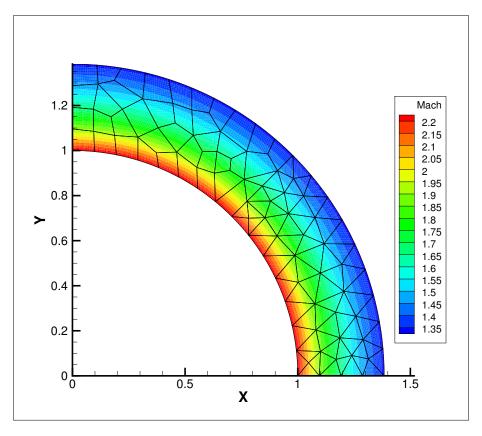


Figure 1–3: Mach Number Distribution: $P=4,\ PG=4,\ PF=5,\ PFr=8,\ PIs=8,\ PIc=11,\ PIsf=8,\ PIcf=12,\ EFE=1$

• ragged2e (1999/06/08)

This package adds support to handle ragged right justification appropriately.

• everysel (1999/06/08)

Required by the ragged2e package.

1.2 General Guidelines

• Please use commands provided by mcgilletdclass, otherwise your thesis may not be able to pass the validation check.

- If you run into problems using this stylesheet, please contact us as soon as possible.
- Files you must submit: *.tex, *.dvi and *.bib files.

CHAPTER 2 Usage

An example of how to use the mcgilletdclass document class is provided in mcgilletd-sample.tex. Details of how to compile the example are provided in a later section. Use this class file the same way as the report class, by putting \c mcgilletdclass at the beginning of the LATEX 2ε file. There are only a few options available with this document class, which will be described in the following sections. Due to the requirements of the McGill University, this document class does not support two-sided printing or two-column page layout.

3.1 Font Size Options: 10pt, 11pt or 12pt

These are the font sizes that are available in the standard LaTeX 2_{ε} report document class. The 12pt font size is the preferred option for the final typeset version of the document. Obviously, only one of these options should be used in the \documentclass command. The 12pt option is selected by default if none of these options are specified in the \documentclass command.

CHAPTER 4 Title Page

The document preamble is the part that occurs before the \begin{document} statement. Throughout the document, information about the author, the title, etc., is required. The following commands are used in the document preamble to define all of the required text strings that are used to personalize the document.

- \SetTitle{text} : This is the title as it appears on the title page. The title must be entered using all upper-case letters. Line-breaks can be entered in the title by using the \\ command.
- \SetAuthor{text} : The author's name, using capital letters where appropriate.
- \SetDegreeType{text} :Something like "Master of Science" or "Doctor of Philosophy".
- \SetDepartment{text} : The department or faculty
- \SetUniversity{text} :McGill University
- \SetUniversityAddr{text} :Montreal, Quebec
- \SetThesisDate{text} :Date of your thesis
- \SetRequirements{text} : Text of requirements statements
- \SetCopyright{text} : Copyright Statements

CHAPTER 5 The Thesis FrontSection

In this section, we present the commands used to add all pages prior to the first chapter of the thesis. Some of these commands are required while some of them are optional.

5.1 Title page(required)

The command \maketitle formats the title page.

5.2 Dedication

The optional dedication can be inserted by using the command \SetDedicationName{text}, \SetDedication, and \Dedication, where text is the contents of the dedication.

5.3 Acknowledgments

In order to format the optional acknowledgments, use the command \SetAcknowledgeName{text},\Setand \Acknowledge{text}. The title "ACKNOWLEDGMENTS" is automatically added to the table of contents.

5.4 Table of Contents, List of Tables and Figures (required)

These lists are generated with the commands \tableofcontents, \listoftables and \listoffigure The titles of these lists may be changed by renewing the \TOCHeading{text}, \LOTHeading{text}, and the \LOFHeadling{text} macros, respectively.

5.5 Abstract(required)

This command, which actually is an environment, sets up the required text for the abstract. The proper use is: \SetAbstractEnName{text} for the heading of the abstract and \SetAbstractEnText{text} for the text of the abstract. The command \AbstractEn is used to incorporate the heading of the abstract and the abstract text into your document. \SetAbstractFrName{text}, \SetAbstracFrText{text} and \AbstractFr are the equivalent commands for the French abstract, and \SetAbstractOtName{text}, \SetAbstractOtText{text} and \AbstractOt are for an abstract in another language. And abstract in English and French are required by the University.

CHAPTER 6 The Thesis "Mainmatter"

In this section, we describe the commands used to format the main chapters of the thesis. Please refer to the sample thesis file mcgilletdsample.tex for examples of how these commands are used.

6.1 Chapter Titles

Use the \chapter command to start a new chapter in the document. If the boolean SetDSpace is true, then the chapter will be typeset using double-spacing. In general, the class file sets the SetDSpace boolean appropriately so that the selection of singlespacing or double-spacing is transparent to the user. Note that the chapter title may extend over more than one line by using the following form: \chapter[Title Line 1 \protect\newline Title Line 2]

6.2 Section Headings

Use the \section command for first-level subheadings. Use the \subsection command for second-level subheadings. Since it may be difficult to distinguish third-level subheadings from second-level subheadings, it is suggested that the \paragraph command be used for all third-level subheadings. Note that the text of the heading may extend over more than one line. In this case, use the same command as shown for the \chapter command above.

6.3 Tables and Figures

Use the \begin{table} and \end{table} to contain a new table.

Use the \begin{figure} and \end{figure} to include a new figure. Captions must be placed above tables and below figures. \TableCaption{text} is for tables and \FigureCaption{text} is for figures. Please note that captions are required for both figures and tables, and must be supplied on a strictly one-to-one basis.

\TableCaptionOpt{text1}{text2} is another command for the similar use. Here, text1 will appear in the list of tables; text2 is the actual caption of a table. Similarly, \FigureCaptionOpt{text1}{text2} is for figures.

CHAPTER 7 The Thesis "Backmatter"

The following commands are used to control the appearance and content of appendices and other thesis end-matter. You might have to tailor some of these commands to suit your requirements. Use the \ETDAppendix{Appendix}{text} and \ETDAppendix{Appendix}{text} commands to add an appendix; you may have more than one appendix if necessary.

7.1 List of References

We only support the BibTex tool. Use the \bibHeading{text} command to set the heading of your references. Use the \bibliography{bibtexdatabase} to incorporate your BibTex list. Use the \bibliographystyle{text} to set the citation style of your bibliography.

Here is a simple example to demonstrate the use of BibTex.

The following text and latex commands (in conjunction with the mgilletd.bib file included in the mgilletd package):

produce:

The references themselves are inserted in the document at the point of the \bibliography{mcgilletd} command (see the end of this document).

CHAPTER 8 Special Commands

The commands described in this section are used to aid in the commenting of the source file, and also describe support for special formatting. These commands are optional, in that they are not required in order to format the document.

8.1 Automatically Generated Indices

Several commands have been included in this document class file to facilitate the creation of automatically generated lists with the MakeIndex program. Use this command in the document preamble to enable the creation of an index file. If only one index is to be created, then just use the

command. However, if there is to be more than one index, or it is desirable to name the index file something besides the default, use the following command

A unique filename for each index must be assigned, so a command should exist for each index, in the document preamble. Issue this command at the point in the document where the index is to be typeset. Typically, this will be after the lists of figures and tables (if included). The command creates a new chapter and sets up the initial page formatting for the list to be generated. The form of the command directly corresponds to the form of the command used in the document. This is the command that is used to actually define what is going to be added to the index list. As with the other indexing commands there are two forms that can be used, depending on how the command was issued. For generating only one index file, use

the command shown below If there are more than one index files, or if a custom filename was used for the index, then the following form of the command must be used: Of course, for each index file that is created, a run of the MakeIndex program will be required.

8.2 Changing the Code . . .

It might be necessary to modify some of the commands defined in the document class. However, you do NOT have to (and SHOULD NOT!) edit the mcgillet dclass.cls file directly. Instead, place any commands you wish to create or modify in a file called mcgillet dclass.cfg and put it in the same directory as your main thesis file. The mcgillet dclass document class will automatically load this file. Please note that required commands must not be changed if your thesis is to be correctly converted to XML for the McGill EThesis Project.

8.3 An Example Thesis File

In order to typeset the example file, the following files should exist: mcgilletdclass.cls, mcgilletdsample.tex, mcgilletd.bib, chick.eps, and the additional packages described at the beginning of this document. (See the documentation for your local installation of $\text{ET}_{EX} \ 2\varepsilon$ for information on how to install local customizations.)

Use the following commands to typeset the mcgilletdsample file:

latex mcgilletdsample bibtex mcgilletdsample latex mcgilletdsample latex mcgilletdsample

8.4 Special Cases

An objective of the McGill Electronic Thesis Project is to create a means to ensure the long-term preservation and long-term accessibility of theses created at McGill University. The submitted theses will be archived as XML, which is a subset of SGML, a markup language for the interchange of structured data. The basis for SGML/XML is the description of the contents, not the layout. Therefore, the mcgilletdclass documentclass adds sematic support to text layout commands. Some of them are described as below:

• Emphasis ProperName

- i \BProperName is to set text to boldface; the text will be treated as a proper name.
- ii \BIProperName is to set text to boldface and italic; the text will be treated as a proper name.
- iii \BIUProperName is to set text to boldface, italic and underline; the text will be treated as a proper name.
- iv \BUProperName is to set text to boldface and underline; the text will be treated as a proper name.
- v \IUProperName is to set text to italic and underline; the text will be treated as a proper name.
- vi \UProperName is to set text to underline; the text will be treated as a proper name.
- vii \IProperName is to set text to italic; the text will be treated as a proper name.

• Emphasis Technical Term

- i \BTechnicalTerm is to set text to boldface; the text will be treated as a technical term.
- ii \BITechnicalTerm is to set text to boldface and italic; the text will be treated as a technical term.
- iii \BIUTechnicalTerm is to set text to boldface, italic and underline; the text will be a treated as technical term.
- iv \BUTechnicalTerm is to set text to boldface and underline; the text will be treated as a technical term.
- v \IUTechnicalTerm is to set text to italic and underline; the text will be treated as a technical term.
- vi \UTechnicalTerm is to set text to underline; the text will be treated as a technical term.
- vii \ITechnicalTerm is to set text to italic; the text will be treated as a technical term.

• Emphasis Title

- i \BTitle is to set text to boldface; the text will be treated as a title.
- ii \BITitle is to set text to boldface and italic; the text will be treated as a title.
- iii \BIUTitle is to set text to boldface, italic and underline; the text will be a treated as title.
- iv \BUTitle is to set text to boldface and underline; the text will be treated as a title.

- v \IUTitle is to set text to italic and underline; the text will be treated as a title.
- vi \UTitle is to set text to underline; the text will be treated as a title.
- vii \ITitle is to set text to italic; the text will be treated as a title.

• Emphasis ForeignWord

- i \BForeignWord is to set text to boldface; the text will be treated as a Foreign Word.
- ii \BIForeignWord is to set text to boldface and italic; the text will be treated as a Foreign Word.
- iii \BIUForeignWord is to set text to boldface, italic and underline; the text will be a treated as Foreign Word.
- iv \BUForeignWord is to set text to boldface and underline; the text will be treated as a Foreign Word.
- v \IUForeignWord is to set text to italic and underline; the text will be treated as a Foreign Word.
- vi \UForeignWord is to set text to underline; the text will be treated as a Foreign Word.
- vii \IForeignWord is to set text to italic; the text will be treated as a Foreign Word.

• Visual Emphasis

i \BVisualEmphasis is to set text to boldface; the text will be treated as Visual Emphasis.

- ii \BIVisualEmphasis is to set text to boldface and italic; the text will be treated as Visual Emphasis.
- iii \BIUVisualEmphasis is to set text to boldface, italic and underline; the text will be treated as Visual Emphasis.
- iv \BUVisualEmphasis is to set text to boldface and underline; the text will be treated as Visual Emphasis.
- v \IUVisualEmphasis is to set text to italic and underline; the text will be treated as Visual Emphasis.
- vi \UVisualEmphasis is to set text to underline; the text will be treated as Visual Emphasis.
- vii \IVisualEmphasis is to set text to italic; the text will be treated as Visual Emphasis.

• Quotation

- i Use \SingleInlineQuote command to do 'inline quote'.
- ii Use \DoubleInlineQuote command to do "inline quote".
- iii Use \begin{quote} and \end{quote} for block quote

• Verse

i Use \verse command for verse.

• Lists

- i Use \begin{BulletList} and \end{BulletList} commands to create bulleted lists.
- ii Use \begin{RomanList} and \end{RomanList} commands to create upper case Roman numbered lists.

- iii Use \begin{romanList} and \end{romanList} commands to create lower case roman numbered lists.
- iv Use \begin{AlphList} and \end{AlphList} commands to create upper case Alphabetical lists.
- v Use \begin{alphList} and \end{alphList} commands to create lower case alphabetical lists.
- vi Use \begin{arabicList} and \end{arabicList} commands to create arabic numbered lists.

• Formula

i Use \begin{MathFormula} and \end{MathFormula} commands to embed normal math formula as per the following example:

\begin{MathFormula}

\begin{math}

\end{math}

\end{MathFormula}

Example:

$$\bar{u} = \int_{I}^{E} g(x)dx \tag{8.4.1}$$

ii Use \begin{ChemFormula} and \end{ChemFormula} commands for chemical formulae, similar to the above example.

\begin{ChemFormula}

. . .

\end{ChemFormula}

8.5 Testing figures and tables.

Table 8–1: The First Table

First	Second	Third	Fourth
12	26	12	33
17	93	88	3
12	26	12	33
12	26	12	33
12	26	12	33
17	93	88	3
12	26	12	33
12	26	12	33
12	26	12	33
17	93	88	3
12	26	12	33
12	26	12	33

CHAPTER 9 TESTING FOOTNOTES

We will now work on testing footnotes.¹ And now let's add some spurious text so that we can have a second² footnote.

¹ This is the first footnote.

 $^{^2}$ This is the second footnote. To test if the footnote is typeset single-spaced, we add meaningless text until we can see a second line.

Appendix A

Here is the text of an Appendix.

Appendix B

Here is the text of a second, additional Appendix

References

- [1] P. Castonguay, P. Vincent, A. Jameson, A new class of high-order energy stable flux reconstruction schemes for triangular elements, Journal of Scientific Computing 51 (1) (2012) 224–256. doi:10.1007/s10915-011-9505-3. URL http://dx.doi.org/10.1007/s10915-011-9505-3
- [2] D. Williams, A. Jameson, Energy stable flux reconstruction schemes for advection-diffusion problems on tetrahedra, Journal of Scientific Computing 59 (3) (2014) 721–759. doi:10.1007/s10915-013-9780-2. URL http://dx.doi.org/10.1007/s10915-013-9780-2