

EE6341 Assignment 1

Instructions:

- This assignment contains one question at page 1, from parts (a) to (c) and one figure.
- The answers should be handwritten on A4 size papers.
- Indicate clearly the **total number of pages** and **matriculation number** on the first page, and **name** on every page of the answer sheets.
- Please submit your completed hardcopy solution of the assignment just after the EE4341/EE6341 class on **10 September, 2024**.

Question: For the AC equivalent circuit of a common-emitter BJT amplifier shown in Figure 1, assume that $V_{CC} = 10\text{ V}$, $V_{BE} = 0.7\text{ V}$, $R_S = 5\text{ k}\Omega$, $R_B = 100\text{ k}\Omega$, $R_L = 1\text{ k}\Omega$, $C_{b'e} = 2\text{ pF}$, $C_{c'b'} = 1\text{ pF}$, and $C_L = 1\text{ pF}$. Assume bias current $I_B = 25\text{ }\mu\text{A}$, Boltzmann's constant $k = 1.38 \times 10^{-23}\text{ J/K}$, $q = 1.6 \times 10^{-19}\text{ C}$, $T = 300\text{ K}$, $V_T = 26\text{ mV}$, $\beta = 100$, $r_{bb'} = 100\text{ }\Omega$, and ignore r_o . Assuming the equivalent noise bandwidth is 100 kHz , and neglecting the flicker noise and all capacitive effect.

Note: For the BJT biased on the forward active region: $r_\pi = \frac{V_T}{I_B}$, $g_m = \frac{I_C}{V_T}$.

- Calculate the total equivalent input rms noise voltage and current by looking into node **a**.
- Calculate the total equivalent input rms noise voltage and current by looking into node **b**.
- Discuss if a transformer (with turn ratio $1:N$) can be incorporated into point b to minimize the total input referred noise? If yes, what is the N to be?

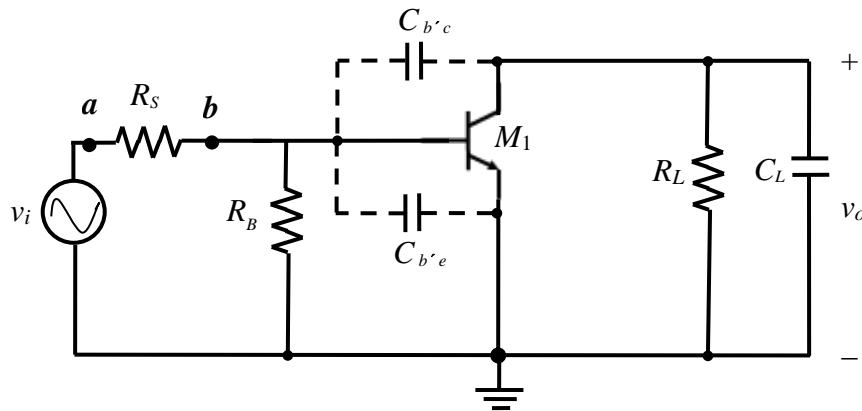


Figure 1