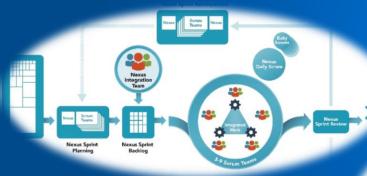
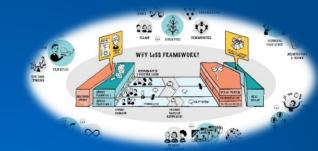
## SCALED SCRUM

31.05.2016, HFT STUTTGART

DOMINIK MAXIMINI, FLORIAN SAUTER











## AGENDA OF THE DAY

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Scrum, what was that again?
- 3. Play a round of Lego!
- 4. Approaches to scale scrum
- 5. Scaling in detail
- 6. Do it yourself!



## 1. INTRODUCTION

Who we are, Pizza, What do you want to learn?

## **Scrum Master Training**



**Dominik Maximini** 



Florian Sauter







## Our core competencies Service portfolio



Our requirement: specialist knowledge and sound consultation, which don't just provide short-term solutions, but offer sustained and strategic benefits.



Successfully mastering interdisciplinary IT projects isn't something you learn at the drawing board - there is no substitute for practical experience.







# Let us know...

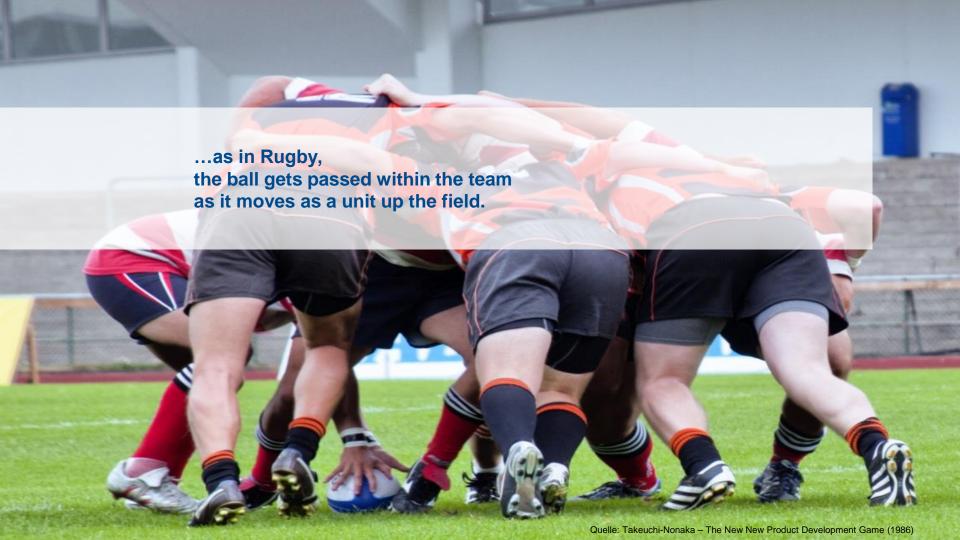
... What do you want to learn today?

... what are the biggest challenges when scaling an agile approach?



## 2. SCRUM, WHAT WAS THAT AGAIN?

Big Picture, Events, Rollen, Artefakte



#### What is Agility?

#### Duden

- demonstrates great mobility
- active and flexible

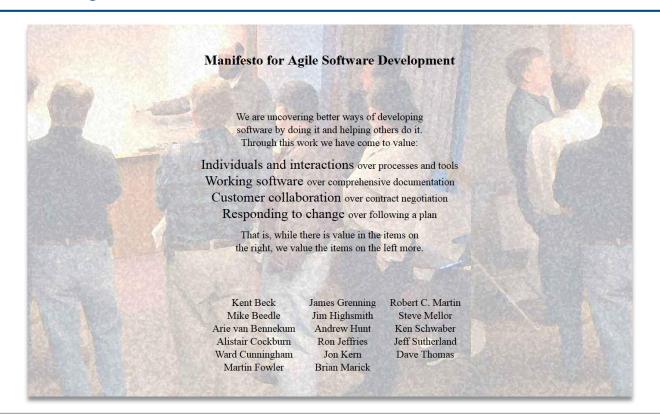
- The ability to react rapidly and responsively to changing requirements, while at the same time controlling risk
- Flexibility, the ability to adapt efficiently and rapidly

"The courage to be honest enough to admit that building software is complex and it can't be perfectly planned since requirements change." – Ken Schwaber<sup>1</sup>

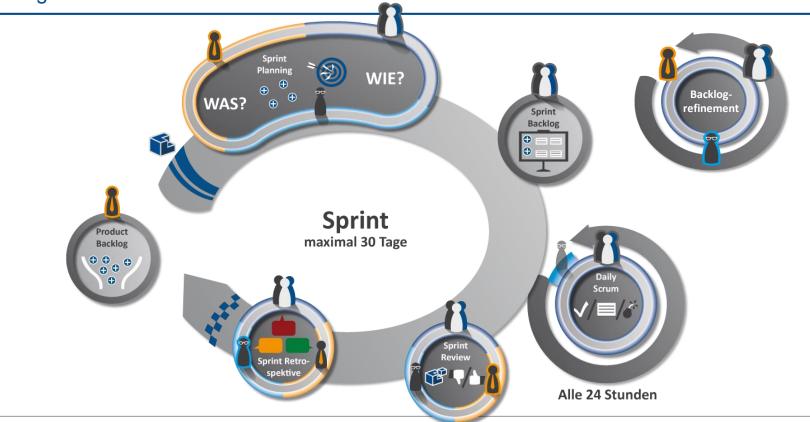
can't be perfectly planned since requirements change." - Ken Schwaber



#### How it began: The Agile Manifesto



## The Big Picture





#### **Scrum Events**

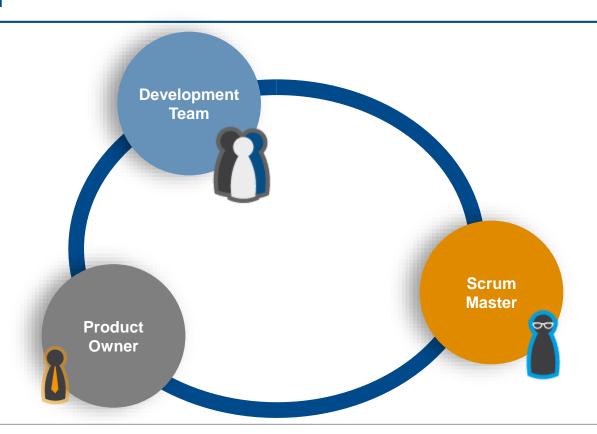


#### Events...

- create regularity and transparency
- minimise the need for further meetings
- are timeboxed
- offer opportunities for inspection and adaptation

Sprint	Sprint Planning	Daily Scrum	Sprint Review	Sprint Retrospective	Refinement Meeting
max 30 Days	What? How?	Every 24 hours			PBI

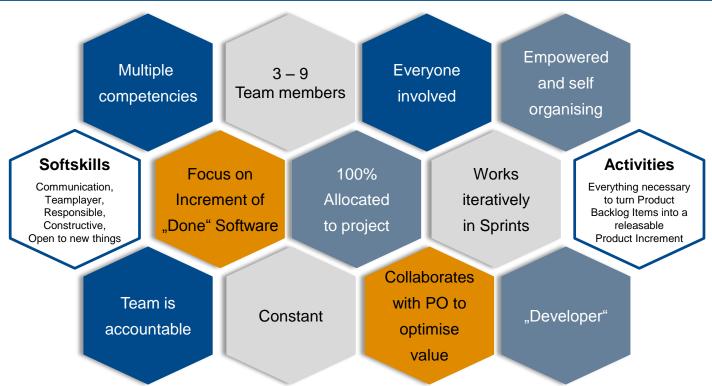
#### The Scrum Team





#### The Development Team



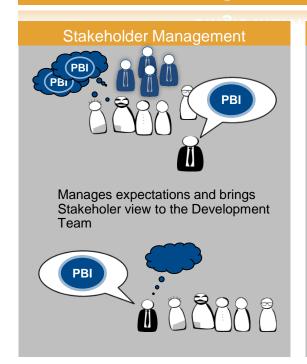


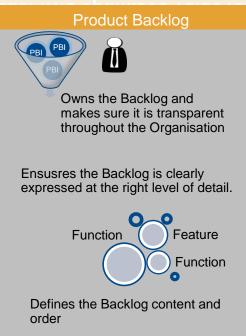


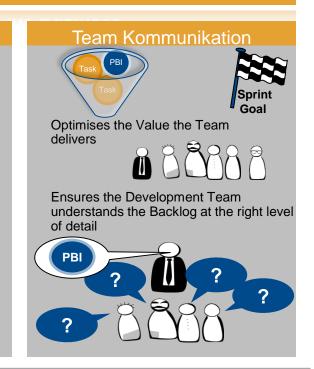
#### The Product Owner - The business representative



#### Single individual who optimises Value for the Business









#### The Scrum Master - Function und Activities





Ensures Scrum is understood and enacted

Personifies the Scrum Values, Rules and Principles

Helps the Scrum Team effectively manage the Backlog

Servant Leader for the Scrum Team (Mentor, Coach & Facilitator)

Enables the Scrum Team to meet its goals through support and eliminatinon of impediments

Helps the Scrum Team understand and practice Agility

Extends the application of Scrum and Agility in the broader Organisation

#### Softskills

Communication and Facilitation
Skills
Personifies the Agile Values

Self confidence

Recognises conflicts and can

resolve them

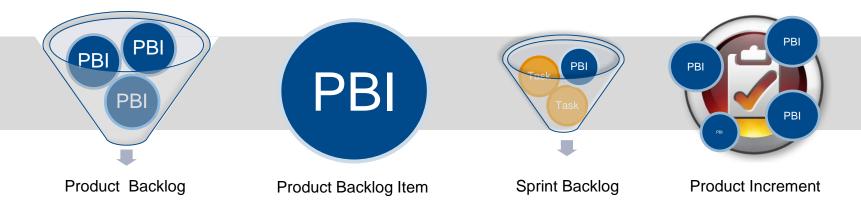


#### **Scrum Artifacts**



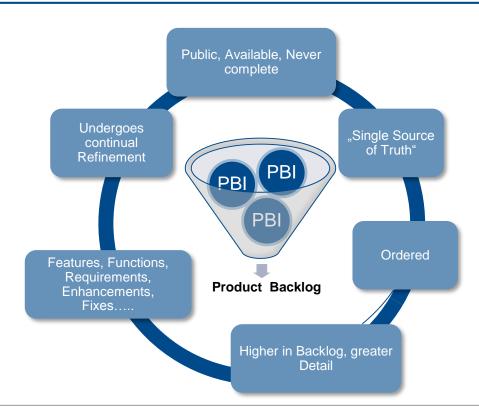
#### **Artifacts**

- serve to provide transparency
- provide opportunities for inspection and adaptation



#### **Product Backlog**

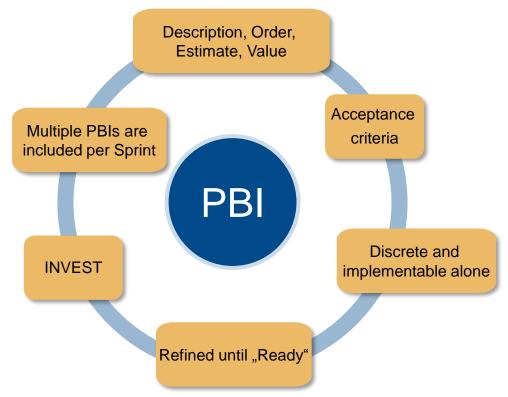






#### Product Backlog Item

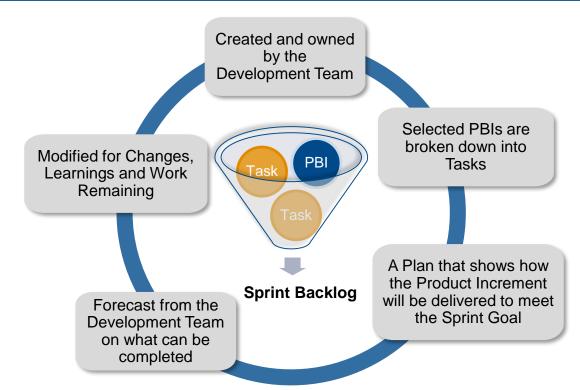






#### **Sprint Backlog**

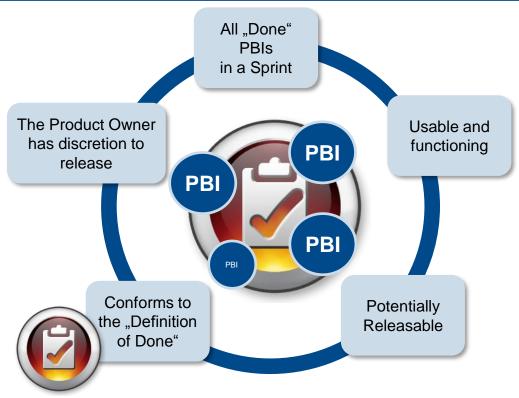






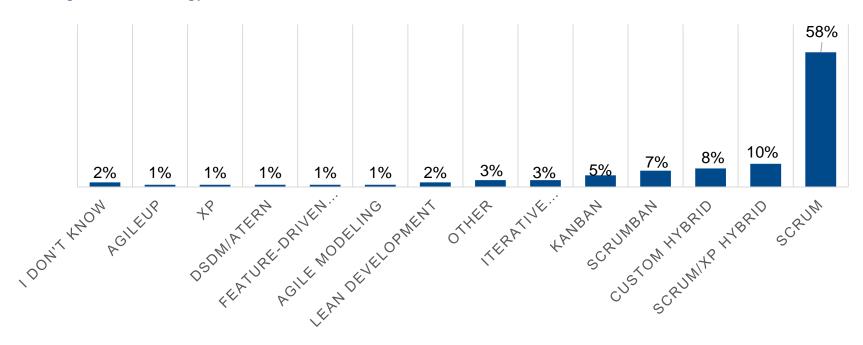
#### **Product Increment**





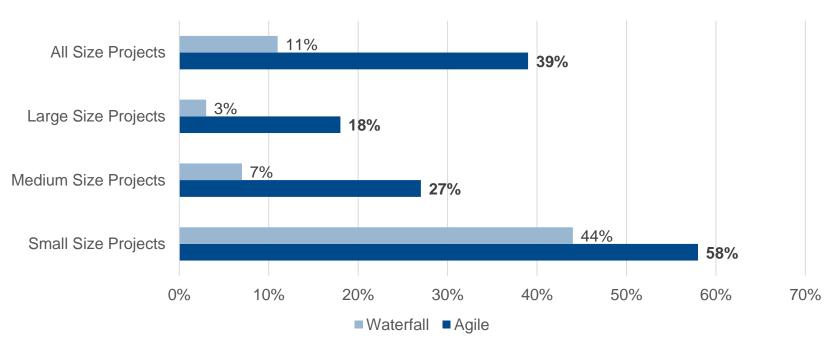
#### The 10th annual State of Agile survey

#### What agile methodology is followed?



#### Chaos Report 2015

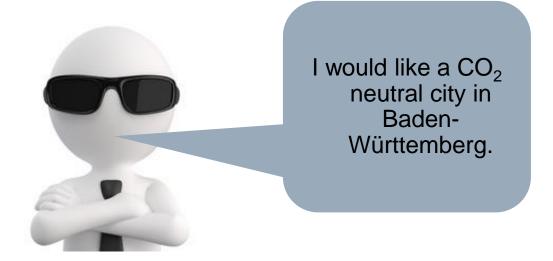
#### CHAOS RESOLUTION BY AGILE VERSUS WATERFALL



3. PLAY A ROUND OF LEGO!
Sprint 1

#### Scrum in Action

# Kick -Off



No atomic power

Unlimited financial resources

Initial living space for 10 people

Building starts here today

**Product Vision** 

## Release goal



The first 10 residents feel welcome, both at home and at work

Our city is an environmentally friendly, industrial metropole

## Lego is our unit of measure







#### 1. Divide yourselves into teams of 3-5 team members

#### 2. Develop and document as a team:

A name and a logo for your team on a flipchart



#### 3. Choose a Product Owner for your team

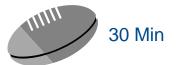
Your Product Owner will prioritize the requirements and will approve or decline the Product Increment.

#### 4. Pick up your business requirements from your customer

- Your customer are the trainers
- Get your business requirements from your customer
- Get your building materials from your customer



## Scrum in Action – The Sprint



- 1. Present the product after 30 minutes.
- 2. Adhere to Scrum rules (do the meetings!)
- 3. You decide which requirements you want to show.
- 4. You decide how best to present the requirements.
- 5. Don't forget to give your city a name. ©

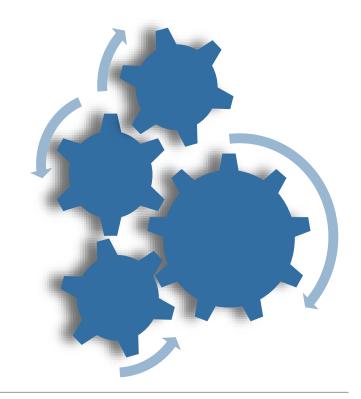




# Review

#### **Stand back from the building site:**

- What was finished?
- Is it really done?
- Can the result pass the Review?

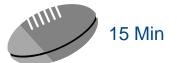




Regardless of what we discover, we understand and truly believe that everyone did the best job they could, given what they knew at the time, their skills and abilities, the resources available, and the situation at hand.

- Norm Kerth

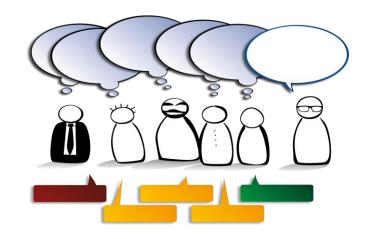




# Retrospective

#### **Stand back from the building site:**

- What worked well?
- What could be done better?
- What would you do differently in the next sprint?





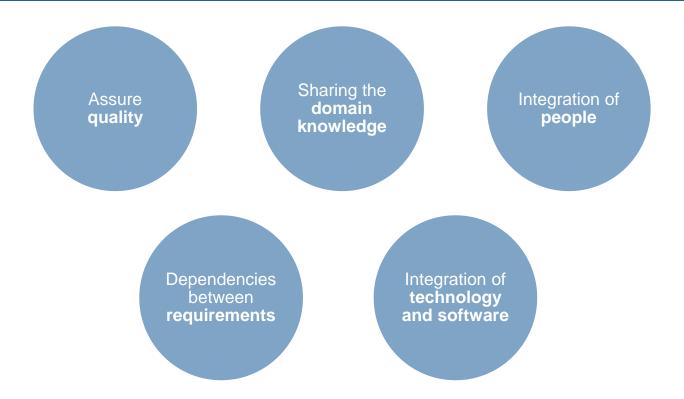


# Challenges of scaling

What are the biggest challenges when doing it altogether?

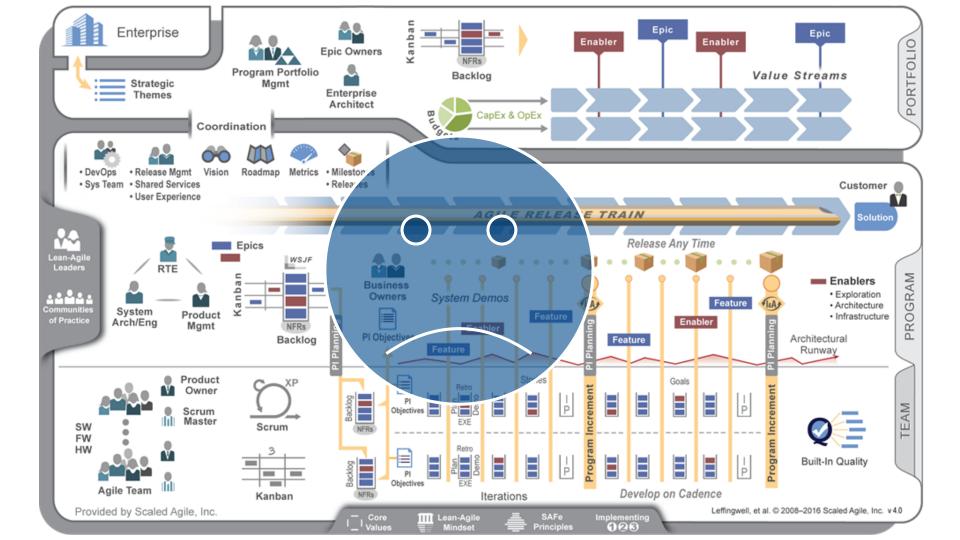


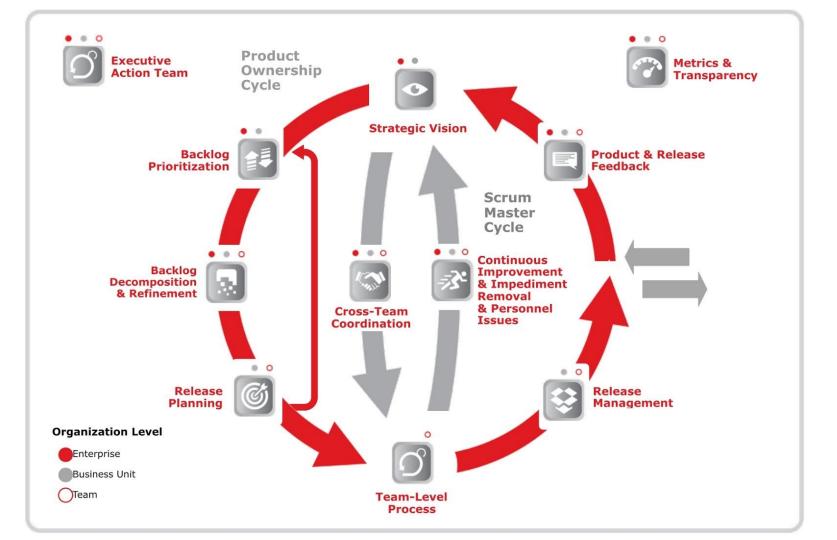
## Challenges of scaling

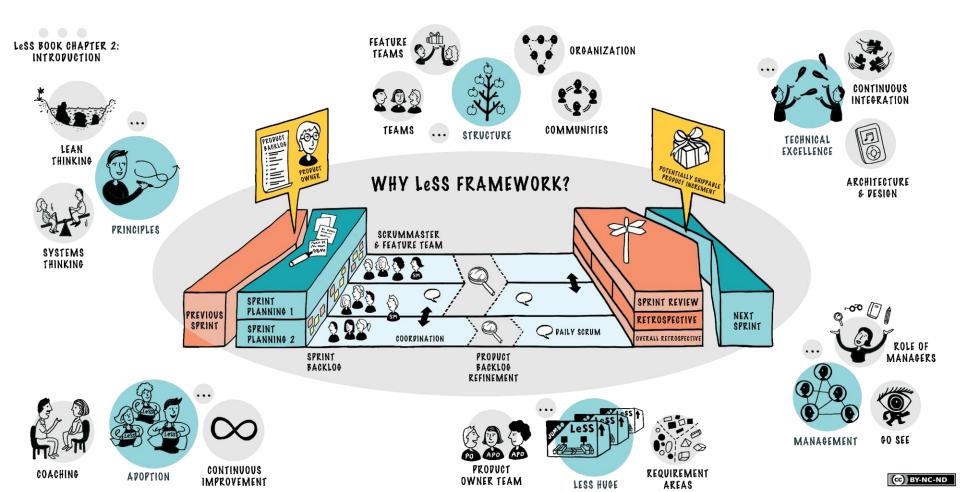




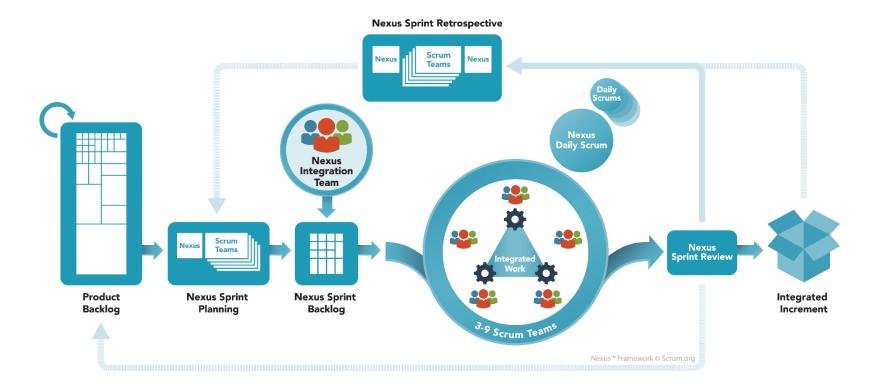
# 4. APPROACHES TO SCALE SCRUM Scaling Frameworks







# NEXUS FRAMEWORK (Nexus™)



# Prerequisits for scaling Scrum

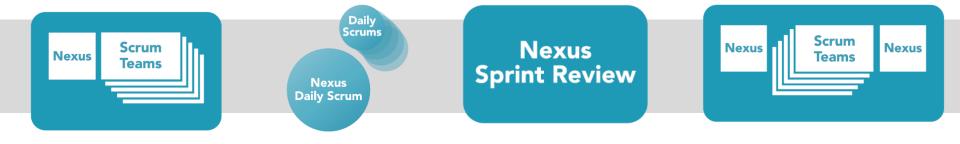
- Professional Scrum on team level
- Dedication of organization
- Organic growth
- Acceptance of scaling costs



### **Nexus Events**

### **Events**

- coordinate the activities of all Scrum Teams in a Nexus for a single Sprint
- duration of Nexus events is guided by the length of the corresponding events in the Scrum Guide



**Nexus Sprint Planning** 

Nexus Daily Scrum

Nexus Sprint Review

Nexus Sprint Retrospective







The Product Owner



A Scrum master



One or more Nexus
Integration Team Members

## Nexus<sup>™</sup> in Action - Preparation

#### 1. Choose ONE Product Owner

 Your Product Owner will prioritize the requirements and will approve or decline the Product Increment.



### 2. Choose two to three Scrum Masters (one dedicated to NIT)

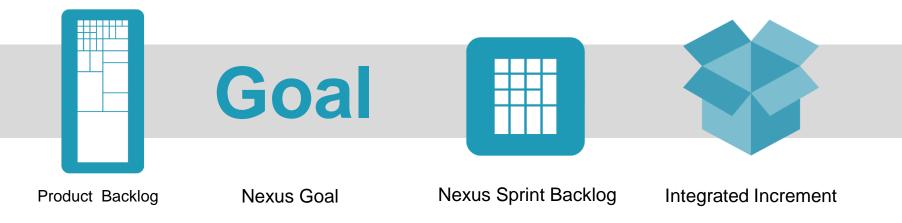
 "The Scrum Master is responsible for ensuring Scrum is understood and enacted. Scrum Masters do this by ensuring that the Scrum Team adheres to Scrum theory, practices, and rules." 1



### **Nexus Artifacts**

### **Artifacts**

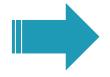
- serve to provide transparency
- provide opportunities for inspection and adaptation



1. Introduce a change team

2. De-escalate

3. Scrumble



# Back to professionalisation







### 1. Brace yourself - Nexus is coming...

#### 1.1 ... as Product Owner

- Pick up and prioritize the requirements
- Ask a handful of people to help you if required (keep in mind you're still accountable)

#### 1.2 ... all others

- Divide yourselves into teams of 3-5 team members
- Declare one member who is part of the Nexus Integration Team (NIT)

"The Nexus Integration Team is **accountable** for ensuring that an Integrated Increment is produced at least every Sprint. The Scrum Teams are responsible for developing Increments of potentially releasable software." – Nexus Guide<sup>1</sup>

releasable software." - Nexus Guide





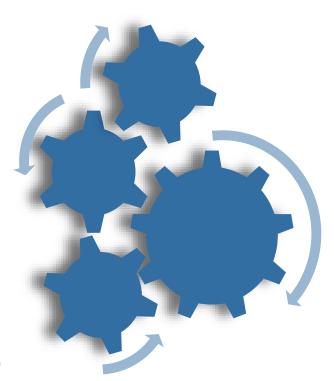
# Planning 1 + 2

### 1. Send a representative to the Nexus Planning:

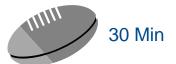
- PO provides domain knowledge and guides/prioritzes selection
- Write down and formulate the Nexus Sprint Goal.
- Refine the Product Backlog with dependencies identified
- Make the Product Backlog transparent

### 2. Each team performs their individual Scrum Planning

- Plan and adjust the work
- Make the individual Sprint Backlogs transparent (Nexus Sprint Backlog)

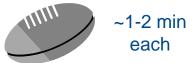






- 1. Hold at least two Nexus Daily Scrums (e.g. at 10:00 and 20:00)
- 2. Adhere to Nexus rules!
- 3. Present the Integrated Increment after 30 minutes.
- 4. You decide which requirements you want to show.
- 5. Don't forget to give your city a name.





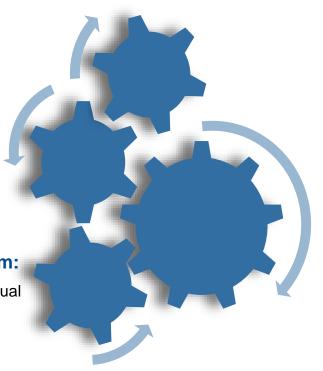
# Daily Scrum

### 1. Each team sends one representative to the Nexus Daily:

- Was the previous day's work successfully integrated? If not, why not?
- What new dependencies have been identified?
- What information needs to be shared across teams in the Nexus?

### 2. Go back into your teams and hold your individual Daily Scrum:

 Work that is identified during the Nexus Daily Scrum is taken back to individual Scrum Teams for planning inside their Daily Scrum events.



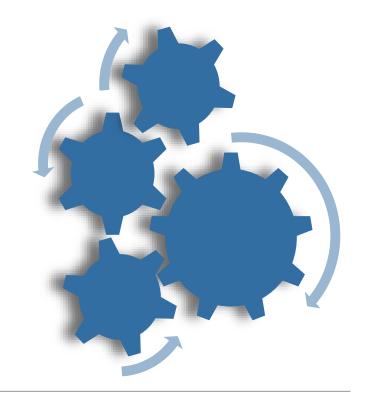




# Review

### Stand back from the building site:

- What was finished?
- Is it really done?
- Can the result pass the Review?







# Retrospective 1 + 2

### **Every Retrospective should address the following subjects:**

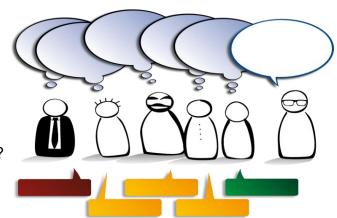
- Was any work left undone? Did the Nexus generate technical debt?
- Were all artifacts, frequently (as often as planned) successfully integrated?

### 1. Send a representative to the Nexus Retrospective:

Identify issues that have impacted more than a single team

### 2. Each Scrum Team holds their own Sprint Retrospective:

- (You can) Use issues raised from the first part of the Nexus Retrospective as input to their team discussions
- Form actions to address these issues





# THANKS ☺

Dominik Maximini and Florian Sauter



