Exercise: Transactions / Basics

1. With Activated Autocommit

Log in to MySQL and connect to a database where you have write privileges. Do not change any settings. (This means, that AUTOCOMMIT is switched on, by default).

a)

Insert a new tuple into a table X.

Enter SELECT * FROM X; to verify the tuple was inserted.

Type "ROLLBACK" to the MySQL prompt.

Enter SELECT * FROM X; again to see whether the insertion was rolled back.

Why is the tuple <u>still there</u>?



b)

Type START TRANSACTION to the MySQL prompt.

Insert a new tuple into a table X.

Enter SELECT * FROM X; to verify the tuple was inserted.

Type "ROLLBACK" to the MySQL prompt.

Enter SELECT * FROM X; again to see whether the insertion was rolled back.

Why is the tuple no longer there now?

2. With Autocommit switched off.

Type to the MySQL prompt: SET AUTOCOMMIT = 0;

a)

Insert a new tuple into a table X.

Enter SELECT * FROM X; to verify the tuple was inserted.

Type "ROLLBACK" to the MySQL prompt.

Enter SELECT * FROM X; again to see whether the insertion was rolled back.

Why is the tuple <u>no longer there?</u> Compare this to situations 1a) and 1b).

b)

Insert a new tuple into a table X.

Enter SELECT * FROM X; to verify the tuple was inserted.

Type "COMMIT" to the MySQL prompt.

Enter SELECT * FROM X; again to verify that the tuple is still there.

Type "ROLLBACK" to the MySQL prompt.

Why is the tuple still there?



C)

Repeat 2a) and 2b) with a preceding START TRANSACTION command.

3. Transactions consisting of several SQL statements

a)

Switch Autocommit off (=0) in case it is not switched off.

Enter several SQL statements that perform changes in the data. After several statements, type COMMIT.

Verify that <u>all</u> changes are still in effect.

Enter several more SQL statements that perform changes in the data. After several statements, type ROLLBACK.

Verify that <u>all</u> changes have been undone.

b)

Switch Autocommit on (= 1) in case it is not switched off.

Enter START TRANSACTION to the MySQL prompt.

Enter several SQL statements that perform changes in the data. After several statements, type COMMIT.

Verify that <u>all</u> changes are still in effect.

Enter START TRANSACTION to the MySQL prompt.

Enter several more SQL statements that perform changes in the data. After several statements, type ROLLBACK.

Verify that <u>all</u> changes have been undone.