

Develop Azure Compute Solutions

└ 1.1 Implement Containerized Solutions

└ 1.1.2 Publish an image to Azure Container Registry

- What is Azure Container Registry?
- What are the core capabilities and use cases?
- How does managed identity authentication work for ACR?
- How do you authenticate ACR access in CI/CD workflows (e.g., GitHub Actions, Azure DevOps)?
- How do you list repositories and images in ACR?
- How do you delete/update images using Azure CLI or Portal?
- How do you validate if a service (App Service, AKS, ACI) is authorized to pull from ACR?
- How do you use ACR with GitHub Actions or Azure Pipelines?
- What are best practices for secure build pipelines pushing to ACR?
- How do you configure image signing and content trust in ACR?
- What security best practices apply to private ACR use?

What is Azure Container Registry (ACR)?

A managed, private Docker registry in Azure used to store container images and artifacts like Helm charts. Supports geo-replication, image signing, ACR Tasks, and CI/CD integration.

What are the core capabilities and use cases?

Capabilities:

- Private image storage with RBAC
- ACR Tasks for build automation
- Integration with App Service, AKS, ACI
- Image scanning with Defender for Cloud

Use Cases:

- Hosting internal images
- Serving images to AKS
- Automating builds/pushes
- Enforcing image compliance

How does managed identity authentication work for ACR?

Azure services (e.g., App Service, AKS) use their managed identity to access ACR. You assign the AcrPull role to the identity on the ACR resource—no credentials needed.

How do you authenticate ACR access in CI/CD workflows?

- **GitHub Actions:** Use `azure/login` and `docker/login-action` with a service principal or OIDC.
- **Azure DevOps:** Use built-in service connection or Docker task with a service principal. Ensure the principal has AcrPush or AcrPull as needed.

How do you list repositories and images in ACR?

Use Azure CLI:

- List repos: `az acr repository list --name <acr-name>`
- List tags/images: `az acr repository show-tags --name <acr-name> --repository <repo>`

How do you delete or update images in ACR?

- Delete image: `az acr repository delete --name <acr-name> --image <repo>:<tag>`
- To update, re-tag and push a new version.
Use retention policies or manual cleanup to manage old images.

How do you validate if a service is authorized to pull from ACR?

Check that the service's managed identity has the AcrPull role on the ACR.

Verify access using:

`az role assignment list --assignee <identity> --scope <acr-resource-id>`

What happens if the permission is missing?

The service (e.g., App Service, AKS, ACI) will fail to start or pull the image, typically with an authentication or 403 error in logs.

How do you use ACR with GitHub Actions or Azure Pipelines?

GitHub Actions:

- Authenticate with `azure/login` and `docker/login-action`
- Push using `docker/build-push-action`

Azure Pipelines:

- Use Docker or container tasks
- Authenticate via service connection

Both require proper role assignment (e.g., AcrPush).

What are best practices for secure build pipelines pushing to ACR?

- Use service principals or workload identity (OIDC)
- Grant least privilege (only AcrPush)
- Avoid storing secrets in plain text; use Key Vault or pipeline secrets
- Enable image signing and scanning post-push

How do you configure image signing and content trust in ACR?

Enable **content trust** to verify image integrity:

- Use Docker's `DOCKER_CONTENT_TRUST=1` for signing and verification
- For ACR, use **Microsoft Defender for Containers** to enforce policies

What security best practices apply to private ACR use?

- Use private endpoints or firewall rules
- Disable anonymous pull access
- Require authentication via managed identity or service principal
- Enable Defender for vulnerability scanning
- Assign roles using RBAC (AcrPull/AcrPush only as needed)