

Reference App Integration

Version 0.4 21-Feb-2017

Reference App Android Integration Guidelines

Document History								
Version	Date	Author	Section	Changes				
0.1	09-Aug-2016	Ritesh Jha, Rakesh Krishamurthy	All	Initial draft				
0.2	22-Sept-2016	Richa ,Spoorti	All	Initial draft				
0.3	12-Dec-2016	Yogesh H.S, Rakesh Krishnamurthy	All	FlowManager,State,Condition,CoCo Integration				
0.4	21-Feb-2017	Rakesh Krishnamurthy	All	All				

Author	Rakesh Krishnamurthy
Approved By	
Email Id	richa.bajpai@philips.com , Yogesh.hs@philips.com

Page 1 of 13



Reference App Integration

Version 0.4 21-Feb-2017

Table of Contents

1	INT	rrod	UCTION	3				
	1.1	Refe	ference App Overview					
	1.2	Refe	rence-App dependencies	3				
	1.2	2.1	Artifactory	3				
	1.2	2.2	Library dependencies	3				
	1.2	2.3	Root gradle changes	3				
	1.2	2.4	Reference-App Gradle dependencies	4				
1.2.5 Package O		2.5	Package Options	5				
1.2.6 Ve		2.6	Version dependencies	5				
	1.2	2.7	Proxy dependencies	5				
	1.3	TFS	Link	6				
	1.4	Refe	rence-App Architecture Overview	6				
	1.5	Integ	ration of FlowManager in Reference app:	6				
	1.5	5.1	Pre-requisites for starting the flowmanager integration	6				
	1.5	5.2	Extending BaseFlowManager	6				
	1.5.3 Extending the condition		Extending the condition class and defining custom condition classes	7				
	1.5	5.4	Define Event ID to trigger new state.	8				
	1.6	Laun	ching a micro app in Reference app	8				
	1.6	6.1	Steps to create a state for a micro app	8				
	1.6		Calling the getNextState method to navigate					
2			tegration					
	2.1 App-Infra Integration		Infra Integration	.11				
	2.2		Registration					
	2.3		uct Registration					
	2.4							
	2.5	Data	Services	.12				
			nectivity					
			g uApp interfaces in Reference App					
	3.1							
	3.2	Hand	lling Back key from coco	.13				



Version 0.4 21-Feb-2017

1 INTRODUCTION

This document provides an overview of integration of Reference App features in Mobile applications.

1.1 Reference App Overview

Reference app is a sample app for propositions to start with from which new apps can be derived quickly by adding or stripping component.

It contains example code to demonstrate usage of various common components.

Reference-App has following components integrated:

- Introduction / On boarding screens
- Settings
- User Registration
- Digital Care
- Product Registration
- In App Purchase Retailer
- Connectivity component
- About the application

<u>Note:</u> Please note that Data Services and Connectivity screens present in Reference app is for testing purposes only and it does not conform to any UI standards.

Please also note that about screen is also for representation only. It is the Propostions who have to decide on the design and contents of the above screens.

1.2 Reference-App dependencies

Integration can be done in following ways.

1.2.1 Artifactory

All dependent libraries should be downloaded from artifactory.

Artifactory path:

http://maartens-mini.ddns.htc.nl.philips.com:8081/artifactory/simple/libs-release-local-android/com/philips/cdp/appFramework/

1.2.2 Library dependencies

Please follow the link provided to find the dependent libraries :

https://confluence.atlas.philips.com/display/CPA/Creation+of+Release+17.1+-+current+status

1.2.3 Root gradle changes

```
buildscript {
    repositories {
        maven { url 'http://maartens-
mini.ddns.htc.nl.philips.com:8081/artifactory/jcenter' }
    }
    dependencies {
        classpath 'com.android.tools.build:gradle:2.2.0'
        classpath 'org.robolectric:robolectric-gradle-plugin:1.1.0'
    }
}
allprojects {
    ext.androidAssertJVer = '1.1.1'
```

Status: Proposed

Page 3 of 13



Reference App Integration

Version 0.4 21-Feb-2017

```
repositories {
         maven { url 'http://maartens-
mini.ddns.htc.nl.philips.com:8081/artifactory/jcenter' }
         maven { url "https://oss.sonatype.org/content/repositories/snapshots" }
         maven { url "https://mvnrepository.com/artifact/org.robolectric/shadows-core" }
    tasks.withType(Test) {
         maxHeapSize = '4g'
         scanForTestClasses = false
          include "**/*Test.class"
         test { // set JVM arguments for the test JVM(s)
                jvmArgs '-noverify'
     }
}
task clean(type: Delete) {
    delete rootProject.buildDir
}
1.2.4 Reference-App Gradle dependencies
compile ('com.android.support:support-annotations:24.0.0') {
    exclude group: 'com.android.support', module: 'support-annotations'
}
compile 'com.android.support:design:24.0.0'
compile 'com.android.support:appcompat-v7:24.2.1'
debugCompile 'com.squareup.leakcanary:leakcanary-android-no-op:1.5'
leakCanaryCompile 'com.squareup.leakcanary:leakcanary-android:1.5'
releaseCompile 'com.squareup.leakcanary:leakcanary-android-no-op:1.5'
androidTestCompile('com.android.support.test.espresso:espresso-core:2.2.2', {
     exclude group: 'com.android.support', module: 'support-annotations'
})
debugCompile 'com.facebook.stetho:stetho:1.2.0'
compile "com.j256.ormlite:ormlite-core:4.48"
compile "com.j256.ormlite:ormlite-android:4.48"
compile(group: 'com.philips.cdp', name: 'product-registration-lib', version: '2.3.5' +
objcdp.getVersionSuffix(), ext: 'aar', changing: true) {
     transitive = true
}
\label{linear_compile} $$ \operatorname{compile}(\operatorname{group: 'com.philips.cdp', name: 'digitalCare', version: '7.3.5' + \operatorname{objcdp.getVersionSuffix(), ext: 'aar', changing: true)} $$
    transitive=true
compile(group: 'com.philips.cdp', name: 'iap', version: '5.2.5' +
objcdp.getVersionSuffix(), ext: 'aar', changing: true) {
    transitive=true
\label{lem:compile} $$ compile(group: 'com.philips.cdp', name: 'dataServices', version: '0.3.5' + objcdp.getVersionSuffix(), ext: 'aar') $$ $$
     exclude group: 'com.android.support'
     transitive = true
}
compile(group: 'com.philips.cdp', name: 'commlib-all', version: '1.2.2' +
objcdp.getVersionSuffix(), classifier: 'release', ext: 'aar'){
```



Reference App Integration

Version 0.4 21-Feb-2017

```
exclude group: 'com.android.support'
    transitive = true
}
testCompile 'junit:junit:4.12'
testCompile 'org.khronos:opengl-api:gll.1-android-2.1_r1'
testCompile ('org.robolectric:robolectric:3.2.2')
testCompile "org.mockito:mockito-all:1.10.17"
testCompile "com.squareup.assertj:assertj-android:${androidAssertJVer}"
1.2.5 Package Options
packagingOptions {
    exclude 'META-INF/DEPENDENCIES.txt'
    exclude 'META-INF/LICENSE.txt'
    exclude 'META-INF/NOTICE.txt'
    exclude 'META-INF/NOTICE'
exclude 'META-INF/LICENSE'
exclude 'META-INF/DEPENDENCIES'
    exclude 'META-INF/notice.txt'
    exclude 'META-INF/license.txt'
    exclude 'META-INF/dependencies.txt'
    exclude 'META-INF/LGPL2.1'
    pickFirst 'lib/mips/librsjni.so'
pickFirst 'lib/mips/libblasV8.so'
    pickFirst 'lib/mips/libRSSupport.so'
    pickFirst 'lib/x86/librsjni.so'
    pickFirst 'lib/x86/libblasV8.so'
    pickFirst 'lib/x86/libRSSupport.so'
```

1.2.6 Version dependencies

exclude 'META-INF/INDEX.LIST

pickFirst 'lib/armeabi-v7a/librsjni.so'
pickFirst 'lib/armeabi-v7a/libblasV8.so'
pickFirst 'lib/armeabi-v7a/libRSSupport.so'

pickFirst 'lib/arm64-v8a/libRSSupport.so' pickFirst 'lib/arm64-v8a/librsjni.so'

```
minSdkVersion 19
targetSdkVersion 24
compileSdkVersion 24
buildToolsVersion "24.0.3"
```

1.2.7 Proxy dependencies

Gradle dependencies can get some network/proxy related issues with Philips. In order to fix this issue, we are using below proxy settings in gradle.properties of root folder.

```
systemProp.https.proxyHost= 165.225.104.34
systemProp.https.proxyPort= 1001
```

Note: Proxy dependencies will not be commmitted to TFS as this is just a local dependency.

Status: Proposed Page 5 of 13



Reference App Integration

Version 0.4 21-Feb-2017

1.3 TFS Link

tfsemea1.ta.philips.com:8080/tfs/TPC_Region24/CDP2/_git/rap-android-reference-app

1.4 Reference-App Architecture Overview

Please find below the overview for Reference App architecture:

https://confluence.atlas.philips.com/display/BA/BaseApp+Architecture+Overview

1.5 Integration of FlowManager in Reference app:

Before integrating Flowmanager, state and conditions please go through the following link:

https://confluence.atlas.philips.com/pages/viewpage.action?spaceKey=BA&title=Flow+Manager

1.5.1 Pre-requisites for starting the flowmanager integration

- Create the AppFlow.ison file as per the uApp library provided standard.
- Place the json in assets folder of the Application source folder and provide the path when flowmanger is instantiated.
- Associate each state in the ison to a class by creating state classes.
- Associate each condition in the json to a condition class by creating condition classes.
- Sample code to create the condition class is in section **1.5.3** and to create a sample state class please refere section **1.6**.
- After this extend the BaseFlowManager class. The details of why and how to extend the BaseFlowManager class is in section **1.5.2**.
- Since it is necessary in Android system to have once activity as launch activity in Manifest file,
 please add this as the launch activity. Since there are no states available when app is launched
 as the json is not yet parsed, launch activity can act as the base on to of which the json can be
 parsed.
- Once the json is parsed, first state is returned and then flowmanager can take over in maintaining the app flow.
- If the proposition chooses to launch a fragment as a state, they can do so as shown below and add these fragments to the launchactivity stack.
- Reference App has two Activities. This is done to differentiate between the screens having action bar and the ones not having them. This is easier to maintain as there is not too many conditions written to hide or unhide the actionbar depending on the screen.
- Define event id, this is the trigger to fetch next state. Each event ID should be defined in AppFlow.json file. This event ID should be same as the one that is passed to the flowManager to fetch next state. Refer to section **1.5.4** for more info on using event ID.

1.5.2 Extending BaseFlowManager

We have to extend the BaseFlowManager because it provides the necessary methods to enable forward and backward navigation in the app. To enable back navigation in Android, please represent a standard event called "back" in AppFlow.json and create an event in the app in the same name. Then call the getBackState() method to update the flowmanager with the current state. Please go throught the uApp Library link to understand more about back navigation through FlowManager. The link is provided below:

https://confluence.atlas.philips.com/pages/viewpage.action?spaceKey=BA&title=Flow+Manager

- Create a class by extending the BaseFlowManager.
- Implement the populateStateMap and populateConditionMap methods.
- Create two maps. One map to map the state ID and the state classes. The other one to map the condition ID with the condition classes.
- We have to ensure that the state ID and the condition ID are the same as the one in the AppConfig.json file.
- To the maps that are passed to the above methods, add the state objects and the condition objects.
- Find below the sample code to implement the above methods:

Status: Proposed Page 6 of 13

Version 0.4 21-Feb-2017

```
public void populateStateMap(final Map<String, BaseState> uiStateMap) {
     uiStateMap.put(AppStates.WELCOME, new WelcomeState());
     uiStateMap.put(AppStates.ON_BOARDING_REGISTRATION, new
     UserRegistrationOnBoardingState());
     uiStateMap.put(AppStates.SETTINGS_REGISTRATION, new
     UserRegistrationSettingsState());
     uiStateMap.put(AppStates.HOME_FRAGMENT, new HomeFragmentState());
     uiStateMap.put(AppStates.ABOUT, new AboutScreenState());
uiStateMap.put(AppStates.DEBUG, new DebugTestFragmentState());
     uiStateMap.put(AppStates.SETTINGS, new SettingsFragmentState());
     uiStateMap.put(AppStates.IAP, new IAPRetailerFlowState());
     uiStateMap.put(AppStates.PR, new ProductRegistrationState());
     uiStateMap.put(AppStates.SUPPORT, new SupportFragmentState());
     uiStateMap.put(AppStates.SPLASH, new SplashState());
     uiStateMap.put(AppStates.DATA_SYNC, new DataServicesState());
uiStateMap.put(AppStates.CONNECTIVITY, new ConnectivityFragmentState());
     uiStateMap.put(AppStates.HAMBURGER_HOME, new HamburgerActivityState());
}
public void populateConditionMap(final Map<String, BaseCondition>
baseConditionMap) {
    baseConditionMap.put(AppConditions.IS_LOGGED_IN, new ConditionIsLoggedIn());
    baseConditionMap.put(AppConditions.IS_DONE_PRESSED, new
ConditionIsDonePressed());
    baseConditionMap.put(AppConditions.CONDITION APP LAUNCH, new
ConditionAppLaunch());
```

1.5.3 Extending the condition class and defining custom condition classes

- 1. Extend the BaseCondition abstract class defined in the uAppFramework library.
- 2. Implement the abstract method isSatisfied().
- 3. Define the logic that needs to go inside the isSatisfied() method and return a Boolean value.
- 4. Sample code for creating a condition class is as follows:

```
public class ConditionAppLaunch extends BaseCondition {
    public ConditionAppLaunch() {
        super(AppConditions.CONDITION_APP_LAUNCH);
    }
    @Override
    public boolean isSatisfied(final Context context) {
        AppFrameworkApplication appFrameworkApplication =
(AppFrameworkApplication) context;
        final BaseFlowManager targetFlowManager =
appFrameworkApplication.getTargetFlowManager();
        final boolean isUserLoggedIn =
targetFlowManager.getCondition(AppConditions.IS_LOGGED_IN).isSatisfied(context);
        final boolean isDonePressed =
targetFlowManager.getCondition(AppConditions.IS_DONE_PRESSED).isSatisfied(context)
        return isDonePressed && !isUserLoggedIn;
    }
}
```

Status: Proposed Page 7 of 13



Version 0.4 21-Feb-2017

1.5.4 Define Event ID to trigger new state.

Since moving to a new state requires a trigger, flowmanager assiciates these triggers as events.

Here in the below sample code, we have associated the launch of the app as an event(APP LAUNCH) which triggers the state SplashState which is loaded onto the LaunchActivity.

```
BaseFlowManager targetFlowManager = getApplicationContext().getTargetFlowManager();
BaseState baseState = null;
try {
    if (event.equals(APP_LAUNCH))
        baseState = getSplashState();
}
@NonNull
protected SplashState getSplashState() {
    return new SplashState();
}
```

1.6 Launching a micro app in Reference app

1.6.1 Steps to create a state for a micro app

Before a micro app is integrated into the reference app, each micro app should be represented as a state in Reference app.

- 1. Extend the BaseState abstract class.
- 2. Implement the abstract methods init, navigate and updateDataModel.
- 3. Any initialization of the Micro app that needs to be done should be done in the init() method of the state.
- 4. Any data that needs to be passed to the state needs to be added in the updateDataModel() method of the state.
- 5. To launch the micro app, call the navigate method. Inside the navigate method, call the updateDataModel to set the data that is needed for that particular micro app and the call the launch method of the particular micro app conforming to the uAppFramework library standards.

Sample Code is as follows for ConsumerCare micro app. A state called SupportFragmentState is created as follows:

1. Override the updateDataModel to set the data for CosumerCare. Consumer care requires CTN for product information :

```
@Override
public void updateDataModel() {
    String[] ctnList = new String[new
ArrayList<>(Arrays.asList(activityContext.getResources().getStringArray(R.array.pr
oductselection_ctnlist))).size()];
    ctnList = (new
ArrayList<>(Arrays.asList(activityContext.getResources().getStringArray(R.array.pr
oductselection_ctnlist))).toArray(ctnList));
    setCtnList(ctnList);
}
```

Status: Proposed Page 8 of 13



Version 0.4 21-Feb-2017

2. Call the navigate method of the state as shown below. Inside the navigate method, updateDataModel() method is called and then launchCC() is called to launch ConsumerCare micro app as shown below:

```
@Override
public void navigate(UiLauncher uiLauncher) {
    fragmentLauncher = (FragmentLauncher) uiLauncher;
    this.activityContext = getFragmentActivity();
    DigitalCareConfigManager.getInstance().registerCcListener(this);
((AppFrameworkBaseActivity)activityContext).handleFragmentBackStack(null,null,qetU
iStateData().getFragmentLaunchState());
    updateDataModel();
    launchCC();
private void launchCC()
    ProductModelSelectionType productsSelection = new
com.philips.cdp.productselection.productselectiontype.HardcodedProductList(getCtnL
ist());
   productsSelection.setCatalog(Catalog.CARE);
    productsSelection.setSector(Sector.B2C);
    CcInterface ccInterface = new CcInterface();
    if (ccSettings == null) ccSettings = new CcSettings(activityContext);
    if (ccLaunchInput == null) ccLaunchInput = new CcLaunchInput();
    ccLaunchInput.setProductModelSelectionType(productsSelection);
    ccLaunchInput.setConsumerCareListener(this);
    CcDependencies ccDependencies = new
CcDependencies(getApplicationContext().getAppInfra());
    ccInterface.init(ccDependencies, ccSettings);
    ccInterface.launch(fragmentLauncher, ccLaunchInput);
}
```

1.6.2 Calling the getNextState method to navigate

Reference App uses the MVP pattern to interact with different components of the App. The Presenter takes care of acting on the event and the calling the flowmanager to navigate to the next state. So if the propositions require, they can refer to the below steps to create and launch a state through a presenter.

- 1. Extend the UIBasePresenter abstract class.
- 2. Override the abstract method on Event.
- 3. Inside onEvent method, get the flowManager instance and call the **flowmanager.getNextState** method. To this method send the **eventID** which triggerd the flowmanager .This method returns the next state to transition to.
- 4. Before calling the state.navigate method, call the setUiStateData method defined in the BaseState class. This method is used to handle the backstack of the fragments. This can be defined by the propositions to help in controlling the backstack.
- 5. Sample code for setUiStateData is as follows:

UIStateData homeStateData = new UIStateData();
homeStateData.setFragmentLaunchType(Constants.ADD_HOME_FRAGMENT);

Status: Proposed Page 9 of 13



Version 0.4 21-Feb-2017

baseState.setUiStateData(homeStateData);

- 6. Then call the state.navigate() method to navigate/transition to the next state in reference app.
- 7. This navigate() method in the state class has the following method which takes the UIStateData object to handle backstack. Sample code is as follows

((AppFrameworkBaseActivity)activityContext).handleFragmentBackStack(null,null,getUiState Data().getFragmentLaunchState());

- 8. handleFragmentBackStack is defined in the AppFrameworkBaseActivity which will help in mainting the backstack for fragments. Code is as follows:
- 9. public void handleFragmentBackStack(Fragment fragment, String fragmentTag, int fragmentAddState) { containerId = getContainerId(); try { fragmentTransaction = getSupportFragmentManager().beginTransaction(); switch (fragmentAddState) { case Constants.ADD_HOME_FRAGMENT: if (null == getSupportFragmentManager().findFragmentByTag(HomeFragment.TAG)) { addToBackStack(containerId, fragment, fragmentTag); getSupportFragmentManager().popBackStackImmediate(HomeFragment.TAG, 0); break: case Constants.ADD_FROM_HAMBURGER: getSupportFragmentManager().popBackStack(null, FragmentManager. POP_BACK_STACK_INCLUSIVE); addToBackStack(containerId, new HomeFragment(), HomeFragment.TAG); fragmentTransaction = getSupportFragmentManager().beginTransaction(); addToBackStack(containerId, fragment, fragmentTag); break; case Constants.CLEAR_TILL_HOME: getSupportFragmentManager().popBackStack(null, FragmentManager. POP_BACK_STACK_INCLUSIVE); addToBackStack(containerId, new HomeFragment(), HomeFragment.TAG); break; }catch (Exception e){

Status: Proposed Page 10 of 13

}

Version 0.4 21-Feb-2017

2 Coco Integration

2.1 App-Infra Integration

App-Infra is component which supports features like Logging, Tagging, Secure Storage, Service Discovery etc., Using App-Infra requires following Configuration

Place App-Config.json under Android assets directory, find below file for reference



AppConfig.json

 Place ADBMobileConfig.json under Android assets directory, find below file for reference



ADBMobileConfig.json

Place the below code in Application class to initialize and use App-Infra

```
public AppInfraInterface appInfra;
    appInfra = new AppInfra.Builder().build(getApplicationContext());
```

2.2 User Registration

Place the below code in Application class to initialize UserRegistration

```
private UserRegistrationState userRegistrationState;
   userRegistrationState = new UserRegistrationOnBoardingState();
   userRegistrationState.init(this);
```

Find the User Registration State file for your reference



User Registration Splash State. java

2.3 Product Registration

Place the below code in Application class to initialize Product Registration

```
private ProductRegistrationState productRegistrationState;
  productRegistrationState = new ProductRegistrationState();
  productRegistrationState.init(this);
```

Find the Product Registration State file for your reference



Product Registration State. java

2.4 IAP

Place the below code in Application class to initialize IAP

```
IAPState iapState = new IAPRetailerFlowState();
iapState.init(this);
```

Find the IAP retailer State file for your reference

Status: Proposed Page 11 of 13



Reference App Integration

Version 0.4 21-Feb-2017



2.5 Data Services

Data Services component is integrated only for testing purpose. The UI for Data Services is created to test the capabilities of the Data Services component. For more information on Data services, please refer to the DataServices folder in the Reference App Source Folder. Data Services screen is launched by creating a state so that it conforms to the flowmanager standards.. Please go through the following link for more information:

https://bitbucket.atlas.philips.com/projects/CDS/repos/datasync_android/browse/Documents/External/DataSe rvices_Integration_Document_Android_PI_17.1.docx

2.6 Connectivity

Connectivity is also integrated only for testing purpose. The screens do not conform to any UI standard defined. Connectivity screen is also launched by creating a state so that it conforms to the flowmanager standards. For more information about connectivity integration, please go to the following link:

https://bitbucket.atlas.philips.com/projects/COM/repos/dicomm-android/browse/Documents

3 Handling uApp interfaces in Reference App

3.1 ActionBar from Coco

State must implement ActionBarListener to handle the title and back key events from coco

We have following methods to be overridden for getting title

The string in the below method parameter is the title of actionbar that needs to be set by the app

Boolean b: is the value whether back is handled by coco or we need to handle it.

True: Required to show back button and the respective coco will handle back key

False: App needs to handle the back key

```
public void updateActionBar(@StringRes int i, boolean b) {
    setTitle(getResources().getString(i));
    updateActionBarIcon(b);
}

/**
    * For Updating the actionbar title as coming from other components
    * @param s String to be updated on actionbar title
    * @param b Whether back is handled by them or not
    */
@Override
public void updateActionBar(String s, boolean b) {
    setTitle(s);
    updateActionBarIcon(b);
}
```

Status: Proposed Page 12 of 13

PHILIPS

Reference App Integration

Version 0.4 21-Feb-2017

3.2 Handling Back key from coco

We need to check the value of handleBackEvent() method from BackEventListener from coco .

If true is returned - the respective coco will handle the event,

If false is returned – the application needs to handle the back event

```
if (currentFrag != null && currentFrag instanceof BackEventListener
&& currentFrag instanceof RegistrationFragment) {
   backState = ((BackEventListener)
currentFrag).handleBackEvent();
   if (!backState) {
      fragmentManager.popBackStack(); // Do your stuff here
   }
```

4 Notes

- 1. Please refer interface Spec Doc or Java documents for more details on APIs for each individual component.
- 2. Please refer demo app for implementation details of various CoCo

Status: Proposed Page 13 of 13