

## PHYSICS

### 1. PHYSICS

#### Toss Up: Multiple Choice

If the wave function is spherically symmetric then the radial probability density is given by: If the wave function is spherically symmetric then the radial probability density is given by:

- W)  $4r^2$
- X)  $|r|^2$
- Y)  $4r^2|r|^2$
- Z)  $4|r|^2$

Toss Up Answer: Y

#### Bonus: Short Answer

Maxwell's equations are to electric and magnetic fields as [ ] equation is to the wave function for a particle.

Bonus Answer: Schrodinger

### 2. PHYSICS

#### Toss Up: Multiple Choice

- D
- W) WA
- X) T
- Y) R
- Z) DEEZ

Toss Up Answer: Y

#### Bonus: Multiple Choice

GOTTEE

- W) a
- X) s
- Y) d
- Z) f

Bonus Answer: W

### 3. PHYSICS

#### Toss Up: Multiple Choice

A non-relativistic free electron has kinetic energy K. If its wavelength doubles, its kinetic energy is:

- W) 4K
- X) K/4
- Y) still K
- Z) K/2

Toss Up Answer: X

#### Bonus: Short Answer

A molecule with a magnetic moment of 83 N\*m/T (read as Newton-meters per Tesla) experiences what amount of torque in N\*m (read as Newton-meter) when subjected to an external magnetic force of 120 teslas?

Bonus Answer: 9960 N\*m

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#### 4. PHYSICS

##### Toss Up: Short Answer

The Laplacian of an electric potential field is equal to the negative free charge density over this quantity. This quantity is equal to the negative time derivative of the magnetic flux, and in an inductor, it is equivalent to the inductance multiplied by the negative time derivative of the current. It is classically defined as Coulomb's constant multiplied by the sum of charge over distance, and also as the line integral of the electric field "dot dl." When it is multiplied by current, it gives power dissipated by a resistor. Kirchhoff's Loop Rule states that the sum of this value around a loop in a circuit is zero. Name this quantity this is equal to the current times resistance by Ohm's Law.

Bonus Answer: Voltage (accept electric potential)

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##### Bonus: Multiple Choice

A certain capacitor, in series with a 720- resistor, is being charged. At the end of 10 ms(millisecons) its charge is half the final value. The capacitance is about:

- W) 9.6 F
- X) 14 F
- Y) 20 F
- Z) 7.2F

Bonus Answer: Y

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#### 5. PHYSICS

##### Toss Up: Multiple Choice

In the capacitor discharge formula  $q = q_0 e^{-(t/RC)}$  (read as q naught times e raised to the power of negative t over R times C) the symbol t represents:

- W) the time constant
- X) the time it takes for C to lose the fraction  $1/e$  of its initial charge
- Y) the time it takes for C to lose the fraction  $(1 - 1/e)$  of its initial charge
- Z) none of the above

Toss Up Answer: Z

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##### Bonus: Short Answer

Resistor 1 has twice the resistance of resistor 2. They are connected in parallel to a battery. The ratio of the thermal energy generation rate in 1 to that in 2 is:

Bonus Answer: 1:2

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#### 6. PHYSICS

#### 7. PHYSICS

##### Toss Up: Multiple Choice

Which of the following is NOT true about magnetism?

- W) Electric field lines go from the North pole to the South pole
- X) Electric field lines can cross each other
- Y) Cutting a magnet in half will not create two magnetic monopoles
- Z) They are all true

Toss Up Answer: X

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**Bonus: Short Answer**

By name or number, list all of the following elements that are ferromagnetic: Cobalt, Manganese, Cobalt, Cadmium, Silver

**Bonus Answer: Cobalt. Accept: Co, 1**

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**8. PHYSICS**

**Toss Up: Short Answer**

When charging or discharging a capacitor, what the quantity  $RC$  (read as resistance times capacitance) known as?

**Bonus Answer: Time constant**

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**Bonus: Multiple Choice**

At point 'A' on a circuit the wire is grounded. At point 'B' on the same circuit there is a emf of 30 volts. If there are two identical resistors with resistance of 10 ohms in parallel, between point 'A' and point 'B', what is the current in ampere flowing through either resistor?

- W) 15
- X) 3
- Y) 9
- Z) 6

**Bonus Answer: X**

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**9. PHYSICS**

**Toss Up: Multiple Choice**

A magnetic field CANNOT:

- W) exert a force on a charged particle
- X) change the trajectory of a charged particle
- Y) change the kinetic energy of a charged particle
- Z) do no work on a charged particle

**Toss Up Answer: Y**

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**Bonus: Multiple Choice**

If a magnet and a conducting loop are placed next to each other at rest. If the magnet with the north pole facing left is put through the loop and is moved left in which direction will the induced current within the loop move with reference to the magnet?

- W) The loop will move with the magnet.
- X) Counter-clockwise
- Y) clockwise
- Z) There is no current.

**Bonus Answer: X**

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**10. PHYSICS**

**11. PHYSICS**

**Toss Up: Multiple Choice**

In a simple, in-series circuit, which of these is equal among all resistors?

- W) Potential difference

- X) Resistance
- Y) Current
- Z) Capacitance

**Toss Up Answer: Y**

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**Bonus: Multiple Choice**

In a simple, parallel circuit, which of these is equal among all resistors?

- W) Potential difference
- X) Resistance
- Y) Current
- Z) Capacitance

**Bonus Answer: W**

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**12. PHYSICS**

**13. PHYSICS**

**Toss Up: Short Answer**

What is the name for the effect that explains the small attractive force that acts between two close parallel uncharged conducting plates in a vacuum?

**Bonus Answer: The Casimir Effect**

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**Bonus: Multiple Choice**

According to Beer's law:

- W) the energy of a photon of light is inversely proportional to its wavelength
- X) the concentration of a species that absorbs light can be measured by the amount of light absorbed
- Y) the energy of characteristic X-rays increases with increasing atomic number of the emitting element
- Z) excitation of the electrons in a molecule takes place on a shorter time scale than motion of the nuclei

**Bonus Answer: X**

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**14. PHYSICS**

**Toss Up: Short Answer**

The Curie temperature is the temperature at which ferromagnets become paramagnets. What is the name for the point at which antiferromagnets become paramagnets?

**Bonus Answer: The Neel temperature**

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**Bonus: Multiple Choice**

A hall probe measures which of the following

- W) Capacitance
- X) Viscosity
- Y) Magnetic Field
- Z) Electric Field

**Bonus Answer: Y**

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**15. PHYSICS**

**Toss Up: Multiple Choice**

The equation of continuity for fluid flow can be derived from the conservation of:

- W) energy
- X) mass
- Y) angular momentum
- Z) volume

**Toss Up Answer: X**

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**Bonus: Multiple Choice**

A coil has a resistance of 60 and an impedance of 100. Its reactance, in ohms, is:

- W) 40
- X) 60
- Y) 80
- Z) 117

**Bonus Answer: Y**

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**16. PHYSICS**

**Toss Up: Multiple Choice**

Monochromatic light is normally incident on a diffraction grating that is 1cm wide and has 10,000 slits. The first order line is deviated at a 30 degree angle. What is the wavelength, in nm, of the incident light?

- W) 300
- X) 500
- Y) 877
- Z) 1000

**Toss Up Answer: X**

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**Bonus: Multiple Choice**

A spectral line of a certain star is observed to be "red shifted" from a wavelength of 500nm to a wavelength of 600nm. Interpreting this as a Doppler effect, the speed of recession of this star is:

- W) .33c
- X) .5c
- Y) .71c
- Z) .8c

**Bonus Answer: Z**

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**17. PHYSICS**

**Toss Up: Multiple Choice**

An acceptor replacement atom in silicon might have electrons in its outer shell

- W) 3
- X) 4
- Y) 5
- Z) 6

**Toss Up Answer: W**

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**Bonus: Multiple Choice**

When a forward bias is applied to a p-n junction the concentration of electrons on the p side:

- W) increases slightly
- X) increases dramatically
- Y) decreases slightly
- Z) decreases dramatically

**Bonus Answer: X**

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**18. PHYSICS**

**Toss Up: Multiple Choice**

The binding energy of a nucleus is the energy that must be supplied to:

- W) remove a nucleon
- X) remove an alpha particle
- Y) to remove a beta particle
- Z) separate the nucleus into its constituent nucleons

**Toss Up Answer: Z**

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**Bonus: Multiple Choice**

A radium atom,  $^{226}\text{Ra}$  emits an alpha particle. The number of protons in the resulting atom is

- W) 84
- X) 85
- Y) 86
- Z) 88

**Bonus Answer: W**

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**19. PHYSICS**

**Toss Up: Multiple Choice**

Any change in the magnetic environment of a coil of wire will cause a voltage (emf) to be "induced" in the coil. Which law summarizes the ways in which voltage can be generated using this method?

- W) Ohm's Law
- X) Faraday's Law
- Y) Pascal's Law
- Z) Coulomb's Law

**Toss Up Answer: X**

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**Bonus: Short Answer**

A magnet is brought close to a flat square coil of 50 loops. The coil is .2 meters on each side, and the magnetic field passing through the coil increased uniformly from 3 Tesla to 8 Tesla in 4 seconds. While that change in magnetic field takes place what is the induced emf in the coil?

**Bonus Answer: -2.5 Volts**

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**20. PHYSICS**

## 21. PHYSICS

### Toss Up: Short Answer

What is the S.I. unit for Inductance?

**Bonus Answer: Henry**

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### Bonus: Multiple Choice

Which law states that for any closed loop path, the sum of the length elements times the magnetic field in the direction of the length element is equal to the permeability times the electric current enclosed in the loop?

W) Faraday's Law of Induction

X) Kirchhoff's Law

Y) Coulomb's Law

Z) Ampere's Law

**Bonus Answer: Z**

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## 22. PHYSICS

## 23. PHYSICS

## 24. PHYSICS

## 25. PHYSICS

### Toss Up: Short Answer

What is the magnitude of the magnetic force caused by an electric current of 10 Amperes flowing perpendicular to a magnetic field of 10 Teslas through a length of 10 meters?

**Bonus Answer: 1000 Newtons**

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### Bonus: Multiple Choice

Two point charges are placed on the x-axis. The first has a charge of -3 Coulombs and is placed at 0. The second is placed 3 meters to the right of the first and has a charge of 3 Coulombs. What is the dipole moment of these charges?

W) 9 Coulomb-Meters in the direction of the positive x-axis

X) 1 Coulomb-Meters in the direction of the positive x-axis

Y) 9 Coulomb-Meters in the direction of the negative x-axis

Z) 1 Coulomb-Meters in the direction of the negative x-axis

**Bonus Answer: W**

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## 26. PHYSICS

### Toss Up: Short Answer

What is a famous impossible result of the classical modeling of blackbody intensity as a function of frequency?

**Bonus Answer: "Ultraviolet Catastrophe"**

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### Bonus: Multiple Choice

What is the classical law that attempts to map blackbody intensity as a function of frequency and leads to "ultraviolet catastrophe"?

W) Henderson-Hasselbalch's Law

X) Rayleigh-Jeans Law

Y) Plank's Law

Z) Kirchhoff Law

**Bonus Answer: X**

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## **27. PHYSICS**

### **Toss Up: Short Answer**

Which law says that the total electric flux of a closed surface is equal to the charge enclosed divided by the permittivity?

**Bonus Answer: Gauss's Law**

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### **Bonus: Multiple Choice**

What is the electric permittivity of free space?

- W)  $2.27 \times 10^{(-12)}$  Farads / meters
- X)  $8.85 \times 10^{(-12)}$  Farads / meters
- Y)  $8.99 \times 10^{(9)}$  Farads / meters
- Z)  $6.67 \times 10^{(-11)}$  Farads / meters

**Bonus Answer: X**

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## **28. PHYSICS**

### **Toss Up: Multiple Choice**

Why do the bubbles from a freshly opened bottle of champagne grow as they rise to the surface?

- W) Fluid pressure falls as the bubble rises in the glass.
- X) The bubble continues to accumulate dissolved gas molecules as it moves through the champagne.
- Y) The bubble does expansive work on the champagne as it loses potential energy.
- Z) Friction with the champagne heats the gas inside the bubble.

**Toss Up Answer: X**

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### **Bonus: Multiple Choice**

The bubbles in a glass of champagne form a steady stream and leave the surface of the glass in regular time intervals. Why is this?

- W) It takes a constant amount of time for gas from the air to make it to the growing bubble.
- X) The bubbles occur due to vibrations in the room that have a constant frequency.
- Y) The bubbles rise when the buoyant force exceeds the adhesive force.
- Z) The bubbles form due to pressure waves in the champagne that have a constant wavelength.

**Bonus Answer: Y**

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## **29. PHYSICS**

### **Toss Up: Multiple Choice**

For what major contribution was Albert Einstein awarded the nobel prize in 1921?

- W) Einstein Field Equations
- X) General Theory of Relativity
- Y) Special Theory of Relativity
- Z) Photoelectric Effect



**Toss Up Answer: Z**

**Bonus: Multiple Choice**

Which year in Albert Einstein's life is now known as his "annus mirabilis"?

- W) 1905
- X) 1921
- Y) 1915
- Z) 1928

**Bonus Answer: W**

**30. PHYSICS**

**Toss Up: Multiple Choice**

Which law of thermodynamics states that if two thermodynamic systems are each in thermal equilibrium with a third, then they are in thermal equilibrium with each other?

- W) Fourth
- X) Third
- Y) Second
- Z) Zeroth

**Toss Up Answer: Z**

**Bonus: Multiple Choice**

What factor is the energy density in radiation of a region of space changed by if the absolute temperature is increased by a factor of 2?

- W) Times 4
- X) Times 1/4
- Y) Times 2
- Z) Times 16

**Bonus Answer: Z**

**31. PHYSICS**

**32. PHYSICS**

**33. PHYSICS**

**Toss Up: Multiple Choice**

What is true about the capacitance of two parallel plates?

- W) it is proportional to the square of the Area of the plates
- X) it is proportional to the inverse of the Area of the plates
- Y) it is proportional to the inverse of the plate separation
- Z) it is proportional to the plate separation

**Toss Up Answer: Y**

**Bonus: Multiple Choice**

A 200 farad capacitor is used in a circuit. The voltage difference between the plates of the capacitor is 10 volts. What is the magnitude of the charge on each of

the capacitor's plates?

- W) 100 Coulombs

- X) 2000 Coulombs
- Y) 10 Coulombs
- Z) 200 Coulombs

**Bonus Answer: X**

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### 34. PHYSICS

### 35. PHYSICS

**Toss Up: Short Answer**

Which of the following units are a measure of magnetic field strength?

- 1 - Gauss
- 2 - Tesla
- 3 - Weber
- 4 - Henry

**Bonus Answer: 1,2 (Gauss, Tesla)**

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**Bonus: Multiple Choice**

If the axle of a wheel is moving at a velocity of  $v$ , what is the instantaneous velocity of the top of the wheel?

- W)  $-2v$
- X) 0
- Y)  $v$
- Z)  $2v$

**Bonus Answer: Z**

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### 36. PHYSICS

**Toss Up: Multiple Choice**

Which of the following explains what happens when a negatively charged rod is held to the metal conductor of a leaf electroscope?

- W) The leaves close because electrons flow from the rod to the electroscope, resulting in a net negative charge in the electroscope.
- X) The leaves close because electrons flow from the electroscope to the rod, resulting in a net positive charge in the electroscope.
- Y) The leaves open because electrons flow from the rod to the electroscope, resulting in a net negative charge in the electroscope.
- Z) The leaves open because electrons flow from the electroscope to the rod, resulting in a net positive charge in the electroscope.

**Toss Up Answer: Y**

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**Bonus: Short Answer**

A positive charge of +5.3 Coulombs is placed in an electric field of 420. Newtons per Coulomb. Find the magnitude of the force the charge experiences in this electric field, rounded to two significant figures.

**Bonus Answer: 2200 N (Explanation:  $F = E * q$ )**

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### 37. PHYSICS

**Toss Up: Multiple Choice**

A constant force acting on a body experiencing no change in its environment will give the body:

- W) constant acceleration
- X) constant speed
- Y) constant velocity
- Z) zero acceleration

**Toss Up Answer: W**

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**Bonus: Multiple Choice**

What is the MOST common term for the inwardly directed force exerted on an object to keep the object moving in a circle?

- W) Centripetal Acceleration
- X) Friction
- Y) Normal Force
- Z) Centripetal Force

**Bonus Answer: Z**

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**38. PHYSICS**

**39. PHYSICS**

**Toss Up: Multiple Choice**

What's the critical angle in radians when a ray passes from a medium with index of refraction of 1.4 to a medium with index of refraction of 0.7?

- W)  $\pi/2$
- X)  $\pi/3$
- Y)  $\pi/6$
- Z)  $\pi$

**Toss Up Answer: Y**

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**Bonus: Short Answer**

A concave spherical mirror has a focal length of 12 cm. If an object is placed 6 cm in front of it the image position is:

**Bonus Answer: 12cm behind the mirror (accept -12cm)**

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**40. PHYSICS**

**Toss Up: Short Answer**

Given  $G$  as the gravitational constant and there exists an equilateral triangle with side length " $a$ " and identical objects with mass of " $x$ " what is the total gravitational potential energy of an object with mass " $y$ " that is located at the center?

**Bonus Answer:  $-G(xy) \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{a}$**

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**Bonus: Multiple Choice**

Given  $G$  as the gravitational constant and there exists an equilateral triangle with side length " $a$ " and identical objects with mass of " $x$ " what is the total gravitational potential energy of this system?

- W)  $-9\sqrt{3}G(xy)/a$  (read as negative nine times square root of 3 times  $G$  times the second power of  $x$  divided by  $a$ )
- X)  $-3\sqrt{3}G(x^2)/a$  (read as negative three times square root of 3 times  $G$  times the second power of  $x$  divided by  $a$ )
- Y)  $-3G(x^2)/a$  (read as negative three times  $G$  times the second power of  $x$  divided by  $a$ )

a)  
Z)  $-\sqrt{3} * G * (x^2) / a$  (read as negative square root of 3 times G times the second power of x divided by a)

**Bonus Answer: Y**

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#### 41. PHYSICS

**Toss Up: Multiple Choice**

A closed hemispherical shell of radius R is filled with fluid at uniform pressure p. The net force of the fluid on the curved portion of the shell is given by:

- W)  $2R^2p$  (read as 2 pi times R squared times p)
- X)  $4R^2p$  (read as 4 pi times R squared times p)
- Y)  $R^2p$  (read as pi times R squared times p)
- Z)  $(4/3)R^2p$  (read as 4 over 3 times pi times R squared times p)

**Toss Up Answer: Y**

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**Bonus: Short Answer**

A boat floating in fresh water displaces 16, 000N of water. How many newtons of saltwater would it displace if it floats in saltwater of specific gravity 1.17?

**Bonus Answer: 16, 000**

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#### 42. PHYSICS

#### 43. PHYSICS

#### 44. PHYSICS

**Toss Up: Multiple Choice**

Which of the following is the most accurate? The center of mass of the system consisting of Earth, the Sun, and the planet Mars is:

- W) closer to the Sun than to either of the other bodies
- X) closer to Earth than to either of the other bodies
- Y) at the geometric center of the triangle formed by the three bodies
- Z) at the center of the line joining Earth and Mars

**Toss Up Answer: W**

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**Bonus: Multiple Choice**

At the same instant that a 0.50-kg ball is dropped from 25m above Earth, a second ball, with a mass of 0.25 kg, is thrown straight upward from Earth's surface with an initial speed of 15m/s. They move along nearby lines and pass each other without colliding. At the end of 2.0 s the height above Earth's surface of the center of mass of the two-ball system is:

- W) 3.0m
- X) 5.0m
- Y) 6.5m
- Z) 7.1m

**Bonus Answer: Z**

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#### 45. PHYSICS

#### 46. PHYSICS

**Toss Up: Short Answer**

Rank following electromagnetic radiations according to the energies of their photons, from least to greatest:

1. blue light
2. yellow light
3. x rays
4. radio waves

**Bonus Answer: 4, 2, 1, 3 (accept equivalent forms)**

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**Bonus: Multiple Choice**

The work function for a certain sample is 2.3 eV. The stopping potential for electrons ejected from the sample by  $7.0 \times 10^{14}$ -Hz electromagnetic radiation is:

- W) 0 V  
X) 0.6 V  
Y) 2.3 V  
Z) 5.2 V

**Bonus Answer: Y**

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**47. PHYSICS**

**Toss Up: Multiple Choice**

Which is the weakest fundamental force?

- W) The color force  
X) The weak force  
Y) Electromagnetism  
Z) Gravity

**Toss Up Answer: Z**

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**Bonus: Short Answer**

Identify all of the following that are false:

1. Neutrinos travel at speed C
2. The strength of the color force can increase with distance
3. Electrons have color charge
4. All baryons are unstable

**Bonus Answer: 1, 3, 4**

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**48. PHYSICS**

**Toss Up: Short Answer**

What is the name of the five points in a two body system where a small object can remain gravitationally stable?

**Bonus Answer: lagrange points**

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**Bonus: Multiple Choice**

Which of the following is the major contributor to an atom's mass?

- W) the weak force  
X) the strong force  
Y) quarks  
Z) the higgs boson

**Bonus Answer: X**

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## 49. PHYSICS

### Toss Up: Short Answer

A gear with 40 teeth turns clockwise at 200 revolutions per minute. This gear is driving another gear with 20 teeth, which in turn is driving another gear with 80 teeth. How fast is the third gear going, and in what direction?

**Bonus Answer: 100 revolutions per minute clockwise**

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### Bonus: Multiple Choice

A diverging lens produces an image of an object that is:

- W) virtual, smaller, and upright
- X) virtual, larger, and upright
- Y) real, smaller, and upside down
- Z) real, larger, and upright

**Bonus Answer: W**

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## 50. PHYSICS

### Toss Up: Multiple Choice

Which of the following is NOT a state variable?

- W) Work
- X) Heat
- Y) Entropy
- Z) Pressure

**Toss Up Answer: W**

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### Bonus: Short Answer

During an isobaric process, 80 joules of work is done on the surroundings by the gas. How much energy is added in joules?

**Bonus Answer: 200 joules**

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## 51. PHYSICS

### Toss Up: Short Answer

A certain heat engine draws 500 cal/s from a water bath at 27 C and transfers 400 cal/s to a reservoir at a lower temperature. The efficiency of this engine is:

**Bonus Answer: 20%**

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### Bonus: Multiple Choice

An Carnot refrigerator runs between a cold reservoir at temperature  $T_C$  and a hot reservoir at temperature  $T_H$ . You want to increase its coefficient of performance. Of the following, which change results in the greatest increase in the coefficient? The value of  $T$  is the same for all changes.

- W) Raise the temperature of the hot reservoir by  $T$
- X) Raise the temperature of the cold reservoir by  $T$
- Y) Lower the temperature of the hot reservoir by  $1/2 T$  and raise the temperature of the cold reservoir by  $1/2 T$
- Z) Lower the temperature of the cold reservoir by  $T$

**Bonus Answer: X**

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## 52. PHYSICS

**Toss Up: Multiple Choice**

Find the angular frequency of oscillations in a LC circuit if the total inductance is 2 henry and the total capacitance is 8 farad.

- W)  $1/4$
- X)  $1/2$
- Y)  $1/3$
- Z)  $1/5$

**Toss Up Answer: W**

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**Bonus: Short Answer**

An LC circuit has an inductance of 20mH and a capacitance of 5.0 F. At time  $t = 0$  the charge on the capacitor is 3.0 C and the current is 7.0mA. The total energy in joules is:

**Bonus Answer:  $9.0 \times 10^{-7}$  (accept equivalent forms)**

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**53. PHYSICS**

**Toss Up: Multiple Choice**

A transverse traveling sinusoidal wave on a string has a frequency of 100Hz, a wavelength of 0.040m, and an amplitude of 2.0mm. The maximum velocity in m/s of any point on the string is

- W) 0.2
- X) 1.3
- Y) 4
- Z) 15

**Toss Up Answer: X**

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**Bonus: Multiple Choice**

The time required for a small pulse to travel from A to B on a stretched cord shown is NOT altered by changing

- W) the linear mass density of the cord
- X) the length between A and B
- Y) the shape of the pulse
- Z) the tension in the cord

**Bonus Answer: Y**

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**54. PHYSICS**

**Toss Up: Multiple Choice**

In order for two sound waves to produce audible beats, it is essential that the two waves have:

- W) the same amplitude
- X) slightly different amplitudes
- Y) the same number of harmonics
- Z) slightly different frequencies

**Toss Up Answer: Z**

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**Bonus: Multiple Choice**

A 200-cm organ pipe with one end open is in resonance with a sound wave of wavelength

270cm. The pipe is operating in its  
W) fundamental frequency  
X) second harmonic  
Y) third harmonic  
Z) fourth harmonic

**Bonus Answer: X**

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## 55. PHYSICS

### Toss Up: Multiple Choice

The zeroth law of thermodynamics allows us to dene:

W) work  
X) pressure  
Y) temperature  
Z) thermal equilibrium

**Toss Up Answer: Y**

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### Bonus: Short Answer

Which physicist contributed to the understanding of electrical circuits and coined the term "black body" radiation?

**Bonus Answer: Kirchhoff**

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## 56. PHYSICS

### Toss Up: Multiple Choice

The rate of heat ow by conduction through a slab does NOT depend upon the

W) temperature difference between opposite faces of the slab  
X) thermal conductivity of the slab  
Y) slab thickness  
Z) specific heat of the slab

**Toss Up Answer: Z**

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### Bonus: Multiple Choice

Inside a room at a uniform comfortable temperature, metallic objects generally feel cooler to the touch than wooden objects do. This is because:

W) a given mass of wood contains more heat than the same mass of metal  
X) metal conducts heat better than wood  
Y) the equilibrium temperature of metal in the room is lower than that of wood  
Z) the human body, being organic, resembles wood more closely than it resembles metal

**Bonus Answer: X**

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## 57. PHYSICS

### Toss Up: Multiple Choice

Sound waves can propagate through a plasma because of:

W) high coulomb interactions between particles  
X) high density of particles  
Y) high energy of particles  
Z) high kinetic pressure force

**Toss Up Answer: W**



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**Bonus: Short Answer**

Which description(s) of plasma is most often used to understand the macroscopic features of plasma: Single particle theory, kinetic theory, fluid description

**Bonus Answer: Fluid description**

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**58. PHYSICS**

**59. PHYSICS**