

```
In [1]: #sentiment analysis  
#Phoebe S.  
#march 24,2022  
  
#imports  
import pandas as pd  
import numpy as np  
  
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split  
  
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier # KNN  
from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB # Gaussian Naive Bayes  
  
import pylab as pl  
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt  
  
from sklearn.metrics import f1_score  
from sklearn.metrics import precision_score  
from sklearn.metrics import recall_score  
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix  
  
from nltk.tokenize import word_tokenize  
from nltk.stem.wordnet import WordNetLemmatizer #root words#Lemmatization rec  
lem = WordNetLemmatizer()
```

In [2]: `#read files #split text into good or bad meaning`

```
def readFile(file_name):#read files for it
    file = open(file_name, "r")
    words = file.read().splitlines()
    file.close()
    return words

badWords= readFile("bad.txt")
print (badWords)

goodWords= readFile("good.txt")
print (goodWords)

#neutralWords = ["nice", "comfortable", "cozy","elegant", "impress","like","a
expressionWords = ["!", "super", "lot", "too", "very", "really"] #eg !,too: #if th
negateWords = ["no", "not", "don't", "won't", "but", "didn't"] #"not" - check if n
```

```
['bad', 'deceive', 'flaw', 'disappoint', 'bore', 'huge', 'large', 'bi
g', 'poor', 'awful', 'terrible', 'delicate', 'scratch', 'itch', 'itch
y', 'expensive', 'sad', 'ugly', 'aggravate', 'anger', 'annoy', 'awful',
'awkward', 'bother', 'break', 'bug', 'burden', 'challenge', 'chaos', 'c
omplain', 'concen', 'conflict', 'confuse', 'con', 'costly', 'crazy', 'd
egrade', 'deprive', 'desperate', 'deteriorate', 'detest', 'Hate', 'disa
gree', 'disapprove', 'disaster', 'discouraging', 'disdain', 'disgust',
'disgrace', 'dishonest', 'dislike', 'disregard', 'disrespect', 'distast
eful', 'distraught', 'doubt', 'dull', 'error', 'excuse', 'excessive',
'exhaust', 'expire', 'fail', 'fake', 'fall', 'frustrate', 'greed', 'gri
eve', 'gross', 'hard', 'harsh', 'harm', 'hate', 'horrid', 'horrible',
'hostile', 'hurt', 'impatient', 'impossible', 'inadequate', 'inaccurat
e', 'inconsistent', 'inconvenience', 'incorrect', 'ineffective', 'insan
e', 'insignificant', 'insult', 'intense', 'intolerable', 'irresponsibl
e', 'liar', 'lie', 'loath', 'limit', 'lose', 'loss', 'mad', 'mess', 'mi
serable', 'miss', 'nasty', 'odd', 'offend', 'overpriced', 'overrated',
'overstatement', 'oversize', 'overwhelm', 'pain', 'panic', 'paranoid',
'pathetic', 'peeve', 'poor', 'pretend', 'problem', 'protest', 'punish',
'provoke', 'rage', 'rant', 'refuse', 'regret', 'reject', 'remorse', 're
pulse', 'resent', 'revolt', 'rip-off', 'riporff', 'ruin', 'rough', 'sa
d', 'severe', 'shock', 'sick', 'shun', 'slow', 'sorry', 'stain', 'stres
s', 'stupid', 'suck', 'suffer', 'terrible', 'threat', 'tricky', 'unacce
ptable', 'unable', 'unavailable', 'unavoidably', 'unbearably', 'unbelie
vable', 'uncertain', 'uncomfy', 'unfortunate', 'unhappy', 'unnatural',
'unlucky', 'unpopular', 'unpleasant', 'unreasonable', 'unsatisfactory',
'untrue', 'unusual', 'upset', 'violate', 'weak', 'waste', 'weird', 'wor
thless', 'wreak', 'wretch', 'wrong', 'unflatter', 'small', 'flat', 'dis
appointment', 'return', 'massive', 'short', 'bulk', 'issue', 'shrunk',
'crazy']
['good', 'style', 'best', 'gorgeous', 'amaze', 'flatter', 'sweet', 'bea
utiful', 'great', 'perfect', 'nice', 'love', 'lovely', 'cute', 'cozy',
'comfy', 'comfort', 'comfortable', 'elegant', 'impressed', 'gorgeous',
'stunning', 'stun', 'pretty', 'sexy', 'fun', 'like', 'favorite', 'attra
ctive', 'fabulous', 'stunning', 'happy', 'bright', 'admire', 'adore',
```

```
'adorable', 'affordable', 'amaze', 'appreciate', 'attract', 'awesome',
'bargain', 'best', 'enjoy', 'fantastic', 'flawless', 'friendly', 'fres
h', 'splendid', 'success', 'wonderful', 'stylish', 'better', 'clean',
'cool', 'chic', 'gain', 'gentle', 'glad', 'glee', 'great', 'help', 'jo
y', 'nice', 'neat', 'pleasant', 'positive', 'recommend', 'remarkable',
'rich', 'right', 'satisfy', 'soft', 'luxury', 'approve', 'classic', 'cl
assy', 'vibrant', 'unique', 'excite', 'compliment', 'easy', 'fab', 'ar
t', 'elegant', 'cozy', 'nice', 'like', 'attract', 'impress']
```

```
In [3]: ▶ #Load the original data
sentiment_df= pd.read_csv("Womens Clothing E-Commerce Reviews.csv",delimiter
df = sentiment_df #copy

print(sentiment_df.head())
#print(df.head())
```

	Unnamed: 0	Clothing ID	Age	Title \
0	0	767	33	NaN
1	1	1080	34	NaN
2	2	1077	60	Some major design flaws
3	3	1049	50	My favorite buy!
4	4	847	47	Flattering shirt

	Review Text	Rating	Recommended I
0	Absolutely wonderful - silky and sexy and comf...	4	
1	Love this dress! it's sooo pretty. i happene...	5	
1			
2	I had such high hopes for this dress and reall...	3	
0			
3	I love, love, love this jumpsuit. it's fun, fl...	5	
1			
4	This shirt is very flattering to all due to th...	5	
1			

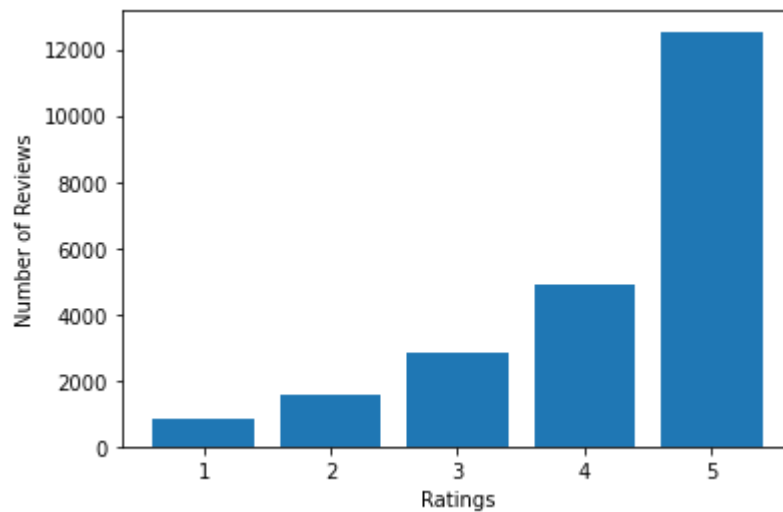
	Positive Feedback Count	Division Name	Department Name	Class Name
0	0	Intimates	Intimate	Intimates
1	4	General	Dresses	Dresses
2	0	General	Dresses	Dresses
3	0	General Petite	Bottoms	Pants
4	6	General	Tops	Blouses

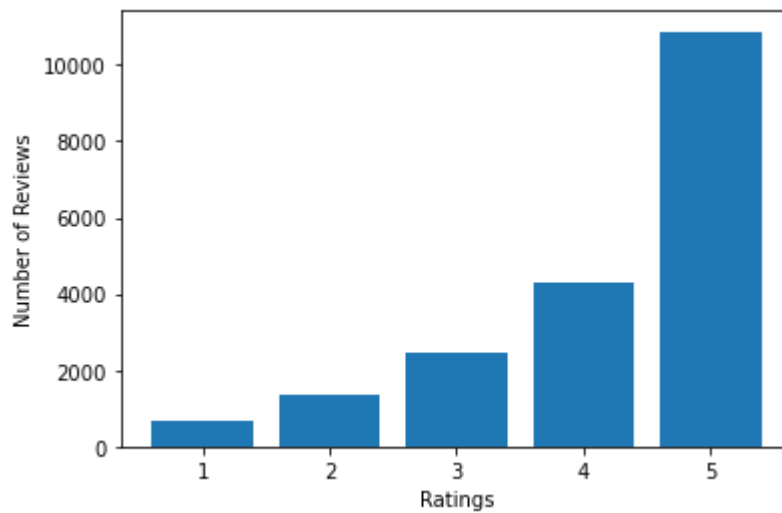
In [4]: `#graphs - showing distriubtions of Ratings based on dif text features #showin`

```
Sentiment_count=df.groupby('Rating').count()

plt.bar(Sentiment_count.index.values, Sentiment_count['Review Text'])
plt.xlabel('Ratings')
plt.ylabel('Number of Reviews')
plt.show()

plt.bar(Sentiment_count.index.values, Sentiment_count['Title'])
plt.xlabel('Ratings')
plt.ylabel('Number of Reviews')
plt.show()
```





In [5]: `# sentiment classify -text and title`

```
sentiment_df["Title"] =sentiment_df["Title"].fillna(0)#replace nan with 0
sentiment_df["Review Text"] =sentiment_df["Review Text"].fillna(0)
```

```
sentiment_df_title=sentiment_df["Title"]
sentiment_df_text=sentiment_df["Review Text"]
```

```
print(sentiment_df_title.head())
print()
print(sentiment_df_text.head())
```

```
0      0
1      0
2  Some major design flaws
3      My favorite buy!
4      Flattering shirt
Name: Title, dtype: object
```

```
0  Absolutely wonderful - silky and sexy and comf...
1  Love this dress! it's sooo pretty. i happene...
2  I had such high hopes for this dress and reall...
3  I love, love, love this jumpsuit. it's fun, fl...
4  This shirt is very flattering to all due to th...
Name: Review Text, dtype: object
```

```

In [6]: #title
title_evals= []

for i in range(len(sentiment_df_title)):#for each sentence
    num_good_words = 0
    num_bad_words = 0

    final_eval = 0

    was_negated = False
    was_expression = False

    if (sentiment_df_title.values[i]!=0):#not na

        sentence = sentiment_df_title.values[i]

        if i < 15: #print first few
            print(sentence)#debug
        words=word_tokenize(sentence)

        for j in range(len(words)): #for each word

            word = words[j].lower()
            rootWord = lem.lemmatize(word,"v") #root words

            #meaning of word
            if rootWord in goodWords :
                num_good_words+=1

            elif rootWord in badWords:
                num_bad_words+=1

            elif rootWord in negateWords:
                was_negated = True
            elif rootWord in expressionWords:
                was_expression = True

        #calc final eval
        final_eval = num_good_words-num_bad_words

        #check for negation or expresion
        #if a word in negationWords: ->increase other counter
        #if a word in expressionWords: ->increase the counter more?

        if(was_negated):
            final_eval = -final_eval

        if(was_expression):
            final_eval = final_eval*2#*5#*10 #nomralize them after?

        if i < 15: #print first few

```

```
print("was_negated, was_expression = ",was_negated,was_expression)
print("num_good_words, num_bad_words = ",num_good_words, num_bad_words)
print("final_eval =",final_eval,"\n" )
```

```
#put final eval in list or something to add to descript features
title_evals.append(final_eval)
```

```
was_negated, was_expression = False False
num_good_words, num_bad_words = 0 0
final_eval = 0
```

```
was_negated, was_expression = False False
num_good_words, num_bad_words = 0 0
final_eval = 0
```

```
Some major design flaws
was_negated, was_expression = False False
num_good_words, num_bad_words = 0 1
final_eval = -1
```

```
My favorite buy!
was_negated, was_expression = False True
num_good_words, num_bad_words = 1 0
final_eval = 2
```

```
Flattering shirt
was_negated, was_expression = False False
num_good_words, num_bad_words = 1 0
final_eval = 1
```

```
Not for the very petite
was_negated, was_expression = True True
num_good_words, num_bad_words = 0 0
final_eval = 0
```

```
Cagrcoal shimmer fun
was_negated, was_expression = False False
num_good_words, num_bad_words = 1 0
final_eval = 1
```

```
Shimmer, surprisingly goes with lots
was_negated, was_expression = False True
num_good_words, num_bad_words = 0 0
final_eval = 0
```

```
Flattering
was_negated, was_expression = False False
num_good_words, num_bad_words = 1 0
final_eval = 1
```

```
Such a fun dress!
was_negated, was_expression = False True
num_good_words, num_bad_words = 1 0
```

```
final_eval = 2
```

```
Dress looks like it's made of cheap material  
was_negated, was_expression = False False  
num_good_words, num_bad_words = 1 0  
final_eval = 1
```

```
was_negated, was_expression = False False  
num_good_words, num_bad_words = 0 0  
final_eval = 0
```

```
Perfect!!!
```

```
was_negated, was_expression = False True  
num_good_words, num_bad_words = 1 0  
final_eval = 2
```

```
Runs big
```

```
was_negated, was_expression = False False  
num_good_words, num_bad_words = 0 1  
final_eval = -1
```

```
Pretty party dress with some issues
```

```
was_negated, was_expression = False False  
num_good_words, num_bad_words = 1 1  
final_eval = 0
```



```

In [7]: #text
text_evals= []

for i in range(len(sentiment_df_text)):#for each sentence
    num_good_words = 0
    num_bad_words = 0

    final_eval = 0

    was_negated = False
    was_expression = False

    if (sentiment_df_text.values[i]!=0):#not na

        sentence = sentiment_df_text.values[i]
        words=word_tokenize(sentence)

        for j in range(len(words)): #for each word

            word = words[j].lower()
            rootWord = lem.lemmatize(word,"v") #root words

            #meaning of word
            if rootWord in goodWords :
                num_good_words+=1

            elif rootWord in badWords:
                num_bad_words+=1

            elif rootWord in negateWords:
                was_negated = True
            elif rootWord in expressionWords:
                was_expression = True

        #calc final eval
        final_eval = num_good_words-num_bad_words

        #check for negation or expresion
        if(was_negated):
            final_eval = -final_eval

        if(was_expression):
            final_eval = final_eval*2#*5 #*10

        if i < 15: #print first few
            #print("was_negated, was_expression",was_negated,was_expression)
            #print("num_good_words, num_bad_words =",num_good_words, num_bad_words)
            print("final_eval =",final_eval,"\n" )

        #put final eval in list or something to add to descript features

```

```
text_evals.append(final_eval)
```

```
final_eval = 3
```

```
final_eval = 8
```

```
final_eval = 6
```

```
final_eval = -14
```

```
final_eval = 6
```

```
final_eval = -2
```

```
final_eval = -4
```

```
final_eval = 0
```

```
final_eval = -6
```

```
final_eval = -4
```

```
final_eval = -2
```

```
final_eval = 4
```

```
final_eval = 2
```

```
final_eval = -2
```

```
final_eval = 10
```

```

In [8]: #preprocess data #find descriptive vs target features

all_features = df
#print(all_features.shape)

all_features = all_features.iloc[:, 1:] #drop first unnamed col of dataframe
#print (all_features.head())

#Rating is target

target_features = np.array(all_features['Rating'])
print("target_features=====\n")
print(target_features, "\n\n")
print(target_features.shape)

#descriptive_features: want - title, reivev text, Positive Feedback Count, Rec

descriptive_features=all_features.drop('Rating', axis = 1)#drop target
descriptive_features=descriptive_features.drop('Clothing ID', axis = 1)#drop
descriptive_features=descriptive_features.drop('Age', axis = 1)
descriptive_features=descriptive_features.drop('Division Name', axis = 1)
descriptive_features=descriptive_features.drop('Department Name', axis = 1)
descriptive_features=descriptive_features.drop('Class Name', axis = 1)

#replace text and title - with final eval

descriptive_features=descriptive_features.drop('Title', axis = 1)
descriptive_features=descriptive_features.drop('Review Text', axis = 1)

descriptive_features.insert(2, "titleNew", title_evals)
descriptive_features.insert(3, "textNew", text_evals)

print("descriptive_features=====\n")
print(descriptive_features.head(), "\n")
descriptive_features = np.array(descriptive_features)

print(descriptive_features, "\n\n")
print(descriptive_features.shape)

```

```
target_features=====
```

```
[4 5 3 ... 3 3 5]
```

```
(23486,)
```

```
descriptive_features=====
```

	Recommended IND	Positive Feedback Count	titleNew	textNew
0	1	0	0	3
1	1	4	0	8
2	0	0	-1	6

3	1	0	2	-14
4	1	6	1	6

```
[[ 1  0  0  3]
 [ 1  4  0  8]
 [ 0  0 -1  6]
 ...
 [ 0  1 -1 -4]
 [ 1  2  4 -4]
 [ 1 22  2  8]]
```

(23486, 4)

```
In [9]: #Randomly split original data #70% for training : 30% for testing

descriptive_train, descriptive_test, target_train, target_test = train_test_s

print('descriptive_train:', descriptive_train.shape)
print('target_train:', target_train.shape)
print('descriptive_test:', descriptive_test.shape)
print('target_test:', target_test.shape)
```

descriptive_train: (16440, 4)
target_train: (16440,)
descriptive_test: (7046, 4)
target_test: (7046,)

```

In [10]: #find a k value for knn- look for lowest point(error) on graph

minError = 1 #where is least error
minErrorK = 0 #which k to choose
errors = [0] #errors = []

# Calculate error for dif K values
for i in range(1,35):#(5,35):#(1, 40)

    knn = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=i)
    knn.fit(descriptive_train, target_train)
    pred_i = knn.predict(descriptive_test)
    errors.append(np.mean(pred_i != target_test))

    #print(errors[i-1],np.mean(pred_i != target_test),minError,minErrorK)
    if(errors[i]<minError): #if(errors[i-1]<minError):
        minError=errors[i]
        minErrorK=i

errors=errors[1:]
print("choose k = ", minErrorK)

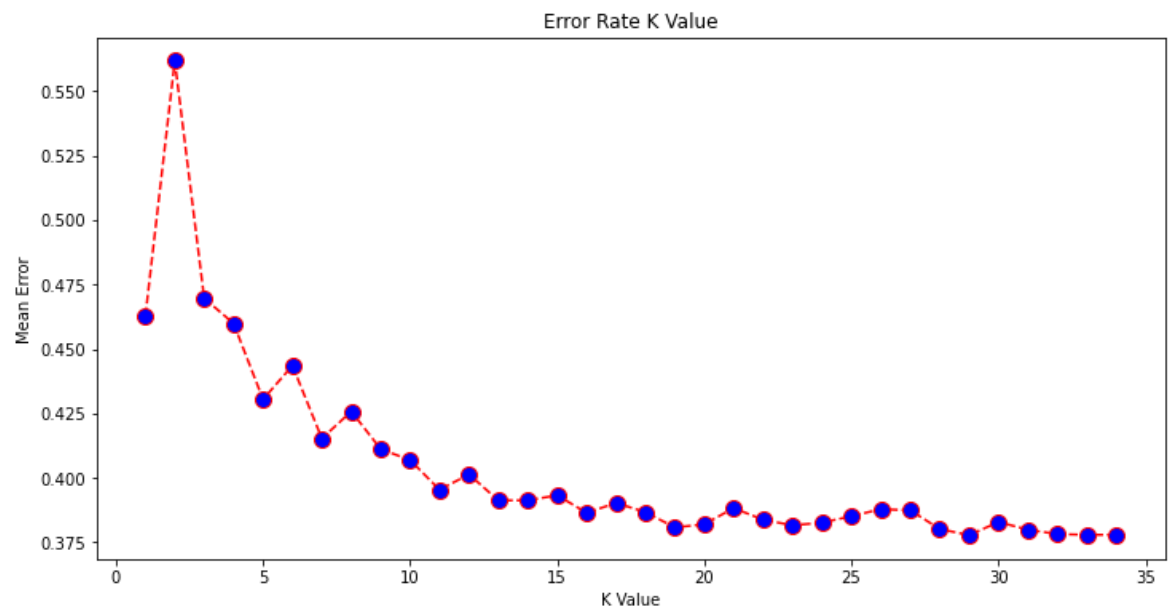
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
plt.plot(range(1, 35), errors, color='red', linestyle='dashed', marker='o', m

plt.title('Error Rate K Value')
plt.xlabel('K Value')
plt.ylabel('Mean Error')

```

choose k = 29

Out[10]: Text(0, 0.5, 'Mean Error')



```
In [11]: ▶ #K-Nearest Neighbors - predictive models

print("K-Nearest Neighbors\n")

#model = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors = 32) #make modle #17 #10,50,20

model = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors = minErrorK) #make modle #more flex
#model = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors = minErrorK,weights='distance')

model = model.fit(descriptive_train, target_train) #train
target_predict = model.predict(descriptive_test) #predict

print("target_predict=====\\n")
print(target_predict)
print(target_predict.shape, "\\n")
```

K-Nearest Neighbors

target_predict=====

[5 5 5 ... 5 5 5]
(7046,)

```
In [12]: ▶ # eval model # recall,f1 score

fscore = f1_score(target_test, target_predict, average='weighted')
print('F1score: {:.f}'.format( fscore))

#precision = precision_score(target_test, target_predict, average='weighted')
#print('precision: {:.f}'.format( precision))

recall = recall_score(target_test, target_predict, average='weighted')
print('recall: {:.f}'.format( recall))
```

F1score: 0.558368
recall: 0.622197

In [13]:  *#Naive Bayes - predictive models #not as good*

```
print("Naive Bayes\n")

model = GaussianNB() #make modle
model = model.fit(descriptive_train, target_train) #train
target_predict = model.predict(descriptive_test) #predict

print("target_predict=====\\n")
print(target_predict)
print(target_predict.shape, "\\n")

fscore = f1_score(target_test, target_predict, average='weighted')
print('F1score: {:.f}'.format( fscore))
recall = recall_score(target_test, target_predict, average='weighted')
print('recall: {:.f}'.format( recall))
```

Naive Bayes

target_predict=====

[5 5 5 ... 5 5 5]
(7046,)

F1score: 0.506446
recall: 0.609424

```

In [14]: #visualizations
#eg
#1,1 -> true pos of rating 1
#5,5 -> true pos of rating 5

def draw_confusion_matrices(confusion_matrices, class_names):
    labels = list(class_names)

    for cm in confusion_matrices:
        fig = pl.figure()
        ax = fig.add_subplot(111)

        cax = ax.matshow(cm[1])
        pl.title('Confusion Matrix\n(%)' % cm[0])
        fig.colorbar(cax)
        ax.set_xticklabels([''] + labels)
        ax.set_yticklabels([''] + labels)
        pl.xlabel('Predicted Class')
        pl.ylabel('True Class')

        for i,j in ((x,y) for x in range(len(cm[1])) for y in range(len(cm[1]
            ax.annotate(str(cm[1][i][j]), xy=(i,j), color='white')

        pl.show()

y= target_test
y = np.array(y)
class_names = np.unique(y)

print(classification_report(target_predict, target_test))
print(confusion_matrix(target_predict, target_test))

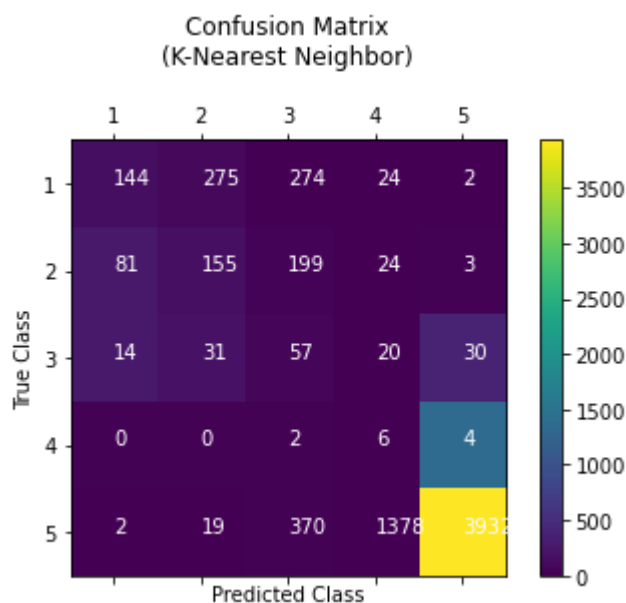
confusion_matrices = [ ("K-Nearest Neighbor", confusion_matrix(y, target_pred
draw_confusion_matrices(confusion_matrices, class_names)

```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
1	0.60	0.20	0.30	719
2	0.32	0.34	0.33	462
3	0.06	0.38	0.11	152
4	0.00	0.50	0.01	12
5	0.99	0.69	0.81	5701
accuracy			0.61	7046
macro avg	0.40	0.42	0.31	7046
weighted avg	0.88	0.61	0.71	7046
[[144 275 274 24 2]				
[81 155 199 24 3]				
[14 31 57 20 30]				


```
[ 0  0  2  6  4]
[ 2 19 370 1378 3932]]
```

C:\Users\Morgan\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_23456\2904237043.py:17: UserWarning: FixedFormatter should only be used together with FixedLocator
ax.set_xticklabels([''] + labels)
C:\Users\Morgan\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_23456\2904237043.py:18: UserWarning: FixedFormatter should only be used together with FixedLocator
ax.set_yticklabels([''] + labels)



In [15]:

```
'''
IN CONCLUSIONS...we get results similar to :

F1score: 0.555832
recall: 0.619075

          precision    recall  f1-score   support

         1         0.05         0.30         0.08         44
         2         0.27         0.36         0.31        371
         3         0.33         0.39         0.36        713
         4         0.15         0.45         0.22        506
         5         0.96         0.69         0.80       5412

    accuracy                    0.62       7046
   macro avg         0.35         0.44         0.35       7046
  weighted avg         0.79         0.62         0.68       7046

therefore our model is about 62% accurate, F1score is 56%, and recall is 62%

In addition:
f1 score of each target is different.
eg:
rating 1 with fscore= 0.08
vs
rating 5 with fscore= 0.80

this is either because the data is highly imbalanced or because we are better
'''
#cp322 project
```

```
Out[15]: '\nIN CONCLUSIONS...we get results similar to : \n\nF1score: 0.555832\nreca
ll: 0.619075\n\n          precision    recall  f1-score   support\n
\n         1         0.05         0.30         0.08         44\n
         2         0.27         0.36         0.31        371\n
         3         0.33         0.39         0.36        713\n
         4         0.15         0.45         0.22        506\n
         5         0.96         0.69         0.80       5412\n\n    accuracy
    0.62       7046\n   macro avg         0.35         0.44         0.35       7046\nweig
hted avg         0.79         0.62         0.68       7046\n\n\n \ntherefore our mod
el is about 62% accurate, F1score is 56%, and recall is 62% .\n\nIn additio
n:\nf1 score of each target is different. \neg: \nrating 1 with fscore= 0.0
8 \nvs \nrating 5 with fscore= 0.80 \n\nthis is either because the data is
highly imbalanced or because we are better at predicting the 5 star rating
s.\n\n'
```

In []:

