## Лабораторная работа 6.

## Задание 1.

```
#include <stdio.h>
extern "C" int func(int x, int y);
int main() {
   int x, y;
   scanf("%d %d", &x, &y);

   printf("func(%d, %d) = %d\n", x, y, func(x, y));
}
```

```
.text
      .globl func
      .type func, @function
func:
      movl %esi, %eax
      cltd
      idivl
             %edi
      testl %edx, %edx
             .if
      je
      movl %esi, %eax
      imull %edi, %eax
      ret
.if:
      movl %esi, %eax
      cltd
      idivl
             %edi
      ret
```

```
2 4
func(2, 4) = 2
```

```
4 2
func(4, 2) = 8
```

Задание 2.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>

extern "C" double funcc(double x);

int main() {
    double x;
    scanf("%le", &x);
    printf("funcc(%le) = %le\n", x, funcc(x));
}
```

```
.text
     .globl funcc
      .type funcc, @function
funcc:
     movsd .consts(%rip), %xmm1
      ucomisd
                  %xmm0, %xmm1
            .if
      jnb
      subsd %xmm1, %xmm0
      ret
.if:
            %xmm0, %xmm0
      pxor
      ret
.consts:
      .long 2576980378
      .long 1072273817
```

```
funcc(7.000000e-01) = 0.000000e+00
```

```
0.9
funcc(9.000000e-01) = 1.000000e-01
```

```
1
funcc(1.000000e+00) = 2.000000e-01
```

## Задание 3.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>

extern "C" int fib(int N, int* result);

int main() {
    int x;
    scanf("%d", &x);
    int* fibs = (int*) malloc((x + 1) * sizeof(int));
    fib(x, fibs);

for (int i = 0; i < (x + 1); ++i) {
        printf("fib(%d) = %d\n", i, fibs[i]);
    }

    free(fibs);
}</pre>
```

```
.text
.globl fib
.type fib, @function
```

```
fib:
      movl $1, (%rsi)
      movl $1, 4(%rsi)
            1(%rdi), %eax
      leal
      cmpl $2, %eax
      jle
             end
      movq %rsi, %rax
            -2(%rdi), %edx
      leal
            4(%rsi,%rdx,4), %rcx
      leaq
for:
      movl (%rax), %edx
      addl 4(%rax), %edx
      movl %edx, 8(%rax)
      addq $4, %rax
      cmpq %rcx, %rax
             for
      jne
end:
      rep ret
```

```
6
fib(0) = 1
fib(1) = 1
fib(2) = 2
fib(3) = 3
fib(4) = 5
fib(5) = 8
fib(6) = 13
```

## Задание 4.

Аналитически доказуемо, что гармонический ряд расходится, следовательно найти сумму невозможно.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>

extern "C" bool ser(double eps, double* result);

int main() {
    double eps;
    scanf("%le", &eps);

    double res = 0;
    if (!ser(eps, &res))
        printf("the series does not converge\n");

    return 0;
}
```

```
.text
.globlser
.type ser, @function
ser:
   movl $0, %eax
   ret
```

0.001

the series does not converge