Example: Attribute Selection with Information Gain

- Class P: buys_computer = "yes"
- Class N: buys_computer = "no"

$$Info(D) = I(9,5) = -\frac{9}{14}\log_2(\frac{9}{14}) - \frac{5}{14}\log_2(\frac{5}{14}) = 0.940$$

age	p _i	n _i	I(p _i , n _i)
<=30	2	3	0.971
3140	4	0	0
>40	3	2	0.971

age	income	student	credit_rating	buys_computer
<=30	high	no	fair	no
<=30	high	no	excellent	no
3140	high	no	fair	yes
>40	medium	no	fair	yes
>40	low	yes	fair	yes
>40	low	yes	excellent	no
3A A4A		1 18 PS 1	exgellanta a a	
ARON A	Medium	V nV V	ARKAAAAAA	AAAAAAAA
<=30	low	yes	fair	yes
>40	medium	yes	fair	yes
<=30	medium	yes	excellent	yes
3140	medium	no	excellent	yes
3140	high	yes	fair	yes
>40	medium	no	excellent	no

$$Info_{age}(D) = \frac{5}{14}I(2,3) + \frac{4}{14}I(4,0) + \frac{5}{14}I(3,2) = 0.694$$

 $\frac{5}{14}I(2,3)$ means "age <=30" has 5 out of 14 samples, with 2 yes'es and 3 no's.

Hence

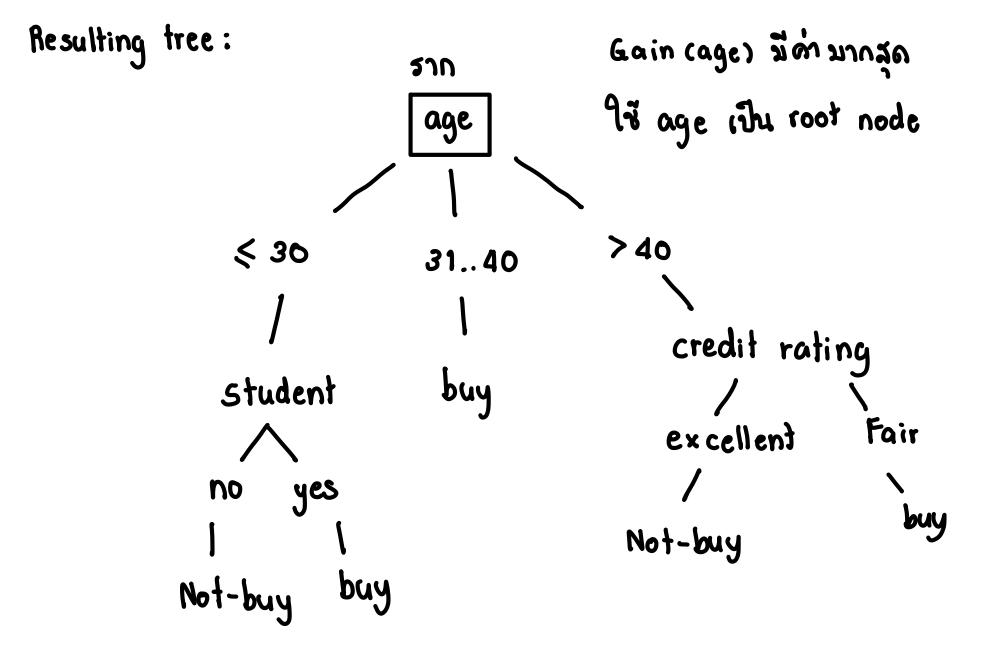
$$Gain(age) = Info(D) - Info_{age}(D) = 0.246$$

Similarly, we can get

$$Gain(income) = 0.029$$

$$Gain(student) = 0.151$$

$$Gain(credit\ rating) = 0.048$$



$$I(3,2) \cdot - \left(\frac{3}{5}\log_2\frac{3}{5} + \frac{2}{5}\log_2\frac{2}{5}\right)$$
= 0.9710

Info (D) = (8,4) =
$$-\frac{8}{12}\log_2\left(\frac{8}{12}\right) - \frac{4}{12}\log_2\left(\frac{4}{12}\right)$$

Info (D): 0.9183

Infoage (D) =
$$\frac{4}{12}I(2,2) + \frac{3}{12}I(3,0) + \frac{5}{12}I(3,2) = 0.738$$

Infoincome (D) =
$$\frac{4}{12}I(2,2) + \frac{3}{12}I(2,1) + \frac{5}{12}(4,1) = 0.863$$

Gain (income) = 0.0553

Info student (D) =
$$\frac{6}{12}$$
 I(3,3) + $\frac{6}{12}$ I(5,1) = 0.825

Gain (student) = 0.0933

Gain ccredit_rating) = 0.1703