Phenomena That Can Be Explained Solely by Band Theory

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This article is a reading note of Xiaogang Wen's Quantum Field Theories of Many-body Systems, Chapter 4.

1 The shape of the Fermi surface and equal-time Green function

In this section we explicitly evaluate the equal-time Green function. An important fact is that it is highly affected by the shape of the Fermi surface. When T=0, we have (when not explicitly mentioned, when there is no spin polarization mentioned, we are working with only one spin polarization)

$$iG(-0^{+}, \boldsymbol{x}) = \mathcal{T} \langle c(\boldsymbol{x}, -0^{+})c^{\dagger}(0, 0) \rangle = -\langle c^{\dagger}(0, 0)c(\boldsymbol{x}, 0) \rangle$$
$$= -\int \frac{\mathrm{d}^{d}\boldsymbol{k}}{(2\pi)^{d}} n_{\mathrm{F}}(\xi_{\boldsymbol{k}}) \mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{i}\boldsymbol{k} \cdot \boldsymbol{x}} = -\int \frac{\mathrm{d}^{d}\boldsymbol{k}}{(2\pi)^{d}} \Theta(-\xi_{\boldsymbol{k}}) \mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{i}\boldsymbol{k} \cdot \boldsymbol{x}}. \tag{1}$$

We define

$$\tilde{N}(k, \hat{\boldsymbol{x}}) = \int \frac{\mathrm{d}^d \boldsymbol{k}}{(2\pi)^d} \Theta(-\xi_{\boldsymbol{k}}) \delta(k - \boldsymbol{k} \cdot \hat{\boldsymbol{x}}), \tag{2}$$

Sec. 4.2.4

and since when $k = \mathbf{k} \cdot \hat{\mathbf{x}}$, we have $k|\mathbf{x}| = \mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{x}$, we have

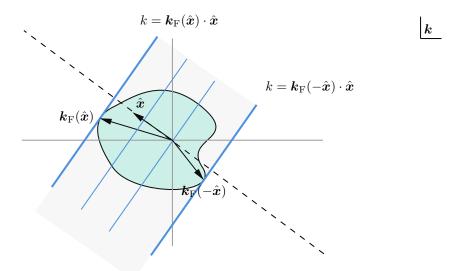
$$iG(-0^+, \boldsymbol{x}) = -\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dk \, \tilde{N}(k, \hat{\boldsymbol{x}}) e^{ik|\boldsymbol{x}|}.$$
 (3)

Now the most important task is to evaluate (2). The δ -function is non-zero on the plane $\mathbf{k} \cdot \hat{\mathbf{x}} = k$ in the momentum space.

2 Density-density correlation function

3 Linear response and effective theory

Chern-Simons



 $\boldsymbol{k}_{\mathrm{F}}(-\hat{\boldsymbol{x}}) \cdot \hat{\boldsymbol{x}} < k < \boldsymbol{k}_{\mathrm{F}}(\hat{\boldsymbol{x}}) \cdot \hat{\boldsymbol{x}}$

Figure 1: The shape of the Fermi surface and (2)