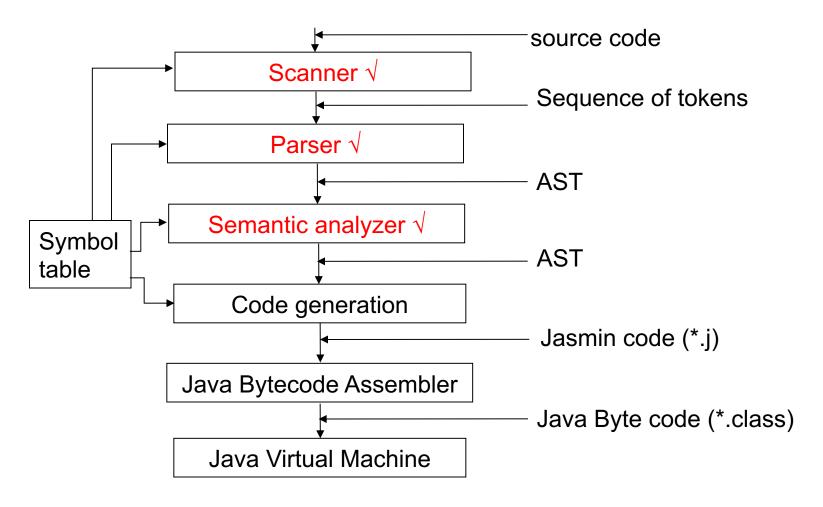
#### JVM and Jasmin

Dr. Nguyen Hua Phung Faculty of CSE HCMUT

#### Outline

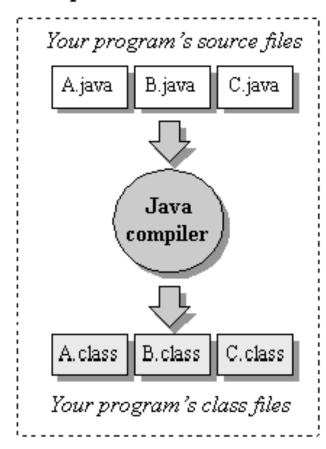
- Our compiler
- Java Virtual Machine
  - Data types
  - Operand stack
  - Local variable array
  - Instructions

### Our Compiler



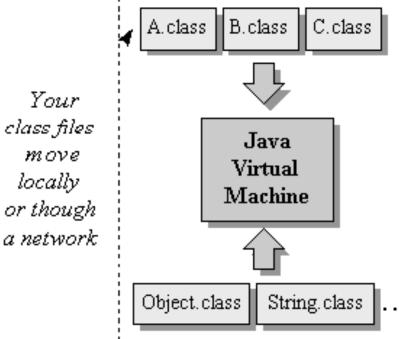
## Java Programming Environment

#### compile-time environment



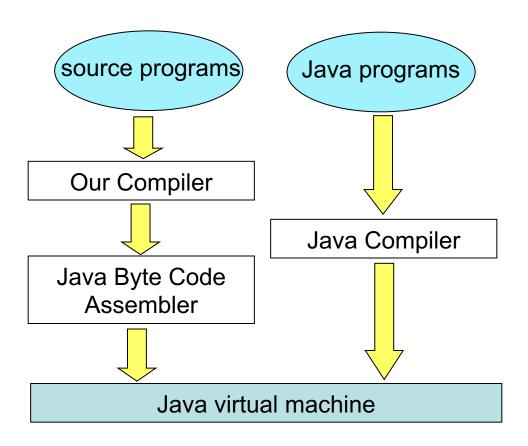
#### run-time environment

Your program's class files



From [1]

Java API's class files



## Why Jasmin?

- Jasmin is a Java assembler
  - adopts a one-to-one mapping
  - operation codes are represented by mnemonic

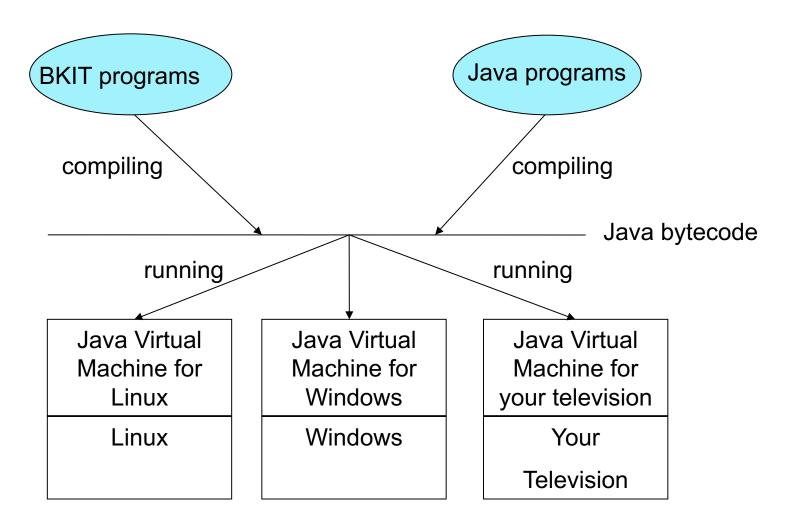
```
– Example:
                                               .line 4
public class VD {
                                              iconst 0
  public void main(String[] args)
                                              istore 2
                                               line 5
    int a,b;
                                              iload 2
    b = 0;
                                              iconst 2
                                              imul
    a = b * 2 + 40;
                                              bipush 40
                                              iadd
                                              istore_1
```

### Java Byte Code

#### Outline

- Our compiler
- Java Virtual Machine
  - Data types
  - Operand stack
  - Local variable array
  - Instructions

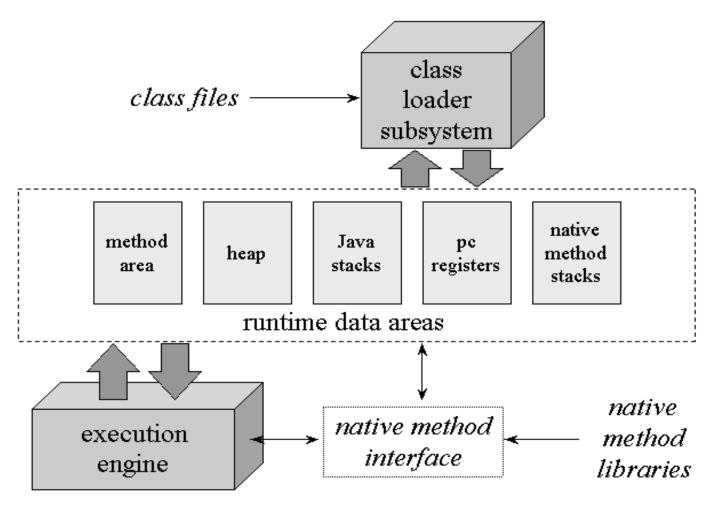
#### Java Virtual Machine



#### JVM = stack-based machine

- A stack for each method
- The stack is used to store operands and results of an expression.
- It is also used to pass argument and receive returned value.
- Code generation for a stack-based machine is easier than that for a register-based one.

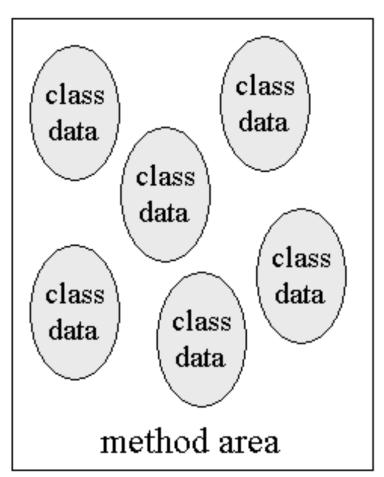
### Internal Architecture of JVM

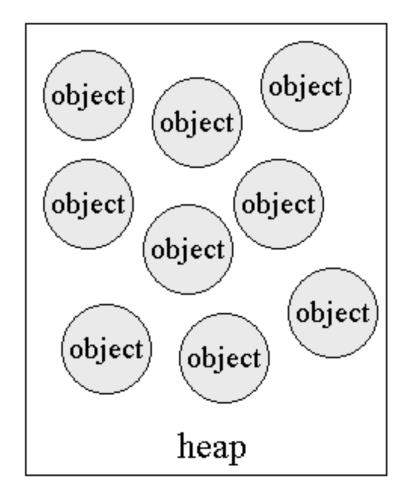


From [1]

CSE - HCMUT JVM and Jasmin

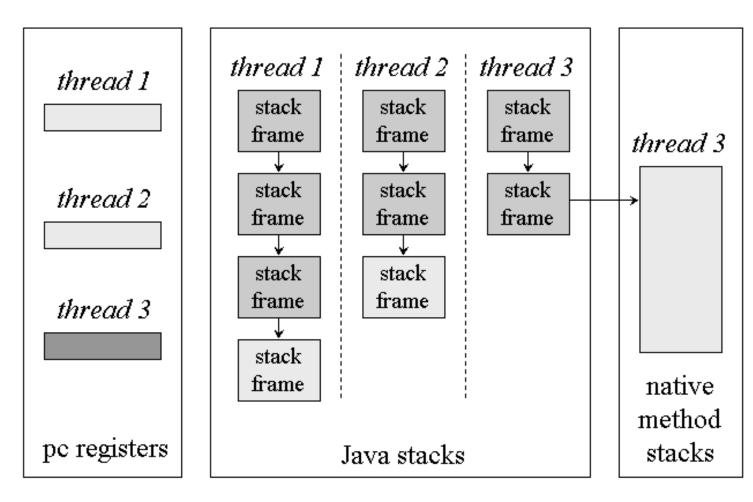
### Method Area and Heap





From [1]

#### Java Stacks



From [1]

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JVM and Jasmin

#### Outline

- Our compiler
- Java Virtual Machine
  - Data types
  - Operand stack
  - Local variable array
  - Instructions

# Data Types

Туре	Range	Description
boolean	{0,1}	Z
byte	-2 <sup>7</sup> to 2 <sup>7</sup> - 1, inclusive	В
short	-2 <sup>15</sup> to 2 <sup>15</sup> – 1, inclusive	S
int	-2 <sup>31</sup> to 2 <sup>31</sup> – 1, inclusive	I
long	-2 <sup>63</sup> to 2 <sup>63</sup> – 1, inclusive	L
char	16 bit usigned Unicode (0 to 2 <sup>16</sup> -1)	С
float	32-bit IEEE 754 single-precision float	F
double	64-bit IEEE 754 double-precision float	D
returnAddress	address of an opcode within the same method	
class reference		Lclass-name;
interface reference		Linter-name;
array reference		[[[component- type
void		V

Java language type	JVM description	
Object	Ljava/lang/Object;	
String	Ljava/lang/String;	
String []	[Ljava/lang/String;	
int []	[1	
float [] []	[[F	
void main(String [] args)	([Ljava/lang/String;)V	
int gcd(int a,int b)	(II)I	
char foo(float a,Object b)	(FLjava/lang/Object;)C	

# Example (cont'd)

```
public class GetType {
   public static void main(String [] args) {
        Object a = new Object();
        int [] b = new int[10];
        float[][] c = new float[2][3];
        String d = "csds";
        System.out.println("The class name of a is "+ a.getClass());
        System.out.println("The class name of b is " + b.getClass());
        System.out.println("The class name of c is " + c.getClass());
        System.out.println("The class name of d is " + d.getClass());
```

# Example (cont'd)

boolean, byte, char and short are implemented as int

```
public class IntTypes {
                                                        .method public static
    public static void
                                                       main([Ljava/lang/String;)V
          main(String argv[]) {
                                                        .line 3
          boolean z = true;
                                                       iconst 1
                                                       istore 1
          byte b = 1;
                                                       .line 4
          short s = 2;
                                                       iconst 1
                                                       istore 2
          char c = 'a';
                                                        .line 5
                                                       iconst 2
                                                       istore 3
                                                       .line 6
                                                       bipush 97
                                                       istore 4
                                                       Label0:
                                                        .line 8
                                                       return
                                                        .end method
```

#### Outline

- Our compiler
- Java Virtual Machine
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  - Operand stack
  - Local variable array
  - Instructions

### Operand Stack

- Accessed by pushing and popping values
  - storing operands and receiving the operations' results
  - passing arguments and receiving method results
- Integral expression:

```
a = b * 2 + 40;
```

Jasmin code

#### Outline

- Our compiler
- Java Virtual Machine
  - Data types
  - Operand stack
  - Local variable array
  - Instructions

## Local Variable Array

- A new local variable array is created each time a method is called
- 2. Local variables addressed by indexing, starting from 0
- 3. Instance methods:
  - slot 0 given to this
  - Parameters (if any) given consecutive indices, starting from 1
  - The indices allocated to the other variables in any order
- 4. Class methods:
  - Parameters (if any) given consecutive indices, starting from 0
  - The indices allocated to the other variables in any order
- 5. One slot can hold a value of boolean, byte, char, short, int, float, reference and returnAdrress
- 6. One pair of slots can hold a value of long and double

From [2]

```
public static void foo() {
    int a,b,c;
    a = 1;
    b = 2;
    c = (a + b) * 3;
}
```

```
.line 7
iconst_1
istore_0
                   // a
.line 8
iconst_2
                   // b
istore 1
.line 9
iload 0
iload_1
iadd
iconst 3
imul
istore_2
                   // c
```

```
public void foo() {
    int a,b,c;
    a = 1;
    b = 2;
    c = (a + b) * 3;
}
```

```
.var 0 is this LVD2; from Label0 to Label1
.line 7
iconst 1
                   IIa
istore 1
.line 8
iconst 2
istore_2
                   // b
.line 9
iload 1
iload 2
iadd
iconst_3
imul
istore_3
                   // C
```

```
public void foo() {
    int     a = 1;
    long b = 2;
    int c = 3;
    long d = (a + b) * c;
}
```

```
.line 6
iconst_1
istore 1
                    // a
.line 7
ldc2_w 2
Istore 2
                    // 2,3 \text{ for b}
.line 8
iconst 3
                    // c
istore 4
.line 9
iload 1
i2l
                     // conversion
lload 2
ladd
iload 4
                     // conversion
i2l
Imul
Istore 5
                    // 5,6 for d
```

#### Outline

- Our compiler
- Java Virtual Machine
  - Data types
  - Operand stack
  - Local variable array
  - Instructions

#### Jasmin Instructions

- 1. Arithmetic Instructions
- 2. Load and store instructions
- 3. Control transfer instructions
- 4. Type conversion instructions
- 5. Operand stack management instructions
- Object creation and manipulation
- 7. Method invocation instructions
- 8. Throwing instructions (not used)
- 9. Implementing **finally** (not used)
- 10. Synchronisation (not used)

#### **Arithmetic Instructions**

- Add: iadd, ladd, fadd, dadd.
- Subtract: isub, Isub, fsub, dsub.
- Multiply: imul, Imul, fmul, dmul.
- Divide: idiv, Idiv, fdiv, ddiv.
- Remainder: irem, Irem, frem, drem.
- Negate: ineg, Ineg, fneg, dneg.
- Shift: ishl, ishr, iushr, Ishl, Ishr, lushr.
- Bitwise OR: ior, lor.
- Bitwise AND: iand, land.
- Bitwise exclusive OR: ixor, lxor.
- Local variable increment: iinc.
- Comparison: dcmpg, dcmpl, fcmpg, fcmpl, lcmp.

From (\$3.11.3,[3])

#### Load and Store

Load a local variable onto the operand stack:

```
iload, iload_<n>, \Rightarrow n:0..3, used for int, boolean, byte, char or short lload, lload_<n>, \Rightarrow n:0..3, used for long fload, fload_<n>, \Rightarrow n:0..3, used for float dload, dload_<n>, \Rightarrow n:0..3, used for double aload, aload_<n>, \Rightarrow n:0..3, used for a reference \Rightarrow T:b,s,i,l,f,d,c,a
```

Store a value from the operand stack into a local variable:

```
istore, istore_<n>, □ n:0..3, used for int, boolean, byte, char or short Istore, Istore_<n>, □ n:0..3, used for long fstore, fstore_<n>, □ n:0..3, used for float dstore, dstore_<n>, □ n:0..3, used for double astore, astore_<n>, □ n:0..3, used for a reference and returnAddress \Rightarrow T:b,s,i,l,f,d,c,a
```

## Load and Store (cont'd)

Load a constant onto the operand stack:

```
bipush, \Rightarrow for an integer constant from -2<sup>7</sup> to 2<sup>7</sup> - 1

sipush, \Rightarrow for an integer constant from -2<sup>15</sup> to 2<sup>15</sup> - 1

Idc, \Rightarrow for a constant that is an integer, float or a quoted string

Idc_w,

Idc2_w, \Rightarrow for a constant that is a long or a double

aconst_null, \Rightarrow for a null

iconst_m1, \Rightarrow for -1

iconst_<i>, \Rightarrow for 0,...,5

Iconst_<!>, \Rightarrow for 0,1

fconst_<f>, \Rightarrow for 0.0,1.0 and 2.0

dconst_<d>. \Rightarrow for 0.0,1.0
```

```
int a = 1;

int b = 100;

int c = 1000;

int d = 40000;

int e = a * b + c - d;
```

```
.line 6
iconst_1
istore_1
.line 7
bipush 100
istore_2
.line 8
sipush 1000
istore_3
.line 9
Idc 40000
istore 4
```

.line 10 iload\_1 iload\_2 imul iload\_3 iadd iload 4 isub istore 5

```
.line 6
float a = 1.0F;
                                                        .line 10
                                 fconst 1
                                                        fload 1
float b = 2.0F;
                                 fstore 1
                                                        fload 2
                                 .line 7
                                                        fmul
float c = 3.0F;
                                 fconst 2
                                                        fload_3
float d = 4.0F;
                                 fstore 2
                                                        fadd
                                 .line 8
                                                        fload 4
float e = a * b + c - d;
                                 Idc 3.0
                                                        fsub
                                 fstore 3
                                                        fstore 5
                                 .line 9
                                 ldc 4.0
                                 fstore 4
```

```
.line 8
a[0] = 100;
                         aload 0
                                          // push address of array referred by a
b = a[1];
                         iconst 0
                                         // push 0
                         bipush 100 // push 100
                                          // a[0] = 100
                         iastore
                         Jine 9
                         aload 0
                                          // push address of array referred by a
                         iconst 1
                                          // push 1
                         iaload
                                          // pop a and 1, push a[1]
                         istore_1
                                          // store to b
```

#### Control Transfer Instructions

Unconditional branch:
 goto, goto w, jsr, jsr w, ret.

Conditional branch:

```
ifeq, iflt, ifle, ifne, ifgt, ifge, \Rightarrow compare an integer to zero ifnull, ifnonnull, \Rightarrow compare a reference to null if_icmpeq, if_icmpne, if_icmplt, if_icmpgt, if_icmple, \Rightarrow compare two integers if_acmpeq, if_acmpne. \Rightarrow compare two references
```

 Compound conditional branch: tableswitch, lookupswitch.

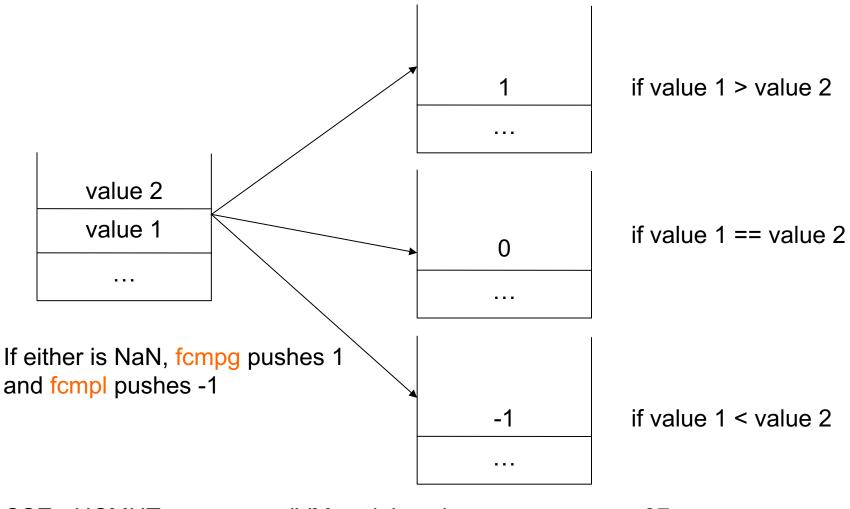
From (\$3.11.7,[3])

```
.line 7
int a,b,c;
                                  iload_0
                                                    // push a
if (a > b)
                                                    // push b
                                  iload 1
                                  if_icmple Label0
   c = 1;
                                  .line 8
                                  iconst 1
else
                                  istore 2
                                                    // c = 1
   c = 2;
                                  goto Label1
                                  Label0:
                                  .line 10
                                  iconst 2
                                                    // c = 2
                                  istore 2
```

Label1:

```
.line 7
float a,b; int c;
                            fload_0
                                           // push a
if (a > b)
                            fload 1
                                          // push b
                            fcmpl // pop a,b, push 1 if a > b, 0 otherwise
   c = 1;
                            ifle Label0
                                          // goto Label0 if top <= 0
                          .line 8
else
                            iconst_1
   c = 2;
                            istore 2
                            goto Label1
                          Label0:
                          .line 10
                            iconst 2
                            istore 2
                          Label1:
```

#### fcmpg and fcmpl



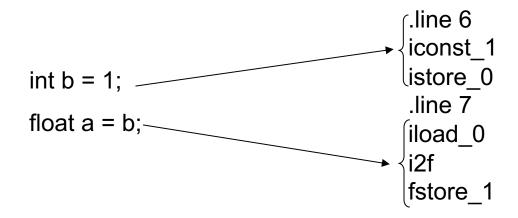
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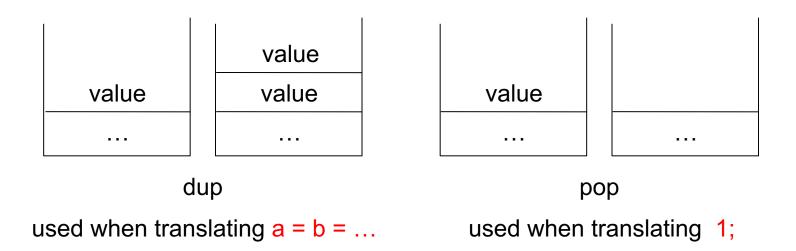
#### Type Conversion Instructions

- *i2I*, *i2f*, *i2d*, *l2f*, *l2d*, and *f2d*.
- Only i2f is used in MP compiler



## Operand Stack Management Instructions

- pop □ remove the stack top operand



others: pop2, dup2, swap,...

int a,b,c;  

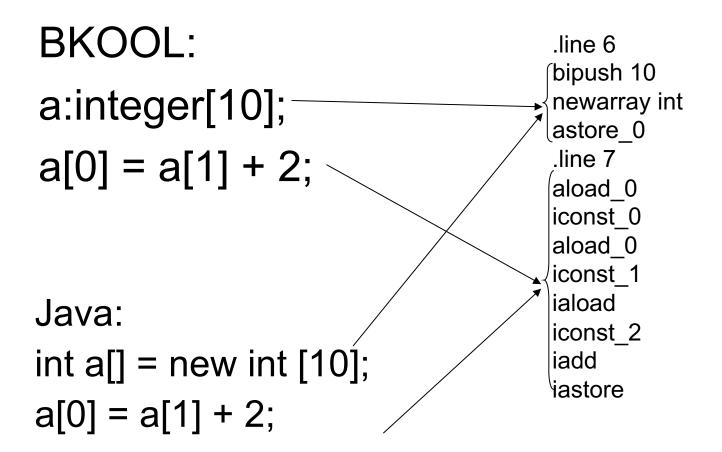
$$a = b = c = 1$$
;  
int a,b,c;  
 $1 + (a = 2)$ ;  
In MC, not in Java

sline 7  
iconst\_1  
iconst\_1  
iconst\_2  
dup  
istore\_0  
iadd  
pop

#### Object Creation and Manipulation

- Create a new class instance: new.
- Create a new array: newarray, anewarray, multianewarray.
- Access fields of classes (static fields, known as class variables) and fields of class instances (non-static fields, known as instance variables): getfield, putfield, getstatic, putstatic.
- Load an array component onto the operand stack: baload, caload, saload, iaload, laload, faload, daload, aaload.
- Store a value from the operand stack as an array component: bastore, castore, sastore, iastore, lastore, fastore, dastore, aastore.

•



#### Field Instructions

- getstatic
- pustatic
- getfield
- putfield
- E.g.

getstatic java.lang.System.out Ljava/io/PrintStream; field type class name

field name

<field spec> <descriptor>

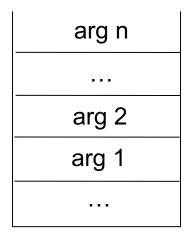
```
new VD12
public class VD12 {
                                           dup
                                           invokespecial VD12/<init>()V
   static int a;
                                           astore 1
   int b;
                                           iconst 1
   static VD12 c;
                                           putstatic VD12.a I
   VD12 d;
                                           aload 1
   public static void
                                           getstatic VD12.a I
           main(String[] arg)
                                           iconst 1
                                           iadd
         VD12 e;
                                           putfield VD12.b I
         e = new VD12();
                                           aload 1
         a = 1; \( \to \)
                                           new VD12
         e.b = a + 1;
                                           dup
         e.d = new VD12();
                                           invokespecial VD12/<init>()V
         c = e.d;
                                           putfield VD12.d LVD12;
                                           aload 1
                                           getfield VD12.d LVD12;
                                           putstatic VD12.c LVD12;
```

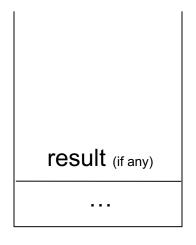
#### Method Invocation Instructions

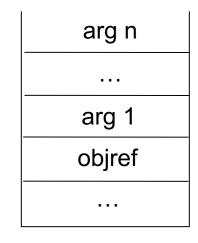
- invokestatic
- invokevirtual
- invokespecial
- <method-spec>
- the constructor method <init>
- a private method
- a method in a super class
- invokeinterface <method-spec> <num-args> invokevirtual java/io/PrintStream/println(Ljava/lang/String;)V

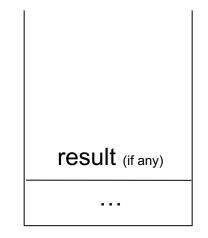
class name method name type desc

# Method Invocation Instructions (cont'd)









invokestatic

invokevirtual/invokespecial

- invokevirtual: based on the real type of objref
- invokestatic: based on the static class

```
public class VD13 {
  public static void main(String[] arg) {
       goo(new VD13());
  float foo(int a, float b) {
       return a + b;
  static void goo(VD13 x){
       x.foo(1,2.3F);
```

## Example 13 (cont'd)

```
public static void main(String[] arg) {
     goo(new VD13());
                                      .method public static main([Ljava/lang/String;)V
                                      .limit stack 2
                                      Jimit locals 1
                                      .var 0 is arg0 [Ljava/lang/String; from Label0 to Label1
                                      .line 3
                                          new VD13
                                          dup
                                          invokespecial VD13/<init>()V
                                          invokestatic VD13/goo(LVD13;)V
          objref
                                      Jine 4
                                          return
          objref
                                      .end method
```

#### Example 13 (cont'd)

```
static void goo(VD13 x) {
x.foo(1,2.3F);
}
```

```
2.3
1
obiref
```

```
.method static goo(LVD13;)V
.limit stack 3
limit locals 1
.var 0 is arg0 LVD13; from Label0 to Label1
.line 9
   aload_0
   iconst 1
    Idc 2.3
    invokevirtual VD13/foo(IF)F
    pop
Label1:
.line 10
    return
```

.end method

#### Method Return

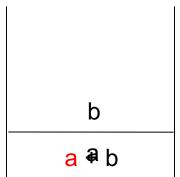
- All methods in Java are terminated by a return instruction
  - return □ void
  - ireturn □ int,short,char,boolean, byte
  - freturn □ float
  - Ireturn □ long
  - dreturn □ double
  - areturn □ reference

## Example 13 (cont'd)

```
float foo(int a, float b) {
    return a + b;
}

.method foo(IF)F
.limit stack 2
.limit locals 3
.var 0 is this LVD13; from Label0 to Label1
.var 1 is arg0 I from Label0 to Label1
.var 2 is arg1 F from Label0 to Label1

Label0:
iload 1
```



iload\_1 i2f fload\_2 fadd Label1: freturn

.end method

#### Jasmin Directives

- .source <source.java>
- > .class <the current class>
- > .super <the super class>
- ➤ .limit
- .method <the method description>
- > .field <the field description>
- >.end
- .var <the variable description>
- > .line <the line number in source code>

```
public class VD14 {
   int a;
   static int b;
   public static void
          main(String[] arg) {
   VD14()).foo(1,2.3F);
   float foo(int a, float b) {
         return a * b;
```

```
.source VD14.java
.class public VD14
.super java/lang/Object
.field a l
.field static b I
```

## Example 14 (cont'd)

```
public class VD14 {
   int a;
   static int b;
   public static void
         main(String[] arg) {
   VD14()).foo(1,2.3F);
   float foo(int a, float b) {
         return a * b;
```

```
.method public <init>()V
.limit stack 1
.limit locals 1
.var 0 is this LVD14; from Label0 to Label1

Label0:
.line 1
            aload_0
            invokespecial java/lang/Object/<init>()V
Label1:
            return

.end method
```

## Example 14 (cont'd)

```
public class VD14 {
                                                 .method public static main([Ljava/lang/String;)V
                                                 .limit stack 3
    int a;
                                                 .limit locals 1
    static int b;
                                                 .var 0 is arg0 [Ljava/lang/String; from Label0 to
                                                Label1
    public static void
                                                Label0:
           main(String[] arg) {
                                                 .line 5
                                                new VD14
    VD14()).foo(1,2.3F);
                                                dup
                                                 invokespecial VD14/<init>()V
                                                iconst 1
                                                ldc 2.3
    float foo(int a, float b) {
                                                invokevirtual VD14/foo(IF)F
                                                 pop
          return a * b;
                                                Label1:
                                                 .line 6
                                                return
                                                 .end method
```

## Example 14 (cont'd)

```
public class VD14 {
                                             .method foo(IF)F
                                             .limit stack 2
   int a;
                                             Jimit locals 3
   static int b;
                                             .var 0 is this LVD14; from Label0 to Label1
                                             .var 1 is arg0 I from Label0 to Label1
   public static void
                                             .var 2 is arg1 F from Label0 to Label1
          main(String[] arg) {
                                            Label0:
   VD14()).foo(1,2.3F);
                                             Jine 8
                                            iload 1
                                            i2f
                                            fload 2
   float foo(int a, float b) {
                                            fmul
          return a * b;
                                            Label1:
                                            freturn
                                             .end method
```

#### References

- [1] Bill Venner, Inside the Java Virtual Machine, http://www.artima.com/insidejvm/ed2/
- [2] J.Xue, Prog. Lang. and Compiler, <a href="http://www.cse.unsw.edu.au/~cs3131">http://www.cse.unsw.edu.au/~cs3131</a>
- [3] Java Virtual Machine Specification, <a href="http://java.sun.com/docs/books/vmspec/">http://java.sun.com/docs/books/vmspec/</a>
- [4] Jasmin Home Page, <a href="http://jasmin.sourceforge.net/">http://jasmin.sourceforge.net/</a>