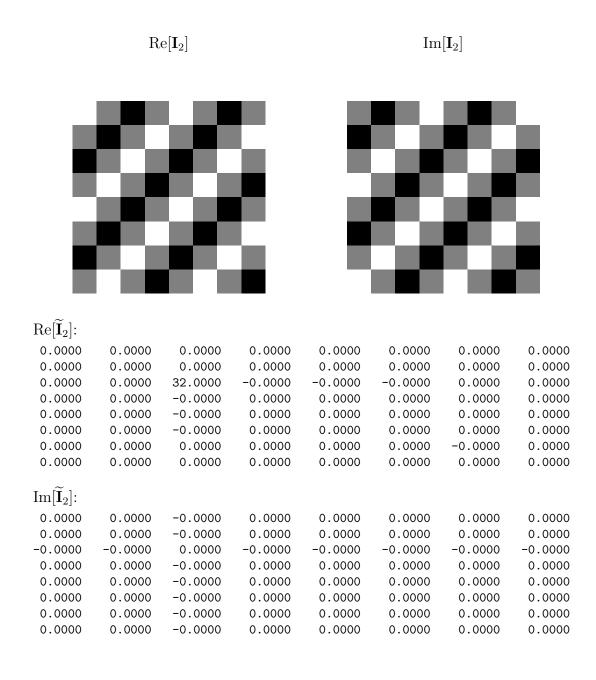
ECE 5273 HW 4 Solution

Spring 2025 Dr. Havlicek

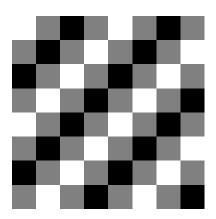
Note: This document contains solutions in both Matlab and traditional C.

C Solution:

$\mathrm{Re}[\mathbf{I}_1]$				$\mathrm{Im}[\mathbf{I}_1]$			
	-					-	_
	-	-	_		-	_	-
	-	_	ъ.	_	_	-	_
	_				_		_
_					-		
							_
			_				_
_	_	_	-		_	-	_
	_		_		_	_	_
$\operatorname{Re}[\widetilde{\mathbf{I}}_1]$:							
0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000
0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000
0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000
0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	-0.0000	-0.0000	32.0000	0.0000
0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
$\mathrm{Im}[\widetilde{\mathbf{I}}_1]$:							
0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000
0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

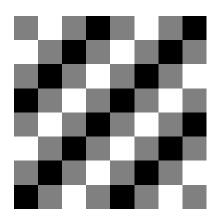


 \mathbf{I}_3



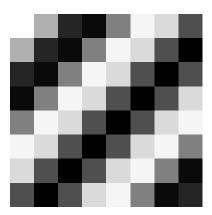
$\text{Re}[\mathbf{I}_3]$:							
0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000	0.0000	32.0000	-0.0000	-0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000
0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000
0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000
0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	-0.0000	-0.0000	32.0000	0.0000
0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
$\operatorname{Im}[\widetilde{\mathbf{I}}_3]$:							
0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
-0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	-0.0000	-0.0000	-0.0000	-0.0000
0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

 \mathbf{I}_4



$\operatorname{Re}[\widetilde{\mathbf{I}}_{4}]$:							
0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
~							
$\operatorname{Im}[\mathbf{I}_4]$:							
0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000
0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000
0.0000	0.0000	32.0000	-0.0000	-0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000							
0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
-0.0000	0.0000 -0.0000	-0.0000 0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000 -32.0000	-0.0000

 \mathbf{I}_5



$\mathrm{Re}[\widetilde{\mathbf{I}}_5]$:							
0.5535	0.4335	-0.6131	2.9028	2.0000	2.9028	-0.6131	0.4335
0.4335	-0.1397	-2.7422	4.8284	2.2688	2.0000	0.6488	0.7023
-0.6131	-2.7422	-11.6569	13.5706	4.6131	2.1796	2.0000	0.6488
2.9028	4.8284	13.5706	-11.8603	-3.2620	-2.3592	2.1796	2.0000
2.0000	2.2688	4.6131	-3.2620	-1.2398	-3.2620	4.6131	2.2688
2.9028	2.0000	2.1796	-2.3592	-3.2620	-11.8603	13.5706	4.8284
-0.6131	0.6488	2.0000	2.1796	4.6131	13.5706	-11.6569	-2.7422
0.4335	0.7023	0.6488	2.0000	2.2688	4.8284	-2.7422	-0.1397
~							
$\operatorname{Im}[\mathbf{I}_5]$:							
0.0000	0.6488	2.6131	-2.1796	0.0000	2.1796	-2.6131	-0.6488
0.6488	1.2977	3.2620	-1.5307	0.6488	2.8284	-1.9643	-0.0000
2.6131	3.2620	5.2263	0.4335	2.6131	4.7927	0.0000	1.9643
-2.1796	-1.5307	0.4335	-4.3592	-2.1796	-0.0000	-4.7927	-2.8284
0.0000	0.6488	2.6131	-2.1796	0.0000	2.1796	-2.6131	-0.6488
2.1796	2.8284	4.7927	0.0000	2.1796	4.3592	-0.4335	1.5307
-2.6131	-1.9643	0.0000	-4.7927	-2.6131	-0.4335	-5.2263	-3.2620
-0.6488	0.0000	1.9643	-2.8284	-0.6488	1.5307	-3.2620	-1.2977

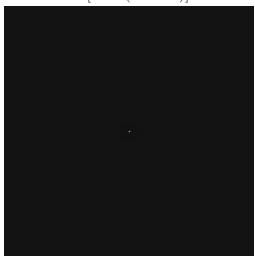
Discussion: For problems 1 and 2, the images \mathbf{I}_1 and \mathbf{I}_2 were each equal to one of the DFT basis functions $W_N^{-(um+vn)}$. Therefore, the DFTs $\widetilde{\mathbf{I}}_1$ and $\widetilde{\mathbf{I}}_2$ each had only one nonzero coefficient.

In problems 3 and 4, each image was a sum of two DFT basis functions. So each DFT had two nonzero coefficients.

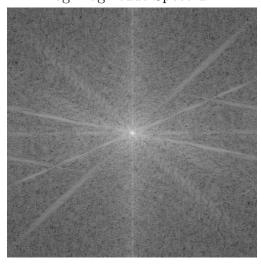
For problem 5, however, the frequency of \mathbf{I}_5 is distinct from that of any of the DFT basis functions. Therefore, many nonzero coefficients are required in the DFT to create the image \mathbf{I}_5 by constructive and destructive interference between all of the basis functions $W_N^{-(um+vn)}$.



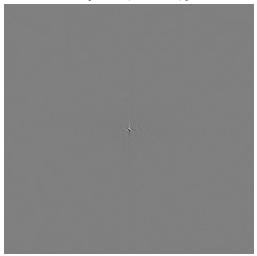
Re[DFT(camera)]



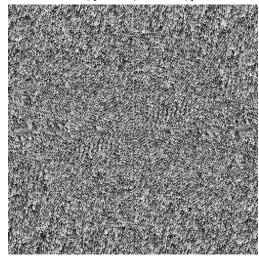
Log-Magnitude Spectrum



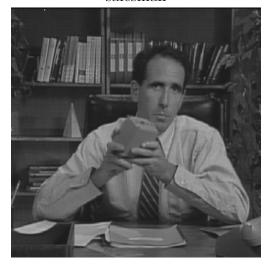
Im[DFT(camera)]



arg[DFT(camera)]

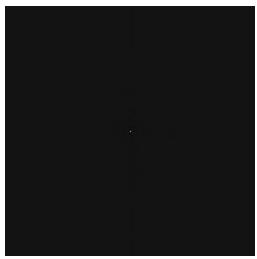


salesman

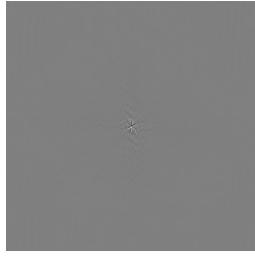


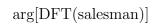
Re[DFT(salesman)]

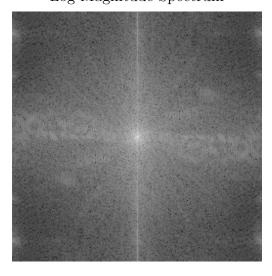


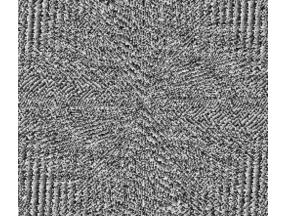


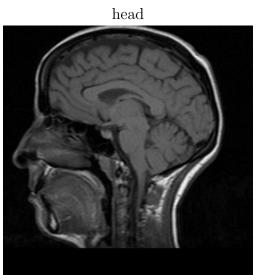
Log-Magnitude Spectrum



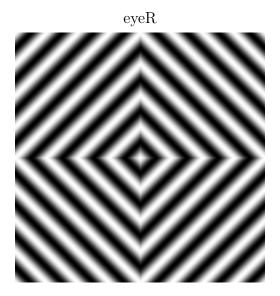




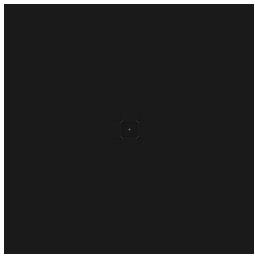




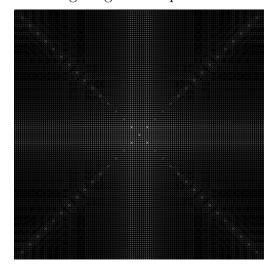
Re[DFT(head)]Im[DFT(head)]Log-Magnitude Spectrum arg[DFT(head)]



Re[DFT(eyeR)]



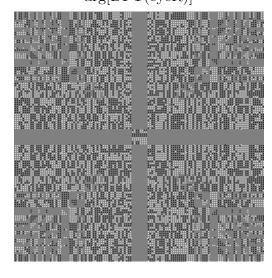
Log-Magnitude Spectrum

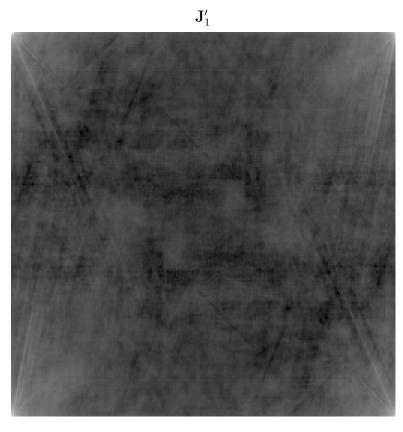


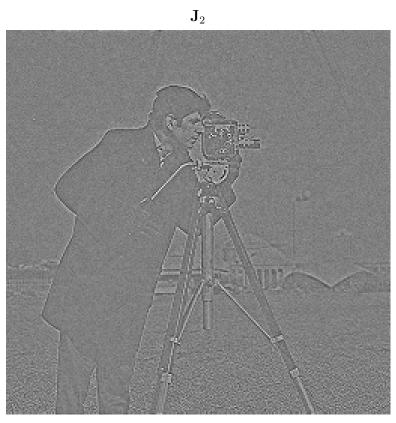
Im[DFT(eyeR)]



arg[DFT(eyeR)]







C program listing:

```
* hw04.c:
* Solution for homework 4 (2D DFT).
* 11/13/2000 jph
   2/28/2007: changed FFT routine from numerical recipes to fftw3. jph.
    3/30/2011: this is now HW 5 (used to be HW 6). jph.
* 3/27/2013: LTI filtering problem moved to next HW assignment. jph.
  2/15/2015: this is now HW 4. Added problems 6 and 7. jph.
*/
#include <math.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "fftw3.h"
#define BYTE unsigned char
* Function prototypes
*/
void disk2byte();
void byte2disk();
void Problem1();
void Problem2();
void Problem3();
void Problem4();
void Problem5();
void Problem6();
void Problem7();
BYTE *f2b_FullScale();
void WriteAsciiDFT();
float L2Norm();
void fft2d();
/*----*/
main(argc,argv)
 int
        argc;
 char *argv[];
 \boldsymbol{*} Call a function to do each problem
 Problem1(argv[0]);
 Problem2(argv[0]);
 Problem3(argv[0]);
 Problem4(argv[0]);
 Problem5(argv[0]);
 Problem6(argv[0]);
 Problem7(argv[0]);
 return;
} /*----*/
```

```
* Problem1
   HW 4, Problem 1.
   jph 13 November 2000
void Problem1(cmd)
 char
          *cmd;
                                 /* command used to invoke this program */
                                  /* num rows/cols in image */
 int
          size:
 int
          row;
                                  /* image row counter */
                                 /* image column counter */
 int
          col:
                                 /* Real part of image I1 */
 float *I1R;
                                 /* Imaginary part of image I1 */
 float *I1I;
                                 /* Real part of image I1 as BYTE image */
 BYTE
          *BI1R;
                                 /* Imaginary part of image I1 as BYTE image */
 BYTF.
          *BI1I:
                                 /* Real part of DFT of image I1 */
 float *Itilde1R;
 float *Itilde1I;
                                 /* Imaginary part of DFT of image I1 */
 double u0;
                                 /* horizontal frequency of image */
 double
                                 /* vertical frequency of image */
 double
                                 /* 2 * pi / size */
          TwoPiOnSize;
 double Phase;
                                 /* argument of transcendentals */
 * Make the image I1.
 */
 /**** constants ****/
 size = 8;
 TwoPiOnSize = (double)2.0*M_PI / (double)size;
 u0 = v0 = (double)2.0;
  /**** allocate image arrays *****/
 if ((I1R = (float*)malloc(size*size*sizeof(float))) == NULL) {
   printf("\n%s: free store exhausted in Problem 1.\n",cmd);
   exit(-1);
 if ((I1I = (float*)malloc(size*size*sizeof(float))) == NULL) {
   \label{linear_printf}  \mbox{printf("\n\%s: free store exhausted in Problem 1.\n",cmd);} 
   exit(-1);
 if ((Itilde1R = (float*)malloc(size*size*sizeof(float))) == NULL) {
   printf("\n%s: free store exhausted in Problem 1.\n",cmd);
 if ((Itilde1I = (float*)malloc(size*size*sizeof(float))) == NULL) {
   printf("\n%s: free store exhausted in Problem 1.\n",cmd);
   exit(-1);
  /**** set the pixel values ****/
 for (row=0; row < size; row++) {</pre>
   for (col=0; col < size; col++) {</pre>
     Phase = TwoPiOnSize * (u0*(double)col + v0*(double)row);
     I1R[row*size + col] = (float)0.5 * (float)cos(Phase);
     III[row*size + col] = (float)0.5 * (float)sin(Phase);
 }
 * Make BYTE versions of I1R and I1I w/ full-scale contrast and output
 BI1R = f2b_FullScale(I1R,size,cmd);
 BI1I = f2b_FullScale(I1I,size,cmd);
 byte2disk(BI1R,size,size,"I1R.bin");
```

```
byte2disk(BI1I,size,size,"I1I.bin");
 * Compute the DFT of the image I1 and output
 fft2d(I1R,I1I,Itilde1R,Itilde1I,size,1);
 WriteAsciiDFT(Itilde1R,size,"Itilde1R.ascii");
 WriteAsciiDFT(Itilde1I,size,"Itilde1I.ascii");
/*
 * Clean up
 free(I1R);
 free(I1I);
 free(Itilde1R);
 free(Itilde1I);
 free(BI1R);
 free(BI1I);
 return;
} /*----*/
* Problem2
  HW 4, Problem 2.
* jph 13 November 2000
void Problem2(cmd)
 char
                                /* command used to invoke this program */
{
                                /* num rows/cols in image */
 int
         size;
 int
          row;
                                /* image row counter */
 int
         col;
                                /* image column counter */
                               /* Real part of image I2 */
 float *I2R;
 float *I2I;
                               /* Imaginary part of image I2 */
 BYTE
         *BI2R;
                               /* Real part of image I2 as BYTE image */
                               /* Imaginary part of image I2 as BYTE image */
/* Real part of DFT of image I2 */
 BYTE
         *BI2I;
 float *Itilde2R;
                               /* Imaginary part of DFT of image I2 */
 float *Itilde2I;
 double u0;
                               /* horizontal frequency of image */
 double v0;
                               /* vertical frequency of image */
 double
          TwoPiOnSize;
                                /* 2 * pi / size */
 double Phase;
                                /* argument of transcendentals */
 * Make the image I2.
 /**** constants ****/
 size = 8;
 TwoPiOnSize = (double)2.0*M_PI / (double)size;
 u0 = v0 = (double)2.0;
 /**** allocate image arrays ****/
 if ((I2R = (float*)malloc(size*size*sizeof(float))) == NULL) {
   printf("\n%s: free store exhausted in Problem 2.\n",cmd);
   exit(-1);
 if ((I2I = (float*)malloc(size*size*sizeof(float))) == NULL) {
   printf("\n%s: free store exhausted in Problem 2.\n",cmd);
   exit(-1);
 if ((Itilde2R = (float*)malloc(size*size*sizeof(float))) == NULL) {
```

```
printf("\n%s: free store exhausted in Problem 2.\n",cmd);
   exit(-1);
  if ((Itilde2I = (float*)malloc(size*size*sizeof(float))) == NULL) {
   printf("\n%s: free store exhausted in Problem 2.\n",cmd);
   exit(-1);
  /**** set the pixel values ****/
  for (row=0; row < size; row++) {</pre>
   for (col=0; col < size; col++) {</pre>
     Phase = TwoPiOnSize * (u0*(double)col + v0*(double)row);
     I2R[row*size + col] = (float) 0.5 * (float)cos(Phase);
     I2I[row*size + col] = (float)-0.5 * (float)sin(Phase);
   }
  * Make BYTE versions of I2R and I2I \text{w}/\text{full-scale} contrast and output
  BI2R = f2b_FullScale(I2R, size, cmd);
 BI2I = f2b_FullScale(I2I,size,cmd);
 byte2disk(BI2R,size,size,"I2R.bin");
  byte2disk(BI2I,size,size,"I2I.bin");
  * Compute the DFT of the image I2 and output
  fft2d(I2R,I2I,Itilde2R,Itilde2I,size,1);
  WriteAsciiDFT(Itilde2R,size,"Itilde2R.ascii");
  WriteAsciiDFT(Itilde2I,size,"Itilde2I.ascii");
  * Clean up
  */
  free(I2R);
 free(I2I);
  free(Itilde2R);
  free(Itilde2I);
  free(BI2R);
 free(BI2I);
} /*-----*/
 * Problem3
   HW 4, Problem 3.
 * jph 13 November 2000
void Problem3(cmd)
                                /* command used to invoke this program */
{
 int.
                                /* num rows/cols in image */
         size:
  int
         row;
                                /* image row counter */
  int
         col;
                                /* image column counter */
  float
         *I3R;
                                /* Real part of image I3 */
  float
        *I3I;
                                /* Imaginary part of image I3 */
                               /* Real part of image I3 as BYTE image */
 BYTE
         *BI3R:
  BYTE
                                /* Imaginary part of image I3 as BYTE image */
                                /* Real part of DFT of image I3 */
  float *Itilde3R;
                                /* Imaginary part of DFT of image I3 */
  float *Itilde3I;
  double u0;
                                /* horizontal frequency of image */
```

```
/* vertical frequency of image */
 double
          νO:
 double
          TwoPiOnSize;
                                /* 2 * pi / size */
 double Phase;
                                /* argument of transcendentals */
 * Make the image I3.
 /**** constants ****/
 size = 8;
 TwoPiOnSize = (double)2.0*M_PI / (double)size;
 u0 = v0 = (double)2.0;
 /**** allocate image arrays *****/
 if ((I3R = (float*)malloc(size*size*sizeof(float))) == NULL) {
   printf("\n%s: free store exhausted in Problem 3.\n",cmd);
   exit(-1);
 if ((I3I = (float*)malloc(size*size*sizeof(float))) == NULL) {
   printf("\n%s: free store exhausted in Problem 3.\n",cmd);
 if ((Itilde3R = (float*)malloc(size*size*sizeof(float))) == NULL) {
   printf("\n%s: free store exhausted in Problem 3.\n",cmd);
 if ((Itilde3I = (float*)malloc(size*size*sizeof(float))) == NULL) {
   printf("\n%s: free store exhausted in Problem 3.\n",cmd);
   exit(-1);
 /**** set the pixel values ****/
 for (row=0; row < size; row++) {</pre>
   for (col=0; col < size; col++) {</pre>
     Phase = TwoPiOnSize * (u0*(double)col + v0*(double)row);
     I3R[row*size + col] = (float)cos(Phase);
     I3I[row*size + col] = (float)0.0;
   }
 }
 st Make BYTE versions of I3R and I3I w/ full-scale contrast and output
 BI3R = f2b_FullScale(I3R,size,cmd);
 BI3I = f2b_FullScale(I3I,size,cmd);
 byte2disk(BI3R,size,size,"I3R.bin");
 byte2disk(BI3I,size,size,"I3I.bin");
 * Compute the DFT of the image I3 and output
 fft2d(I3R,I3I,Itilde3R,Itilde3I,size,1);
 WriteAsciiDFT(Itilde3R,size,"Itilde3R.ascii");
 WriteAsciiDFT(Itilde3I,size,"Itilde3I.ascii");
 * Clean up
  */
 free(I3R);
 free(I3I);
 free(Itilde3R);
 free(Itilde3I);
 free(BI3R);
 free(BI3I);
} /*-----*/
* Problem4
```

15

```
HW 4. Problem 4.
   jph 13 November 2000
void Problem4(cmd)
                                 /* command used to invoke this program */
 char
         *cmd;
{
                                /* num rows/cols in image */
 int
         size;
                                /* image row counter */
 int
         row;
                                /* image column counter */
 int.
         col;
 float
         *I4R;
                                /* Real part of image I4 */
 float
                                /* Imaginary part of image I4 */
         *I4I;
 BYTE
         *BI4R;
                                /* Real part of image I4 as BYTE image */
         *BI4I;
 BYTF.
                                /* Imaginary part of image I4 as BYTE image */
 float
                                /* Real part of DFT of image I4 */
        *Itilde4R;
                                /* Imaginary part of DFT of image I4 */
/* horizontal frequency of image */
 float
         *Itilde4I;
 double u0:
                                /* vertical frequency of image */
 double v0;
 double
         TwoPiOnSize;
                                /* 2 * pi / size */
 double Phase;
                                /* argument of transcendentals */
 * Make the image I4.
 /**** constants ****/
 size = 8;
 TwoPiOnSize = (double)2.0*M_PI / (double)size;
 u0 = v0 = (double)2.0;
 /**** allocate image arrays *****/
  if ((I4R = (float*)malloc(size*size*sizeof(float))) == NULL) {
   if ((I4I = (float*)malloc(size*size*sizeof(float))) == NULL) {
   printf("\ns: free store exhausted in Problem 4.\n",cmd);
   exit(-1);
 if ((Itilde4R = (float*)malloc(size*size*sizeof(float))) == NULL) {
   printf("\n%s: free store exhausted in Problem 4.\n",cmd);
   exit(-1);
 if ((Itilde4I = (float*)malloc(size*size*sizeof(float))) == NULL) {
   printf("\n%s: free store exhausted in Problem 4.\n",cmd);
   exit(-1);
  /**** set the pixel values ****/
 for (row=0; row < size; row++) {</pre>
   for (col=0; col < size; col++) {</pre>
     Phase = TwoPiOnSize * (u0*(double)col + v0*(double)row);
     I4R[row*size + col] = (float)sin(Phase);
     I4I[row*size + col] = (float)0.0;
   }
 }
 * Make BYTE versions of I4R and I4I w/ full-scale contrast and output
 BI4R = f2b_FullScale(I4R,size,cmd);
 BI4I = f2b_FullScale(I4I, size, cmd);
 byte2disk(BI4R,size,size,"I4R.bin");
 byte2disk(BI4I,size,size,"I4I.bin");
 /*
```

```
* Compute the DFT of the image I4 and output
  fft2d(I4R,I4I,Itilde4R,Itilde4I,size,1);
  WriteAsciiDFT(Itilde4R,size,"Itilde4R.ascii");
  WriteAsciiDFT(Itilde4I,size,"Itilde4I.ascii");
  * Clean up
  free(I4R);
  free(I4I);
  free(Itilde4R);
 free(Itilde4I);
 free(BI4R);
 free(BI4I);
} /*-----*/
* Problem5
   HW 4, Problem 5.
  jph 13 November 2000
void Problem5(cmd)
                                  /* command used to invoke this program */
  char
          *cmd;
  int
                                   /* num rows/cols in image */
         size:
  int
          row;
                                  /* image row counter */
          col;
                                  /* image column counter */
  int
                                  /* Real part of image I5 */
  float *I5R;
                                  /* Imaginary part of image I5 */
  float *I5I;
                                  /* Real part of image I5 as BYTE image */
/* Imaginary part of image I5 as BYTE image */
  BYTE
          *BI5R;
 BYTE
         *BI5I;
                              /* Imaginary |
/* Real part of DFT of image 15 */
/* Imaginary part of DFT of image 15 */
/* Lorizontal frequency of image */
 float *Itilde5R;
  float *Itilde5I;
  double u1;
                                  /* vertical frequency of image */
/* 2 * pi / size */
 double v1;
double TwoPiOnSize;
 double Phase;
                                  /* argument of transcendentals */
  * Make the image I5.
  /**** constants ****/
  size = 8;
  TwoPiOnSize = (double)2.0*M_PI / (double)size;
  u1 = v1 = (double)1.5;
  /**** allocate image arrays *****/
  if ((I5R = (float*)malloc(size*size*sizeof(float))) == NULL) {
   printf("\n%s: free store exhausted in Problem 5.\n",cmd);
  if ((I5I = (float*)malloc(size*size*sizeof(float))) == NULL) {
   printf("\n%s: free store exhausted in Problem 5.\n",cmd);
   exit(-1);
  if ((Itilde5R = (float*)malloc(size*size*sizeof(float))) == NULL) {
   printf("\n%s: free store exhausted in Problem 5.\n",cmd);
    exit(-1);
  if ((Itilde5I = (float*)malloc(size*size*sizeof(float))) == NULL) {
```

```
printf("\n%s: free store exhausted in Problem 5.\n",cmd);
   exit(-1);
  /**** set the pixel values *****/
 for (row=0; row < size; row++) {</pre>
   for (col=0; col < size; col++) {</pre>
     Phase = TwoPiOnSize * (u1*(double)col + v1*(double)row);
     I5R[row*size + col] = (float)cos(Phase);
     I5I[row*size + col] = (float)0.0;
 }
 * Make BYTE versions of I5R and I5I \text{w}/\text{full-scale} contrast and output
 BI5R = f2b_FullScale(I5R,size,cmd);
 BI5I = f2b_FullScale(I5I,size,cmd);
 byte2disk(BI5R,size,size,"I5R.bin");
 byte2disk(BI5I,size,size,"I5I.bin");
 \ast Compute the DFT of the image I5 and output
 fft2d(I5R,I5I,Itilde5R,Itilde5I,size,1);
 WriteAsciiDFT(Itilde5R,size,"Itilde5R.ascii");
 WriteAsciiDFT(Itilde5I,size,"Itilde5I.ascii");
 * Clean up
 */
 free(I5R);
 free(I5I);
 free(Itilde5R);
 free(Itilde5I);
 free(BI5R);
 free(BI5I);
} /*-----*/
* Problem6
  HW 4, Problem 6.
 * jph 15 February 2015
void Problem6(cmd)
                                /* command used to invoke this program */
         *cmd:
 char
 int
         i;
                                /* loop counter */
 int
          size;
                                /* num rows/cols in image */
          N:
                                /* size * size */
 int
 BYTE
         *X;
                                /* BYTE input image */
                                /* Real part of image as float */
 float
         *XR;
 float
         *XI;
                               /* Imag part of image as float (all zero) */
 float
         *XtildeR;
                               /* Real part of DFT */
                               /* Imag part of DFT */
/* DFT log-magnitude spectrum */
 float
         *XtildeI;
 float
        *XtildeMag;
 float *XtildePhase;
                               /* DFT phase */
 BYTE *BXtildeR;
                               /* Real part of DFT as BYTE */
                               /* Imag part of DFT as BYTE */
 BYTE *BXtildeI;
                                /* DFT log-magnitude spectrum as BYTE */
 BYTE
        *BXtildeMag;
 BYTE *BXtildePhase;
                                /* DFT phase as BYTE */
```

```
size = 256;
N = size * size;
/**** allocate image arrays *****/
if ((X = (BYTE*)malloc(size*size*sizeof(BYTE))) == NULL) {
 printf("\n%s: free store exhausted in Problem 6.\n",cmd);
 exit(-1);
if ((XR = (float*)malloc(size*size*sizeof(float))) == NULL) {
 printf("\n%s: free store exhausted in Problem 6.\n",cmd);
 exit(-1):
if ((XI = (float*)malloc(size*size*sizeof(float))) == NULL) {
 printf("\n%s: free store exhausted in Problem 6.\n",cmd);
 exit(-1):
if ((XtildeR = (float*)malloc(size*size*sizeof(float))) == NULL) {
 printf("\n%s: free store exhausted in Problem 6.\n",cmd);
if ((XtildeI = (float*)malloc(size*size*sizeof(float))) == NULL) {
 printf("\n%s: free store exhausted in Problem 6.\n",cmd);
 exit(-1);
if ((XtildeMag = (float*)malloc(size*size*sizeof(float))) == NULL) {
 printf("\n\%s: free store exhausted in Problem 6.\n",cmd);\\
 exit(-1):
if ((XtildePhase = (float*)malloc(size*size*sizeof(float))) == NULL) {
 printf("\n%s: free store exhausted in Problem 6.\n",cmd);
 exit(-1);
if ((BXtildeR = (BYTE*)malloc(size*size*sizeof(BYTE))) == NULL) {
 printf("\n%s: free store exhausted in Problem 6.\n",cmd);
if ((BXtildeI = (BYTE*)malloc(size*size*sizeof(BYTE))) == NULL) {
 printf("\n%s: free store exhausted in Problem 6.\n",cmd);
if ((BXtildeMag = (BYTE*)malloc(size*size*sizeof(BYTE))) == NULL) {
 printf("\n%s: free store exhausted in Problem 6.\n",cmd);
 exit(-1);
if ((BXtildePhase = (BYTE*)malloc(size*size*sizeof(BYTE))) == NULL) {
 printf("\n%s: free store exhausted in Problem 6.\n",cmd);
 exit(-1);
/* Read the input image, cast to float, and compute DFT */
/*sprintf(fn,"%s","camera.bin");*/
disk2byte(X,size,size,"camera.bin");
for (i=0; i < N; i++) {
 XR[i] = (float)(X[i]);
 XI[i] = (float)0.0;
fft2d(XR,XI,XtildeR,XtildeI,size,1);
/* Compute DFT log-magnitude spectrum and phase */
for (i=0; i < N; i++) {
 XtildeMag[i] = (float)log((double)1.0 + L2Norm(XtildeR[i],XtildeI[i]));
 XtildePhase[i] = (float)atan2((double)XtildeI[i],(double)XtildeR[i]);
/* Cast results to BYTE and write output files */
BXtildeR = f2b_FullScale(XtildeR,size,cmd);
BXtildeI = f2b_FullScale(XtildeI,size,cmd);
```

```
BXtildeMag = f2b_FullScale(XtildeMag,size,cmd);
BXtildePhase = f2b_FullScale(XtildePhase, size, cmd);
byte2disk(BXtildeR,size,size,"cameraFFTR.bin");
byte2disk(BXtildeI,size,size,"cameraFFTI.bin");
byte2disk(BXtildeMag,size,size,"cameraFFTMag.bin");
byte2disk(BXtildePhase,size,size,"cameraFFTPhase.bin");
/* Read the input image, cast to float, and compute DFT */
/*sprintf(fn,"%s","camera.bin");*/
disk2byte(X,size,size,"salesman.bin");
for (i=0; i < N; i++) {
 XR[i] = (float)(X[i]);
 XI[i] = (float)0.0;
fft2d(XR,XI,XtildeR,XtildeI,size,1);
/* Compute DFT log-magnitude spectrum and phase */
for (i=0; i < N; i++) {
 XtildeMag[i] = (float)log((double)1.0 + L2Norm(XtildeR[i],XtildeI[i]));
 XtildePhase[i] = (float)atan2((double)XtildeI[i],(double)XtildeR[i]);
/* Cast results to BYTE and write output files */
BXtildeR = f2b_FullScale(XtildeR,size,cmd);
BXtildeI = f2b_FullScale(XtildeI,size,cmd);
BXtildeMag = f2b_FullScale(XtildeMag,size,cmd);
BXtildePhase = f2b_FullScale(XtildePhase,size,cmd);
byte2disk(BXtildeR,size,size,"salesmanFFTR.bin");
byte2disk(BXtildeI,size,size,"salesmanFFTI.bin");
byte2disk(BXtildeMag,size,size,"salesmanFFTMag.bin");
byte2disk(BXtildePhase, size, size, salesmanFFTPhase.bin");
/* Read the input image, cast to float, and compute DFT */
/*sprintf(fn,"%s","camera.bin");*/
disk2byte(X,size,size,"head.bin");
for (i=0; i < N; i++) {
 XR[i] = (float)(X[i]);
 XI[i] = (float)0.0;
fft2d(XR,XI,XtildeR,XtildeI,size,1);
/* Compute DFT log-magnitude spectrum and phase */
for (i=0; i < N; i++) {
 XtildeMag[i] = (float)log((double)1.0 + L2Norm(XtildeR[i],XtildeI[i]));
 XtildePhase[i] = (float)atan2((double)XtildeI[i],(double)XtildeR[i]);
/* Cast results to BYTE and write output files */
BXtildeR = f2b_FullScale(XtildeR,size,cmd);
BXtildeI = f2b_FullScale(XtildeI,size,cmd);
BXtildeMag = f2b_FullScale(XtildeMag,size,cmd);
BXtildePhase = f2b_FullScale(XtildePhase, size, cmd);
byte2disk(BXtildeR,size,size,"headFFTR.bin");
byte2disk(BXtildeI,size,size,"headFFTI.bin");
byte2disk(BXtildeMag,size,size,"headFFTMag.bin");
byte2disk(BXtildePhase, size, size, "headFFTPhase.bin");
/* Read the input image, cast to float, and compute DFT */
/*sprintf(fn,"%s","camera.bin");*/
disk2byte(X,size,size,"eyeR.bin");
for (i=0; i < N; i++) {
 XR[i] = (float)(X[i]);
```

```
XI[i] = (float)0.0;
 fft2d(XR,XI,XtildeR,XtildeI,size,1);
 /* Compute DFT log-magnitude spectrum and phase */
 for (i=0; i < N; i++) {
   XtildeMag[i] = (float)log((double)1.0 + L2Norm(XtildeR[i],XtildeI[i]));
   XtildePhase[i] = (float)atan2((double)XtildeI[i],(double)XtildeR[i]);
  /* Cast results to BYTE and write output files */
 BXtildeR = f2b_FullScale(XtildeR,size,cmd);
 BXtildeI = f2b_FullScale(XtildeI,size,cmd);
 BXtildeMag = f2b_FullScale(XtildeMag,size,cmd);
 BXtildePhase = f2b_FullScale(XtildePhase,size,cmd);
 byte2disk(BXtildeR,size,size,"eyeRFFTR.bin");
 byte2disk(BXtildeI,size,size,"eyeRFFTI.bin");
 byte2disk(BXtildeMag,size,size,"eyeRFFTMag.bin");
 byte2disk(BXtildePhase, size, size, "eyeRFFTPhase.bin");
 * Clean up
 */
 free(X);
 free(XR);
 free(XI):
 free(XtildeR);
 free(XtildeI);
 free(XtildeMag);
 free(XtildePhase);
 free(BXtildeR);
 free(BXtildeI);
 free(BXtildeMag);
 free(BXtildePhase);
} /*----*/
/*-----
* Problem7
* HW 4, Problem 7.
 * jph 15 February 2015
void Problem7(cmd)
                                /* command used to invoke this program */
 char
                                /* loop counter */
 int
         i;
                               /* num rows/cols in image */
 int
         size;
 int
         N;
                               /* size * size */
                               /* BYTE input image */
 BYTE
         *X:
 float
         *XR;
                               /* Real part of image as float */
                               /* Imag part of image as float (all zero) */
 float.
         *XI;
                              /* Real part of DFT */
 float *XtildeR;
                               /* Imag part of DFT */
 float *XtildeI;
                               /* DFT magnitude */
/* DFT phase */
 float *XtildeMag;
float *XtildePhase;
 BYTE
         *J1;
                               /* BYTE J1 image */
                               /* Real part of J1 image as float */
 float *J1R;
                              /* Imag part of J1 image as float (all zero) */
/* Real part of J1 DFT */
/* Imag part of J1 DFT */
 float *J1I;
 float
        *J1tildeR;
 float *J1tildeI;
```

```
float
       *J1tildeMag;
                               /* J1 DFT magnitude */
float
        *J1tildePhase;
                               /* J1 DFT phase */
                               /* BYTE J2 image */
RYTE
        *J2;
                               /* Real part of J2 image as float */
float
        *J2R;
float
       *J2I;
                               /* Imag part of J2 image as float (all zero) */
float
        *J2tildeR;
                               /* Real part of J2 DFT */
float
        *J2tildeI;
                               /* Imag part of J2 DFT */
                               /* J2 DFT magnitude */
float
        *J2tildeMag;
                               /* J2 DFT phase */
float
       *J2tildePhase;
size = 256;
N = size * size;
/***** allocate image arrays *****/
if ((X = (BYTE*)malloc(size*size*sizeof(BYTE))) == NULL) {
 printf("\n%s: free store exhausted in Problem 6.\n",cmd);
 exit(-1);
if ((XR = (float*)malloc(size*size*sizeof(float))) == NULL) {
 printf("\n%s: free store exhausted in Problem 6.\n",cmd);
 exit(-1);
if ((XI = (float*)malloc(size*size*sizeof(float))) == NULL) {
 printf("\n%s: free store exhausted in Problem 6.\n",cmd);
 exit(-1);
if ((XtildeR = (float*)malloc(size*size*sizeof(float))) == NULL) {
 printf("\n%s: free store exhausted in Problem 6.\n",cmd);
 exit(-1);
if ((XtildeI = (float*)malloc(size*size*sizeof(float))) == NULL) {
 printf("\n%s: free store exhausted in Problem 6.\n",cmd);
if ((XtildeMag = (float*)malloc(size*size*sizeof(float))) == NULL) {
 printf("\ns: free store exhausted in Problem 6.\n",cmd);
if ((XtildePhase = (float*)malloc(size*size*sizeof(float))) == NULL) {
 printf("\n%s: free store exhausted in Problem 6.\n",cmd);
 exit(-1);
if ((J1 = (BYTE*)malloc(size*size*sizeof(BYTE))) == NULL) {
 printf("\n%s: free store exhausted in Problem 6.\n",cmd);
 exit(-1);
if ((J1R = (float*)malloc(size*size*sizeof(float))) == NULL) {
 printf("\n%s: free store exhausted in Problem 6.\n",cmd);
 exit(-1);
if ((J1I = (float*)malloc(size*size*sizeof(float))) == NULL) {
 printf("\ns: free store exhausted in Problem 6.\n",cmd);
  exit(-1):
if ((J1tildeR = (float*)malloc(size*size*sizeof(float))) == NULL) {
 printf("\n%s: free store exhausted in Problem 6.\n",cmd);
if ((J1tildeI = (float*)malloc(size*size*sizeof(float))) == NULL) {
 printf("\n%s: free store exhausted in Problem 6.\n",cmd);
 exit(-1);
if ((J1tildeMag = (float*)malloc(size*size*sizeof(float))) == NULL) {
 printf("\n%s: free store exhausted in Problem 6.\n",cmd);
 exit(-1);
if ((J1tildePhase = (float*)malloc(size*size*sizeof(float))) == NULL) {
 printf("\n%s: free store exhausted in Problem 6.\n",cmd);
 exit(-1);
```

```
if ((J2 = (BYTE*)malloc(size*size*sizeof(BYTE))) == NULL) {
 printf("\ns: free store exhausted in Problem 6.\n",cmd);
 exit(-1);
if ((J2R = (float*)malloc(size*size*sizeof(float))) == NULL) {
 printf("\n%s: free store exhausted in Problem 6.\n",cmd);
 exit(-1);
if ((J2I = (float*)malloc(size*size*sizeof(float))) == NULL) {
 printf("\n%s: free store exhausted in Problem 6.\n",cmd);
 exit(-1);
if ((J2tildeR = (float*)malloc(size*size*sizeof(float))) == NULL) {
 printf("\n%s: free store exhausted in Problem 6.\n",cmd);
 exit(-1):
if ((J2tildeI = (float*)malloc(size*size*sizeof(float))) == NULL) {
 printf("\n%s: free store exhausted in Problem 6.\n",cmd);
if ((J2tildeMag = (float*)malloc(size*size*sizeof(float))) == NULL) {
 printf("\n%s: free store exhausted in Problem 6.\n",cmd);
if ((J2tildePhase = (float*)malloc(size*size*sizeof(float))) == NULL) {
 printf("\n%s: free store exhausted in Problem 6.\n",cmd);
 exit(-1);
/* Read the input image, cast to float, and compute DFT */
/*sprintf(fn,"%s","camera.bin");*/
disk2byte(X,size,size,"camera.bin");
for (i=0; i < N; i++) {
 XR[i] = (float)(X[i]);
 XI[i] = (float)0.0;
fft2d(XR,XI,XtildeR,XtildeI,size,1);
/* Compute DFT magnitude and phase */
for (i=0; i < N; i++) {
 XtildeMag[i] = L2Norm(XtildeR[i],XtildeI[i]);
 XtildePhase[i] = (float)atan2((double)XtildeI[i],(double)XtildeR[i]);
/* Compute DFTs of J1 and J2; invert to get the images */
for (i=0; i < N; i++) {
 J1tildeMag[i] = XtildeMag[i];
 J1tildePhase[i] = (float)0.0;
 J1tildeR[i] = J1tildeMag[i]*(float)cos((double)J1tildePhase[i]);
 J1tildeI[i] = J1tildeMag[i]*(float)sin((double)J1tildePhase[i]);
 J2tildeMag[i] = (float)1.0;
 J2tildePhase[i] = XtildePhase[i];
  J2tildeR[i] = J2tildeMag[i]*(float)cos((double)J2tildePhase[i]);
 J2tildeI[i] = J2tildeMag[i]*(float)sin((double)J2tildePhase[i]);
fft2d(J1R,J1I,J1tildeR,J1tildeI,size,-1);
fft2d(J2R,J2I,J2tildeR,J2tildeI,size,-1);
/* Do log range compression on J1 */
for (i=0; i < N; i++) {
 J1R[i] = (float)log((double)J1R[i]);
/* Write results to files */
J1 = f2b_FullScale(J1R,size,cmd);
J2 = f2b_FullScale(J2R,size,cmd);
byte2disk(J1,size,size,"J1prime.bin");
byte2disk(J2,size,size,"J2.bin");
```

```
* Clean up
 free(X);
 free(XR);
 free(XI);
 free(XtildeR);
 free(XtildeI);
 free(XtildeMag);
 free(XtildePhase);
 free(J1);
 free(J1R);
 free(J1I);
 free(J1tildeR);
 free(J1tildeI);
 free(J1tildeMag);
 free(J1tildePhase);
 free(J2);
 free(J2R):
 free(J2I);
 free(J2tildeR);
 free(J2tildeI);
 free(J2tildeMag);
 free(J2tildePhase);
 return;
} /*----*/
* f2b_FullScale
   Convert a float image to a BYTE image with full-scale contrast.
* jph 13 November 2000
BYTE *f2b_FullScale(x,size,cmd)
                               /* input float image */
 float *x;
                               /* num rows/cols in input image x */
 int
         size;
 char
         *cmd;
                               /* command used to invoke this program */
 int
                               /* loop counter */
         i;
 int
         N;
                               /* size * size */
 float
                               /* minimum pixel value in input image */
         min;
 float max;
                              /* maximum pixel value in input image */
 float
        ScaleFact;
                              /* dynamic range scale factor */
 BYTE
                               /* output BYTE image */
       *y;
 N = size * size;
 * Allocate output BYTE image on the heap
 if ((y = (BYTE*)malloc(size*size*sizeof(BYTE))) == NULL) {
   printf("\nFree store exhausted in f2b_FullScale.\n");
   exit(-1);
 * find min and max pixel values in input image
 */
 min = max = x[0];
 for (i=0; i < N; i++) {
```

```
if (x[i] < min) {
    min = x[i];
   } else {
    if (x[i] > max) {
      max = x[i];
   }
 }
 * Do full-scale contrast stretch and cast image into BYTE
 ScaleFact = (float)255.0 / (max - min);
 for (i=0; i < N; i++) {
   y[i] = (BYTE)round(ScaleFact * (x[i] - min));
 return(y);
} /*-----*/
* WriteAsciiDFT
   Write the Real or Imaginary part of an 8x8 DFT to an ascii disk file.
* jph 13 November 2000
void WriteAsciiDFT(x,size,OutFile)
                              /* input float DFT array */
 float *x;
 int
                              /* num rows/cols in image, assumed = 8 */
        size:
 char
        *OutFile;
                             /* output filename */
{
                             /* row counter */
 int
        row;
                              /* column counter */
 int
         col;
                              /* output file pointer */
 FILE
        *OutFp;
 * Open the output file
 if ((OutFp = fopen(OutFile,"w")) == NULL) {
   printf("\nWriteAsciiDFT: cannot open file %s\n",OutFile);
   exit(-1);
 }
 * Loop over rows and cols, write ascii data to file
 for (row=0; row < size; row++) {</pre>
   fprintf(OutFp,"%9.4f",x[row*size + 0]); /* 1st entry; no leading blank */
   for (col=1; col < size; col++) {</pre>
    fprintf(OutFp,"%10.4f",x[row*size + col]); /* rest w/ leading blank */
   fprintf(OutFp,"\n"); /* eol */
 fclose(OutFp);
 return;
} /*----*/
* L2Norm
* Return the L2 norm (Euclidean norm) of a floating point 2-vector.
```

```
* jph 13 November 2000
float L2Norm(x,y)
 float
                               /* first element of input vector */
                               /* second element of input vector */
 float
{
 return((float)pow(
           pow((double)x,(double)2.0) + pow((double)y,(double)2.0),
} /*-----*/
* disk2byte.c
   function reads an unsigned char (byte) image from disk
  jph 15 June 1992
void disk2byte(x,row_dim,col_dim,fn)
 BYTE
                      /* image to be read */
       *x:
       row_dim;
 int
                       /* row dimension of x */
                   /* row qumension of x */
 int
        col_dim;
 char *fn;
                       /* filename */
 int fd;
                     /* file descriptor */
                    /* Ille descriptor ,
/* number of bytes to read */
 int n_bytes;
 * detect zero dimension input
 if ((row_dim==0) || (col_dim==0)) return;
/*
 * create and open the file
 if ((fd = open(fn, O_RDONLY))==-1) {
   printf("\ndisk2byte.c : could not open %s !",fn);
   return;
 }
 * read image data from the file
 n_bytes = row_dim * col_dim * sizeof(unsigned char);
 if (read(fd,x,n_bytes) != n_bytes) {
   printf("\ndisk2byte.c : complete read of %s did not succeed.",fn);
 * close file and return
 if (close(fd) == -1) printf("\ndisk2byte.c : error closing %s.",fn);
* byte2disk.c
  function writes an unsigned char (byte) image to disk
```

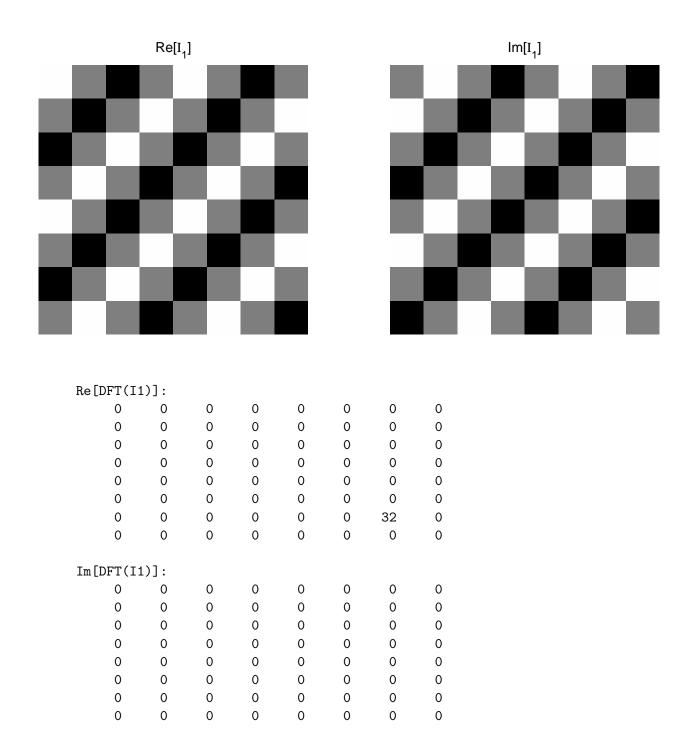
```
jph 15 June 1992
    -----*/
void byte2disk(x,row_dim,col_dim,fn)
 BYTE *x;
                      /* image to be written */
 int row_dim;
                    /* row dimension of x */
                     /* col dimension of x */
 int col_dim;
 char *fn;
                     /* filename */
                   /* file descriptor */
 int fd;
                    /* number of bytes to read */
 int n_bytes;
 * detect zero dimension input
 if ((row_dim==0) || (col_dim==0)) return;
 * create and open the file
 */
 if ((fd = open(fn, O_WRONLY | O_CREAT | O_TRUNC, 0644))==-1) {
   printf("\nbyte2disk.c : could not open %s !",fn);
   return:
 }
 n_bytes = row_dim * col_dim * sizeof(unsigned char);
 if (write(fd,x,n_bytes) != n_bytes) {
   printf("\nbyte2disk.c : complete write of %s did not succeed.",fn);
 * close file and return
 if (close(fd) == -1) printf("\nbyte2disk.c : error closing %s.",fn);
} /*-----*/
* fft2d.c
* Function implements the 2D FFT. FFTW3 is called to compute the FFT.
   The frequency domain coordinates are as described in the FFT handout
   given out in class. FFTW3 must be installed for this routine to work.
     The image must be square and the row/col dimension must be even.
     If you want to cut this routine and put it in a separate file so
     that you can compile it separately from the main() and then link to
     it, you need to #include "fftw3.h" and link -lfftw3 -lm.
* 2/28/07 jph
*/
void fft2d(xReal,xImag,XReal,XImag,size,direction)
 float *xReal;
                   /* real part of signal */
 float *xImag;
                  /* imaginary part of signal */
 float *XReal;
                  /* real part of spectrum */
 float *XImag;
                  /* imaginary part of spectrum */
 int
      size;
                   /* row/col dim of image */
       direction; /* 1=fwd xform, -1=inverse xform */
 int
```

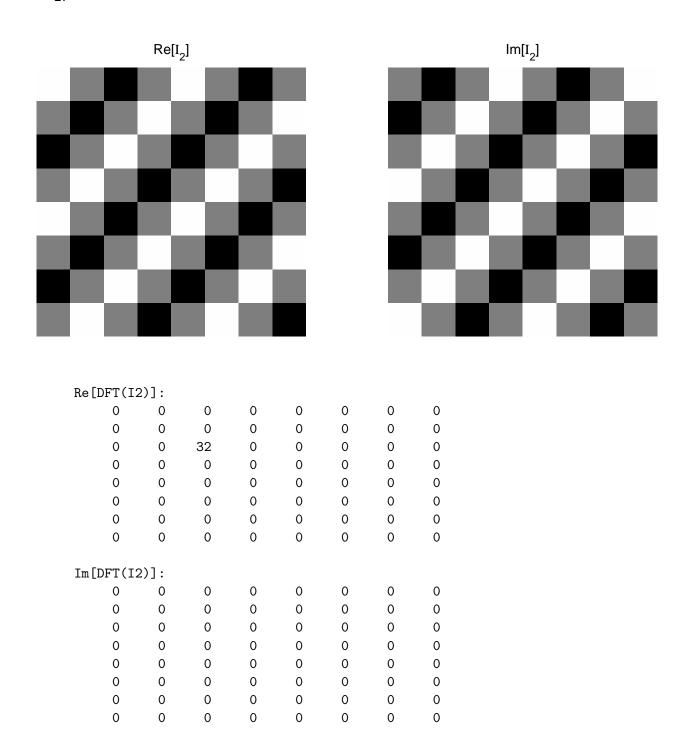
```
{
                                   /* array for passing data to/from fftw */
    fftw_complex *pass;
                                   /* structure for fftw3 planning */
    fftw_plan Plan;
    float one_on_n;
                                   /* 1 / (no. data points in signal) */
    int i;
                                   /* counter */
    int n;
                                   /* no. data points in signal */
                                   /* size over 2 */
    int so2;
    int row,col;
                                   /* loop counters */
    n = size * size;
    so2 = (size >> 1);
    pass = fftw_malloc(n*sizeof(fftw_complex));
    if (direction == 1 ) { /* forward transform */
     Plan = fftw_plan_dft_2d(size,size,pass,pass,FFTW_FORWARD,FFTW_ESTIMATE);
     * Set up the data in the pass array and call fftw3
      for (i=0; i<n; i++) {
        pass[i][0] = xReal[i];
     ______ - xkeal[i];
pass[i][1] = xImag[i];
}
      fftw_execute(Plan);
      * Center the spectrum returned by fftw3
      for (row=0; row<so2; row++) {}
        for (col=0; col<so2; col++) {
          // Quadrant I
          XReal[(row+so2)*size + col+so2] = pass[row*size + col][0];
          XImag[(row+so2)*size + col+so2] = pass[row*size + col][1];
          XReal[(row+so2)*size + col] = pass[row*size + col+so2][0];
          XImag[(row+so2)*size + col] = pass[row*size + col+so2][1];
          // Quadrant III
          XReal[row*size + col] = pass[(row+so2)*size + col+so2][0];
          XImag[row*size + col] = pass[(row+so2)*size + col+so2][1];
          // Quadrant IV
          XReal[row*size + col+so2] = pass[(row+so2)*size + col][0];
XImag[row*size + col+so2] = pass[(row+so2)*size + col][1];
        }
           // for col
             // for row
     }
             // if (direction == 1)
    else {
      if (direction == -1) { /* reverse transform */
        Plan = fftw_plan_dft_2d(size,size,pass,pass,FFTW_BACKWARD,FFTW_ESTIMATE);
        one_on_n = (float)1.0 / (float)n;
        * "un" Center the given spectrum for passing to fftw3
        for (row=0; row<so2; row++) {</pre>
          for (col=0; col<so2; col++) {</pre>
            // Quadrant I
            pass[row*size + col][0] = XReal[(row+so2)*size + col+so2];
            pass[row*size + col][1] = XImag[(row+so2)*size + col+so2];
            // Quadrant II
            pass[row*size + col+so2][0] = XReal[(row+so2)*size + col];
            pass[row*size + col+so2][1] = XImag[(row+so2)*size + col];
```

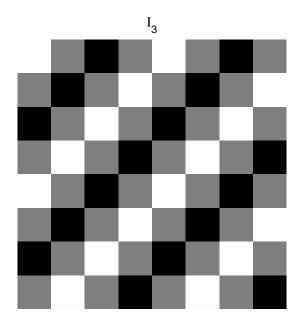
```
// Quadrant III
        pass[(row+so2)*size + col+so2][0] = XReal[row*size + col];
        pass[(row+so2)*size + col+so2][1] = XImag[row*size + col];
        // Quadrant IV
        pass[(row+so2)*size + col][0] = XReal[row*size + col+so2];
        pass[(row+so2)*size + col][1] = XImag[row*size + col+so2];
         // for col
          // for row
     fftw_execute(Plan);
     for (i=0; i<n; i++) {
       xReal[i] = pass[i][0] * one_on_n;
       xImag[i] = pass[i][1] * one_on_n;
    }
       // else
    else {
     exit(-1);
  }
  fftw_destroy_plan(Plan);
  fftw_free(pass);
  return;
} /*-----*/
```

Matlab Solution:

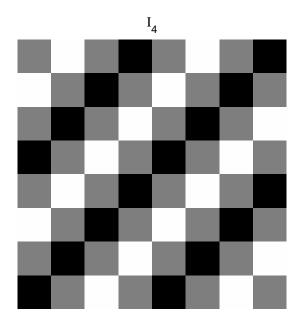
Note: Explanations are not given in the Matlab solution. The explanations are the same as the ones already given above in the C solution.



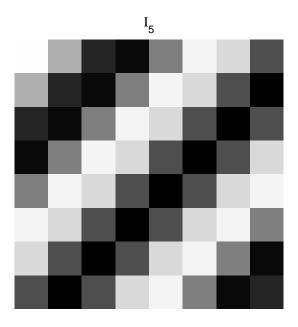




Re[DFT(I3)]:								
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	32	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	32	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Im[DFT(I	3)]:							
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	



Re[DF]	Re[DFT(I4)]:							
() (0	0	0	0	0	0	
() (0	0	0	0	0	0	
() (0	0	0	0	0	0	
() (0	0	0	0	0	0	
() (0	0	0	0	0	0	
() (0	0	0	0	0	0	
() (0	0	0	0	0	0	
() (0	0	0	0	0	0	
Im[DF	Γ(Ι4)]:							
() (0	0	0	0	0	0	
() (0	0	0	0	0	
() (32	0	0	0	0	0	
() (0	0	0	0	0	0	
() (0	0	0	0	0	0	
() (0	0	0	0	0	0	
() (0	0	0	0	-32	0	
() (0	0	0	0	0	0	



Re[DFT(I5)]:	:						
0.5535	0.4335	-0.6131	2.9028	2.0000	2.9028	-0.6131	0.4335
0.4335	-0.1397	-2.7422	4.8284	2.2688	2.0000	0.6488	0.7023
-0.6131	-2.7422	-11.6569	13.5706	4.6131	2.1796	2.0000	0.6488
2.9028	4.8284	13.5706	-11.8603	-3.2620	-2.3592	2.1796	2.0000
2.0000	2.2688	4.6131	-3.2620	-1.2398	-3.2620	4.6131	2.2688
2.9028	2.0000	2.1796	-2.3592	-3.2620	-11.8603	13.5706	4.8284
-0.6131	0.6488	2.0000	2.1796	4.6131	13.5706	-11.6569	-2.7422
0.4335	0.7023	0.6488	2.0000	2.2688	4.8284	-2.7422	-0.1397
Im[DFT(I5)]:	:						
0	0.6488	2.6131	-2.1796	0	2.1796	-2.6131	-0.6488
0.6488	1.2977	3.2620	-1.5307	0.6488	2.8284	-1.9643	0
2.6131	3.2620	5.2263	0.4335	2.6131	4.7927	0	1.9643
-2.1796	-1.5307	0.4335	-4.3592	-2.1796	0	-4.7927	-2.8284
0	0.6488	2.6131	-2.1796	0	2.1796	-2.6131	-0.6488
2.1796	2.8284	4.7927	0	2.1796	4.3592	-0.4335	1.5307
-2.6131	-1.9643	0	-4.7927	-2.6131	-0.4335	-5.2263	-3.2620
-0.6488	0	1.9643	-2.8284	-0.6488	1.5307	-3.2620	-1.2977

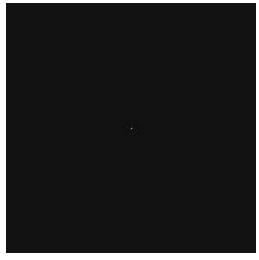
Discussion: The discussion is given in the C solution.



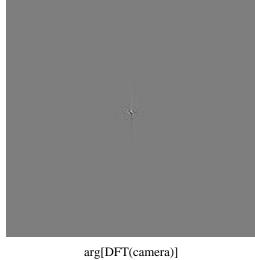


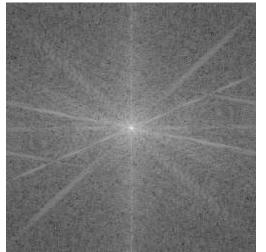
Re[DFT(camera)]

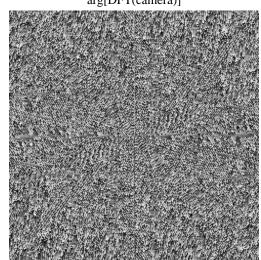
Im[DFT(camera)]



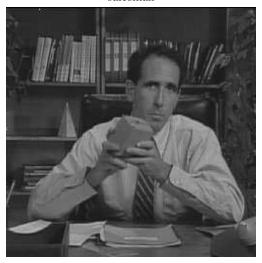
camera log magnitude spectrum





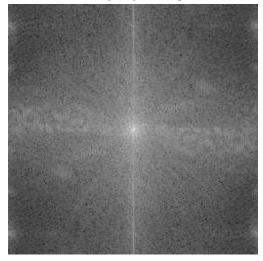


salesman

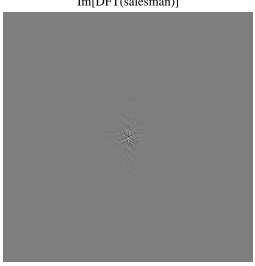


Re[DFT(salesman)]

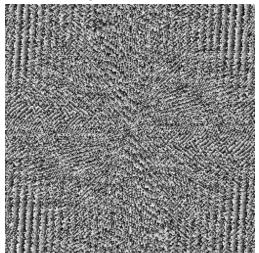
salesman log magnitude spectrum

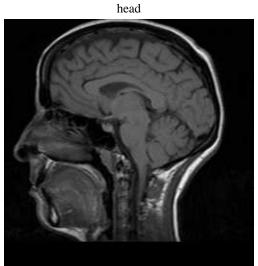


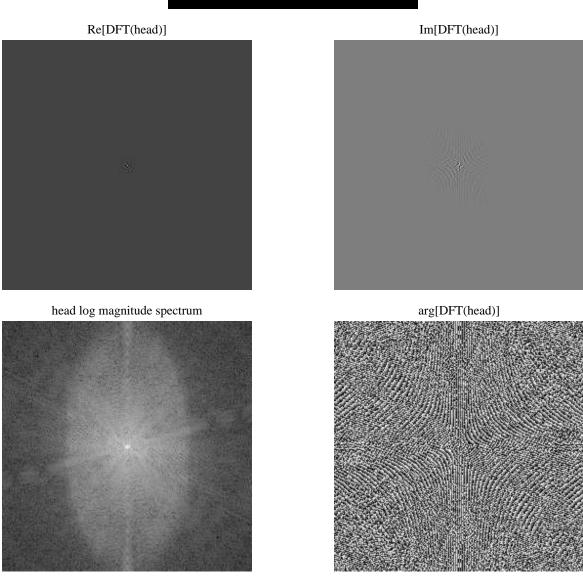
Im[DFT(salesman)]

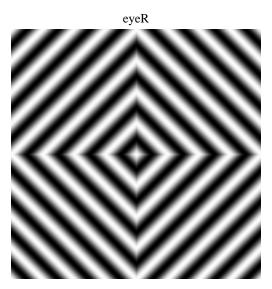


arg[DFT(salesman)]

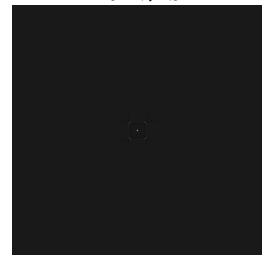




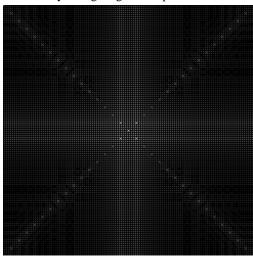




 $Re[DFT(eyeR)] \\ Im[DFT(eyeR)]$



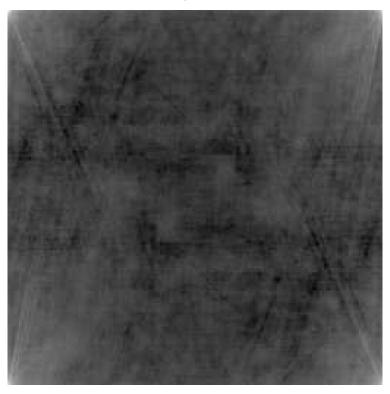
eyeR log magnitude spectrum



III[DI I(cyck/)]

arg[DFT(eyeR)]

J1'



J2



Matlab m-file listing:

```
% hw04.m
%
% 04/05/04 jph
  03/27/2013 the LTI filtering problem is now postponed to a later homework
   02/15/2015 added problems 6 and 7. jph.
diary hw04.diary
% Problem 1
\mbox{\%} Here the images are of size 8x8. For creating these images, it is
% important that the columns and rows use zero-based indexing.
\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\%}}} Make an 8x8 matrix COLS where each entry gives the zero-based index of the
% column and an 8x8 matrix ROWS where each entry gives the zero-based index
% of the row.
[COLS,ROWS] = meshgrid(0:7,0:7);
\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\%}}} Make the image I1. Display the real and imaginary parts as 8 bpp images
% with full-scale contrast.
u0 = 2.0;
v0 = 2.0;
I1 = 0.5 * \exp(j*2*pi/8*(u0*COLS + v0*ROWS));
% Perform full-scale contrast stretch on real and imaginary parts of I1 and
   display as images.
I1R = stretch(real(I1));
I1I = stretch(imag(I1));
figure(1);
image(I1R);colormap(gray(256));axis('image','off');
title('Re[{\fontname{times}I}_1]','FontSize',18);
print -deps MI1R.eps;
print -dpdf MI1R.pdf;
figure(2);
image(I1I);colormap(gray(256));axis('image','off');
title('Im[{\fontname{times}I}_1]','FontSize',18);
print -deps MI1I.eps;
print -dpdf MI1I.pdf;
% Compute the centered 2D DFT of I1. Print out real and imaginary parts
% as ascii arrays.
Itilde1 = fftshift(fft2(I1));
fprintf(1, '%s\n', 'Re[DFT(I1)]:');
disp(round(real(Itilde1) * 10^4)*10^(-4));
fprintf(1,'%s\n','Im[DFT(I1)]:');
disp(round(imag(Itilde1) * 10^4)*10^(-4));
% Problem 2
%
\% Make the image I2.
I2 = 0.5 * exp(-j*2*pi/8*(u0*COLS + v0*ROWS));
%
```

```
% Display real and imaginary parts as 8 bpp images with full scale contrast.
I2R = stretch(real(I2));
I2I = stretch(imag(I2));
figure(3);
image(I2R);colormap(gray(256));axis('image','off');
title('Re[{\fontname{times}I}_2]','FontSize',18);
print -deps MI2R.eps;
print -dpdf MI2R.pdf;
figure(4);
image(I2I);colormap(gray(256));axis('image','off');
title('Im[{\fontname{times}I}_2]','FontSize',18);
print -deps MI2I.eps;
print -dpdf MI2I.pdf;
% Compute the centered 2D DFT of I2. Print out real and imaginary parts
% as ascii arrays.
Itilde2 = fftshift(fft2(I2));
fprintf(1,'%s\n','Re[DFT(I2)]:');
disp(round(real(Itilde2) * 10^4)*10^(-4));
fprintf(1,'%s\n','Im[DFT(I2)]:');
disp(round(imag(Itilde2) * 10^4)*10^(-4));
% Problem 3
%
% Make the image I3.
I3 = \cos(2*pi/8*(u0*COLS + v0*ROWS));
% Display as 8 bpp image with full scale contrast.
%
figure(5);
image(stretch(I3));colormap(gray(256));axis('image','off');
title('{\fontname{times}I}_3', 'FontSize', 18);
print -deps MI3R.eps;
print -dpdf MI3R.pdf;
% Compute the centered 2D DFT of I3. Print out real and imaginary parts
% as ascii arrays.
Itilde3 = fftshift(fft2(I3));
fprintf(1,'%s\n','Re[DFT(I3)]:');
disp(round(real(Itilde3) * 10^4)*10^(-4));
fprintf(1,'%s\n','Im[DFT(I3)]:');
disp(round(imag(Itilde3) * 10^4)*10^(-4));
% Problem 4
%
% Make the image I4.
I4 = \sin(2*pi/8*(u0*COLS + v0*ROWS));
\% Display as 8 bpp image with full scale contrast.
figure(6);
image(stretch(I4));colormap(gray(256));axis('image','off');
title('{\fontname{times}I}_4','FontSize',18);
```

```
print -deps MI4R.eps;
print -dpdf MI4R.pdf;
\% Compute the centered 2D DFT of I4. Print out real and imaginary parts
% as ascii arrays.
Itilde4 = fftshift(fft2(I4));
fprintf(1, '%s\n', 'Re[DFT(I4)]:');
disp(round(real(Itilde4) * 10^4)*10^(-4));
fprintf(1,'%s\n','Im[DFT(I4)]:');
disp(round(imag(Itilde4) * 10^4)*10^(-4));
% Problem 5
% Make the image I5.
u1 = 1.5;
v1 = 1.5;
I5 = cos(2*pi/8*(u1*COLS + v1*ROWS));
% Display as 8 bpp image with full scale contrast.
figure(7);
image(stretch(I5));colormap(gray(256));axis('image','off');
title('{\fontname{times}I}_5','FontSize',18);
print -deps MI5R.eps;
print -dpdf MI5R.pdf;
% Compute the centered 2D DFT of I5. Print out real and imaginary parts
% as ascii arrays.
Itilde5 = fftshift(fft2(I5));
fprintf(1,'%s\n','Re[DFT(I5)]:');
disp(round(real(Itilde5) * 10^4)*10^(-4));
fprintf(1,'%s\n','Im[DFT(I5)]:');
disp(round(imag(Itilde5) * 10^4)*10^(-4));
diary off
% Problem 6
%
% Cameraman
X = ReadBin('camera.bin',256);
Xtilde = fftshift(fft2(X));
XtildeR = stretch(real(Xtilde));
XtildeI = stretch(imag(Xtilde));
XtildeMag = stretch(log(1 + abs(Xtilde)));
XtildePhase = stretch(angle(Xtilde));
image(X);colormap(gray(256));axis('image','off');
title('{\fontname{times}camera}','FontSize',18);
print -deps Mcamera.eps;
print -dpdf Mcamera.pdf;
figure(9);
image(XtildeR);colormap(gray(256));axis('image','off');
title('{\fontname{times}Re[DFT(camera)]}','FontSize',18);
print -deps McameraFFTR.eps;
print -dpdf McameraFFTR.pdf;
```

```
figure(10);
image(XtildeI);colormap(gray(256));axis('image','off');
title('{\fontname{times}Im[DFT(camera)]}','FontSize',18);
print -deps McameraFFTI.eps;
print -dpdf McameraFFTI.pdf;
figure(11);
image(XtildeMag);colormap(gray(256));axis('image','off');
title('{\fontname{times}camera log magnitude spectrum}','FontSize',18);
print -deps McameraFFTMag.eps;
print -dpdf McameraFFTMag.pdf;
figure(12);
image(XtildePhase);colormap(gray(256));axis('image','off');
title('{\fontname{times}arg[DFT(camera)]}', 'FontSize', 18);
print -deps McameraFFTPhase.eps;
print -dpdf McameraFFTPhase.pdf;
% Salesman
X = ReadBin('salesman.bin',256);
Xtilde = fftshift(fft2(X));
XtildeR = stretch(real(Xtilde));
XtildeI = stretch(imag(Xtilde));
XtildeMag = stretch(log(1 + abs(Xtilde)));
XtildePhase = stretch(angle(Xtilde));
figure(13);
image(X);colormap(gray(256));axis('image','off');
title('{\fontname{times}salesman}','FontSize',18);
print -deps Msalesman.eps;
print -dpdf Msalesman.pdf;
image(XtildeR);colormap(gray(256));axis('image','off');
title('{\fontname{times}Re[DFT(salesman)]}','FontSize',18);
print -deps MsalesmanFFTR.eps;
print -dpdf MsalesmanFFTR.pdf;
figure(15);
image(XtildeI);colormap(gray(256));axis('image','off');
title('{\fontname{times}Im[DFT(salesman)]}','FontSize',18);
print -deps MsalesmanFFTI.eps;
print -dpdf MsalesmanFFTI.pdf;
figure(16);
image(XtildeMag);colormap(gray(256));axis('image','off');
title('{\fontname{times}salesman log magnitude spectrum}', 'FontSize', 18);
print -deps MsalesmanFFTMag.eps;
print -dpdf MsalesmanFFTMag.pdf;
figure(17):
image(XtildePhase);colormap(gray(256));axis('image','off');
title('{\fontname{times}arg[DFT(salesman)]}','FontSize',18);
print -deps MsalesmanFFTPhase.eps;
print -dpdf MsalesmanFFTPhase.pdf;
% Head
X = ReadBin('head.bin',256);
Xtilde = fftshift(fft2(X));
XtildeR = stretch(real(Xtilde));
XtildeI = stretch(imag(Xtilde));
XtildeMag = stretch(log(1 + abs(Xtilde)));
XtildePhase = stretch(angle(Xtilde));
figure(18);
```

```
image(X);colormap(gray(256));axis('image','off');
title('{\fontname{times}head}', 'FontSize', 18);
print -deps Mhead.eps;
print -dpdf Mhead.pdf;
figure(19);
image(XtildeR);colormap(gray(256));axis('image','off');
title('{\fontname{times}Re[DFT(head)]}','FontSize',18);
print -deps MheadFFTR.eps;
print -dpdf MheadFFTR.pdf;
figure(20);
image(XtildeI);colormap(gray(256));axis('image','off');
title('{\fontname{times}Im[DFT(head)]}','FontSize',18);
print -deps MheadFFTI.eps;
print -dpdf MheadFFTI.pdf;
figure(21);
image(XtildeMag);colormap(gray(256));axis('image','off');
title('{\fontname{times}head log magnitude spectrum}','FontSize',18);
print -deps MheadFFTMag.eps;
print -dpdf MheadFFTMag.pdf;
figure(22);
image(XtildePhase);colormap(gray(256));axis('image','off');
title('{\fontname{times}arg[DFT(head)]}', 'FontSize', 18);
print -deps MheadFFTPhase.eps;
print -dpdf MheadFFTPhase.pdf;
%
% eyeR
X = ReadBin('eyeR.bin',256);
Xtilde = fftshift(fft2(X));
XtildeR = stretch(real(Xtilde));
XtildeI = stretch(imag(Xtilde));
XtildeMag = stretch(log(1 + abs(Xtilde)));
XtildePhase = stretch(angle(Xtilde));
figure(23);
image(X);colormap(gray(256));axis('image','off');
title('{\fontname{times}eyeR}','FontSize',18);
print -deps MeyeR.eps;
print -dpdf MeyeR.pdf;
figure(24);
image(XtildeR);colormap(gray(256));axis('image','off');
title('{\fontname{times}Re[DFT(eyeR)]}','FontSize',18);
print -deps MeyeRFFTR.eps;
print -dpdf MeyeRFFTR.pdf;
image(XtildeI);colormap(gray(256));axis('image','off');
title('{\fontname{times}Im[DFT(eyeR)]}','FontSize',18);
print -deps MeyeRFFTI.eps;
print -dpdf MeyeRFFTI.pdf;
figure(26);
image(XtildeMag);colormap(gray(256));axis('image','off');
title('{\fontname{times}eyeR log magnitude spectrum}','FontSize',18);
print -deps MeyeRFFTMag.eps;
print -dpdf MeyeRFFTMag.pdf;
figure(27);
image(XtildePhase);colormap(gray(256));axis('image','off');
title('{\fontname{times}arg[DFT(eyeR)]}','FontSize',18);
print -deps MeyeRFFTPhase.eps;
print -dpdf MeyeRFFTPhase.pdf;
%-----
```

```
% Problem 7
X = ReadBin('camera.bin',256);
Xtilde = fft2(X);
% since cos(0)=1 and sin(0)=0, Re[J1tilde] = |Xtilde|
    and Im[J1tilde] = 0.
J1tilde = abs(Xtilde);
J1 = real(ifft2(J1tilde));
J1prime = stretch(log(1 + J1));
figure(28);
image(J1prime);colormap(gray(256));axis('image','off');
title('{\fontname{times}J1'',','FontSize',18);
print -deps MJ1prime.eps;
print -dpdf MJ1prime.pdf;
J2tilde = exp(j*angle(Xtilde));
J2 = stretch(real(ifft2(J2tilde)));
figure(29);
image(J2);colormap(gray(256));axis('image','off');
title('{\fontname{times}J2}','FontSize',18);
print -deps MJ2.eps;
print -dpdf MJ2.pdf;
%
% ReadBin.m
%
    Read a square raw BYTE image (one byte per pixel, no header) from disk
%
   into a matlab array.
%
%
   Usage:
%
   >> x = ReadBin(fn,xsize);
%
   Input parameters:
                 input filename
%
                 number of rows/cols in the image
    xsize
%
   Output parameters:
                 double output array, holds the image
% 4/3/03 jph
function [x] = ReadBin(fn,xsize)
% Open the file
fid = fopen(fn,'r');
if (fid == -1)
  error(['Could not open ',fn]);
end;
\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\%}}} Read and close the file
[x,Nread] = fread(fid,[xsize,xsize],'uchar');
if (Nread ~= xsize*xsize)
 error(['Complete read of ',fn,' did not succeed.']);
end;
fclose(fid);
% Transpose data for matlab's 'row major' convention and return
x = x';
```

```
% % stretch.m
%
%
%
%
%
   Perform a full-scale contrast stretch on a byte-per-pixel gray
   scale image.
   Usage:
  >> y = stretch(x);
Input parameters:
              double array, holds the input image
   Output parameters:
               double array, holds the output image
function [y] = stretch(x)
\% Find the extremes and compute the scale factor
xMax = max(max(x));
xMin = min(min(x));
ScaleFactor = 255.0 / (xMax - xMin);
\% % Do the full-scale stretch \%
y = round((x - xMin) * ScaleFactor);
```