

Foggy-DOTA: An Adverse weather Dataset for Object detection in Aerial images

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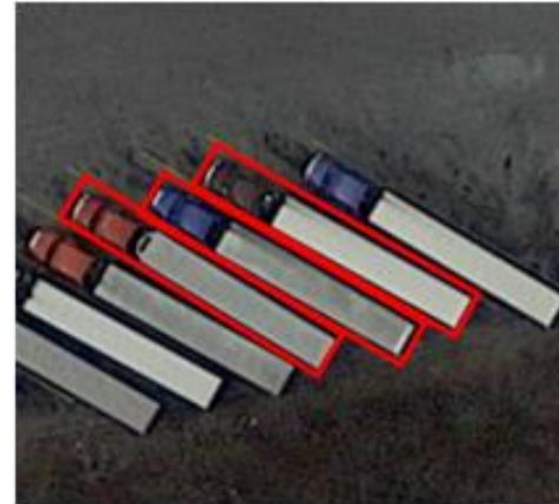
1. Introduction.
2. Foggy-DOTA dataset.
3. Computational models.
4. Evaluation and Discussion.
5. Conclusion and Future work.

INTRODUCTION

Introduction

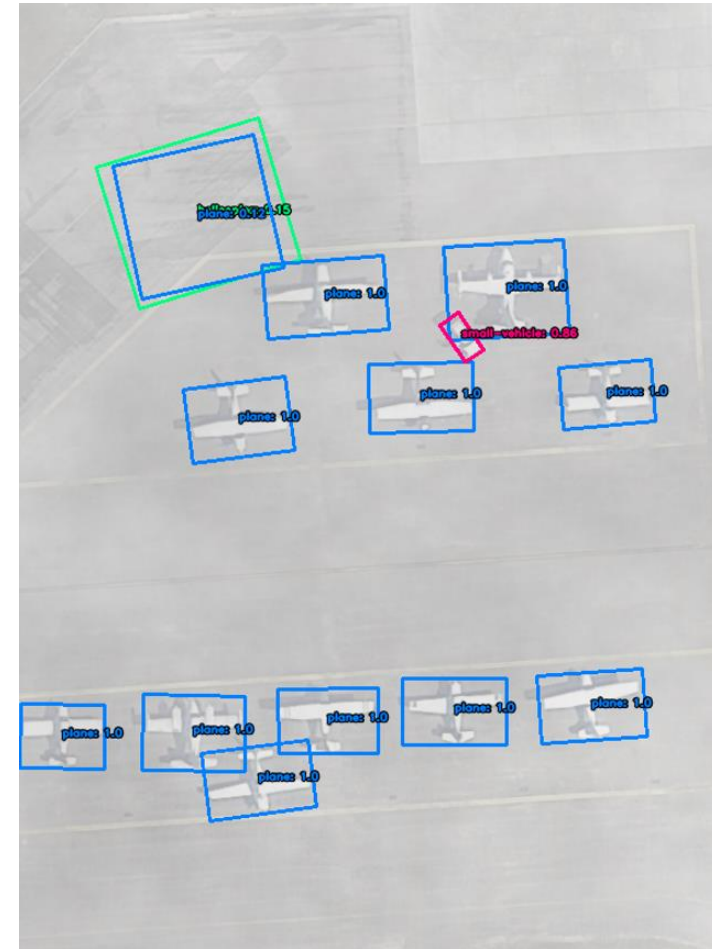
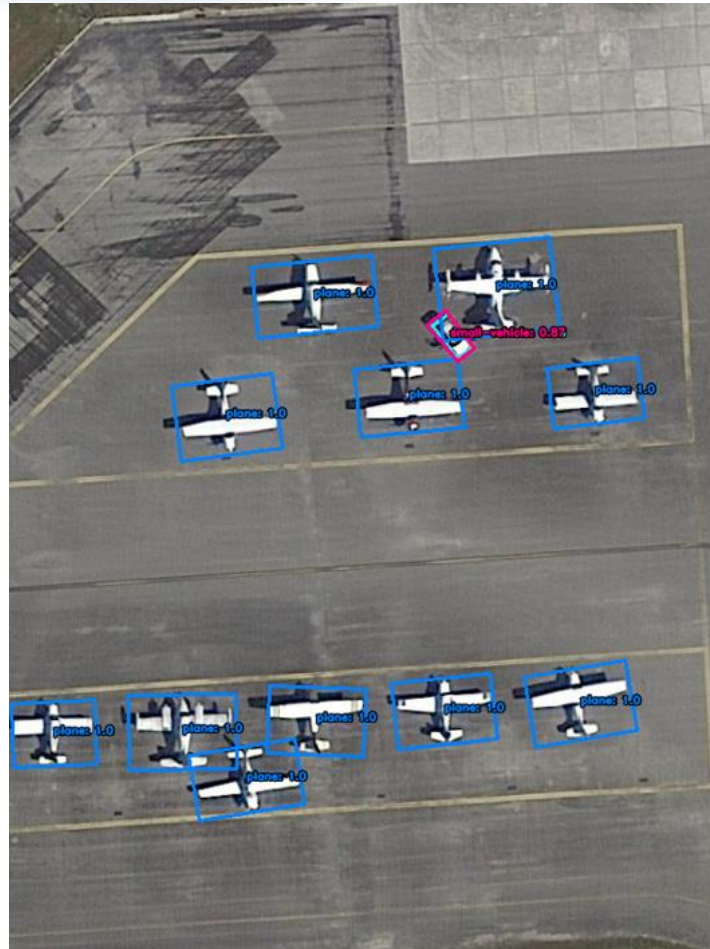


(a) Horizontal object detector



(b) Oriented object detector

Introduction



Contributions

1. Introducing a well-designed Foggy-DOTA dataset.
2. Re-implementing three SOTA (S2ANet, ReDet, RoI Transformer) methods to give an in-depth analysis of this methods and dataset's challenge.

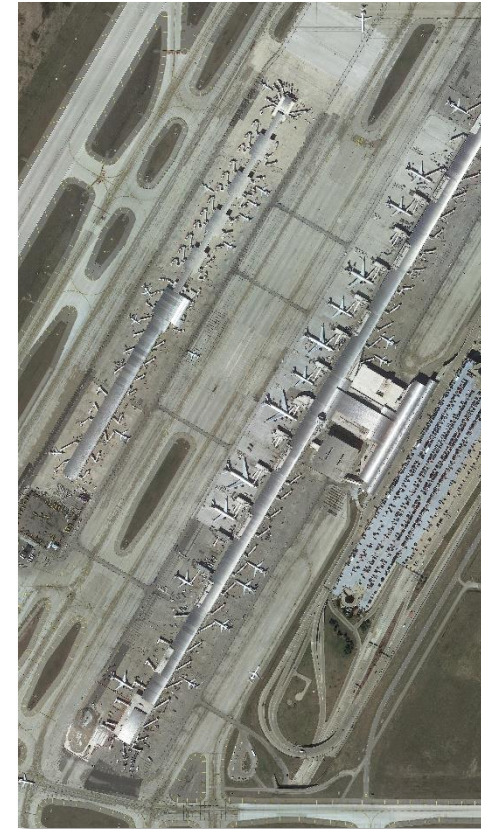
FOGGY-DOTA DATASET

Foggy-DOTA dataset

– **DOTA** is a large-scale aerial object detection dataset proposed in 2018.

+ **2,806** images

+ **15** classes: plane, baseball-diamond, bridge, ground-track-field, small-vehicle, large-vehicle, ship, tennis court, basketball court, storage tank, soccer-ball-field, roundabout, harbor, swimming pool, and helicopter.



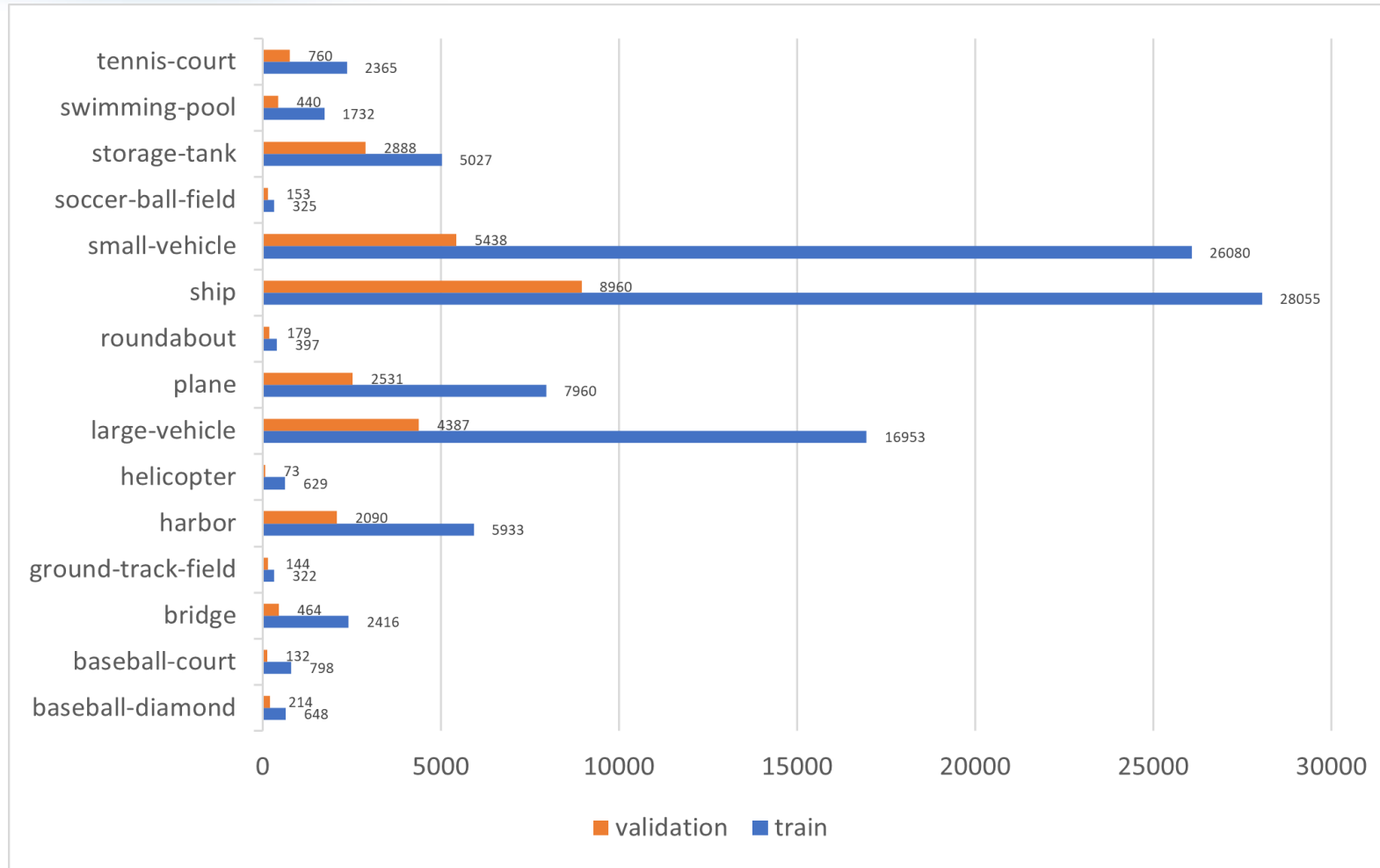
Foggy-DOTA dataset



Imagaug



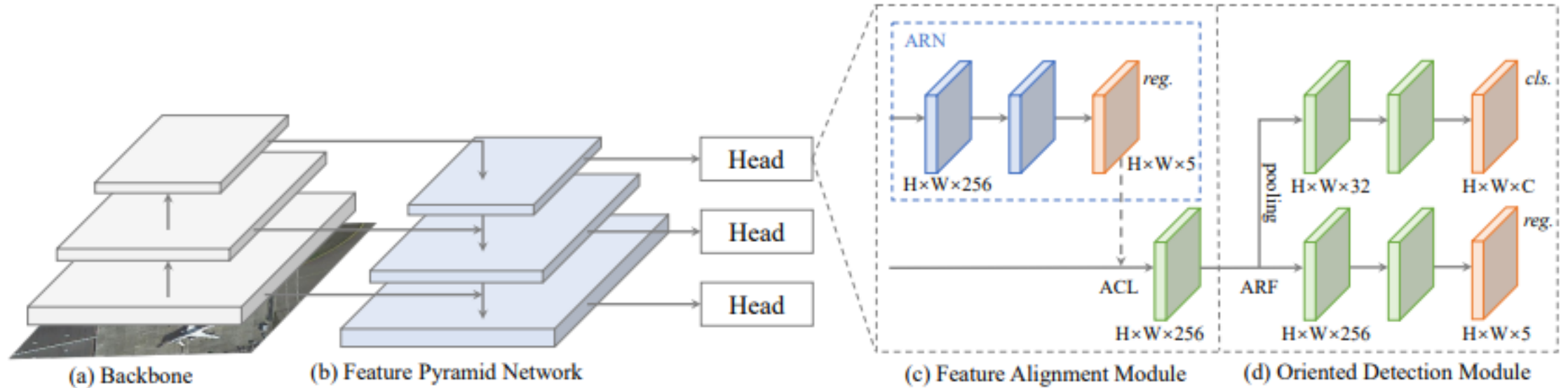
Foggy-DOTA dataset



COMPUTATIONAL MODELS

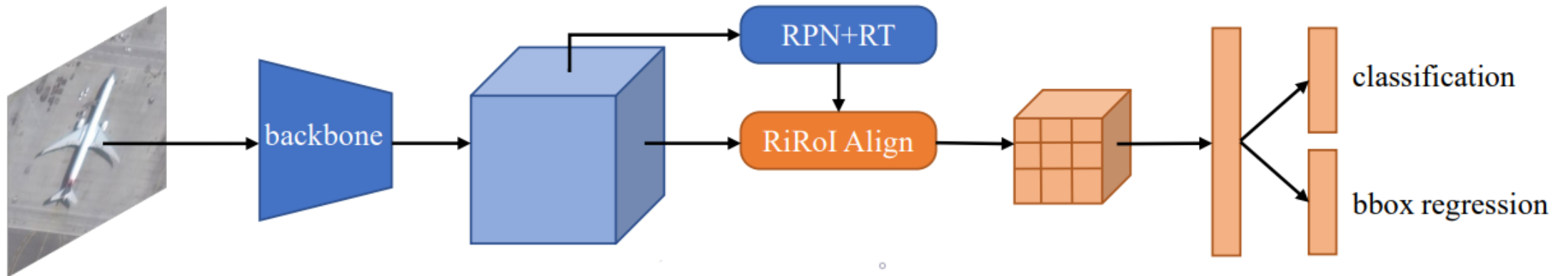
Computational models

1. S2ANet



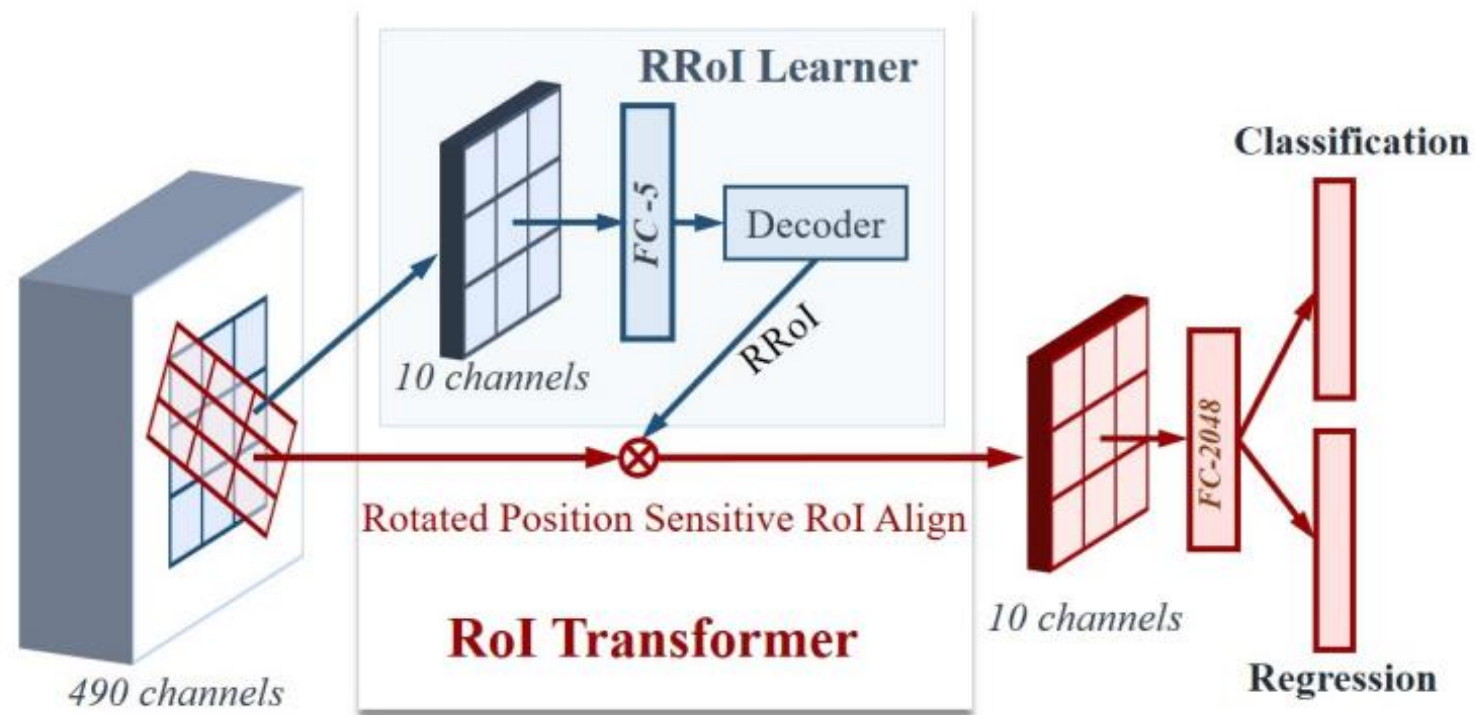
Computational models

2. ReDet



Computational models

3. RoI Transformer



EVALUATION AND DISCUSSION

Evaluation Metrics

- Intersection over Union (IoU):

$$\text{IoU} = \frac{\text{Area of Overlap}}{\text{Area of Union}}$$

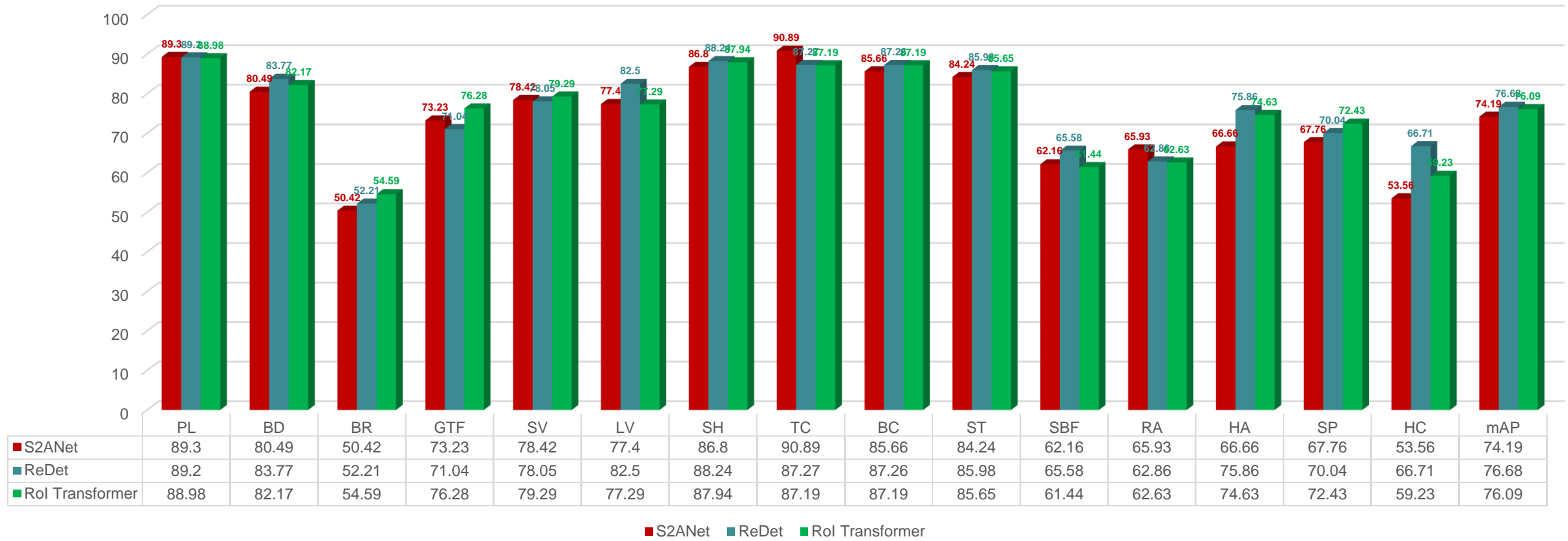
- Mean Average Precision (mAP) – MS COCO

$$mAP@{\alpha} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n AP_i \text{ for } n \text{ classes}$$

+ mAP: AP at IoU = .50:.05:.95

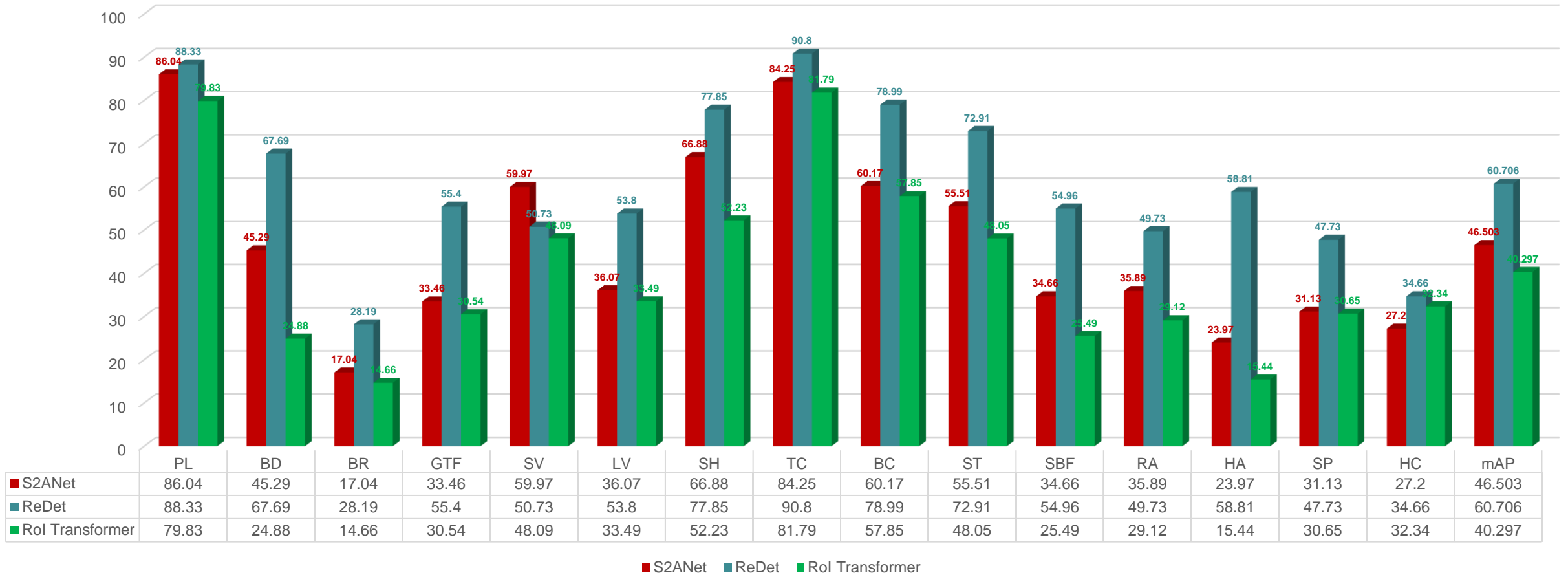
Discussion

EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS ON MODELS TRAINED AND TESTED ON THE ORIGINAL DOTA DATASET



Discussion

EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS ON MODELS TRAINED ON THE ORIGINAL DOTA AND TESTED ON THE FOGGY-DOTA



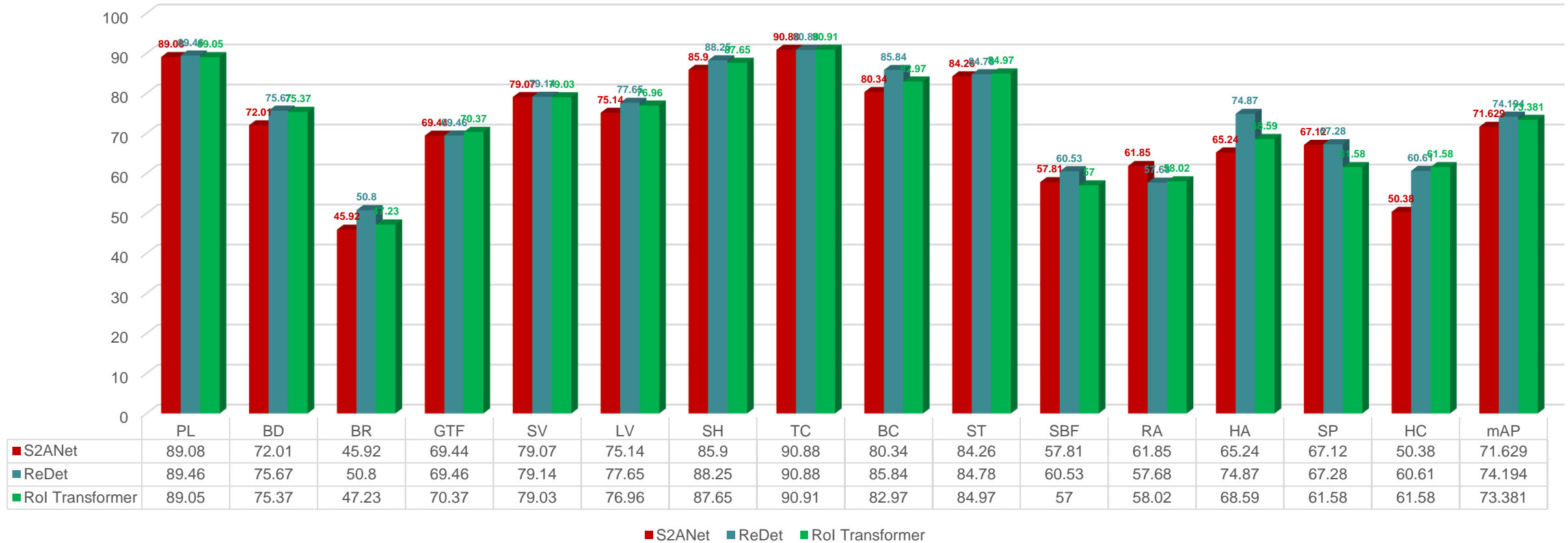
Discussion



ReDet trained on the original DOTA
Left: test on original DOTA. Right: test on Foggy-DOTA

Discussion

EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS ON MODELS TRAINED AND TESTED ON THE FOGGY-DOTA DATASET



Discussion



ReDet trained and test on Foggy-DOTA

Discussion

TABLE I

EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS ON MODELS TRAINED AND TESTED ON THE ORIGINAL **DOTA** DATASET

Computational Models	PL	BD	BR	GTF	SV	LV	SH	TC	BC	ST	SBF	RA	HA	SP	HC	mAP
S2ANet	89.3	80.49	50.42	73.23	78.42	77.4	86.8	90.89	85.66	84.24	62.16	65.93	66.66	67.76	53.56	74.19
ReDet	89.2	83.77	52.21	71.04	78.05	82.5	88.24	90.86	87.26	85.98	65.58	62.86	75.86	70.04	66.71	76.68
RoI Transformer	88.98	82.17	54.59	76.28	79.29	77.96	87.94	90.91	87.19	85.65	61.44	62.63	74.63	72.43	59.23	76.09

TABLE II

EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS ON MODELS TRAINED ON THE ORIGINAL **DOTA** AND TESTED ON THE **FOGGY-DOTA** DATASET

Computational Models	PL	BD	BR	GTF	SV	LV	SH	TC	BC	ST	SBF	RA	HA	SP	HC	mAP
S2ANet	86.04	45.29	17.04	33.46	59.97	36.07	66.88	84.25	60.17	55.51	34.66	35.89	23.97	31.13	27.20	46.503
ReDet	88.33	67.69	28.19	55.4	50.73	53.80	77.85	90.80	78.99	72.91	54.96	49.73	58.81	47.73	34.66	60.706
RoI Transformer	79.83	24.88	14.66	30.54	48.09	33.49	52.23	81.79	57.85	48.05	25.49	29.12	15.44	30.65	32.34	40.297

TABLE III

EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS ON MODELS TRAINED AND TESTED ON THE **FOGGY-DOTA** DATASET

Computational Models	PL	BD	BR	GTF	SV	LV	SH	TC	BC	ST	SBF	RA	HA	SP	HC	mAP
S2ANet	89.08	72.01	45.92	69.44	79.07	75.14	85.9	90.88	80.34	84.26	57.81	61.85	65.24	67.12	50.38	71.629
ReDet	89.46	75.67	50.80	69.46	79.14	77.65	88.25	90.88	85.84	84.78	60.53	57.68	74.87	67.28	60.61	74.194
RoI Transformer	89.05	75.37	47.23	70.37	79.03	76.96	87.65	90.91	82.97	84.95	57.00	58.02	68.59	71.04	61.58	73.381

CONCLUSION AND FUTURE WORK

Conclusion

1. We introduced the fine Foggy-DOTA dataset for adverse weather oriented/horizontal object detection in aerial images.
2. We experiment extensively with many oriented object detection methods to provide an in-depth analysis of dataset challenges and model structures.

Future work



1. In the future, we're opening our scope more to aerial image object detection as well as image adaptive for adverse weather conditions.

References

- [1] Han, J., Ding, J., Xue, N., & Xia, G. S. (2021). Redet: A rotation-equivariant detector for aerial object detection. In Proceedings of the IEEE/CVF Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition (pp. 2786-2795).
- [2] Ding, J., Xue, N., Long, Y., Xia, G. S., & Lu, Q. (2019). Learning RoI transformer for oriented object detection in aerial images. In Proceedings of the IEEE/CVF Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition (pp. 2849-2858).

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[3] Han, J., Ding, J., Li, J., & Xia, G. S. (2021). Align deep features for oriented object detection. *IEEE Transactions on Geoscience and Remote Sensing*, 60, 1-11.

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!

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