

Lab #1: 1-Dimensional Arrays

The main aim of the lab is to solve some common problems related to one dimensional arrays.

Task 1: For a given class **MyArray.java** is as follows:

```
public class MyArray {  
    private int[] array;  
    public MyArray(int[] array) {  
        this.array = array;  
    }  
  
    //...  
}
```

Task 1.1: Implement some basic methods in class **MyArray.java** as follows:

```
//Method mirror that outputs the contents of an array  
in a //reverse order like a mirror  
//Example: input [1, 2, 3] ==> output: [1, 2, 3, 3, 2, 1]  
  
public int[] mirror() {  
    // TODO  
    return null;  
}  
  
// removes all duplicate elements from an array and  
returns a // new array  
//Input: 1 3 5 1 3 7 9 8  
//Output: 1 3 5 7 9 8  
public int[] removeDuplicates() {  
    // TODO  
    return null;  
}  
  
// Check whether a given array is sorted.  
// Input: 10 11 12 13 14 16 17 19 20  
// Output: true  
public boolean isSorted() {  
    // TODO  
    return false;  
}
```

Task 1.2: Implement some advanced methods in class **MyArray.java** as follows:

```
// determine missing values from a sorted array.  
// Input: 10 11 12 13 14 16 17 19 20  
// Output: 15 18
```

```

    public int[] getMissingValues() {
        // TODO

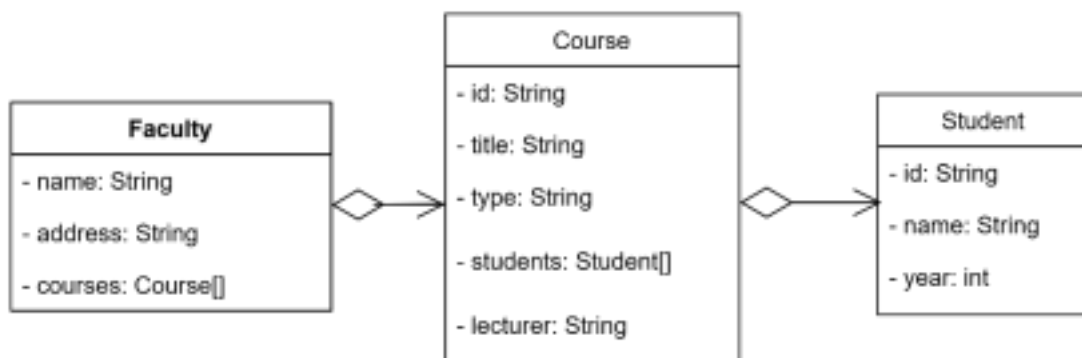
        return null;
    }
    // Fill missing data by the minimal average of its
    k //neighbors
    // Input: 10 11 12 -1 14 10 17 19 20
    // Output(k=3): 10 11 12 12 14 16 17 19 20
    public int[] fillMissingValues(int k) {
        // TODO
        return null;
    }

```

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Remember to test the implemented methods.

Task 2: For a given class diagram as follows:



Each faculty is identified by a name, address, and an array of courses. Each course includes id, title, type (practical or theoretical), students enrolled in, and a lecturer. A student has an id, name, and cohort year. Implement the following requirements:

- 1) Define classes in the given class diagram (using Java)
- 2) Implement a method (named contains) to check whether a given student is enrolled in a course.
- 3) Count the number of students enrolled in each course based on a given year. 4) Count the number of students in a faculty based on a given year. Notice that, a student can enroll in more than one course.
- 5) Find the course with the highest number of enrolled students.
- 6) Get all courses taught by a given lecturer.

