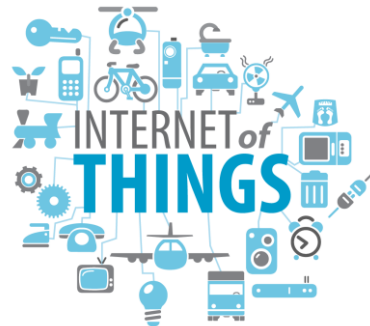




UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE - VNUHCM
Faculty of Information Technology

INTERNET OF THINGS

INTRODUCE TO INTERNET OF THINGS



Contents

1. Introduce to Internet of Things
2. Applications of Internet of Things

INTERNET OF THINGS (IoT)

The Internet of things (IoT) describes physical objects (or groups of such objects) that are embedded with sensors, processing ability, software, and other technologies, and that connect and exchange data with other devices and systems over the Internet or other communications networks.

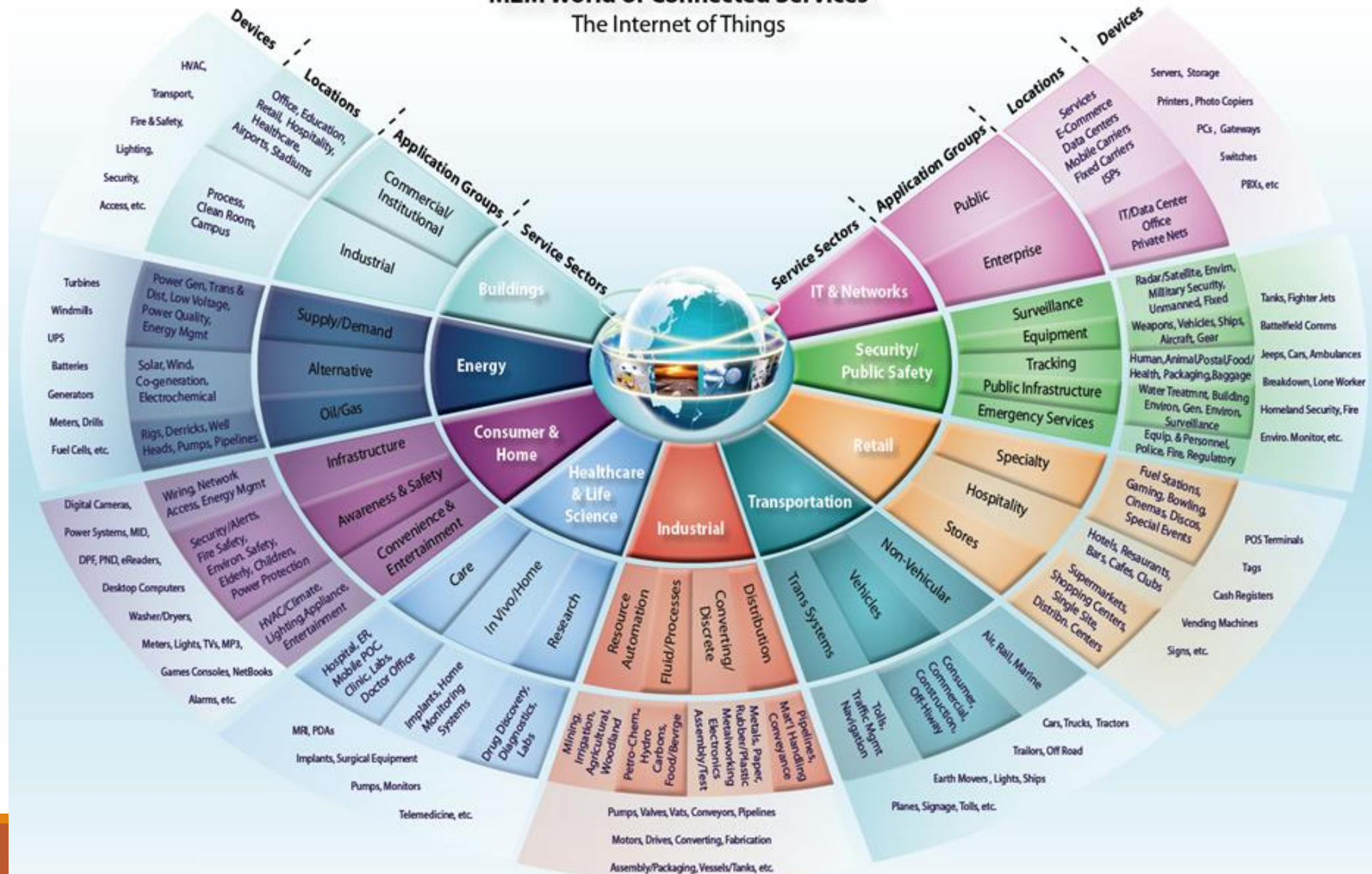
INTERNET OF THINGS IN 2020



Source: Mario Morales, IDC.

M2M World of Connected Services

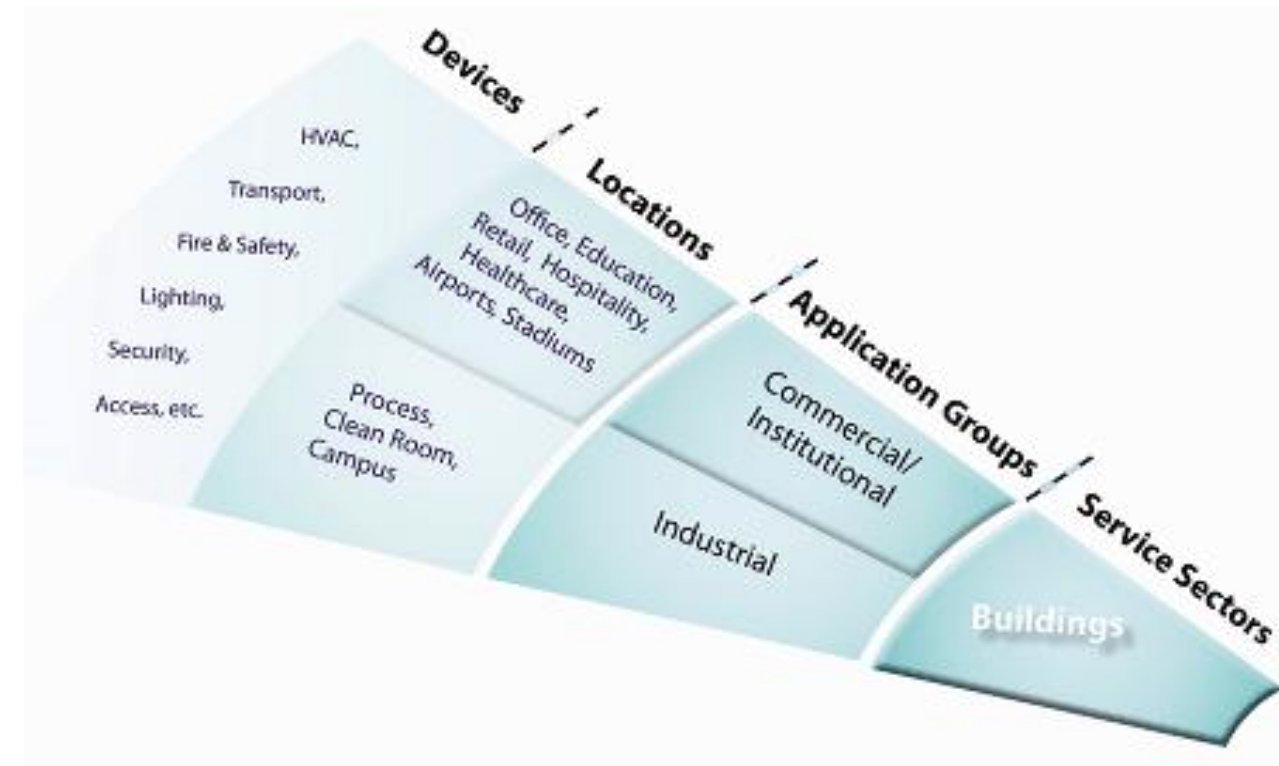
The Internet of Things



Sector 1: Buildings and Offices

Target objects: buildings, factories, office centers, universities, government agencies, etc.

The equipment in the buildings, the departments are connected, and strictly managed. Manual control systems such as lighting control, temperature control, fire alarm, customer and staff management will all be automated according to the change of the external environment.



The Smart *Internet of Things* School

Personalized learning
with adaptive
eTextbooks

Digital classroom
white boards and
display

iBeacons



Complete coverage with high performance Wi-Fi

Video recorders for
lecture capture

International
Collaboration
and social exchange

Online testing

Student devices
& eTextbooks

- Notebooks
- Tablets
- Smartphones



Sensors on trash
receptacles

Robot
cleaning



Augmented
and
virtual
reality



Supplies and inventory
tracking by sensor
with auto-reorder



Wearables for
athletics and
attendance
tracking



Makerspaces with 3D printers
and laser trimmers

Internet of Things-based
HVAC

Monitor and display of air
quality throughout school

File and program storage, local
or cloud-based

- Demographics, academics,
behavior, interests
- LMS, CMS, SIS
- Educational programs and
applications
- Video files: lectures and
recorded lab experiments



Surveillance
security cameras

Network application analytics
to monitor devices and
network behavior



Wi-Fi sensors and locks

- Entrances and exits
- Classroom doors



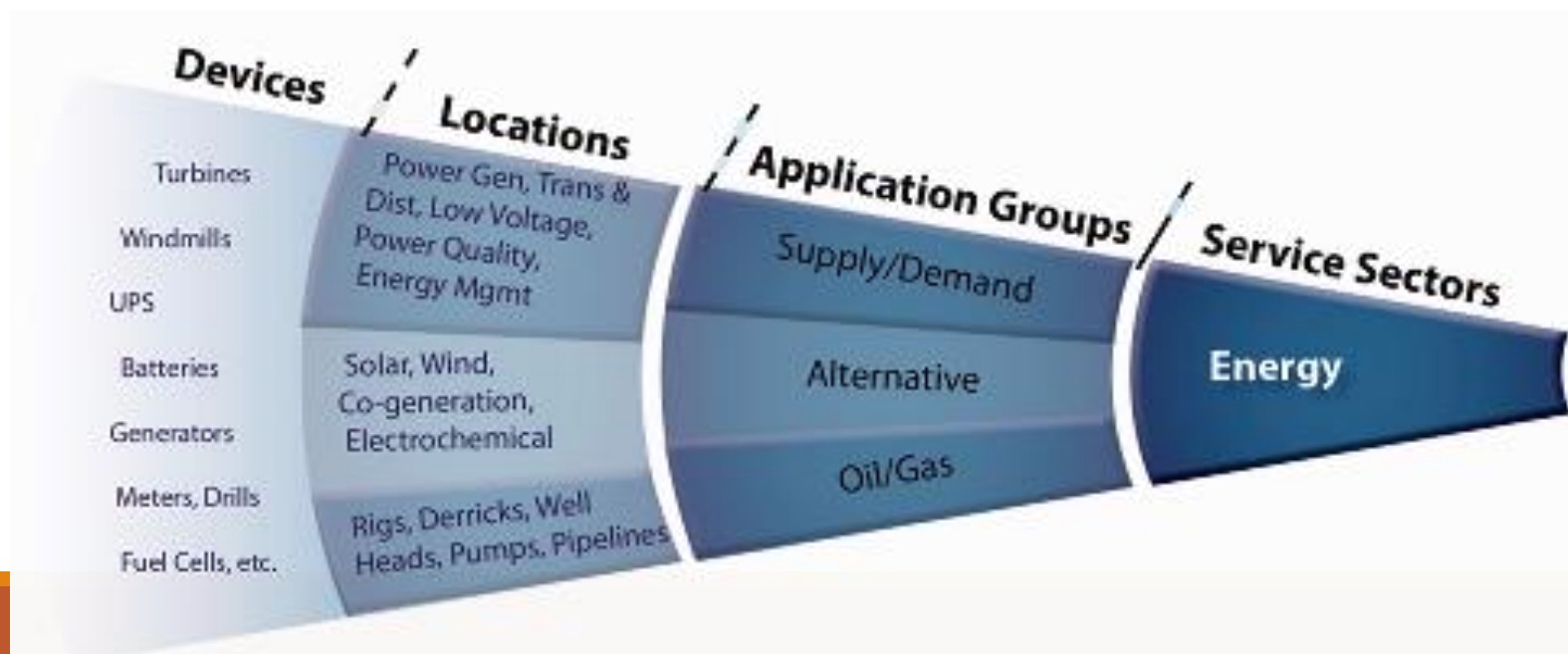
Sensors in parking lot and
driveways

Sensors track buses and
verify student passengers

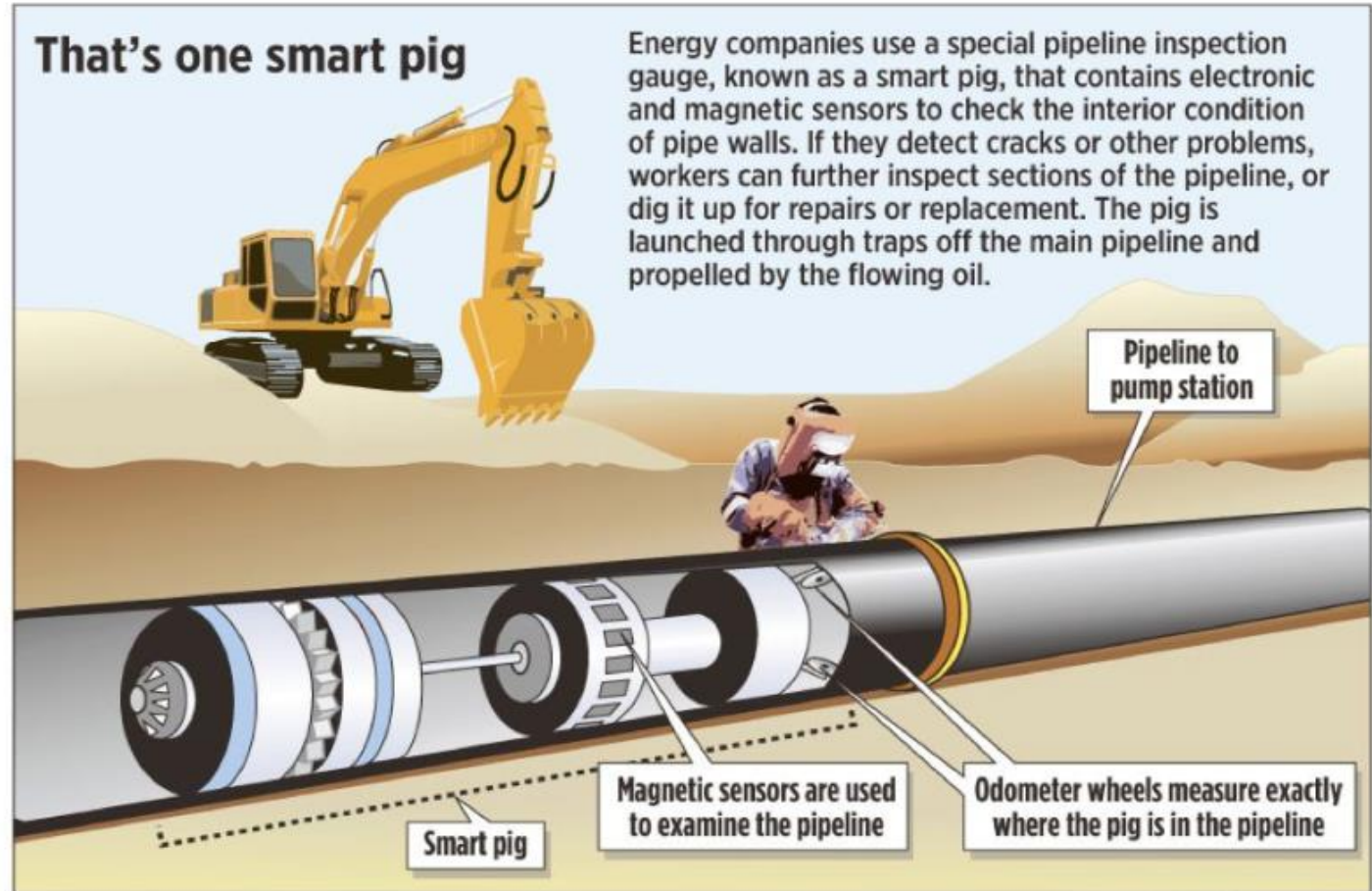
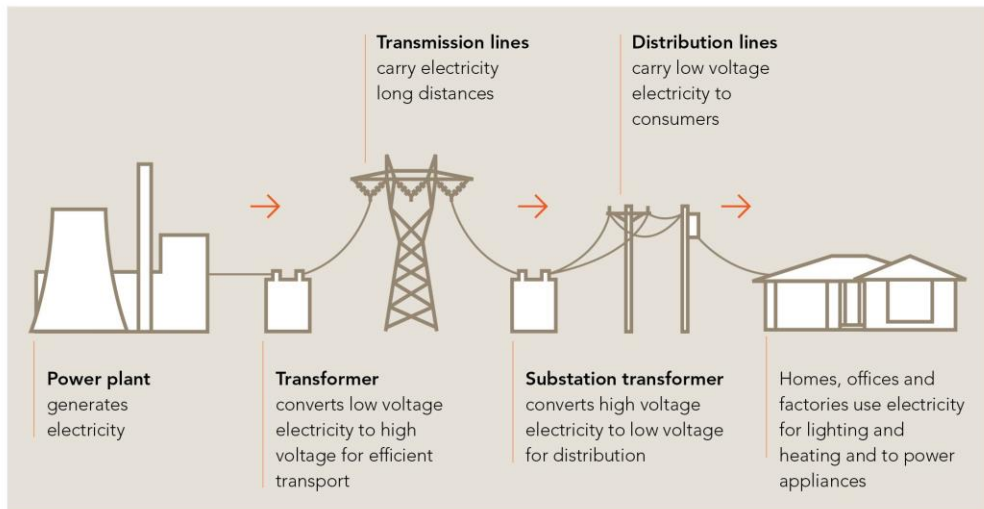


Sector 2: Energy

- Flexible response in energy production and supply, management of power plants, quality control and management of energy resources such as wind, solar energy, thermal power, hydroelectricity, etc.
- Intelligent systems manage oil and gas pipelines: pumps, pipes, valves, meters.

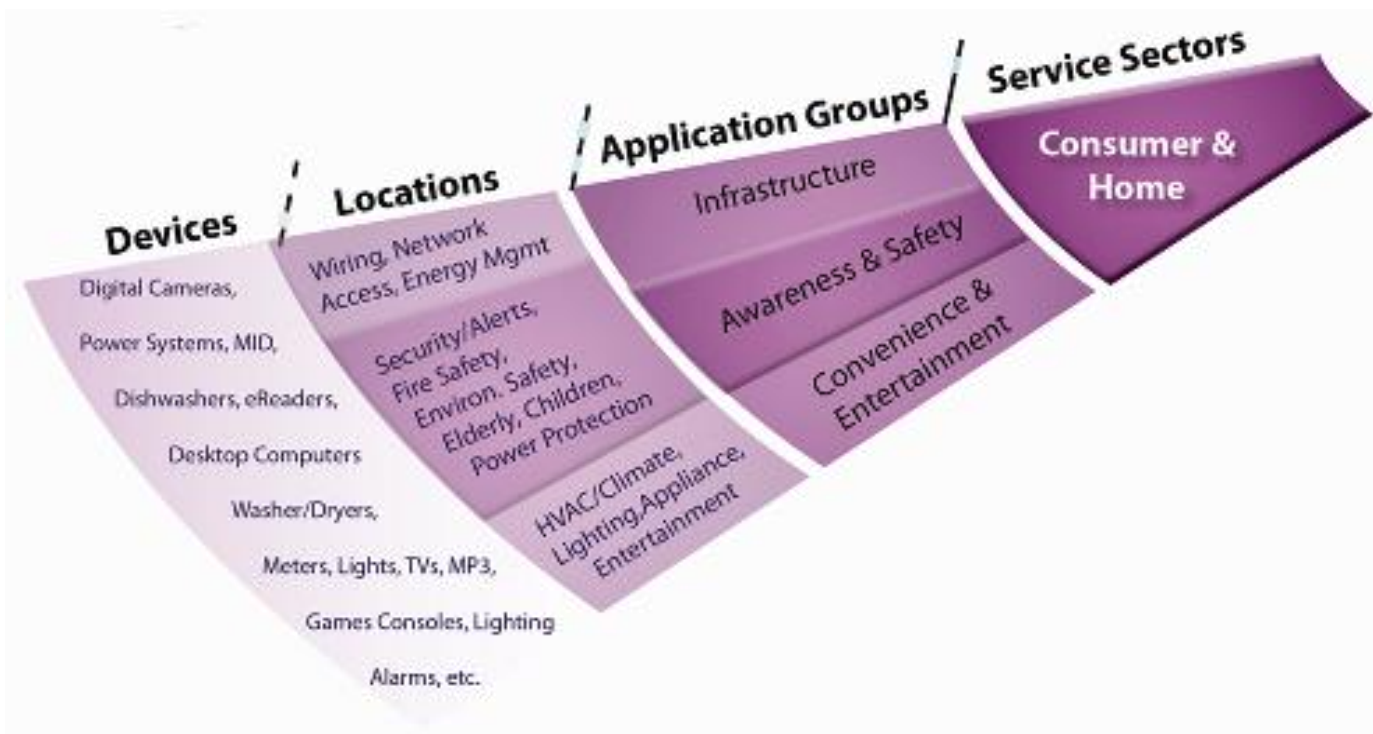


Sector 2: Energy



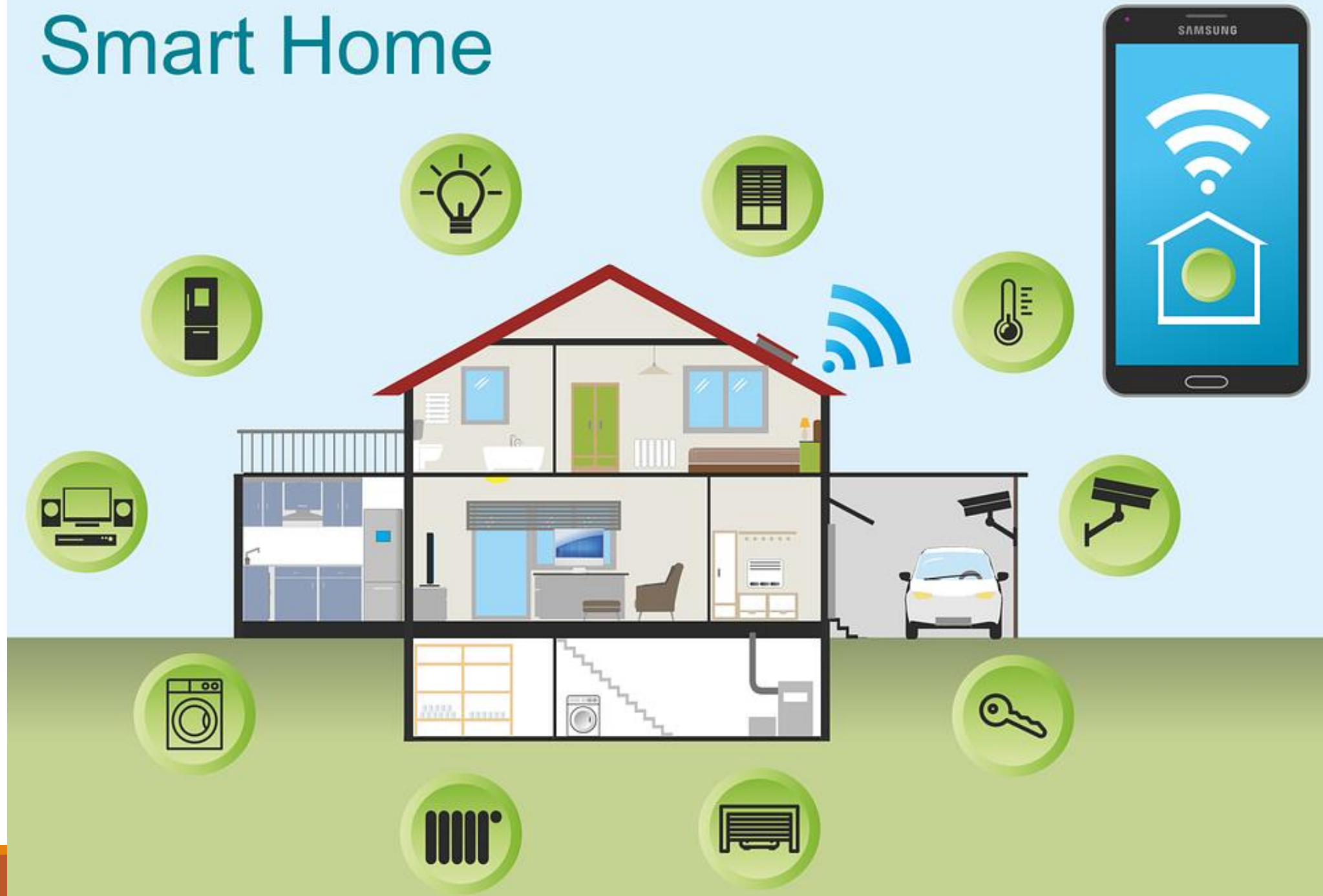
STAFF GRAPHIC | MICHAEL FISHER

Sector 3: Smarthome

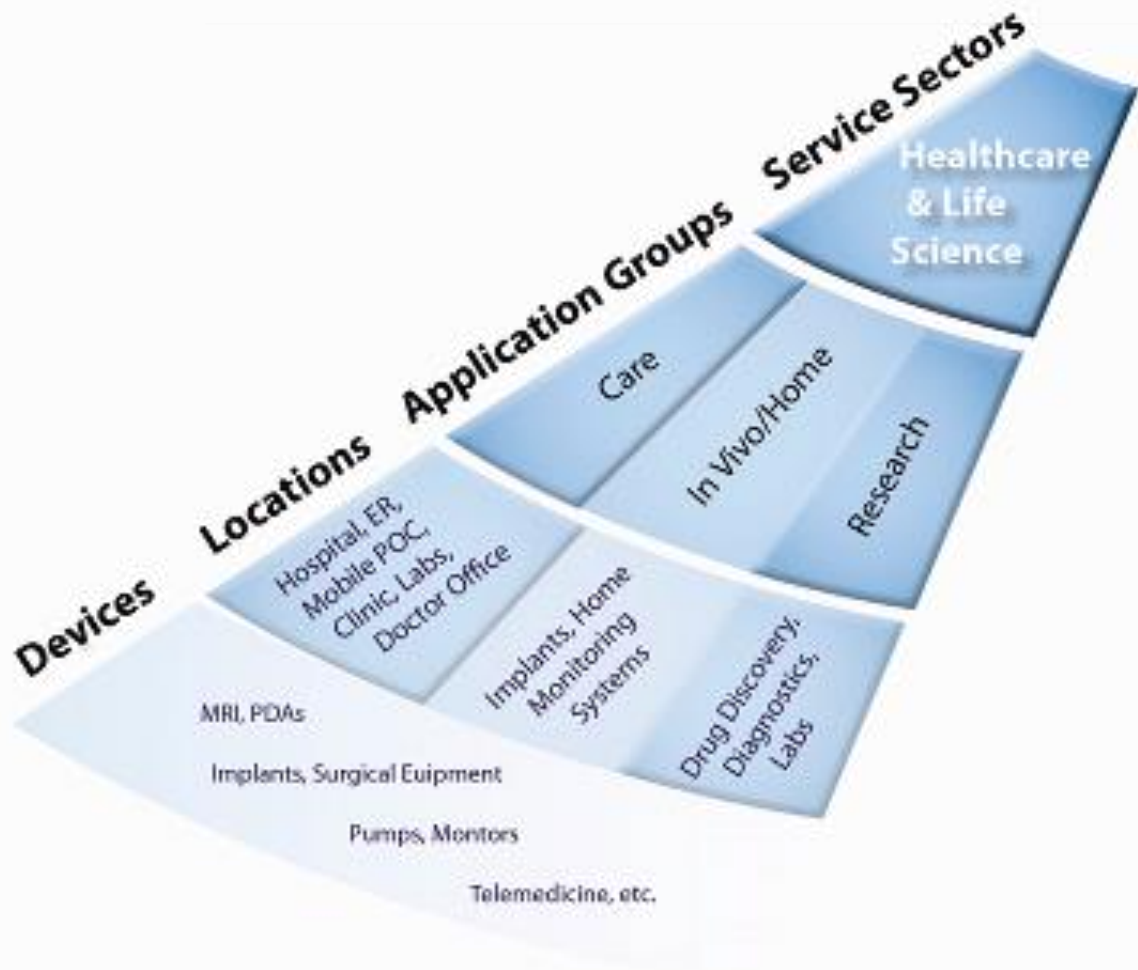


- Manage electricity, water, gas, network access, energy systems in smart homes
- Security protection, fire alarm, gas leak, anti-theft, child management
- Automatic control of room temperature, electric lighting system adapts to the environment
- Other smart home applications

Smart Home

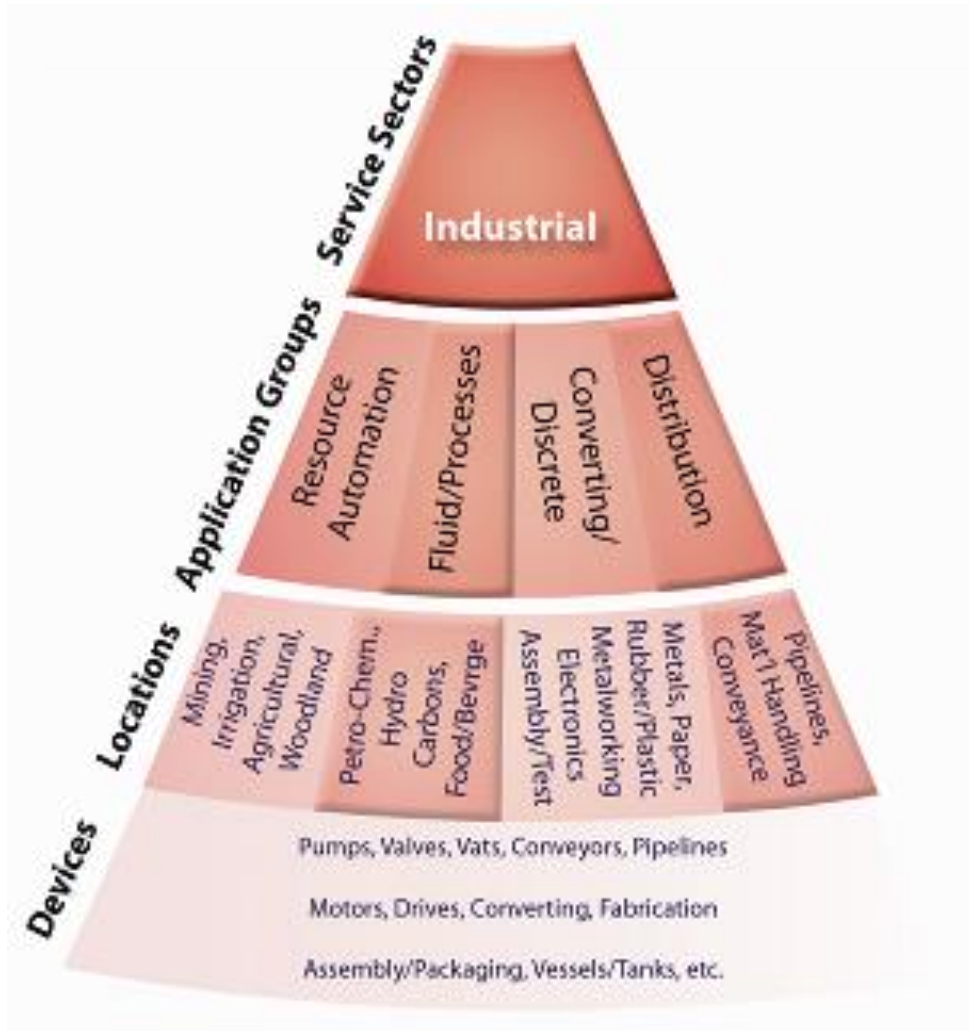


Sector 4: Healthcare & Life Science



- Healthcare: apply IoT in hospitals, clinics, medical centers
- Ensure a safe living and working environment
- Applications in medical equipment

Sector 5: Industrial



- Management of industrial systems, tanks, production lines, packaging.
- Infrastructure management, supply chains
- Automation in high-tech agriculture, management of warehouses, factories, farms



IoT & Smart agriculture



Sensor-based field
and resource
mapping



Remote equipment
monitoring



Remote crop
monitoring



Predictive analytics
for crops and
livestock



Climate monitoring
and forecasting



Livestock tracking
and geofencing

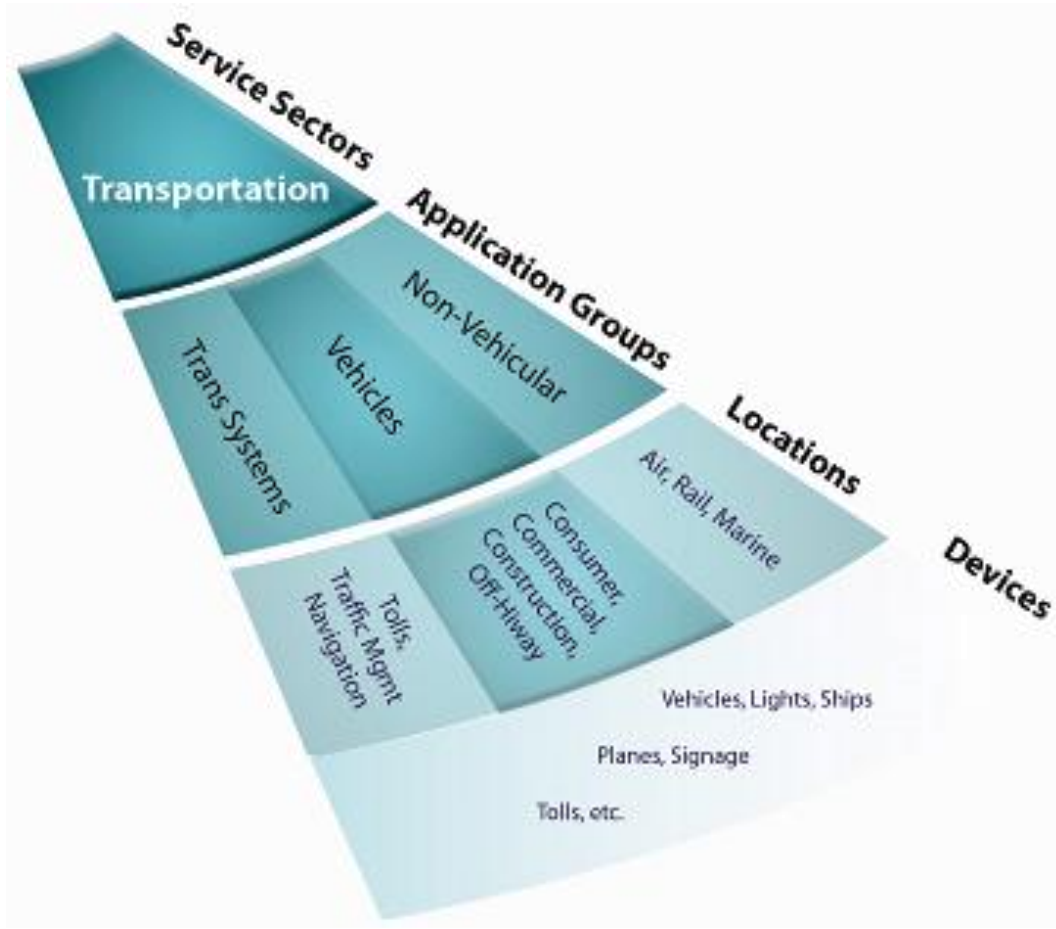


Stats on livestock
feeding and
produce



Smart logistics and
warehousing

Sector 6: Transportation



- Road vehicles: Traffic management, equipment status analysis
- Autonomous vehicle
- Intelligent traffic management system, passenger information management, smart parking

Sector 7: Retail



Strengthening the supply chain, providing more information for products, vending machines, services such as gas stations, car washes, ..., entertainment, advertising screens

Stores: shopping malls, supermarkets

Entertainment services: including hotels, restaurants, bars, cafes, clubs.

Sector 8: Security

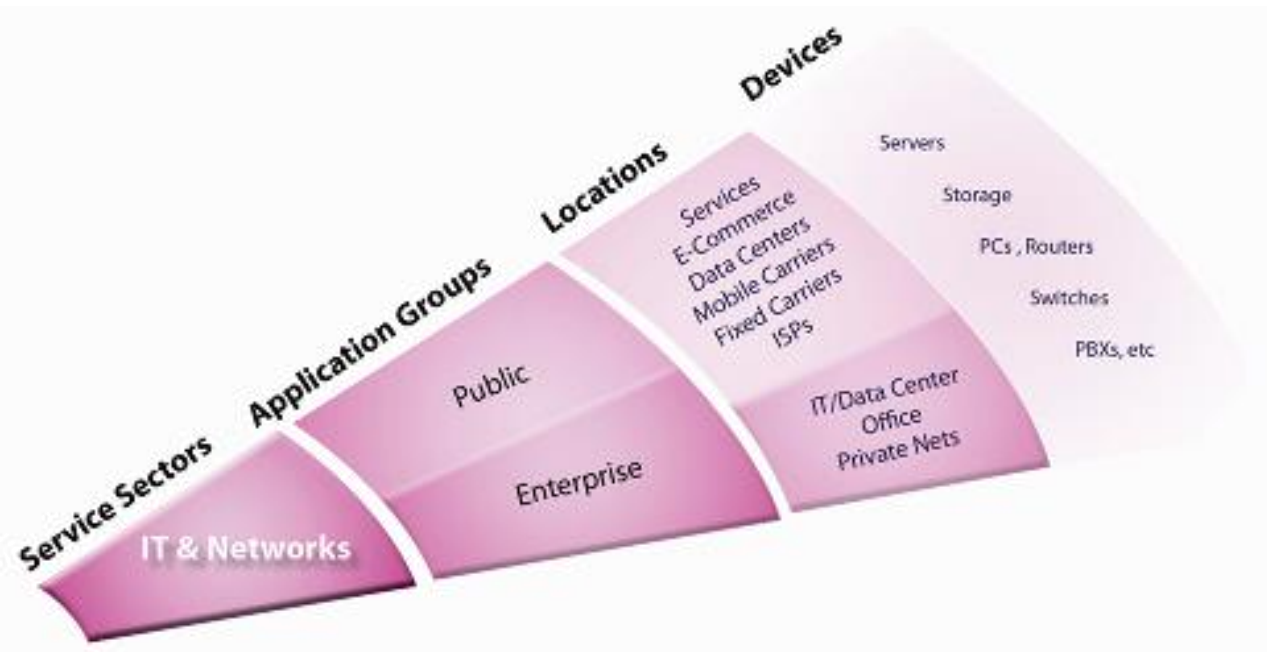


Emergency services such as police, fire, ambulance, traffic accident detection, personal warning device.

CCTV, speed camera, detecting and tracking suspects, detecting theft, terrorism...

Military application equipment, weapons.

Sector 9: IT & Networks



Network of office equipment such as copiers, printers

Connection of smart devices to data centers

Control system of public broadcasting stations, signal towers, remote control systems

Challenges!

The issue of protecting personal information becomes very complicated

Ensure security for the entire system when there are many connected devices



Challenges!

Make sure millions of devices connect at the same time

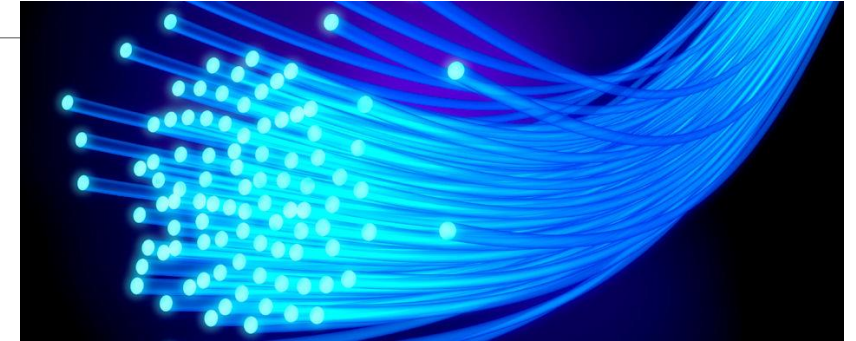
Bandwidth coordination problem

Energy saving

Low cost

Make sure all equipment works stably

Find a common platform for all devices



The system needs to be designed with fast response and high load capacity



The advent of compact devices poses a problem of energy saving