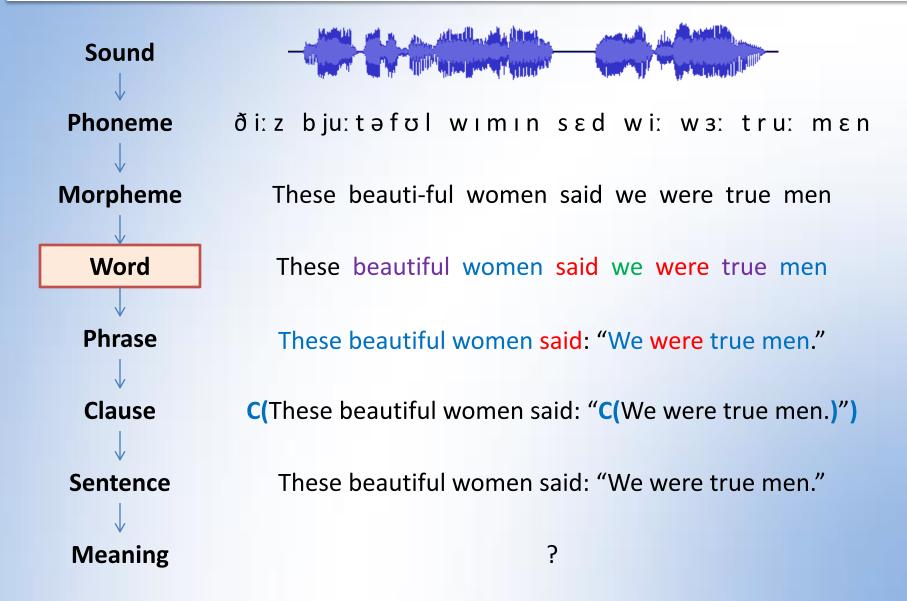
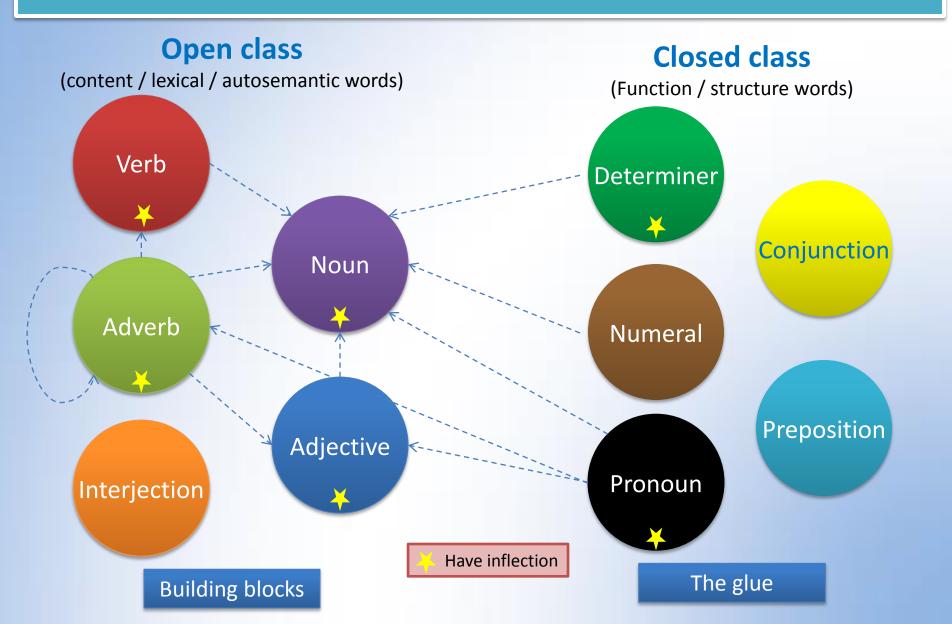
Linguistic levels of structure



Word inflection

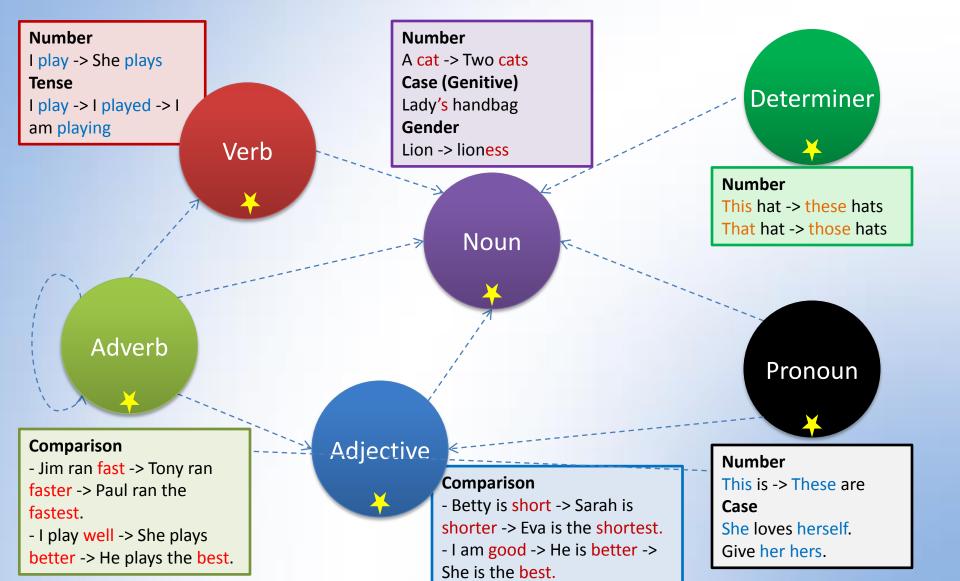
- What is it?
 - The modification of a word to express different grammatical categories such as tense, mood, voice, aspect, person, number, gender and case
 - The inflection of verbs is also called conjugation
 - The inflection of nouns, adjectives and pronouns is also called declension
 - http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Inflection
- English is an inflected language

Word classes & inflection

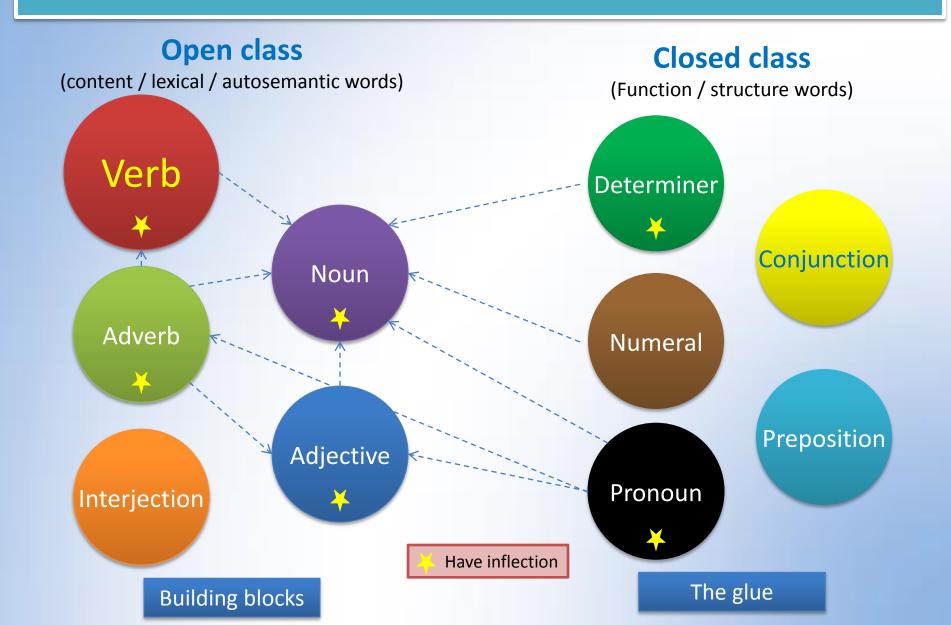


<u>Inflectional suffixes</u>

Inflection examples



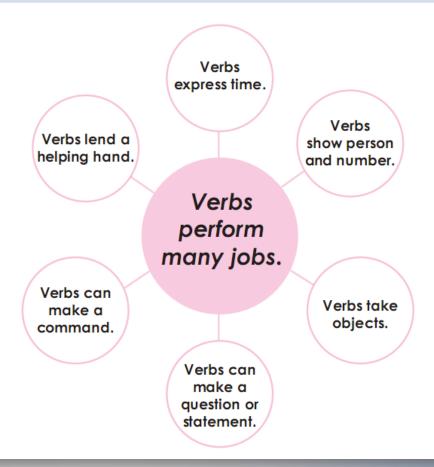
Word classes -> Verbs



What are verbs?

The *verb* is the most fundamental part of speech. Only verbs can make a statement about the subject.

Every sentence must have a verb.



Verb classes





Lexical love, sleep, run, know, ...

(Refer to actions, events and processes)





Transitive (V + O) I love you. **Intransitive** (V without O) I sleep.

Dynamic (be + -ing) I am running. **Static** (Never -ing) I know.

Linking (Tell the state of being) She is cute.

Verb

Auxiliary

(Perform grammatical functions or express speaker's mood)

Primary Be, have, do



Modal Will/would, shall/should, may/might, can/could, must, ought to









M

0

R

Ε

Verb forms - Lexical

Infinitive (Dictionary)	3 rd person singular present tense	Other person present tense	Present participle	Past tense	Past participle
V	V-s/es	V	V-ing	V-ed	V-ed
(To) test	Tests	Test	Testing	Tested	Tested
(To) play	Plays	Play	Playing	Played	Played
(To) save	Saves	Save	Saving	Saved	Saved
(To) tie	Ties	Tie	Tying	Tied	Tied
(To) fly	Flies	Fly	Flying	Flied	Flied
(To) watch	Watches	Watch	Watching	Watched	Watched
(To) input	Inputs	Input	Inpu <mark>tt</mark> ing	Inpu <mark>tt</mark> ed	Inputted
(To) build	Builds	Build	Building	Built	Built
(To) run	Runs	Run	Running	Ran	Run
(To) go	Goes	Go	Going	Went	Gone

⁻ Verbs are <u>irregular</u> if they have irregular past tense and past participle forms.

⁻ Except for some irregular verbs, past tense and past participle forms are the same.

Verb forms - Auxiliary

Infinitive (Dictionary)	3 rd person singular present tense	Other person present tense	Present participle	Past tense	Past participle
(To) be	ls	Am/Are	Being	Was/Were	Been
(To) have	Has	Have	Having	Had	Had
(To) do	Does	Do	Doing	Did	Done
Will	Will	Will		Would	
Shall	Shall	Shall		Should	
Can	Can	Can		Could	
May	May	May		Might	
Must	Must	Must		Must	
Ought to	Ought to	Ought to		Ought to	

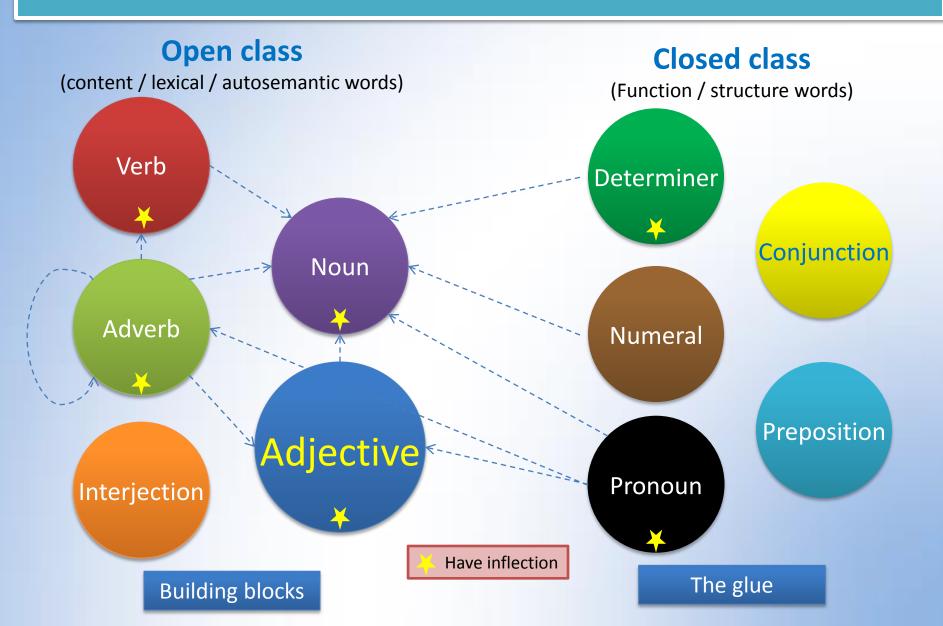
⁻ All primary auxiliaries have irregular forms, except for present participle form.

⁻ All modal verbs only have 2 different forms for present and past tenses. They do not have infinitive or participle forms.

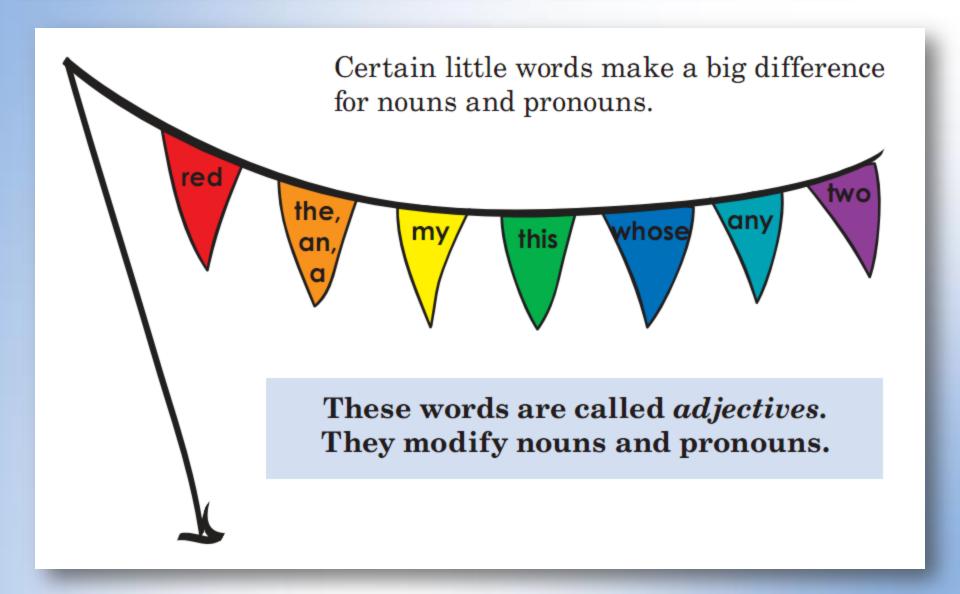
Small test

- What are wrong in the following sentences?
 - Yesterday, I hear a funny story. If you hears it, you musted laughs.
 - You has a beautiful smile. I loves it.
 - He were giving us flowers when you comed. Did you saw him?
 - I fly. He flys. She flys. They flyed. No one is flying.
 - Can you writing fast now? No, but when I was young, I canned.

Word classes -> Adjectives



What are adjectives?



Adjective classes

Careful -> more careful -> the most careful

Cute -> cuter -> the cutest

Gradable careful, cute ...

Non-gradable wooden, shut ...



Which is cuter?







Adj

See Determiners & Numerals

Limiting (help to identify)

Descriptive (specify size, shape, color, etc.)

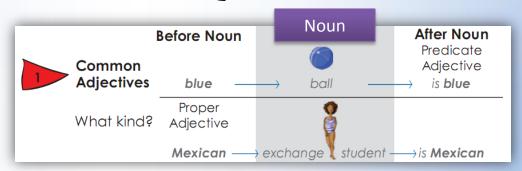
Common Green, sunny **Proper** Vietnamese, Mexican



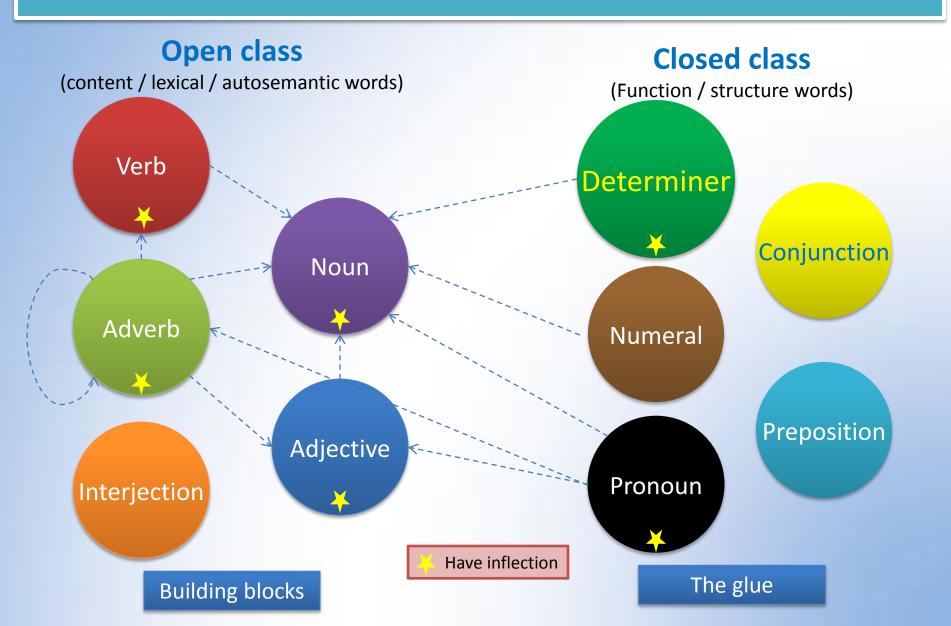


Modifying (placed before the noun it describes)

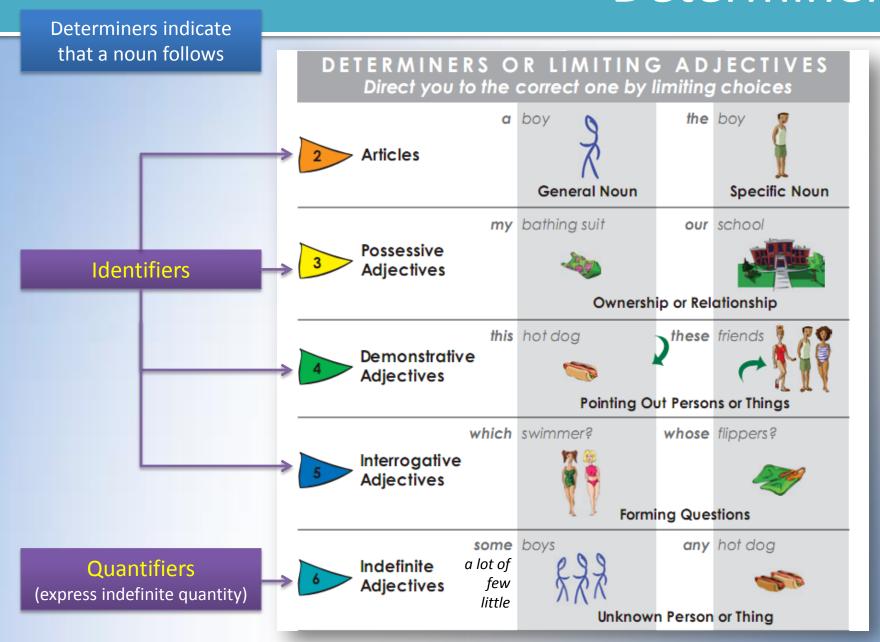
Predicative (come after the linking verb)



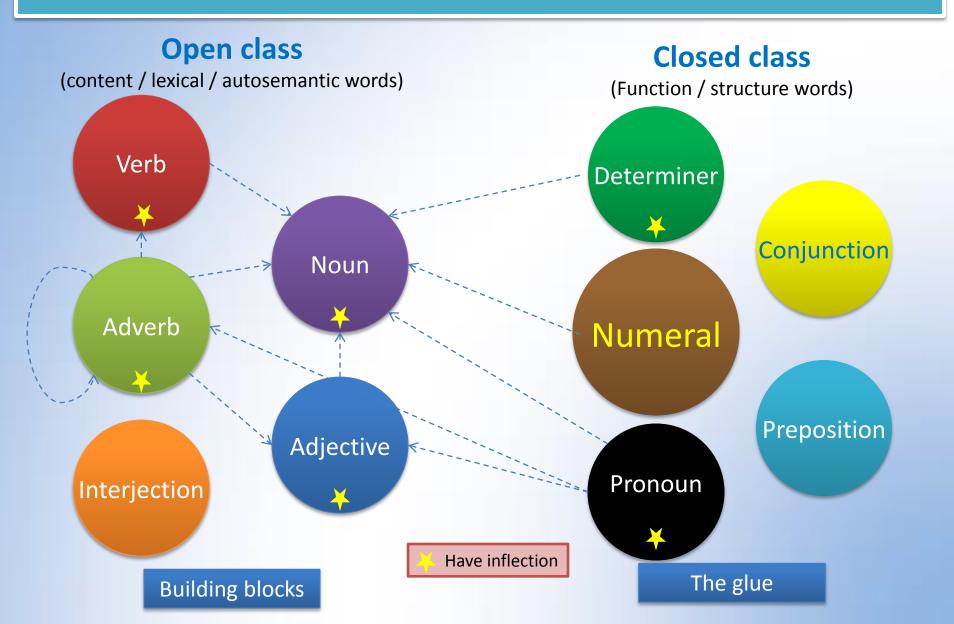
Word classes -> Determiners



Determiners



Word classes -> Numerals



Numerals

Cardinal numbers

one winner

two whistles

- Count things: 3 dogs

Used to:

- Give your age: 10 years old

- Give your phone number

- Give **years**: 2015



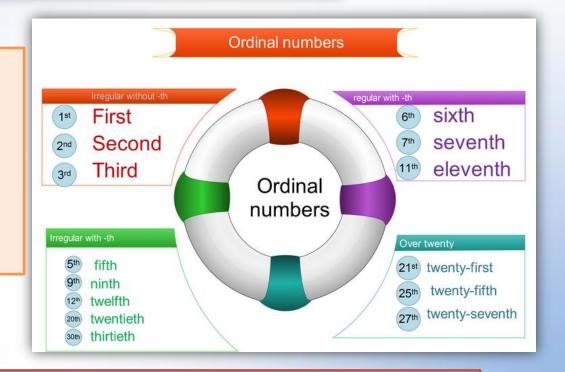
Numerical **Adjectives**



Indicating Quantity

Used to:

- Give a date: My birthday is on the 27th of January.
- Put things in a sequence or **order:** Liverpool came second in the football league last year.
- Give the floor of a building: on the tenth floor.
- Have birthdays: his twenty-first birthday



http://changingminds.org/techniques/language/speech parts/cardinals ordinals.htm https://www.ego4u.com/en/cram-up/vocabulary/numbers/cardinal http://www.vocabulary.cl/Basic/Numbers.htm

Small test

- What are wrong in these cases?
 - He is the seven son of Zeus. He has a three eye.
 - My two offices are in 2 different buildings. The first building has 10 floors. My office 1 is on 10 floor. The two building has 5-th floor. My second office is on floor 5. The first building is older than the other. It was built in 2010-th, and now it is fifth years old.

Any question?

