

```
# abstracttensor.jl
#
# Abstract Tensor type
#-----
"""
```

```
    abstract type AbstractTensorMap{S<:IndexSpace, N1, N2} end
```

Abstract supertype of all tensor maps, i.e. linear maps between tensor products of vector spaces of type `S<:IndexSpace`. An `AbstractTensorMap` maps from an input space of type `ProductSpace{S, N₂}` to an output space of type `ProductSpace{S, N₁}`.

```
"""
abstract type AbstractTensorMap{S<:IndexSpace, N1, N2} end
"""
```

```
    AbstractTensor{S<:IndexSpace, N} = AbstractTensorMap{S, N, 0}
```

Abstract supertype of all tensors, i.e. elements in the tensor product space of type `ProductSpace{S, N}`, built from elementary spaces of type `S<:IndexSpace`.

An `AbstractTensor{S, N}` is actually a special case `AbstractTensorMap{S, N, 0}`, i.e. a tensor map with only a non-trivial output space.

```
"""
const AbstractTensor{S<:IndexSpace, N} = AbstractTensorMap{S, N, 0}
```

```
# tensor characteristics
```

```
Base.etype(t::AbstractTensorMap) = etype(typeof(t))
```

```
Base.etype(T::Type{<:AbstractTensorMap}) = etype(storage_type(T))
```

```
storage_type(t::AbstractTensorMap) = storage_type(typeof(t))
```

```
similar_storage_type(t::AbstractTensorMap, T) = similar_storage_type(typeof(t), T)
```

```
similar_storage_type(TT::Type{<:AbstractTensorMap}, ::Type{T}) where {T} =
    Core.Compiler.return_type(similar, Tuple{storage_type(TT), Type{T}})
```

```
space_type(t::AbstractTensorMap) = space_type(typeof(t))
```

```
space_type(::Type{<:AbstractTensorMap{S}}) where {S<:IndexSpace} = S
```

```
sector_type(t::AbstractTensorMap) = sector_type(typeof(t))
```

```
sector_type(::Type{<:AbstractTensorMap{S}}) where {S<:IndexSpace} = sector_type(S)
```

```
field(t::AbstractTensorMap) = field(typeof(t))
```

```
field(::Type{<:AbstractTensorMap{S}}) where {S<:IndexSpace} = field(S)
```

```
numout(t::AbstractTensorMap) = numout(typeof(t))
```

```
numout(::Type{<:AbstractTensorMap{<:IndexSpace, N1, N2}}) where {N1, N2} = N1
```

```
numin(t::AbstractTensorMap) = numin(typeof(t))
```

```
numin(::Type{<:AbstractTensorMap{<:IndexSpace, N1, N2}}) where {N1, N2} = N2
```

```
numind(t::AbstractTensorMap) = numind(typeof(t))
```

```
numind(::Type{<:AbstractTensorMap{<:IndexSpace, N1, N2}}) where {N1, N2} = N1 + N2
```

```
const order = numind
```

```
# tensormap implementation should provide codomain(t) and domain(t)
```

```

codomain(t::AbstractTensorMap, i) = codomain(t)[i]
domain(t::AbstractTensorMap, i) = domain(t)[i]
source(t::AbstractTensorMap) = domain(t) # categorical terminology
target(t::AbstractTensorMap) = codomain(t) # categorical terminology
space(t::AbstractTensorMap) = HomSpace(codomain(t), domain(t))
space(t::AbstractTensorMap, i::Int) = space(t)[i]
dim(t::AbstractTensorMap) = dim(space(t))

# some index manipulation utilities
codomainind(t::AbstractTensorMap) = codomainind(typeof(t))
codomainind(::Type{<:AbstractTensorMap{<:IndexSpace, N1, N2}}) where {N1, N2} =
    ntuple(n->n, N1)

domainind(t::AbstractTensorMap) = domainind(typeof(t))
domainind(::Type{<:AbstractTensorMap{<:IndexSpace, N1, N2}}) where {N1, N2} =
    ntuple(n->N1+n, N2)

allind(t::AbstractTensorMap) = allind(typeof(t))
allind(::Type{<:AbstractTensorMap{<:IndexSpace, N1, N2}}) where {N1, N2} =
    ntuple(n->n, N1+N2)

adjointtensorindex(t::AbstractTensorMap{<:IndexSpace, N1, N2}, i) where {N1, N2} =
    ifelse(i<=N1, N2+i, i-N1)
adjointtensorindices(t::AbstractTensorMap, indices::IndexTuple) =
    map(i->adjointtensorindex(t, i), indices)

# Equality and approximality
#-----
function Base.==(t1::AbstractTensorMap, t2::AbstractTensorMap)
    (codomain(t1) == codomain(t2) && domain(t1) == domain(t2)) || return false
    for c in blocksectors(t1)
        block(t1, c) == block(t2, c) || return false
    end
    return true
end

function Base.hash(t::AbstractTensorMap, h::UInt)
    h = hash(codomain(t), h)
    h = hash(domain(t), h)
    for (c, b) in blocks(t)
        h = hash(c, hash(b, h))
    end
    return h
end

function Base.isapprox(t1::AbstractTensorMap, t2::AbstractTensorMap;
    atol::Real=0, rtol::Real=Base.rtoldefault(eltype(t1), eltype(t2),
atol))
    d = norm(t1 - t2)
    if isfinite(d)
        return d <= max(atol, rtol*max(norm(t1), norm(t2)))
    else
        return false
    end
end

```

```

# Conversion to Array:
#-----
# probably not optimized for speed, only for checking purposes
function Base.convert(::Type{Array}, t::AbstractTensorMap{S, N1, N2}) where {S,
N1, N2}
    I = sectortype(t)
    if I === Trivial
        convert(Array, t[])
    else
        cod = codomain(t)
        dom = domain(t)
        local A
        for (f1, f2) in fusiontrees(t)
            F1 = convert(Array, f1)
            F2 = convert(Array, f2)
            sz1 = size(F1)
            sz2 = size(F2)
            d1 = TupleTools.front(sz1)
            d2 = TupleTools.front(sz2)
            F = reshape(reshape(F1, TupleTools.prod(d1), sz1[end])*reshape(F2,
TupleTools.prod(d2), sz2[end]), (d1..., d2...))
            if !(@isdefined A)
                if eltype(F) <: Complex
                    T = complex(float(eltype(t)))
                elseif eltype(F) <: Integer
                    T = eltype(t)
                else
                    T = float(eltype(t))
                end
                A = fill(zero(T), (dims(cod)..., dims(dom)...))
            end
            Aslice = StridedView(A)[axes(cod, f1.uncoupled)..., axes(dom,
f2.uncoupled)...]
            axpy!(1, StridedView(_kron(convert(Array, t[f1, f2]), F)), Aslice)
        end
        return A
    end
end
end

```