

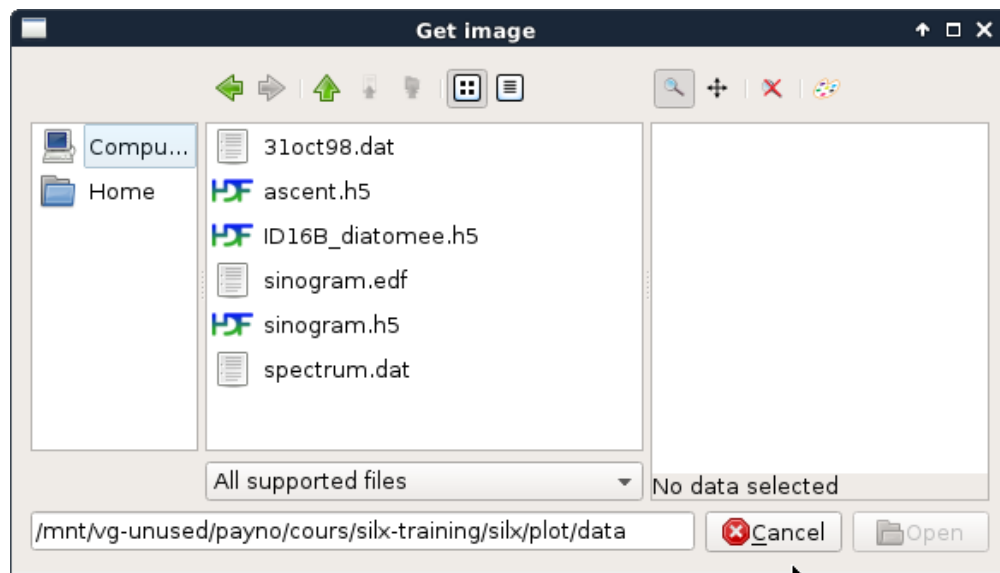
normalizationExample

March 16, 2018

```
In [ ]: %gui qt
```

Same exercise, (data, normalization function) as io but with interaction

1 Create two functions



ImageDialog

- getFlatfield: to select the flatfield
- getDark: to select the dark

To do this use the ImageFileDialog class

- see doc: <http://www.silx.org/doc/silx/latest/modules/gui/dialog/imagefiledialog.html>
- related example: `examples/fileDialog.py`

```
In [ ]: from silx.gui.dialog.ImageFileDialog import ImageFileDialog
```

```

In [ ]: import os
        def getImage(title=None):
            dialog = ImageFileDialog()
            dialog.setWindowTitle(title or 'Get image')
            dir_ = 'data'
            assert os.path.isdir(dir_)
            dialog.setDirectory(dir_)
            if not dialog.exec_():
                return None
            else:
                return dialog.selectedImage()

In [ ]: def getFlatfield():
        return getImage('Select flatfield')

In [ ]: def getDark():
        return getImage('Select dark')

```

2 Create a function to correct an image from flatfield and dark

take as input an image, dark and flatfield. Return the normalized image

```

In [ ]: def normalized(image, flatfield, dark):
        return (image - dark) / (flatfield - dark)

```

3 Select an image and display it raw and normalized

```

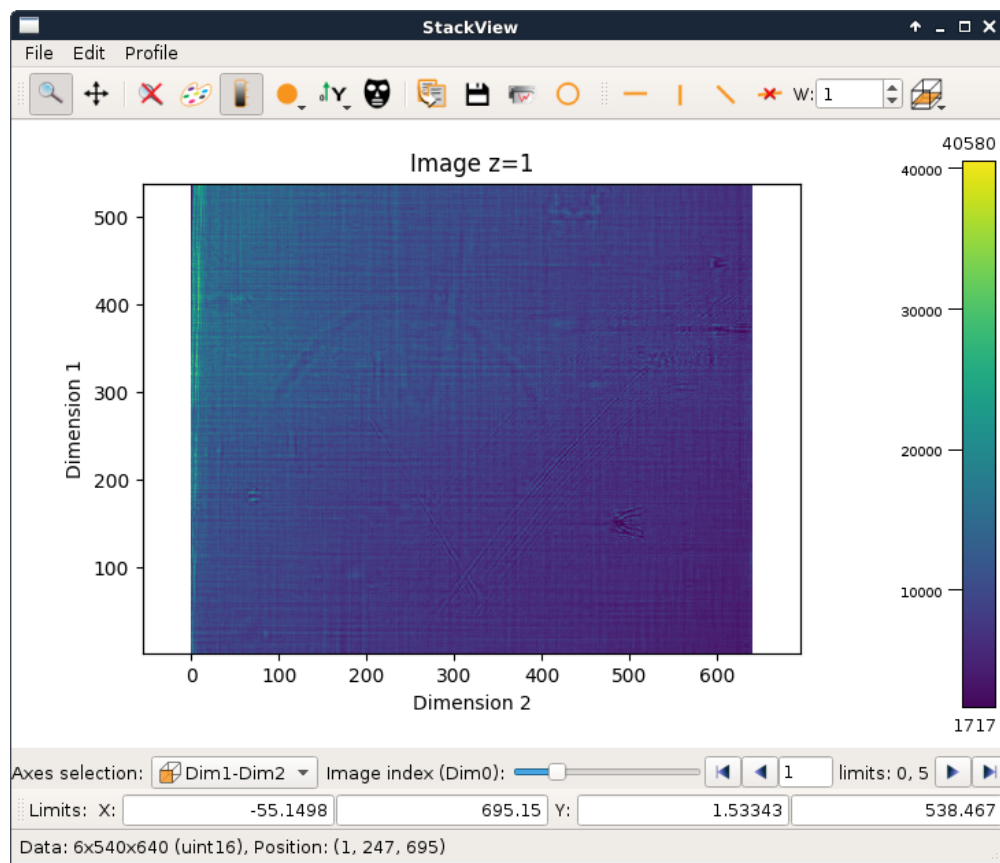
In [ ]: from silx.gui.plot import Plot2D
        def showRawAndCorrected(raw, corrected):
            plot = Plot2D()
            plot.addImage(data=raw, replace=False, legend='raw')
            plot.addImage(data=corrected, replace=False,
                          legend='corrected', origin=(raw.shape[0], 0))
            plot.show()

In [ ]: image = getImage()
        flatfield = getFlatfield()
        dark = getDark()
        if image is not None and dark is not None and flatfield is not None:
            corrected = normalized(image=image,
                                  flatfield=flatfield,
                                  dark=dark)
            showRawAndCorrected(raw=image, corrected=corrected)

```

4 Add an action to apply the correction on a stack of image

Here is the sample code to plot the stack of image



ImageDialog

```
In [ ]: from silx.gui.plot.StackView import StackViewMainWindow
import h5py
import numpy

dataFile = h5py.File('data/ID16B_diatomee.h5')

mystack = dataFile['scan1']['instrument']['data'][...]

sv = StackViewMainWindow()
sv.setStack(mystack)
sv.show()
```

Here is a function to apply the corection on the stack

```
In [ ]: def applyCorrection(images, flatfield, dark):
    correctedImgs = []
    for image in images:
        correctedImgs.append(normalized(image,
                                         flatfield=flatfield,
                                         dark=dark))

    return correctedImgs
```

To define an action: - heritate from `PlotAction` - redefine the triggered function - See the tutorial on how to add an action see: <http://www.silx.org/doc/silx/dev/modules/gui/plot/actions/examples.html> - you can also use the `PlotAction` tutorial.ipynb

```
In [ ]: from silx.gui.plot.actions import PlotAction
class CorrectImageAction(PlotAction):
    """QAction applying the correction algorithm

    :param plot: :class:`.PlotWidget` instance on which to operate
    :param parent: See :class:`QAction`
    """
    def __init__(self, plot, sv, parent=None):
        PlotAction.__init__(self,
                             plot,
                             icon='shape-circle',
                             text='process correction',
                             tooltip='apply the correction algorithm',
                             triggered=self._actionTriggered,
                             parent=parent,
                             checkable=False)
        self.stackViewer = sv

    def _actionTriggered(self):
        flatfield = getFlatfield()
        dark = getDark()
        if flatfield is None or dark is None:
```

```

        return
    newStack = applyCorrection(images=self.stackViewer.getStack()[0],
                              flatfield=flatfield,
                              dark=dark)
    self.stackViewer.setStack(newStack)

In [ ]: sv = StackViewMainWindow()
        sv.setStack(mystack)

        toolBar = sv.getPlot().toolBar()
        myaction = CorrectImageAction(sv.getPlot(), sv)
        toolBar.addAction(myaction)
        sv.show()

```