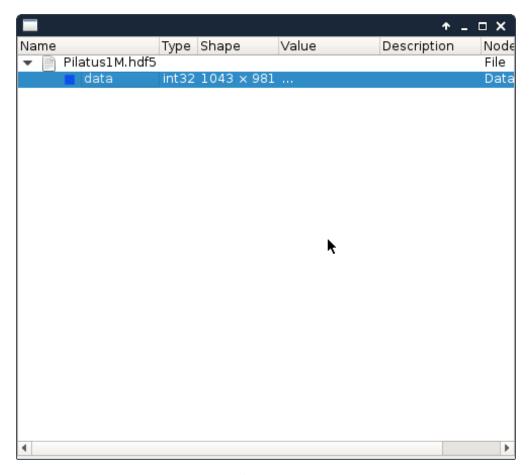
histogramExercise

November 14, 2016

1 open and show data (convert it to h5 to be loaded)

1.1 open the Pilatus1M dataset

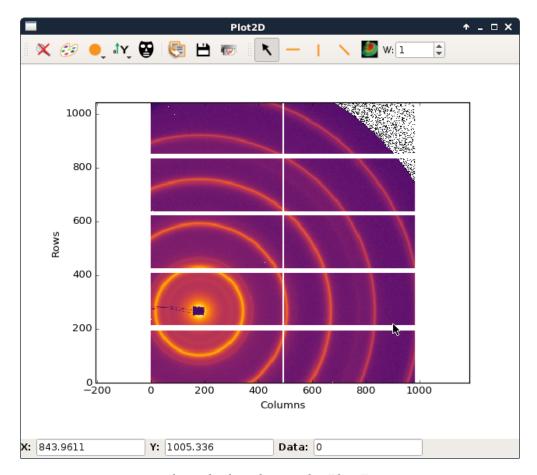


hdf5treeView

```
#select the cube values:
f=h5py.File(dataPath)
# then select the 'Data/qspace' datagroup (array containing the cubes of the data=f['data']
data = numpy.array(data, order='C', dtype='float32')
```

1.2 Plot the data

• using log scale



data plot by silx.gui.plot.Plot2D

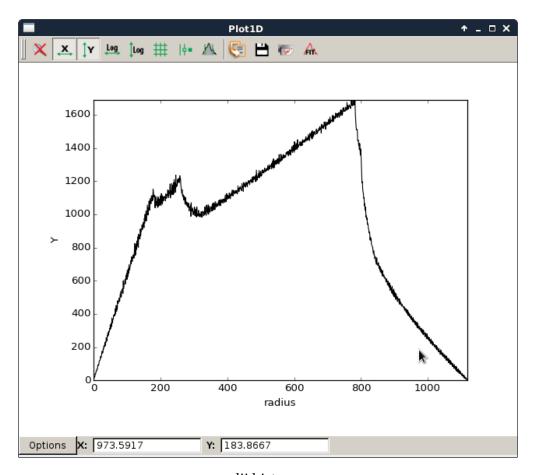
```
'vmax': 1.0
}
plot.setDefaultColormap(colormap)
plot.addImage(data)
plot.show()
```

2 compute radii to center for each pixels

```
• center is at (180, 260)
  • r = \sqrt{(x-xc)^2 + (y-yc)^2}
In [ ]: def computeradius(data, xcenter, ycenter):
            import numpy
            # do the azimutal integration
            xcenter=180
            vcenter=260
            r=numpy.zeros(data.shape)
            for y in range(data.shape[0]):
                 for x in range(data.shape[1]):
                     r[y,x]=numpy.sqrt(numpy.square(x-xcenter)+numpy.square(y-ycenter)
            return r
In [1]: # V2
        import numpy
        def computeradius(data, xcenter, ycenter):
            # do the azimutal integration
            xcenter=180
            vcenter=260
            y, x=numpy.ogrid[:data.shape[0], :data.shape[1]]
            r=numpy.sqrt((x-xcenter)**2+(y-ycenter)**2)
            return r
In [ ]: # do the azimutal integration
        radii=computeradius(data, xcenter=180, ycenter=260)
```

3 create the histogram of the radii

4 plot the histogram of the radii

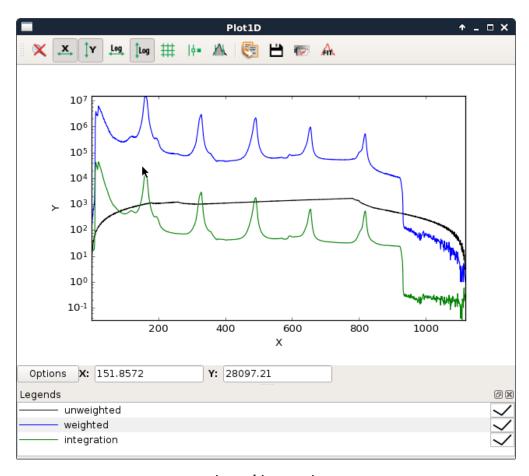


radii histogram

```
p.addCurve(...)
p.show()
```

5 azimutal integration using weights

• A simplification is to get the mean contribution of each pixels for each radius



azimutal integration

In []: ...