

# How To Use Data Abstraction Best Practices Privilege Scripts

An Open Source Asset for use with TIBCO® Data Virtualization

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Project Name	AS Assets Data Abstraction Best Practices
<b>Document Location</b>	This document is only valid on the day it was printed. The source of the document will be found in the ASAssets_DataAbstractionBestPractices folder (https://github.com/TIBCOSoftware)
Purpose	Self-paced instructional



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# **Revision History**

Version	Date	Author	Comments
8.1.8	05/24/2017	Mike Tinius	Updated for Best Practices v8.1.8 – added Privilege scripts.
8.1.9	12/06/2017	Mike Tinius	Transitioned to Tibco 8.1.9
2018Q1	03/20/2018	Mike Tinius	Release 2018Q1 – no changes.
2019Q1	01/25/2019	Mike Tinius	Release 2019Q1 - no changes.
2019Q200	06/13/2019	Mike Tinius	Release 2019Q200 – no changes.

# **Related Documents**

Name	Version
How To Use Utilities.pdf	2019Q200
How To Use Data Abstraction Best Practices.pdf	2019Q200
How To Learn Data Abstraction Best Practices.pdf	2019Q200
How To Test Data Abstraction Best Practices.pdf	2019Q200
How To Use Data Abstraction Best Practices Manage Annotations.pdf	2019Q200

# **Supported Versions**

Name	Version
TIBCO® Data Virtualization	7.0 or later
AS Assets Utilities open source	2019Q200 or later

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# 1 Introduction

## **Purpose**

The purpose of Best Practices Privilege Scripts is to provide a framework for performing massupdates on privileges based on rows maintained in a spreadsheet or a database.

The Privilege Scripts help the developer to maintain and execute privileges during deployment for the various layers. The three main areas for setting privileges are as follows:

/services/databases

/services/webservices

/shared

The strategy for setting privileges fits in generically with any folder structure within the Data Virtualization (DV) server but aligns nicely with the Data Abstraction Best Practices which uses the concept of an "organization" project folder in the three areas above. For example, it might look like this:

/services/databases/My\_Organization /services/webservices/My\_Organization /shared/My\_Organization

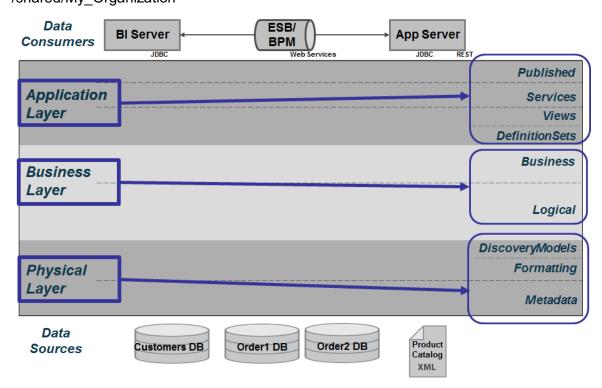


Figure one: Technical Data Abstraction Layers

#### **Audience**

This document is intended to provide guidance for the following users:

- Data Virtualization Administrators provides a guide for installation.
- Architects provides the data abstraction architecture.
- Data professionals provides background on the published views and usage.
- Operations users provides insight into triggers and procedures that are executed.
- Project Managers provides general information on data abstraction best practices.

#### References

Product references are shown below. Any references to CIS or DV refer to the current TIBCO® Data Virtualization.

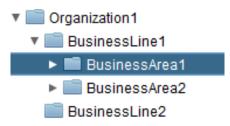
- TIBCO® Data Virtualization was formerly known as
  - Cisco Data Virtualization (DV)
  - Composite Information Server (CIS)

#### **DV Folder Structure**

- 1) DV Folder Structure establish the baseline concept with "Organization1" as an example.
  - a. Databases Publish views/procedures to a virtual database contained under: /services/databases/Organization1
  - b. Web Services Publish views/procedures to a virtual web service contained under: /services/webservices/Organization1
  - c. Shared Developers for Servicing create resources under: /shared/Organization1
  - d. Organization /shared/Organization1
    - ▼ I Organization1
    - Business Line /shared/Organization1/BusinessLine1



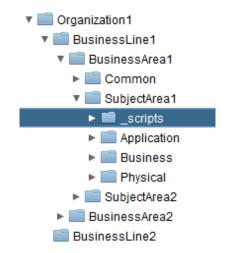
Business Areas – /shared/Organization1/BusinessLine1\BusinessArea1



a. Subject Areas –
 shared/Organization1/BusinessLine1\BusinessArea1\S
 ubjectArea1



i. Data Abstraction Folder Best Practices



- e. Data Abstraction Best Practices Folders are contained under each subject area folder.
  - i. /Application
  - ii. /Business
  - iii. /Physical

- 2) Privileges on Folders LDAP groups are created down to the granularity of the subject areas.
  - a. /BusinessLine1/BusinessArea1
    - i. /Common
    - ii. /SubjectArea1 subject area 1 folder
    - iii. /SubjectArea2 subject area 2 folder
- Roles and Rules very much pattern based in terms of the conventions for creating LDAP names
  - a. Admin DV <BusLine> Admin
    - i. Administrator for Servicing folders
  - b. Architect DV\_<BusLine>\_<BusArea>\_Arch
    - Architects are responsible for their own business area /Common and /Servicing/Common. They can promote resources to a /Common folder.
    - ii. Architects have "G"rant capability.
    - iii. Architects are responsible for published resources to virtual databases and web services.
  - c. Developer DV\_<BusLine>\_<BusArea>\_Dev
    - Developers are responsible for developing resources in their business area folders. They can create cache objects and execute.
  - d. QA DV\_<BusLine>\_<BusArea>\_QA
    - QA technicians are responsible for executing tests and can use Studio in the QA environment. They are not allowed to modify resources.
  - e. Application ld DV\_<BusLine>\_<BusArea>\_UserRO\_Appld
    - i. This is a read-only user for applications such as Cognos to connect to Composite.
    - ii. This user does not have Studio rights.
  - f. Read-only user DV\_<BusLine>\_<BusArea>\_<SubjArea>\_UserRO
    - This is a read-only user for adhoc usage such as Toad users to connect to Composite.

- ii. This user does not have Studio rights.
- g. Read-Write user DV\_<BusLine>\_<BusArea>\_<SubjArea>\_UserRW
  - i. This is a read-write user for adhoc usage such as Toad users to connect to Composite.
  - ii. This user does not have Studio rights.

## **Pre-Requisites**

Follow the steps below to create a new project.

- 1. LDAP groups have been brought into the target environment.
- 2. /shared/ASAssets/Utilities have been installed and configured for 2018Q1.

# 2 Configuration

## **How to Configure**

This section provides information on how to configure the Privilege Scripts.

## **Privilege Script Configuration Summary**

- 1. Copy privilege spreadsheet to file system
- 2. Modify datasource connections
- 3. Create privilege database tables
- Reintrospect datasources
- 5. Test datasources

#### **Best Practices Installation**

- 1. Install Best Practices Spreadsheets
  - 1.1. Follow the Data Abstraction Best Practices installation directions found in this document: "How To Use AS Data Abstraction Best Practices.pdf"
- 2. Copy privilege spreadsheet to file system
  - 2.1. This should have been done during installation of the Best Practices. Verify this.
- 3. Modify the default settings:
  - 3.1. Location: /shared/ASAssets/BestPractices\_v81/\_ProjectMaintenance/defaultValues
  - 3.2. datasource: determine whether to use EXCEL or DB\_[LLE,PROD] (database) as the default source for the privilege rows. Value: EXCEL
  - 3.3. defaultDatabaseLLEMapping: provides a way to choose Oracle or SQL Server as the default LLE when using "DB\_LLE" datasource. Value: DB\_LLE\_ORA
  - 3.4. defaultDatabasePRODMapping: provides a way to choose Oracle or SQL Server as the default LLE when using "DB\_PROD" datasource. Value: DB\_PROD\_ORA
- 4. Modify the data source path or connection information:
  - 4.1. EXCEL: modify the root path if needed.
    - 4.1.1.DV Location: [EXCEL] /shared/ASAssets/BestPractices\_v81/PrivilegeScripts/Metadata/Privileges\_DS\_EXCEL
    - 4.1.2.E.g. root path: C:/CIS7.0/BestPractices/Privileges
  - 4.2. DATABASE: modify connection information if needed for the lower-level environment

- 4.2.1.Note: This capability allows for a database in LLE for development and testing of privileges and a production database. In reality, a project really only needs a production database. All privileges are considered "production" no matter what DV environment they are being applied to. Therefore, while the scripts for LLE are provided it is not necessary to maintain an LLE privilege database.
- 4.2.2. Enable either Oracle or SQL Server LLE and/or PROD as needed.
- 4.2.3. Oracle database locations:

/shared/ASAssets/BestPractices\_v81/PrivilegeScripts/Metadata/Privileges\_DB\_PROD\_ORA /shared/ASAssets/BestPractices\_v81/PrivilegeScripts/Metadata/Privileges\_DB\_LLE\_ORA

4.2.4.SQL Server database locations:

/shared/ASAssets/BestPractices\_v81/PrivilegeScripts/Metadata/Privileges\_DB\_PROD\_SS /shared/ASAssets/BestPractices\_v81/PrivilegeScripts/Metadata/Privileges\_DB\_LLE\_SS

- Create the tables
  - 5.1. Oracle [LLE]: /shared/ASAssets/BestPractices v81/PrivilegeScripts/Metadata/DDL/Oracle LLE/

```
1_pqCreate_DABP_privilege_tables ( CMPPRV, CMPPRV_DATA )
```

2\_pqCreate\_DABP\_privilege\_triggers ( CMPPRV )

3\_pqCreate\_DABP\_privilege\_sequences ( CMPPRV )

5.2. Oracle [PROD]:

/shared/ASAssets/BestPractices v81/PrivilegeScripts/Metadata/DDL/Oracle PROD/

```
1 pqCreate DABP privilege tables ( CMPPRV, CMPPRV DATA )
```

2 pgCreate DABP privilege triggers (CMPPRV)

3 pgCreate DABP privilege sequences (CMPPRV)

5.3. SQL Server [LLE]:

/shared/ASAssets/BestPractices v81/PrivilegeScripts/Metadata/DDL/SQLServer LLE/

1\_pqCreate\_DABP\_privilege\_tables ( dbo )

2\_pqCreate\_DABP\_privilege\_triggers ( dbo )

5.4. SQL Server [PROD]:

/shared/ASAssets/BestPractices\_v81/PrivilegeScripts/Metadata/DDL/SQLServer\_PROD/

1\_pqCreate\_DABP\_privilege\_tables ( dbo )

2 pqCreate DABP privilege triggers (dbo)

- 6. Reintrospect the data sources
- 7. Test the data sources
  - 7.1. Show Contents for one of the Excel data source worksheets to ensure that data is being retrieved.
  - 7.2. Show Contents for one of the tables in the chosen data source.
- 8. Construct the Privilege Spreadsheet to be loaded into the database
- 9. Load the database from the spreadsheet
  - 9.1. loadPrivileges\_EXCEL the first time, it will notify you of the missing support table values. This will load the privileges from the 3 privilege tabs in the spreadsheet.
  - 9.2. performSupportingTableMaintenance run this to load the supporting tables.
  - 9.3. loadGroups\_EXCEL optional unless you want to set the Studio Rights for the DV groups in the Group\_List tab of the spreadsheet.
  - 9.4. loadUsers\_EXCEL optional
- 10. Execute the update Groups, Privileges, and Users as needed.

Go to the next section "Executing Resource Privileges" for more information.

# 3 Executing Resource Privileges

#### Introduction

This section provides guidance on how to make a request to the administrator to update the privileges using the manual execution of privileges.

#### Instructions

- Run after hours or early in the morning so as not to impact Developers. Since these scripts are updating the Composite Metadata repository via the API, Developers will notice that their Studios will be unresponsive while these scripts are running.
- 2. Depending on activity in the network, activity on the Composite server and activity in the Composite repository database server, these scripts may take hours to run.
  - 2.1. Update Groups does not take much time at all. This is a very low impact operation.
  - 2.2. Update Resource Privileges will take the longest especially depending on the number of privileges to apply.

# 3. Update Group Studio Rights before updating privileges

- 3.1. Sheet [When Datasource=EXCEL]: Group\_List
- 3.2. Table [When Datasource=DB\_PROD or DB\_LLE]: COMPOSITE\_STUDIO\_RIGHTS
- 3.3. Script: updateGroupsDriver
  - 3.3.1. Location: /shared/ASAssets/BestPractices\_v81/PrivilegeScripts/updateGroupsDriver
    3.3.2. Datasource: [DB\_PROD|DB\_LLE|EXCEL] Indicates which datasource to use to execute from.

3.3.3. Environment Name: [DEV|UAT|PROD]

3.3.4. Organization: ORG1
3.3.5. Project: Project1
3.3.6. Subproject SB1
3.3.7. All other parameters are left null

3.3.8. *inDebug1*: Y

3.3.9. inDebug1Console: Y

3.3.10. inDebug1CISLog: N

3.3.11. inDebug1ReadOnly: Y

3.3.12. Repeat for these projects:

Project: Project2

# 4. Update Privileges

- 4.1. Sheet [When Datasource=EXCEL]: Privileges\_shared + Privileges\_databases + Privileges webservices
- 4.2. Table [When Datasource=DB\_PROD or DB\_LLE]: COMPOSITE\_PRIVILEGES
- 4.3. Script: updatePrivilegesDriver
  - 4.3.1.Location: /shared/ASAssets/BestPractices\_v81/PrivilegeScripts/updatePrivilegesDriver
    4.3.2. Datasource: [DB\_PROD|DB\_LLE|EXCEL] Indicates which datasource to use to execute from.
  - 4.3.3.
  - 4.3.4. Batch\_Privileges: 1
  - 4.3.5. Environment\_Name: [DEV|UAT|PROD]
  - 4.3.6. *Organization:* ORG1
  - 4.3.7. *Project*: Project1
  - 4.3.8. Subproject: SB1
  - 4.3.9. All other parameters are left null
  - 4.3.10. *inDebug1*: Y
  - 4.3.11. inDebug1Console: Y
  - 4.3.12. inDebug1CISLog: N
  - 4.3.13. inDebug1ReadOnly: Y
  - 4.3.14. inDebug1RevokeAll: Y
  - 4.3.15. *inDebug2*: N
  - 4.3.16. *inBypassErrors:* Y 4.3.17. **Repeat for these projects**:
  - Project: Subproject:

Project: SB1|SB2|SB3

# 4 Privilege Spreadsheet and Database Table Mappings

## **Spreadsheet "sheet definition" and Associated Database Table**

- 1) Composition of the spreadsheet / database table
  - a. Privileges\_shared This sheet is used to establish privileges for a project and its /shared resources.
    - i. Correlates to the database table COMPOSITE\_PRIVILEGES where PRIVILEGE\_TYPE = 'SHARED'.
  - b. Privileges\_databases This sheet is used to establish privileges for a project and its virtual database resource located at /services/databases.
    - Correlates to the database table COMPOSITE\_PRIVILEGES where PRIVILEGE\_TYPE = 'DATABASES'.
  - c. Privileges\_webservices This sheet is used to establish privileges for a project and its virtual web service resources located at /services/webservices.
    - Correlates to the database table COMPOSITE\_PRIVILEGES where PRIVILEGE\_TYPE = 'WEBSERVICES'.
  - d. Group\_List The group list sheet is used for applying studio access rights to a group.
    - i. Correlates to the database table COMPOSITE\_STUDIO\_RIGHTS.
  - e. User\_List The user list sheet is used for creating composite users that "mirror" the Idap groups for testing purposes.
    - i. Correlates to the database table COMPOSITE USER.
  - f. Roles\_and\_Responsibilities not used for any scripts (documentation only)
    - i. Correlates to the database table ROLE\_TYPE.
  - g. Privilege\_Template not used for any scripts (documentation only)
    - i. Correlates to the database table COMPOSITE\_ROLE\_TEMPLATE.
- 2) Spreadsheet Concepts
  - a. Applying privileges

- Apply privileges to lowest level folders first. For example, given /shared/folder1 and /shared/folder1/folder2, apply privileges to /shared/folder1 before /folder2.
- ii. READ only privileges The update privileges have the ability to automatically set READ on parent folders. The benefit of this is that these rows do not have to be specified in the spreadsheet any longer like they did with version 1.
- iii. Apply a concept of initializing folders to "NONE" recursively first to create a blank pallet on which to paint privileges.
- iv. If a folder shares privileges with another sibling folder then don't apply privileges recursively. Simply set privileges on that folder for your groups. Example:
  - 1. /shared/folder1 (your folder)
    - a. Set recursive mode="N" for "not" recursive.
  - 2. /shared/folder2 (another groups folder)
- v. Spreadsheet column: Recurse Child

Recurse Child Resources and Folders:

N or blank = do not recurse. Set specified privileges for the resource only.

YM = Only apply modification recursively (always recommended when using the spreadsheet)

YC = Make child resources look like this resource recursively. This feature is <u>not recommended</u> when using the spreadsheet and making multiple modifications because the entire context is not taken into consideration like it does in studio.

Concept 1: Only select YM to recurse child resources when the resource being set is at the lowest level at which it is safe to recursively set privileges for a given USER or GROUP. If the resource is an intermediate level folder with other branches offshoot from it then only apply the privilege modification to the resource folder using "N" unless all branches are required to have the same privilege settings. "YC" should only be used when you want to reset all privileges for other USERS or GROUPS to "NONE" except for the current USER or GROUP being set.

<u>Concept 2</u>: If the higher-level resource folder is set with "YC" then it is not necessary to set this USER or GROUP for branch-level resources.

<u>Caveat</u>: It has been determined through testing because the Composite API is being used to set privileges, only "YM" should be used since each transaction on the spreadsheet is executed individually. This differs from the concept in Studio, where Studio has a holistic view of all privileges for all groups for a given resource. Therefore, in Studio, you can set the equivalent of "YC" which is recurse all children and make them look exactly like the parent. Unfortunately, that concept is not the same when executed from this spreadsheet and API.

# b. Batching privileges

i. Privileges are batched and executed as a single unit request to DV. The batches are based on finding a set of rows in the spreadsheet with the same path, type and recurse child settings. If any of those change, then that delineates the batch request to DV.

## c. Spreadsheet Line

- i. Each spreadsheet line (like a database row) needs to include all of the information to be able to set a row independently if requested. However, if batching privileges is requested then the first row of a batch is used to set the resource path, type, recurse child.
- ii. If the resource path or type are missing, that line in the spreadsheet will \*NOT\* be applied.
- iii. It is important to note that the first row of a batch is used exclusively to set the owner and owner domain since this can only be set at the resource path level. By definition of a batch [resource path, type, recurse child] will start a new batch.

# 5 Privilege Scripts Method Definition

#### **Detailed Definitions**

Detailed documentation on the inputs and outputs can be found in the header and annotation section of each procedure.

- Composite groups and users If you are adding groups and users, you must first execute the "updateGroupsDriver" followed by the "udpateUsersDriver". Groups must be present before users are created because users are assigned to groups upon creation of the user.
- 2) Validation you can validate the groups and users were created by using "validateGroupsDriver", "validateUsersDriver" and "validatePrivilegesDriver".
- 3) Delete groups and users If you want to clean up the composite created users and groups perform these tasks in reverse order of creation. First execute "deleteUsersDriver" to remove the users followed by "deleteGroupsDriver" to remove the groups.

## **Privilege Maintenance: Get Privileges**

1. **getPrivileges** – Construct a SQL statement based on filters passed in and retrieve the set of privileges that match the criteria.

Location: /shared/ASAssets/BestPractices\_v81/PrivilegeScripts/getPrivileges

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
IN	<b>Datasource</b> – RECOMMENDED FILTER: the datasource where the privileges are stored. If not parameter is provided the default value is used from defaultValues.datasource. Possible values include:	VARCHAR(255)
	<ul> <li>EXCEL - Excel spreadsheet which gets uploaded to each DV server.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>DB_LLE - SQL Server database for lower level environments. Basically it is used for testing purposes and developing new functionality.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>DB_PROD - SQL Server production database. This connection should always be used unless developing new functionality.</li> </ul>	
IN	Environment_Name – REQUIRED FILTER: The Composite server environment in which to get/update privileges for: [DEV, UAT, PROD].	VARCHAR(255)
IN	Organization – RECOMMENDED FILTER: The name of the organization such as ORG1 or ORG2.	VARCHAR(255)

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
IN	<b>Project</b> – RECOMMENDED FILTER: The name of the project that is hosted on DV for this "Env Type". This provides a filter for only applying privileges for the given project. If left blank, all projects will be updated.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	SubProject – OPTIONAL FILTER: The name of the sub-project that is hosted on DV for this "Env Type". This provides a filter for only applying privileges for the given sub-project. If left blank, all rows for the project will be updated.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	Sheet_Name – OPTIONAL FILTER: The name of the Excel spreadsheet in which to get/update privileges from: [shared, databases, webservices]	VARCHAR(255)
IN	Resource_Path – OPTIONAL FILTER: The resource path in which to get/update privileges.	LONGVARCHAR
IN	Resource_Type – OPTIONAL FILTER: The resource type in which to get/update privileges. This will only be used when no "Resource_Path" or a single "Resource_Path" is provided. It is not used when a list of "Resource_Path" entries are provided. Example:	LONGVARCHAR
	<ul> <li>DATA_SOURCE - a published datasource or physical metadata datasource.</li> <li>CONTAINER - a folder path, a catalog or schema path.</li> <li>COLUMN - a column from a table</li> <li>LINK - a published table or procedure. If it resides in the path /services and points to a TABLE or PROCEDURE then it is a LINK.</li> <li>TABLE - a view in the /shared path.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>PROCEDURE a procedure in the /shared path.</li> </ul>	
IN	Name – OPTIONAL FILTER: The user/group name in which to get/update privileges.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	Name_Type – OPTIONAL FILTER: Valid values are USER or GROUP.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	<b>Domain_Name</b> – OPTIONAL FILTER: The domain name in which to get/update privileges.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	debug – OPTIONAL: Y=debug on, N=debug off	CHAR(1)
OUT	DECLARE PUBLIC TYPE privilegeRowType ROW ( rownum INTEGER, sheetRownum INTEGER, datasource VARCHAR(255), sheetName VARCHAR(255), privilegeType VARCHAR(255), Organization VARCHAR(255), Project VARCHAR(255), SubProject VARCHAR(255), "Resource Path" VARCHAR(1024),	privilegeRowType

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
	"Resource Type" VARCHAR(255),	
	"Recurse Dependencies" VARCHAR(1),	
	"Recurse Dependents" VARCHAR(1),	
	"Recurse Child" VARCHAR(3),	
	"Revoke All" VARCHAR(1),	
	Name VARCHAR(255),	
	"Name Type" VARCHAR(255),	
	"Domain" VARCHAR(255),	
	"Env Type" VARCHAR(255),	
	OrderPrecedence CHAR(1),	
	R VARCHAR(1),	
	W VARCHAR(1),	
	E VARCHAR(1),	
	S VARCHAR(1),	
	U VARCHAR(1),	
	I VARCHAR(1),	
	D VARCHAR(1),	
	G VARCHAR(1),	
	Owner VARCHAR(255),	
	"Owner Domain" VARCHAR(255),	
	Comments VARCHAR(1024),	
	Initialize VARCHAR(255),	
	isActive CHAR(1) )	

## Privilege Maintenance: Update Privileges

updatePrivilegesDriver – This script is used to execute the update privileges. This script will
access the spreadsheet or database table, batch rows together into a request and submit to
DV via the DV admin API. The script runs within the Composite Server. This procedure is
used to update privileges by reading the privileges from an excel spreadsheet or database
table.

Location: /shared/ASAssets/BestPractices\_v81/PrivilegeScripts/updatePrivilegesDriver

- 2.1. The excel sheets include:
  - 2.1.1. Privileges\_shared Update privileges for /shared
  - 2.1.2. Privileges databases Update privileges for /services/databases
  - 2.1.3. Privileges\_webservices Update privileges for /services/webservices
  - 2.1.4. COMPOSITE\_PRIVILEGES is a table that contains a type field that indicates which area of composite the row is specifying [shared, databases, webservices].
- 2.2. Pre-requisites to executing the script.

- 2.2.1. LDAP groups must have been brought into Composite.
- 2.2.2. The spreadsheet needs to be uploaded to the Composite Server machine.
- 2.2.3. The spreadsheet data source is updated with the spreadsheet path.
- 2.2.4. All of the resources being referenced must be present in the Composite server or an exception will be thrown.
- 2.2.5. The user executing the script must have administrative privileges.

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
IN	<b>Datasource</b> – RECOMMENDED FILTER: the datasource where the privileges are stored. If not parameter is provided the default value is used from defaultValues.datasource. Possible values include:	VARCHAR(255)
	<ul> <li>EXCEL - Excel spreadsheet which gets uploaded to each DV server.</li> </ul>	
	DB_LLE - SQL Server database for lower level environments. Basically it is used for testing purposes and developing new functionality.	
	DB_PROD - SQL Server production database. This connection should always be used unless developing new functionality.	
IN	Batch_Privileges – REQUIRED_FILTER: When the resource path in the spreadsheet changes, a batch is executed. When the resource type in the spreadsheet changes, a batch is executed. When the recursion identifier in the spreadsheet changes, a batch is executed. A group of rows with like recursion may only be batched together otherwise the meaning of the privilege setting is not the same.	INTEGER
	<ul> <li>1=Batch all privileges for the same path, type and recursion setting.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>0=Process each spreadsheet line separately (no batching).</li> </ul>	
IN	<b>Environment_Name</b> – REQUIRED FILTER: The Composite server environment in which to get/update privileges for: [DEV, UAT, PROD].	VARCHAR(255)
IN	Organization – RECOMMENDED FILTER: The name of the organization such as ORG1 or ORG2.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	<b>Project</b> – RECOMMENDED FILTER: The name of the project that is hosted on DV for this "Env Type". This provides a filter for only applying privileges for the given project. If left blank, all projects will be updated.	VARCHAR(255)

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
IN	SubProject – OPTIONAL FILTER: The name of the sub-project that is hosted on DV for this "Env Type". This provides a filter for only applying privileges for the given sub-project. If left blank, all rows for the project will be updated.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	Sheet_Name – OPTIONAL FILTER: The name of the Excel spreadsheet in which to get/update privileges from: [shared, databases, webservices]	VARCHAR(255)
IN	<b>Resource_Path</b> – OPTIONAL FILTER: The resource path in which to get/update privileges.	LONGVARCHAR
IN	Resource_Type - OPTIONAL FILTER: The resource type in which to get/update privileges. This will only be used when no "Resource_Path" or a single "Resource_Path" is provided. It is not used when a list of "Resource_Path" entries are provided. Example:  • DATA_SOURCE - a published datasource or physical metadata datasource.  • CONTAINER - a folder path, a catalog or schema path.  • COLUMN - a column from a table  • LINK - a published table or procedure. If it resides in the path /services and points to a TABLE or PROCEDURE then it is a LINK.  • TABLE - a view in the /shared path.  • PROCEDURE a procedure in the /shared path.	LONGVARCHAR
IN	Name – OPTIONAL FILTER: The user/group name in which to get/update privileges.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	Name_Type – OPTIONAL FILTER: Valid values are USER or GROUP.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	<b>Domain_Name</b> – OPTIONAL FILTER: The domain name in which to get/update privileges.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	<pre>preview - N or null(default)=Do not preview. Execute the privileges. Y=preview what will get set but don't actually execute the operation.</pre>	CHAR(1)
IN	forceDomainAsComposite – OPTIONAL PARAM: Y=true, N=false. For example, the LDAP group DV_Demo_Dev is automatically converted to the composite domain group dv_demo_dev.  • Provides a way to force a conversion of the group from an LDAP domain name like "Idap" to the "composite" domain.  • This is useful when setting up the privileges for testing with composite groups that mirror the LDAP groups. This way the spreadsheet does not have to be modified.	CHAR(1)
IN	inDebug1 – N/Null=No debug, Y (default)=Debug for this	CHAR(1)

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
	procedure - basic messages.	
IN	inDebug1Console – N/Null (default)=No debug, Y=Debug console. Determines whether to print to the Studio console window or not.	CHAR(1)
IN	inDebug1CISLog – N/Null (default)=No debug, Y=Debug log. Determines whether to print to the DV log or not.	CHAR(1)
IN	inDebug1ReadOnly — N/Null (default)=No debug, Y=Debug for READ only messages.	CHAR(1)
IN	inDebug1RevokeAll — N/Null (default)=No debug, Y=Debug for Revoke All messages.	CHAR(1)
IN	inDebug2 – N/Null (default)=No debug, Y=Debug for 2nd and 3rd tier procedures (deep debug).	CHAR(1)
IN	<ul> <li>inBypassErrors – Bypass errors. Throw exception when paths not found.</li> <li>N/Null (default) Do not bypass errors.</li> <li>Y=bypass resource not found errors but report them.</li> </ul>	CHAR(1)
OUT	rowsProcessed – number of rows processed from the spreadsheet	INTEGER
OUT	logOutput – The output log that gets printed to the command line console is also output.	LONGVARCHAR

## **Privilege Maintenance: Validate Privileges**

3. **validatePrivilegesDriver** – This script is used to validate privileges. This procedure is used to validate privileges by reading the privileges from an excel spreadsheet and validate the resource path exists and the name (USER or GROUP) exists in the specified domain and the privilege is set according to the spreadsheet or database setting for the filter applied.

Location: /shared/ASAssets/BestPractices\_v81/PrivilegeScripts/validatePrivilegesDriver

3.1. Read the privileges from the following sheets:

3.1.1. Privileges shared -/shared privileges

3.1.2. Privileges\_databases -/services/databases privileges

3.1.3. Privileges webservices -/services/webservices privileges

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
IN	Datasource – RECOMMENDED FILTER: the datasource where	VARCHAR(255)
	the privileges are stored. If not parameter is provided the	

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
	default value is used from defaultValues.datasource. Possible values include:	
	<ul> <li>EXCEL - Excel spreadsheet which gets uploaded to each DV server.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>DB_LLE - SQL Server database for lower level environments. Basically it is used for testing purposes and developing new functionality.</li> </ul>	
	DB_PROD - SQL Server production database. This connection should always be used unless developing new functionality.	
IN	Environment_Name – REQUIRED FILTER: The Composite server environment in which to get/update privileges for: [DEV, UAT, PROD].	VARCHAR(255)
IN	<b>Organization</b> – RECOMMENDED FILTER: The name of the organization such as ORG1 or ORG2.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	<b>Project</b> – RECOMMENDED FILTER: The name of the project that is hosted on DV for this "Env Type". This provides a filter for only applying privileges for the given project. If left blank, all projects will be updated.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	<b>SubProject</b> – OPTIONAL FILTER: The name of the sub-project that is hosted on DV for this "Env Type". This provides a filter for only applying privileges for the given sub-project. If left blank, all rows for the project will be updated.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	Sheet_Name – OPTIONAL FILTER: The name of the Excel spreadsheet in which to get/update privileges from: [shared, databases, webservices]	VARCHAR(255)
IN	Resource_Path – OPTIONAL FILTER: The resource path in which to get/update privileges.	LONGVARCHAR
IN	Resource_Type – OPTIONAL FILTER: The resource type in which to get/update privileges. This will only be used when no "Resource_Path" or a single "Resource_Path" is provided. It is not used when a list of "Resource_Path" entries are provided. Example:	LONGVARCHAR
	<ul> <li>DATA_SOURCE - a published datasource or physical metadata datasource.</li> <li>CONTAINER - a folder path, a catalog or schema path.</li> <li>COLUMN - a column from a table</li> <li>LINK - a published table or procedure. If it resides in the path /services and points to a TABLE or PROCEDURE then it is a LINK.</li> <li>TABLE - a view in the /shared path.</li> <li>PROCEDURE a procedure in the /shared path.</li> </ul>	

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
IN	Name – OPTIONAL FILTER: The user/group name in which to get/update privileges.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	Name_Type – OPTIONAL FILTER: Valid values are USER or GROUP.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	<b>Domain_Name</b> – OPTIONAL FILTER: The domain name in which to get/update privileges.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	forceDomainAsComposite – OPTIONAL PARAM: Y=true, N=false. For example, the LDAP group DV_Demo_Dev is automatically converted to the composite domain group dv_demo_dev.	CHAR(1)
	<ul> <li>Provides a way to force a conversion of the group from an LDAP domain name like "Idap" to the "composite" domain.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>This is useful when setting up the privileges for testing with composite groups that mirror the LDAP groups. This way the spreadsheet does not have to be modified.</li> </ul>	
IN	inDebug1 – N/Null=No debug, Y (default)=Debug for this procedure - basic messages.	CHAR(1)
IN	inDebug1Console – N/Null (default)=No debug, Y=Debug console. Determines whether to print to the Studio console window or not.	CHAR(1)
IN	inDebug1CISLog – N/Null (default)=No debug, Y=Debug log. Determines whether to print to the DV log or not.	CHAR(1)
IN	inDebug1ReadOnly — N/Null (default)=No debug, Y=Debug for READ only messages.	CHAR(1)
IN	inDebug2 – N/Null (default)=No debug, Y=Debug for 2nd and 3rd tier procedures (deep debug).	CHAR(1)
IN	<ul> <li>inBypassErrors – Bypass errors. Throw exception when paths not found.</li> <li>1. N/Null (default) Do not bypass errors.</li> <li>2. Y=bypass resource not found errors but report them.</li> </ul>	CHAR(1)
OUT	validPrivileges – true=if all privileges are validated. false=if one or more privileges are invalid.	VARCHAR
OUT	rowsProcessed – number of rows processed from the spreadsheet	INTEGER
OUT	invalidPrivilegeList – Pipe separated list of invalid pivileges.	LONGVARCHAR
OUT	invalidResourceList – Pipe separated list of invalid resource	LONGVARCHAR

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
	paths that do not exist.	
OUT	invalidNameList – Pipe separated list of name, nameType, and domain combination that does not exist.	LONGVARCHAR
OUT	logOutput – The output log that gets printed to the command line console is also output.	LONGVARCHAR

# **Group Maintenance: Get Groups**

4. **getGroups** – Construct a SQL statement based on filters passed in and retrieve the set of groups that match the criteria.

Location: /shared/ASAssets/BestPractices\_v81/PrivilegeScripts/getGroups

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
IN	<b>Datasource</b> – RECOMMENDED FILTER: the datasource where the privileges are stored. If not parameter is provided the default value is used from defaultValues.datasource. Possible values include:	VARCHAR(255)
	<ul> <li>EXCEL - Excel spreadsheet which gets uploaded to each DV server.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>DB_LLE - SQL Server database for lower level environments. Basically it is used for testing purposes and developing new functionality.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>DB_PROD - SQL Server production database. This connection should always be used unless developing new functionality.</li> </ul>	
IN	<b>Environment_Name</b> – REQUIRED FILTER: The Composite server environment in which to get/update privileges for: [DEV, UAT, PROD].	VARCHAR(255)
IN	<b>Organization</b> – RECOMMENDED FILTER: The name of the organization such as ORG1 or ORG2.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	<b>Project</b> – RECOMMENDED FILTER: The name of the project that is hosted on DV for this "Env Type". This provides a filter for only applying privileges for the given project. If left blank, all projects will be updated.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	SubProject – OPTIONAL FILTER: The name of the sub-project that is hosted on DV for this "Env Type". This provides a filter for only applying privileges for the given sub-project. If left blank, all rows for the project will be updated.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	<b>Group_Name</b> – OPTIONAL FILTER: The group name in which to get/update groups.	VARCHAR(255)

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
IN	<b>Domain_Name</b> – OPTIONAL FILTER: The domain name in which to get/update groups.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	debug – OPTIONAL: Y=debug on, N=debug off	CHAR(1)
OUT	DECLARE PUBLIC TYPE groupsRowType ROW ( rownum INTEGER, sheetRownum INTEGER, datasource VARCHAR(255), sheetName VARCHAR(255), Organization VARCHAR(255), Project VARCHAR(255), SubProject VARCHAR(255), GroupName VARCHAR(255), Description VARCHAR(1024), "Domain" VARCHAR(255), "Env Type" VARCHAR(255), Access VARCHAR(1), Unlock VARCHAR(1), Config_R VARCHAR(1), Config_M VARCHAR(1), Resources_R VARCHAR(1), Resources_M VARCHAR(1), Status_R VARCHAR(1), Status_M VARCHAR(1), Users_R VARCHAR(1), Users_M VARCHAR(1), Isactive VARCHAR(1)	groupsRowType

## **Group Maintenance: Update Groups**

5. **updateGroupsDriver** – This script is used to create or update groups. Reads the Composite Privileges spreadsheet and gets the list of groups from the sheet: Group List

Location: /shared/ASAssets/BestPractices\_v81/PrivilegeScripts/updateGroupsDriver

- 5.1. Limitations
  - 5.1.1. If the domain is "composite" and the group does not exist then the group is created.
  - 5.1.2. If the domain is "composite" and the group does exist then the group is updated.
  - 5.1.3. If the domain is LDAP and the group does not exist then the group is NOT created and not updated.
  - 5.1.4. If the domain is LDAP and the group does exist then the group is updated.

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
IN	Datasource – RECOMMENDED FILTER: the datasource where the privileges are stored. If not parameter is provided the default value is used from defaultValues.datasource. Possible values include:	VARCHAR(255)
	<ul> <li>EXCEL - Excel spreadsheet which gets uploaded to each DV server.</li> </ul>	
	DB_LLE - SQL Server database for lower level environments. Basically it is used for testing purposes and developing new functionality.	
	DB_PROD - SQL Server production database. This connection should always be used unless developing new functionality.	
IN	<b>Environment_Name</b> – REQUIRED FILTER: The Composite server environment in which to get/update privileges for: [DEV, UAT, PROD].	VARCHAR(255)
IN	Organization – RECOMMENDED FILTER: The name of the organization such as ORG1 or ORG2.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	<b>Project</b> – RECOMMENDED FILTER: The name of the project that is hosted on DV for this "Env Type". This provides a filter for only applying privileges for the given project. If left blank, all projects will be updated.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	SubProject – OPTIONAL FILTER: The name of the sub-project that is hosted on DV for this "Env Type". This provides a filter for only applying privileges for the given sub-project. If left blank, all rows for the project will be updated.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	<b>Group_Name</b> – OPTIONAL FILTER: The group name for which to get/update groups.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	<b>Domain_Name</b> – OPTIONAL FILTER: The domain name in which to get/update groups.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	<pre>preview - N or null(default)=Do not preview. Execute the privileges. Y=preview what will get set but don't actually execute the operation.</pre>	CHAR(1)
IN	forceDomainAsComposite – OPTIONAL PARAM: Y=true, N=false. For example, the LDAP group DV_Demo_Dev is automatically converted to the composite domain group dv_demo_dev.  • Provides a way to force a conversion of the group from an LDAP domain name like "Idap" to the "composite" domain.	CHAR(1)
	<ul> <li>This is useful when setting up the privileges for testing with composite groups that mirror the LDAP groups.</li> </ul>	

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
	This way the spreadsheet does not have to be modified.	
IN	inDebug1 – N/Null=No debug, Y (default)=Debug for this procedure - basic messages.	CHAR(1)
IN	inDebug1Console – N/Null (default)=No debug, Y=Debug console. Determines whether to print to the Studio console window or not.	CHAR(1)
IN	inDebug1CISLog – N/Null (default)=No debug, Y=Debug log. Determines whether to print to the DV log or not.	CHAR(1)
IN	inDebug1ReadOnly — N/Null (default)=No debug, Y=Debug for READ only messages.	CHAR(1)
OUT	rowsProcessed – number of rows processed from the spreadsheet	INTEGER
OUT	logOutput – The output log that gets printed to the command line console is also output.	LONGVARCHAR

# **Group Maintenance: Delete Groups**

6. **deleteGroupsDriver** – This script is used to delete groups from DV. Reads the Composite Privileges spreadsheet and gets the list of groups from the sheet: Group\_List

Location: /shared/ASAssets/BestPractices\_v81/PrivilegeScripts/deleteGroupsDriver

- 6.1. Limitations
  - 6.1.1. If the group does not exist then the group is NOT deleted.
  - 6.1.2. If the group does exist then the group is deleted no matter what domain the group is in.

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
IN	<b>Datasource</b> – RECOMMENDED FILTER: the datasource where the privileges are stored. If not parameter is provided the default value is used from defaultValues.datasource. Possible values include:	VARCHAR(255)
	<ul> <li>EXCEL - Excel spreadsheet which gets uploaded to each DV server.</li> </ul>	
	DB_LLE - SQL Server database for lower level environments. Basically it is used for testing purposes and developing new functionality.	
	<ul> <li>DB_PROD - SQL Server production database. This connection should always be used unless developing new functionality.</li> </ul>	

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
IN	<b>Environment_Name</b> – REQUIRED FILTER: The Composite server environment in which to get/update privileges for: [DEV, UAT, PROD].	VARCHAR(255)
IN	<b>Organization</b> – RECOMMENDED FILTER: The name of the organization such as ORG1 or ORG2.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	<b>Project</b> – RECOMMENDED FILTER: The name of the project that is hosted on DV for this "Env Type". This provides a filter for only applying privileges for the given project. If left blank, all projects will be updated.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	SubProject – OPTIONAL FILTER: The name of the sub-project that is hosted on DV for this "Env Type". This provides a filter for only applying privileges for the given sub-project. If left blank, all rows for the project will be updated.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	<b>Group_Name</b> – OPTIONAL FILTER: The group name for which to delete groups.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	<b>Domain_Name</b> – OPTIONAL FILTER: The domain name in which to delete groups.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	<pre>preview - N or null(default)=Do not preview. Execute the privileges. Y=preview what will get set but don't actually execute the operation.</pre>	CHAR(1)
IN	forceDomainAsComposite – OPTIONAL PARAM: Y=true, N=false. For example, the LDAP group DV_Demo_Dev is automatically converted to the composite domain group dv_demo_dev.  • Provides a way to force a conversion of the group from an LDAP domain name like "Idap" to the "composite" domain.	CHAR(1)
	<ul> <li>This is useful when setting up the privileges for testing with composite groups that mirror the LDAP groups.</li> <li>This way the spreadsheet does not have to be modified.</li> </ul>	
IN	inDebug1 – N/Null=No debug, Y (default)=Debug for this procedure - basic messages.	CHAR(1)
IN	inDebug1Console – N/Null (default)=No debug, Y=Debug console. Determines whether to print to the Studio console window or not.	CHAR(1)
IN	inDebug1CISLog – N/Null (default)=No debug, Y=Debug log. Determines whether to print to the DV log or not.	CHAR(1)
OUT	rowsProcessed – number of rows processed from the spreadsheet	INTEGER
OUT	logOutput – The output log that gets printed to the command line console is also output.	LONGVARCHAR

# **Group Maintenance: Validate Groups**

7. **validateGroupsDriver** – This script is used to validate groups. Reads the Composite Privileges spreadsheet and validates whether the user exists or not from the sheet: Group\_List

Location: /shared/ASAssets/BestPractices\_v81/PrivilegeScripts/validateGroupsDriver

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
IN	<b>Datasource</b> – RECOMMENDED FILTER: the datasource where the privileges are stored. If not parameter is provided the default value is used from defaultValues.datasource. Possible values include:	VARCHAR(255)
	<ul> <li>EXCEL - Excel spreadsheet which gets uploaded to each DV server.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>DB_LLE - SQL Server database for lower level environments. Basically it is used for testing purposes and developing new functionality.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>DB_PROD - SQL Server production database. This connection should always be used unless developing new functionality.</li> </ul>	
IN	<b>Environment_Name</b> – REQUIRED FILTER: The Composite server environment in which to get/update privileges for: [DEV, UAT, PROD].	VARCHAR(255)
IN	<b>Organization</b> – RECOMMENDED FILTER: The name of the organization such as ORG1 or ORG2.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	<b>Project</b> – RECOMMENDED FILTER: The name of the project that is hosted on DV for this "Env Type". This provides a filter for only applying privileges for the given project. If left blank, all projects will be updated.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	<b>SubProject</b> – OPTIONAL FILTER: The name of the sub-project that is hosted on DV for this "Env Type". This provides a filter for only applying privileges for the given sub-project. If left blank, all rows for the project will be updated.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	<b>Group_Name</b> – OPTIONAL FILTER: The group name for which to validate groups.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	<b>Domain_Name</b> – OPTIONAL FILTER: The domain name in which to validate groups.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	forceDomainAsComposite – OPTIONAL PARAM: Y=true, N=false. For example, the LDAP group DV_Demo_Dev is automatically converted to the composite domain group dv_demo_dev.  • Provides a way to force a conversion of the group from an LDAP domain name like "Idap" to the "composite"	CHAR(1)

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
	domain.	
	<ul> <li>This is useful when setting up the privileges for testing with composite groups that mirror the LDAP groups.</li> <li>This way the spreadsheet does not have to be modified.</li> </ul>	
IN	inDebug1 – N/Null=No debug, Y (default)=Debug for this procedure - basic messages.	CHAR(1)
IN	inDebug1Console – N/Null (default)=No debug, Y=Debug console. Determines whether to print to the Studio console window or not.	CHAR(1)
IN	inDebug1ClSLog – N/Null (default)=No debug, Y=Debug log. Determines whether to print to the DV log or not.	CHAR(1)
IN	inDebug2 – N/Null (default)=No debug, Y=Debug for 2nd and 3rd tier procedures (deep debug).	CHAR(1)
OUT	validGroups – true=if all groups are present (valid). false=if one or more groups are not present (invalid).	VARCHAR
OUT	rowsProcessed – number of rows processed from the spreadsheet	INTEGER
OUT	logOutput – The output log that gets printed to the command line console is also output.	LONGVARCHAR
OUT	groupResult – Result with pipe dlimited rows	LONGVARCHAR
	Format of output for a single row within the pipe:	
	Row=row number from spreadsheet	
	SheetRow=the number of row within the sheet	
	<b>Sheet=</b> The name of the sheet from the spreadsheet "Group_List"	
	groupName=the name of the group	
	domainName=the name of the domain	
	exists=YES or NO indicating whether the group exists or not.	
	<b>studio_rights=</b> YES or NO indicating if the studio rights are valid if the row exists	
	diff_rights=Provides a list of studio rights where each right contains [=,+,-] in front. The "=" means that the studio right from the source is the same as the actual set in DV. The "+" means that the studio right is set in DV but not supposed to be set as per the spreadsheet. The "-" means that the studio right is not set in DV but it is supposed to be set as per the spreadsheet. Example: =ACCESS_TOOLS +UNLOCK_RESOURCE +READ_ALL_CONFIG +MODIFY_ALL_CONFIG -READ_ALL_RESOURCES	

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
	= end of the row	

# **Group Maintenance: Get Users**

8. **getUsers** – Construct a SQL statement based on filters passed in and retrieve the set of users that match the criteria.

Location: /shared/ASAssets/BestPractices\_v81/PrivilegeScripts/getUsers

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
IN	Datasource – RECOMMENDED FILTER: the datasource where the privileges are stored. If not parameter is provided the default value is used from defaultValues.datasource. Possible values include:	VARCHAR(255)
	EXCEL - Excel spreadsheet which gets uploaded to each DV server.	
	DB_LLE - SQL Server database for lower level environments. Basically it is used for testing purposes and developing new functionality.	
	<ul> <li>DB_PROD - SQL Server production database. This connection should always be used unless developing new functionality.</li> </ul>	
IN	Environment_Name – REQUIRED FILTER: The Composite server environment in which to get/update privileges for: [DEV, UAT, PROD].	VARCHAR(255)
IN	<b>Organization</b> – RECOMMENDED FILTER: The name of the organization such as ORG1 or ORG2.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	<b>Project</b> – RECOMMENDED FILTER: The name of the project that is hosted on DV for this "Env Type". This provides a filter for only applying privileges for the given project. If left blank, all projects will be updated.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	SubProject – OPTIONAL FILTER: The name of the sub-project that is hosted on DV for this "Env Type". This provides a filter for only applying privileges for the given sub-project. If left blank, all rows for the project will be updated.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	<b>User_Name</b> – OPTIONAL FILTER: The user name in which to get/update users.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	<b>Domain_Name</b> – OPTIONAL FILTER: The domain name in which to get/update users.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	debug – OPTIONAL: Y=debug on, N=debug off	CHAR(1)
OUT	DECLARE PUBLIC TYPE userRowType ROW (	userRowType

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
	rownum INTEGER,	
	sheetRownum INTEGER,	
	datasource VARCHAR(255),	
	sheetName VARCHAR(255),	
	Organization VARCHAR(255),	
	Project VARCHAR(255),	
	SubProject VARCHAR(255),	
	UserName VARCHAR(255),	
	Description VARCHAR(1024),	
	"Domain" VARCHAR(255),	
	"Env Type" VARCHAR(255),	
	Password VARCHAR(255),	
	Force CHAR(1),	
	GroupList VARCHAR(255),	
	UserName_lowercase VARCHAR(255),	
	IsActive VARCHAR(1) )	

# **User Maintenance: Update Users**

These scripts are used for rebinding the generation scripts from one folder to another.

updateUsersDriver – This script is used to create or update composite users only. It does
not create or update LDAP users. Reads the Composite Privileges spreadsheet and gets the
list of users from the sheet: User\_List

Location: /shared/ASAssets/BestPractices\_v81/PrivilegeScripts/updateUsersDriver

- 9.1. Limitations:
  - 9.1.1. If the domain is "composite" and the user does not exist then the user is created.
  - 9.1.2. If the domain is "composite" and the user does exist then the user is updated.
  - 9.1.3. If the domain is LDAP no action is taken at all as users are not maintained in Composite.

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
IN	<b>Datasource</b> – RECOMMENDED FILTER: the datasource where the privileges are stored. If not parameter is provided the default value is used from defaultValues.datasource. Possible values include:	VARCHAR(255)
	<ul> <li>EXCEL - Excel spreadsheet which gets uploaded to each DV server.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>DB_LLE - SQL Server database for lower level environments. Basically it is used for testing purposes and developing new functionality.</li> </ul>	
	DB_PROD - SQL Server production database. This	

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
	connection should always be used unless developing new functionality.	
IN	<b>Environment_Name</b> – REQUIRED FILTER: The Composite server environment in which to get/update privileges for: [DEV, UAT, PROD].	VARCHAR(255)
IN	<b>Organization</b> – RECOMMENDED FILTER: The name of the organization such as ORG1 or ORG2.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	<b>Project</b> – RECOMMENDED FILTER: The name of the project that is hosted on DV for this "Env Type". This provides a filter for only applying privileges for the given project. If left blank, all projects will be updated.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	<b>SubProject</b> – OPTIONAL FILTER: The name of the sub-project that is hosted on DV for this "Env Type". This provides a filter for only applying privileges for the given sub-project. If left blank, all rows for the project will be updated.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	<b>User_Name</b> – OPTIONAL FILTER: The user name for which to create/update users.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	<b>Domain_Name</b> – OPTIONAL FILTER: The domain name in which to get/update users.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	<pre>preview - N or null(default)=Do not preview. Execute the privileges. Y=preview what will get set but don't actually execute the operation.</pre>	CHAR(1)
IN	inDebug1 – N/Null=No debug, Y (default)=Debug for this procedure - basic messages.	CHAR(1)
IN	inDebug1Console – N/Null (default)=No debug, Y=Debug console. Determines whether to print to the Studio console window or not.	CHAR(1)
IN	inDebug1CISLog – N/Null (default)=No debug, Y=Debug log. Determines whether to print to the DV log or not.	CHAR(1)
OUT	<b>rowsProcessed</b> – number of rows processed from the spreadsheet	INTEGER
OUT	logOutput – The output log that gets printed to the command line console is also output.	LONGVARCHAR

## **User Maintenance: Delete Users**

10. deleteUsersDriver – This script is used to delete composite users only. It does not create or update LDAP users. Reads the Composite Privileges spreadsheet and gets the list of users from the sheet: User\_List.

Location: /shared/ASAssets/BestPractices\_v81/PrivilegeScripts/deleteUsersDriver

## 10.1. Limitations:

- 10.1.1. If the domain is "composite" and the user does not exist then the user is NOT deleted.
- 10.1.2. If the domain is "composite" and the user does exist then the user is deleted.
- 10.1.3. If the domain is LDAP and the user does not exist then the user is NOT deleted.
- 10.1.4. If the domain is LDAP and the user does exist then the user is NOT deleted.

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
IN	<b>Datasource</b> – RECOMMENDED FILTER: the datasource where the privileges are stored. If not parameter is provided the default value is used from defaultValues.datasource. Possible values include:	VARCHAR(255)
	<ul> <li>EXCEL - Excel spreadsheet which gets uploaded to each DV server.</li> </ul>	
	DB_LLE - SQL Server database for lower level environments. Basically it is used for testing purposes and developing new functionality.	
	DB_PROD - SQL Server production database. This connection should always be used unless developing new functionality.	
IN	<b>Environment_Name</b> – REQUIRED FILTER: The Composite server environment in which to get/update privileges for: [DEV, UAT, PROD].	VARCHAR(255)
IN	Organization – RECOMMENDED FILTER: The name of the organization such as ORG1 or ORG2.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	<b>Project</b> – RECOMMENDED FILTER: The name of the project that is hosted on DV for this "Env Type". This provides a filter for only applying privileges for the given project. If left blank, all projects will be updated.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	SubProject – OPTIONAL FILTER: The name of the sub-project that is hosted on DV for this "Env Type". This provides a filter for only applying privileges for the given sub-project. If left blank, all rows for the project will be updated.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	<b>User_Name</b> – OPTIONAL FILTER: The user name for which to delete users.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	<b>Domain_Name</b> – OPTIONAL FILTER: The domain name in which to delete users.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	<pre>preview - N or null(default)=Do not preview. Execute the privileges. Y=preview what will get set but don't actually execute the operation.</pre>	CHAR(1)

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
IN	inDebug1 – N/Null=No debug, Y (default)=Debug for this procedure - basic messages.	CHAR(1)
IN	inDebug1Console – N/Null (default)=No debug, Y=Debug console. Determines whether to print to the Studio console window or not.	CHAR(1)
IN	inDebug1CISLog – N/Null (default)=No debug, Y=Debug log. Determines whether to print to the DV log or not.	CHAR(1)
OUT	rowsProcessed – number of rows processed from the spreadsheet	INTEGER
OUT	logOutput – The output log that gets printed to the command line console is also output.	LONGVARCHAR

### **User Maintenance: Validate Users**

11. **validateUsersDrivers** – This script is used to validate users. Reads the Composite Privileges spreadsheet and validates whether the group exists or not using the sheet: User\_List.

Location: /shared/ASAssets/BestPractices\_v81/PrivilegeScripts/validateUsersDriver

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
IN	<b>Datasource</b> – RECOMMENDED FILTER: the datasource where the privileges are stored. If not parameter is provided the default value is used from defaultValues.datasource. Possible values include:	VARCHAR(255)
	<ul> <li>EXCEL – Excel spreadsheet which gets uploaded to each DV server.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>DB_LLE – SQL Server database for lower level environments. Basically it is used for testing purposes and developing new functionality.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>DB_PROD – SQL Server production database. This connection should always be used unless developing new functionality.</li> </ul>	
IN	<b>Environment_Name</b> – REQUIRED FILTER: The Composite server environment in which to get/update privileges for: [DEV, UAT, PROD].	VARCHAR(255)
IN	Organization – RECOMMENDED FILTER: The name of the organization such as ORG1 or ORG2.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	<b>Project</b> – RECOMMENDED FILTER: The name of the project that is hosted on DV for this "Env Type". This provides a filter for only applying privileges for the given project. If left blank, all projects	VARCHAR(255)

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
	will be updated.	
IN	<b>SubProject</b> – OPTIONAL FILTER: The name of the sub-project that is hosted on DV for this "Env Type". This provides a filter for only applying privileges for the given sub-project. If left blank, all rows for the project will be updated.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	<b>User_Name</b> – OPTIONAL FILTER: The user name for which to validate users.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	<b>Domain_Name</b> – OPTIONAL FILTER: The domain name in which to validate users.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	inDebug1 – N/Null=No debug, Y (default)=Debug for this procedure – basic messages.	CHAR(1)
IN	inDebug1Console – N/Null (default)=No debug, Y=Debug console. Determines whether to print to the Studio console window or not.	CHAR(1)
IN	inDebug1ClSLog – N/Null (default)=No debug, Y=Debug log. Determines whether to print to the DV log or not.	CHAR(1)
IN	inDebug2 – N/Null (default)=No debug, Y=Debug for 2nd and 3rd tier procedures (deep debug).	CHAR(1)
OUT	validUsers – true=if all users are present (valid). False=if one or more users are not present (invalid).	VARCHAR
OUT	rowsProcessed – number of rows processed from the spreadsheet	INTEGER
OUT	logOutput – The output log that gets printed to the command line console is also output.	LONGVARCHAR
OUT	userResult – Result with pipe delimited rows	LONGVARCHAR

# **Database Maintenance: Load Database Privileges**

12. **loadPrivileges\_EXCEL** – This procedure is the generic interface for inserting and updating privileges from the generic Resource\_Privileges\_LOAD\_DB.xlsx spreadsheet. The location of the resource in DV is as follows:

 $/shared/ASAssets/BestPractices\_v81/PrivilegeScripts/Metadata/Privileges\_DS\_EXCEL/Resource\_Privileges\_LOAD\_DB.xlsx.$ 

It does not delete privilege rows. Any deletion of privileges should be done through "modify\_06\_COMPOSITE\_PRIVILEGES". In order to update a row, it uses the following columns to detect the existence of a row: ISACTIVE=Y, ORGANIZATION\_NAME, PROJECT\_NAME, SUBPROJECT\_NAME, RESOURCE\_PATH, RESOURCE\_TYPE, DOMAIN, NAME\_TYPE, NAME, and ENVIRONMENT\_NAME. If no rows are detected then an insert is performed.

Location: /shared/ASAssets/BestPractices\_v81/PrivilegeScripts/ModifyDBPrivileges/loadPrivileges\_EXCEL

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
IN	datasource – RECOMMENDED FILTER: the datasource where the privileges are stored. If not parameter is provided the default value is used from defaultValues.datasource. Possible values include:	VARCHAR(255)
	<ul> <li>EXCEL – Excel spreadsheet which gets uploaded to each DV server.</li> </ul>	
	DB_LLE – SQL Server database for lower level environments. Basically it is used for testing purposes and developing new functionality.	
	DB_PROD – SQL Server production database. This connection should always be used unless developing new functionality.	
IN	inPerformInsertUpdate – Y or N. Y=yes perform insert or update. N=no do not perform insert or update but display the same messages to see what will be executed.	CHAR(1)
OUT	rowsProcessed – Number of rows processed in total.	INTEGER
OUT	<b>rowsInserted</b> – Number of rows inserted into the privilege database.	INTEGER
OUT	rowsUpdated – Number of rows updated into the privilege database.	INTEGER
OUT	rowsDeleted – Number of rows deleted into the privilege database.	INTEGER
OUT	<b>rowsInactive</b> – Number of rows set to inactive into the privilege database.	INTEGER
OUT	duplicateRows – number of duplicate rows.	INTEGER
OUT	duplicateRowMsg – message for duplicate rows.	LONGVARCHAR
OUT	message – a general message	LONGVARCHAR

### **Database Maintenance: Load Database Groups**

13. **loadGroups\_EXCEL** – This procedure is the generic interface for inserting and updating groups from the generic Resource\_Privileges\_LOAD\_DB.xlsx spreadsheet. The location of the resource in DV is as follows:

/shared/ASAssets/BestPractices\_v81/PrivilegeScripts/Metadata/Privileges\_DS\_EXCEL/Resource\_Privileges\_LOAD\_DB.xlsx.

It does not delete group rows. Any deletion of groups should be done through "modify\_07\_COMPOSITE\_STUDIO\_RIGHTS". In order to update a row, it uses the following

columns to detect the existence of a row: ISACTIVE=Y, ORGANIZATION\_NAME, PROJECT\_NAME, GROUP\_NAME, DOMAIN, ENVIRONMENT\_NAME. If no rows are detected then an insert is performed.

Location: /shared/ASAssets/BestPractices\_v81/PrivilegeScripts/ModifyDBPrivileges/loadGroups\_EXCEL

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
IN	datasource – RECOMMENDED FILTER: the datasource where the privileges are stored. If not parameter is provided the default value is used from defaultValues.datasource. Possible values include:	VARCHAR(255)
	<ul> <li>EXCEL – Excel spreadsheet which gets uploaded to each DV server.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>DB_LLE – SQL Server database for lower level environments. Basically it is used for testing purposes and developing new functionality.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>DB_PROD – SQL Server production database. This connection should always be used unless developing new functionality.</li> </ul>	
IN	inPerformInsertUpdate – Y or N. Y=yes perform insert or update. N=no do not perform insert or update but display the same messages to see what will be executed.	CHAR(1)
IN	useDefaultConfig – Y or N. Y=use the default config values for the following thus overriding the spreadsheet values.  READ_ALL_CONFIG=null - this value unset	CHAR(1)
	MODIFY_ALL_CONFIG=null - this value unset	
	READ_ALL_RESOURCES=null - this value unset  MODIFY_ALL_RESOURCES=null- this value unset	
OUT	rowsProcessed – Number of rows processed in total.	INTEGER
OUT	rowsInserted – Number of rows inserted into the privilege database.	INTEGER
OUT	rowsUpdated – Number of rows updated into the privilege database.	INTEGER
OUT	rowsDeleted – Number of rows deleted into the privilege database.	INTEGER
OUT	<b>rowsInactive</b> – Number of rows set to inactive into the privilege database.	INTEGER
OUT	duplicateRows – number of duplicate rows.	INTEGER
OUT	duplicateRowMsg – message for duplicate rows.	LONGVARCHAR

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
OUT	message – a general message	LONGVARCHAR

#### **Database Maintenance: Load Database Users**

14. IoadUsers\_EXCEL – This procedure is the generic interface for inserting and updating users from the generic Resource\_Privileges\_LOAD\_DB.xlsx spreadsheet. The location of the resource in DV is as follows:

/shared/ASAssets/BestPractices\_v81/PrivilegeScripts/Metadata/Privileges\_DS\_EXCEL/Resource\_Privileges\_LOAD\_DB.xlsx.

It does not delete user rows. Any deletion of groups should be done through "modify\_08\_COMPOSITE\_USER". In order to update a row, it uses the following columns to detect the existence of a row: ISACTIVE=Y, ORGANIZATION\_NAME, PROJECT\_NAME, SUBPROJECT\_NAME, USER\_NAME, DOMAIN, ENVIRONMENT\_NAME. If no rows are detected then an insert is performed.

Location: /shared/ASAssets/BestPractices\_v81/PrivilegeScripts/ModifyDBPrivileges/loadUsers\_EXCEL

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
IN	datasource – RECOMMENDED FILTER: the datasource where the privileges are stored. If not parameter is provided the default value is used from defaultValues.datasource. Possible values include:	VARCHAR(255)
	<ul> <li>EXCEL – Excel spreadsheet which gets uploaded to each DV server.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>DB_LLE – SQL Server database for lower level environments. Basically it is used for testing purposes and developing new functionality.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>DB_PROD – SQL Server production database. This connection should always be used unless developing new functionality.</li> </ul>	
IN	inPerformInsertUpdate – Y or N. Y=yes perform insert or update. N=no do not perform insert or update but display the same messages to see what will be executed.	CHAR(1)
OUT	rowsProcessed – Number of rows processed in total.	INTEGER
OUT	rowsInserted – Number of rows inserted into the privilege database.	INTEGER
OUT	rowsUpdated – Number of rows updated into the privilege database.	INTEGER
OUT	rowsDeleted – Number of rows deleted into the privilege	INTEGER

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
	database.	
OUT	<b>rowsInactive</b> – Number of rows set to inactive into the privilege database.	INTEGER
OUT	duplicateRows – number of duplicate rows.	INTEGER
OUT	duplicateRowMsg – message for duplicate rows.	LONGVARCHAR
OUT	message – a general message	LONGVARCHAR

## **Database Maintenance: Perform Supporting Table Maintenance**

15. **performSupportingTableMaintenance** – This procedure is used to perform table maintenance on the supporting tables in the database.

#### Location:

/shared/ASAssets/BestPractices\_v81/PrivilegeScripts/ModifyDBPrivileges/performSupportingTableMaintenance

<u>Table Name</u> <u>Require Fields</u>

ORGANIZATION\_TYPE: ORGANIZATION\_NAME PROJECT TYPE: ORGANIZATION NAME

PROJECT\_NAME

SUBPROJECT TYPE: SUBPROJECT NAME

PROJECT NAME

ORGANIZATION NAME

DOMAIN\_TYPE: DOMAIN\_NAME

ENVIRONMENT\_TYPE: ENVIRONMENT\_NAME

Rules:

#### 1. performInsert:

When performInsert=Y, perform the insert of the new row for the given table.

When performInsert=N, do not perform the insert of the new row for the given table but display what will happen.

## 2. organization

Used for tables ORGANIZATION TYPE or PROJECT TYPE

If not null, then test ORGANIZATION\_TYPE.ORGANIZATION\_NAME for existence.

If not exist then insert.

#### 3. projectName

Used for table PROJECT\_TYPE.ORGANIZATION\_NAME and PROJECT\_TYPE.PROJECT\_NAME

If projectName and organization is not null then test PROJECT\_TYPE.ORGANIZATION\_NAME and PROJECT\_TYPE.PROJECT\_NAME for existence.

If not exist then insert.

### 4. subprojectList

Used for table SUBPROJECT\_TYPE.SUBPROJECT\_NAME and PROJECT\_NAME and ORGANIZATION\_NAME

This may be a comma separated list of subprojects.

For each subproject and project, if they are not null then test PROJECT\_TYPE.SUBPROJECT\_NAME and PROJECT\_NAME and ORGANIZATION\_NAME for existence.

If not exist then insert.

### 5. domainNameList

Used for tables DOMAIN\_TYPE

This may be a comma separated list of domain names.

If not null, then test DOMAIN TYPE.DOMAIN NAME for existence.

If not exist then insert.

## 6. environmentNameList

Used for tables ENVIRONMENT\_TYPE

This may be a comma separated list of environent names.

If not null, then test ENVIRONMENT\_TYPE.ENVIRONMENT\_NAME for existence.

If not exist then insert.

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
IN	performInsert – Y or N. Y=yes perform insert or update. N=no	CHAR(1)
	do not perform insert or update but display the same messages	

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
	to see what will be executed.	
IN	organization – leave null unless you want to insert into ORGANIZATION_TYPE and/or PROJECT_TYPE. Examples (1 of): ORG1, ORG2, ORG3.	VARCHAR
IN	<pre>projectName - leave null unless you want to insert into PROJECT_TYPE and/or SUBPROJECT_TYPE. Examples (1 of): PROJECT1, PROJECT2.</pre>	VARCHAR
IN	subprojectList – leave null unless you want to insert into SUBPROJECT_TYPE. This may be a comma separated list of subprojects. Examples (1 of): SB1, SB2, SB3.	LONGVARCHAR
IN	domainName List— leave null unless you want to insert into DOMAIN_TYPE. This may be a comma separated list of domain names. Examples (1 of): Idap, composite, dynamic	LONGVARCHAR
IN	environemntNameList – leave null unless you want to insert into ENVIRONMENT_TYPE. This may be a comma separated list of environment names. Examples (1 of): DEV, UAT, PROD	LONGVARCHAR
OUT	message – a general message	LONGVARCHAR

# **Database Maintenance: Fix Privilege Table**

- 16. **fix\_PROD\_ORA\_COMPOSITE\_PRIVILEGES** This procedure is used to perform table maintenance on the COMPOSITE PRIVILEGES Oracle PROD table to fix any issues.
  - 16.1. **fix\_PROD\_SS\_COMPOSITE\_PRIVILEGES** This procedure is used to perform table maintenance on the COMPOSITE\_PRIVILEGES SQL Server PROD table to fix any issues.
  - 16.2. The following columns should not contain any blanks, spaces, empty character or any characters other than [X,Y,N]. This procedure updates the COMPOSITE\_PRIVILEGES table and sets the column to NULL if it does not X, Y and N. The column being updated include: INITIALIZE, READ\_ACCESS, WRITE\_ACCESS, EXECUTE\_ACCESS, SELECT\_ACCESS, UPDATE\_ACCESS, INSERT\_ACCESS, DELETE\_ACCESS, GRANT\_ACCESS.

#### Location:

/shared/ASAssets/BestPractices v81/PrivilegeScripts/ModifyDBPrivileges/TableMaintenance/fix ...

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
IN	inOrganization – RECOMMENDED FILTER: The name of the organization such as ORG1 or ORG2.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	inProject – RECOMMENDED FILTER: The name of the project that is hosted on DV for this "Env Type". This provides a filter for only applying privileges for the given project. If left blank, all	VARCHAR(255)

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
	projects will be updated.	
OUT	countINITIALIZE – number of rows modified.	INTEGER
OUT	countREAD_ACCESS – number of rows modified.	INTEGER
OUT	countWRITE_ACCESS – number of rows modified.	INTEGER
OUT	countEXECUTE_ACCESS – number of rows modified.	INTEGER
OUT	countSELECT_ACCESS – number of rows modified.	INTEGER
OUT	countUPDATE_ACCESS – number of rows modified.	INTEGER
OUT	countINSERT_ACCESS – number of rows modified.	INTEGER
OUT	countDELETE_ACCESS – number of rows modified.	INTEGER
OUT	countGRANT_ACCESS – number of rows modified.	INTEGER
OUT	countOWNER_NAME_DEV – number of rows modified.	INTEGER
OUT	countOWNER_NAME_UAT – number of rows modified.	INTEGER
OUT	countOWNER_NAME_PROD – number of rows modified.	INTEGER
OUT	countOWNER_DOMAIN_DEV – number of rows modified.	INTEGER
OUT	countOWNER_DOMAIN_UAT – number of rows modified.	INTEGER
OUT	countOWNER_DOMAIN_PROD – number of rows modified.	INTEGER

# **Database Maintenance: Modify Organization Type**

17. **modify\_01\_ORGANIZATION\_TYPE** – This procedure is used to insert/update/delete/inactivate rows in the ORGANIZATION\_TYPE table.

#### Location:

 $/shared/ASAssets/BestPractices\_v81/PrivilegeScripts/ModifyDBPrivileges/TableMaintenance/modify\_01\_ORGANIZATION\_TYPE$ 

### Examples:

ORG1

ORG2

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
IN	datasource – RECOMMENDED FILTER: the datasource where the privileges are stored. If not parameter is provided the default value is used from defaultValues.datasource. Possible values include:	VARCHAR(255)
	<ul> <li>EXCEL – Excel spreadsheet which gets uploaded to each DV server.</li> </ul>	
	DB_LLE - SQL Server database for lower level environments. Basically it is used for testing purposes	

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
	and developing new functionality.	
	<ul> <li>DB_PROD – SQL Server production database. This connection should always be used unless developing new functionality.</li> </ul>	
IN	<b>setInactive</b> – Set the ISACTIVE flag to N. Y=if the record exists set it inactive. Overrides performDelete. N/null=do not perform this operation.	VARCHAR(1)
IN	<pre>performDelete - Delete the row if it exists. Y=perform a delete using filters supplied. N/null=do not perform delete but perform insert or update instead.</pre>	VARCHAR(1)
IN	inORGANIZATION_NAME – The name of the organization such as ORG1 or ORG2.	VARCHAR(255)
OUT	message – A general message	LONGVARCHAR

# **Database Maintenance: Modify Domain Type**

18. modify\_02\_DOMAIN\_TYPE – This procedure is used to insert/update/delete/inactivate rows in the DOMAIN\_TYPE table. The two composite domains are "composite" and "dynamic". Additional domain names for LDAP will be whatever the administrator chooses such as "ldap".

#### Location:

 $/shared/ASAssets/BestPractices\_v81/PrivilegeScripts/ModifyDBPrivileges/TableMaintenance/modify\_02\_DOMAIN\_TYPE$ 

# Examples:

Idap

composite

dynamic

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
IN	datasource – RECOMMENDED FILTER: the datasource where the privileges are stored. If not parameter is provided the default value is used from defaultValues.datasource. Possible values include:	VARCHAR(255)
	EXCEL – Excel spreadsheet which gets uploaded to each DV server.	
	DB_LLE – SQL Server database for lower level environments. Basically it is used for testing purposes and developing new functionality.	
	DB_PROD – SQL Server production database. This connection should always be used unless developing new functionality.	

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
IN	<b>setInactive</b> – Set the ISACTIVE flag to N. Y=if the record exists set it inactive. Overrides performDelete. N/null=do not perform this operation.	VARCHAR(1)
IN	<b>performDelete</b> – Delete the row if it exists. Y=perform a delete using filters supplied. N/null=do not perform delete but perform insert or update instead.	VARCHAR(1)
IN	inDOMAIN_NAME – The domain name to insert/update/delete/inactivate. If both setInactive and performDelete are null or N then perform the insert. If the row does not exist then insert. If the row already exists then do nothing.	VARCHAR(255)
OUT	message – A general message	LONGVARCHAR

# **Database Maintenance: Modify Environment Type**

19. modify\_03\_ENVIRONMENT\_TYPE – This procedure is used to insert/update/delete/inactivate rows in the ENVIRONMENT\_TYPE table. The environment will match the LDAP server environment. In some organizations, they will have an environment for each deployment area such as DEV, UAT and PROD. Other organizations may only have a single LDAP environment such as PROD in which all DV instances are connected to. The name is an abstract name but descriptive of the LDAP instance that the DV domain is connecting to.

#### Location:

 $/shared/ASAssets/BestPractices\_v81/PrivilegeScripts/ModifyDBPrivileges/TableMaintenance/modify\_03\_ENVIRONMENT\_TYPE$ 

## Examples:

DEV

UAT

**PROD** 

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
IN	datasource – RECOMMENDED FILTER: the datasource where the privileges are stored. If not parameter is provided the default value is used from defaultValues.datasource. Possible values include:	VARCHAR(255)
	<ul> <li>EXCEL – Excel spreadsheet which gets uploaded to each DV server.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>DB_LLE – SQL Server database for lower level environments. Basically it is used for testing purposes and developing new functionality.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>DB_PROD – SQL Server production database. This connection should always be used unless developing</li> </ul>	

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
	new functionality.	
IN	<b>setInactive</b> – Set the ISACTIVE flag to N. Y=if the record exists set it inactive. Overrides performDelete. N/null=do not perform this operation.	VARCHAR(1)
IN	<b>performDelete</b> – Delete the row if it exists. Y=perform a delete using filters supplied. N/null=do not perform delete but perform insert or update instead.	VARCHAR(1)
IN	inENVIRONMENT_NAME – The environment name to insert/update/delete/inactivate. If both setInactive and performDelete are null or N then perform the insert. If the row does not exist then insert. If the row already exists then do nothing.	VARCHAR(255)
OUT	message – A general message	LONGVARCHAR

# **Database Maintenance: Modify Project Type**

20. **modify\_04\_PROJECT\_TYPE** – This procedure is used to insert/update/delete/inactivate rows in the PROJECT\_TYPE table. This procedure performs a cascade modify for the ORGANIZATION\_TYPE table also. However, it does not perform the cascade inactivate. That must be done explicitly on each table.

#### Location:

 $/shared/ASAssets/BestPractices\_v81/PrivilegeScripts/ModifyDBPrivileges/TableMaintenance/modify\_04\_PROJECT\_TYPE$ 

### Examples:

PROJECT NAME ORGANIZATION NAME

PROJECT1 ORG1 PROJECT2 ORG2

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
IN	datasource – RECOMMENDED FILTER: the datasource where the privileges are stored. If not parameter is provided the default value is used from defaultValues.datasource. Possible values include:	VARCHAR(255)
	<ul> <li>EXCEL – Excel spreadsheet which gets uploaded to each DV server.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>DB_LLE – SQL Server database for lower level environments. Basically it is used for testing purposes and developing new functionality.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>DB_PROD – SQL Server production database. This connection should always be used unless developing</li> </ul>	

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
	new functionality.	
IN	<b>setInactive</b> – Set the ISACTIVE flag to N. Y=if the record exists set it inactive. Overrides performDelete. N/null=do not perform this operation.	VARCHAR(1)
IN	performDelete – Delete the row if it exists. Y=perform a delete using filters supplied. N/null=do not perform delete but perform insert or update instead.	VARCHAR(1)
IN	inPROJECT – The Composite server environment in which to update studio rights for: [DEV, UAT, PROD].	VARCHAR(255)
IN	inORGANIZATION_NAME — The name of the organization such as ORG1 or ORG2.	VARCHAR(255)
OUT	message – A general message	LONGVARCHAR

# **Database Maintenance: Modify SubProject Type**

21. modify\_05\_SUBPROJECT\_TYPE – This procedure is used to insert/update/delete/inactivate rows in the SUBPROJECT\_TYPE table. This procedure performs a cascade modify for the PROJECT\_TYPE table also. This procedure performs a cascade modify for the ORGANIZATION\_TYPE table also. However, it does not perform the cascade inactivate. That must be done explicitly on each table.

### Location:

/shared/ASAssets/BestPractices\_v81/PrivilegeScripts/ModifyDBPrivileges/TableMaintenance/modify\_05\_SUBPROJECT\_TYPE

### Examples:

SUBPROJECT\_NAME
SB1 PROJECT1
SB2 PROJECT2

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
IN	datasource – RECOMMENDED FILTER: the datasource where the privileges are stored. If not parameter is provided the default value is used from defaultValues.datasource. Possible values include:	VARCHAR(255)
	<ul> <li>EXCEL – Excel spreadsheet which gets uploaded to each DV server.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>DB_LLE – SQL Server database for lower level environments. Basically it is used for testing purposes and developing new functionality.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>DB_PROD – SQL Server production database. This connection should always be used unless developing</li> </ul>	

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
	new functionality.	
IN	<b>setInactive</b> – Set the ISACTIVE flag to N. Y=if the record exists set it inactive. Overrides performDelete. N/null=do not perform this operation.	VARCHAR(1)
IN	performDelete – Delete the row if it exists. Y=perform a delete using filters supplied. N/null=do not perform delete but perform insert or update instead.	VARCHAR(1)
IN	insubproject_NAME – The subproject name to insert/update/delete/inactivate. If both setInactive and performDelete are null or N then perform the insert. If the row does not exist then insert. If the row already exists then do nothing.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	inPROJECT – The Composite server environment in which to update studio rights for: [DEV, UAT, PROD].	VARCHAR(255)
IN	inORGANIZATION_NAME – The name of the organization such as ORG1 or ORG2.	VARCHAR(255)
OUT	message – A general message	LONGVARCHAR

# **Database Maintenance: Modify Composite Privileges**

22. modify\_06\_COMPOSITE\_PRIVILEGES – This procedure is used to insert/update/delete/inactivate rows in the COMPOSITE\_PRIVILEGES table. These are rows that come from the Privileges\_shared, Privileges\_databases, and Privileges\_webservices sheets in the Resource\_Privileges\_LOAD\_DB.xlsx spreadsheet.

For deleting records the following fields are used to create the where clause: PRIVIELGE\_ID - if present then it only uses this to delete that 1 record.

The following list of fields are used for constructing a dynamic where clause. If a field contains a null then it is not used for the where clause. Therefore it provides a lot of flexibility for deleting as much or little as you wish. inENVIRONMENT\_NAME, inORGANIZATION\_NAME, inPROJECT\_NAME, inSUBPROJECT\_NAME, inRESOURCE PATH, inNAME, inNAME TYPE, inDOMAIN NAME

#### Location:

 $/shared/ASAssets/BestPractices\_v81/PrivilegeScripts/ModifyDBPrivileges/TableMaintenance/modify\_06\_COMPOSITE\_PRIVILEGES$ 

#### Example:

PRIVILEGE\_ID: 2
ORGANIZATION\_NAME: ORG1
PRIVILEGE\_TYPE: SHARED

PROJECT\_NAME: Common SUBPROJECT\_NAME: [NULL]

RESOURCE\_PATH: /shared/examples
RESOURCE\_TYPE: CONTAINER

RECURSE\_DEPENDENCIES: [NULL]
RECURSE\_DEPENDENTS: [NULL]
RECURSE\_CHILD: YM
REVOKE\_ALL: N

NAME: group1
NAME\_TYPE: GROUP
DOMAIN\_NAME: composite

ENVIRONMENT\_NAME: DEV READ\_ACCESS: X

WRITE\_ACCESS: [NULL] EXECUTE\_ACCESS: X

SELECT\_ACCESS: X

UPDATE\_ACCESS: [NULL]
INSERT\_ACCESS: [NULL]
DELETE\_ACCESS: [NULL]
GRANT\_ACCESS: [NULL]
INITIALIZE: X

OWNER\_NAME: [NULL]
OWNER\_DOMAIN: [NULL]
COMMENTS: initialize
CREATEDBY: CMPPRV

CREATEDDATE: 2017-05-17 15:31:13

UPDATEDBY: CMPPRV

UPDATEDDATE: 2017-05-17 15:31:13

ISACTIVE: Y

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
IN	datasource – RECOMMENDED FILTER: the datasource where the privileges are stored. If not parameter is provided the default value is used from defaultValues.datasource. Possible values include:	VARCHAR(255)
	EXCEL – Excel spreadsheet which gets uploaded to each DV server.	
	DB_LLE – SQL Server database for lower level environments. Basically it is used for testing purposes and developing new functionality.	

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
	DB_PROD – SQL Server production database. This connection should always be used unless developing new functionality.	
IN	performInsertUpdate – Y or N. Y=yes perform insert or update. N=no do not perform insert or update but display the same messages to see what will be executed.	VARCHAR(1)
IN	<b>setInactive</b> – Set the ISACTIVE flag to N. Y=if the record exists set it inactive. Overrides performDelete. N/null=do not perform this operation.	VARCHAR(1)
IN	performDelete – Delete the row if it exists. Y=perform a delete using filters supplied. N/null=do not perform delete but perform insert or update instead.	VARCHAR(1)
IN	inPRIVILEGE_ID — This is used only when setting a row inactive or deleting a specific row by its generated PRIVILEGE_ID.	DECIMAL(38,0)
IN	inORGANIZATION_NAME – The name of the organization such as ORG1 or ORG2.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	inPROJECT_NAME – The project name to insert/update/delete/inactivate. If both setInactive and performDelete are null or N then perform the insert. If the row does not exist then insert. If the row already exists then do nothing.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	inSUBPROJECT_NAME – The subproject name to insert/update/delete/inactivate.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	inRESOURCE_PATH – The DV resource path.	VARCHAR(4000)
IN	inRESOURCE_TYPE – The DV resource type such as DATA_SOURCE, CONTAINER, TABLE, COLUMN or etc.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	<pre>inRECURSE_DEPENDENCIES - N or blank = Do not recurse. Y = Apply recursively to dependencies</pre>	VARCHAR(1)
IN	inRECURSE_DEPENDENTS — N or blank = Do not recurse. Y = Apply recursively to depenents	VARCHAR(1)
IN	inRECURSE_CHILD — N or blank = do not recurse. Set specified privileges for the resource only.	VARCHAR(2)
	YM = Only apply modification recursively	
	YC = Make child resources look like this resource recursively	
	Concept 1: Only select YM to recurse child resources when the resource being set is at the lowest level at which it is safe to recursively set privileges for a given USER or GROUP. If the resource is an intermediate level folder with other branches offshoot from it then only apply the privilege modification to the resource folder using "N" unless all branches are required to have the same privilege settings. "YC" should only be used when	

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
	you want to reset all privileges for other USERS or GROUPS to "NONE" except for the current USER or GROUP being set.	
	Concept 2: If the higher level resource folder is set with "YC" then it is not necessary to set this USER or GROUP for branch-level resources.	
IN	<b>inREVOKE_ALL</b> – Revoke all privileges for all users and all groups prior to setting the specified privileges.	VARCHAR(1)
	N or blank=Do not revoke all privileges	
	Y=Revoke all privileges	
	This only needs to be done once per Resource Path group. If it user chooses to revoke all, then it must only be done on the first entry for a given Resource Path as it will set the privileges to "NONE" for all users and groups. If this value is set to Y on subsequent calls, it will reset any privileges previously set.	
IN	inNAME – The user or group name.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	inNAME_TYPE – This is either USER or GROUP depending on the NAME field.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	inDOMAIN_NAME – The domain the group exists in.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	inENVIRONMENT_NAME – The Composite server environment in which to update studio rights for: [DEV, UAT, PROD].	VARCHAR(255)
IN	inREAD_ACCESS – null or X to indicate access.	VARCHAR(1)
IN	inWRITE_ACCESS – null or X to indicate access.	VARCHAR(1)
IN	inEXECUTE_ACCESS – null or X to indicate access.	VARCHAR(1)
IN	inSELECT_ACCESS – null or X to indicate access.	VARCHAR(1)
IN	inUPDATE_ACCESS – null or X to indicate access.	VARCHAR(1)
IN	inINSERT_ACCESS – null or X to indicate access.	VARCHAR(1)
IN	inDELETE_ACCESS – null or X to indicate access.	VARCHAR(1)
IN	inGRANT_ACCESS – null or X to indicate access.	VARCHAR(1)
IN	inINITIALIZE – null or X to indicate access. This field should be ignored.	VARCHAR(1)
IN	inOWNER_NAME – The owner of the resource which gets set at the time the privilege is applied. For ENVIRONMENT_NAME=DEV, the owner should be null so that it does not get set. For other environments, it may be any valid user for that environment such as "admin".	VARCHAR(255)
IN	inOWNER_DOMAIN – The owner domain of the resource which gets set at the time the privilege is applied. For ENVIRONMENT_NAME=DEV, the owner domain should be null so that it does not get set. For other environments, it may be	VARCHAR(255)

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
	any valid domain in which OWNER_NAME is contained for that environment such as "composite".	
IN	inCOMMENTS – a general comment.	VARCHAR(1024)
OUT	actionType – I=insert, U=update, D=delete, S=set inactive	CHAR(1)
OUT	rowsProcessed – Number of rows process for the action type	INTEGER
OUT	duplicateRows – Number of duplicate rows found	INTEGER
OUT	duplicateRowMsg – message for duplicate rows	LONGVARCHAR
OUT	message – a general message	LONGVARCHAR

# **Database Maintenance: Modify Composite Studio Rights**

23. modify\_07\_COMPOSITE\_STUDIO\_RIGHTS – This procedure is used to insert/update/delete/inactivate rows in the COMPOSITE\_STUDIO\_RIGHTS table. These are rows that come from the Group\_List sheet in the Resource\_Privileges\_LOAD\_DB.xlsx spreadsheet.

#### Location:

 $/shared/ASAssets/BestPractices\_v81/PrivilegeScripts/ModifyDBPrivileges/TableMaintenance/modify\_07\_COMPOSITE\_STUDIO\_RIGHTS$ 

[NULL]

#### Example:

2 STUDIO\_RIGHTS\_ID: ORG1 ORGANIZATION\_NAME: PROJECT\_NAME: Demo GROUP\_NAME: Demo\_Arch GROUP\_DESC: **Demo Architect** DOMAIN\_NAME: composite **ENVIRONMENT NAME: DEMO** ACCESS\_FLAG: Χ UNDO\_LOCK: [NULL] READ\_ALL\_CONFIG: [NULL] MODIFY\_ALL\_CONFIG: [NULL] READ\_ALL\_RESOURCES: [NULL] MODIFY\_ALL\_RESOURCES: [NULL] READ\_ALL\_STATUS: Χ MODIFY ALL STATUS: [NULL] READ\_ALL\_USER: [NULL]

MODIFY ALL USER:

CREATEDBY: CMPPRVP

CREATEDDATE: 2015-06-16 12:11:46

UPDATEDBY: CMPPRVP

UPDATEDDATE: 2015-06-16 12:11:46

ISACTIVE: Y

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
IN	datasource – RECOMMENDED FILTER: the datasource where the privileges are stored. If not parameter is provided the default value is used from defaultValues.datasource. Possible values include:	VARCHAR(255)
	<ul> <li>EXCEL – Excel spreadsheet which gets uploaded to each DV server.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>DB_LLE – SQL Server database for lower level environments. Basically it is used for testing purposes and developing new functionality.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>DB_PROD – SQL Server production database. This connection should always be used unless developing new functionality.</li> </ul>	
IN	performInsertUpdate – Y or N. Y=yes perform insert or update. N=no do not perform insert or update but display the same messages to see what will be executed.	VARCHAR(1)
IN	<b>setInactive</b> – Set the ISACTIVE flag to N. Y=if the record exists set it inactive. Overrides performDelete. N/null=do not perform this operation.	VARCHAR(1)
IN	performDelete – Delete the row if it exists. Y=perform a delete using filters supplied. N/null=do not perform delete but perform insert or update instead.	VARCHAR(1)
IN	inSTUDIO_RIGHTS_ID — This is used only when setting a row inactive or deleting a specific row by its generated STUDIO_RIGHTS_ID.	DECIMAL(38,0)
IN	inORGANIZATION_NAME – The name of the organization such as ORG1 or ORG2.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	inPROJECT_NAME – The project name to insert/update/delete/inactivate. If both setInactive and performDelete are null or N then perform the insert. If the row does not exist then insert. If the row already exists then do nothing.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	inSUBPROJECT_NAME – The subproject name to insert/update/delete/inactivate.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	inGROUP_NAME – The name of the group to be modified.	VARCHAR(255)

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
IN	inGROUP_DESC – The the description of the group.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	inDOMAIN_NAME – The domain the group exists in.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	inENVIRONMENT_NAME – The Composite server environment in which to update studio rights for: [DEV, UAT, PROD].	VARCHAR(255)
IN	inACCESS_FLAG – null or X to indicate access.	VARCHAR(1)
IN	inUNDO_LOCK – null or X to indicate access.	VARCHAR(1)
IN	inREAD_ALL_CONFIG – null or X to indicate access.	VARCHAR(1)
IN	inMODIFY_ALL_CONFIG – null or X to indicate access.	VARCHAR(1)
IN	inREAD_ALL_RESOURCES – null or X to indicate access.	VARCHAR(1)
IN	inMODIFY_ALL_RESOURCES – null or X to indicate access.	VARCHAR(1)
IN	inREAD_ALL_STATUS – null or X to indicate access.	VARCHAR(1)
IN	inMODIFY_ALL_STATUS – null or X to indicate access.	VARCHAR(1)
IN	inREAD_ALL_USER – null or X to indicate access.	VARCHAR(1)
IN	inMODIFY_ALL_USER – null or X to indicate access.	VARCHAR(1)
OUT	actionType – I=insert, U=update, D=delete, S=set inactive	CHAR(1)
OUT	rowsProcessed – Number of rows process for the action type	INTEGER
OUT	duplicateRows – Number of duplicate rows found	INTEGER
OUT	duplicateRowMsg – message for duplicate rows	LONGVARCHAR
OUT	message – a general message	LONGVARCHAR

# **Database Maintenance: Modify Composite User**

24. modify\_08\_COMPOSITE\_USER – This procedure is used to insert/update/delete/inactivate rows in the COMPOSITE\_USER table. These are rows that come from the User\_List sheet in the Resource\_Privileges\_LOAD\_DB.xlsx spreadsheet.

#### Location:

 $/shared/ASAssets/BestPractices\_v81/PrivilegeScripts/ModifyDBPrivileges/TableMaintenance/modify\_08\_COMPOSITE\_USER$ 

# Example:

USERID: 1

ORGANIZATION\_NAME: ORG1
PROJECT\_NAME: Common

SUBPROJECT\_NAME: SB1
USER\_NAME: user1

USER\_DESC: user desc

DOMAIN\_NAME: composite

ENVIRONMENT\_NAME: DEV

USER\_PWD: password

FORCE\_USER: 1

GROUP\_LIST: group1|composite

USER\_NAME\_LOWERCASE: user1

CREATEDBY: CMPPRV

CREATEDDATE: 2017-05-17 16:57:13

UPDATEDBY: CMPPRV

UPDATEDDATE: 2017-05-17 16:57:13

ISACTIVE: Y

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
IN	datasource – RECOMMENDED FILTER: the datasource where the privileges are stored. If not parameter is provided the default value is used from defaultValues.datasource. Possible values include:	VARCHAR(255)
	<ul> <li>EXCEL – Excel spreadsheet which gets uploaded to each DV server.</li> </ul>	
	DB_LLE – SQL Server database for lower level environments. Basically it is used for testing purposes and developing new functionality.	
	<ul> <li>DB_PROD – SQL Server production database. This connection should always be used unless developing new functionality.</li> </ul>	
IN	<ul> <li>performInsertUpdate – Y or N. Y=yes perform insert or update.</li> <li>N=no do not perform insert or update but display the same messages to see what will be executed.</li> </ul>	VARCHAR(1)
IN	<b>setInactive</b> – Set the ISACTIVE flag to N. Y=if the record exists set it inactive. Overrides performDelete. N/null=do not perform this operation.	VARCHAR(1)
IN	performDelete – Delete the row if it exists. Y=perform a delete using filters supplied. N/null=do not perform delete but perform insert or update instead.	VARCHAR(1)
IN	inUSERID – This is used only when setting a row inactive or deleting a specific row by its generated USERID.	DECIMAL(38,0)
IN	inORGANIZATION_NAME – The name of the organization such as ORG1 or ORG2.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	inPROJECT_NAME – The project name to insert/update/delete/inactivate. If both setInactive and performDelete are null or N then perform the insert. If the row does not exist then insert. If the row already exists then do	VARCHAR(255)

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
	nothing.	
IN	<pre>inSUBPROJECT_NAME - The subproject name to insert/update/delete/inactivate.</pre>	VARCHAR(255)
IN	inUSER_NAME – The name of the user to be modified.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	inUSER_DESC – The the description of the user.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	inDOMAIN_NAME – The domain the group exists in.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	inENVIRONMENT_NAME – The Composite server environment in which to update studio rights for: [DEV, UAT, PROD].	VARCHAR(255)
IN	inUSER_PWD – The user password.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	inFORCE_USER – 0 or 1 to indicate access.	VARCHAR(1)
IN	inGROUP_LIST – Pipe separated list of group domain. It may contain a list of pairs separated by spaces. It may not exceed 2048 charaacters. Below the list contains a space separate list of group domain pairs: E.g. G1 D1 G2 D1 G3 D1 group1 composite  ^GROUP_NAME DOMAIN_NAME	VARCHAR(2048)
OUT	actionType – I=insert, U=update, D=delete, S=set inactive	CHAR(1)
OUT	rowsProcessed – Number of rows process for the action type	INTEGER
OUT	duplicateRows – Number of duplicate rows found	INTEGER
OUT	duplicateRowMsg – message for duplicate rows	LONGVARCHAR
OUT	message – a general message	LONGVARCHAR

# **Group Clean-up: Remove Groups**

25. **remove\_groups** – This procedure is used to remove the existence of groups from DV using the free-form list "group\_list\_string". Edit the group\_list\_string here: /shared/ASAssets/BestPractices\_v81/PrivilegeScripts/CleanupGroups/group\_list\_string

Location: /shared/ASAssets/BestPractices\_v81/PrivilegeScripts/CleanupGroups/remove\_groups

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
IN	indomainName – Provide the Composite domain in which to validate the group list. This may be a composite domain or Idap domain. e.g. composite, Idap or Idap_im or whatever the domain name is where the groups reside.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	inExceptionList – [OPTINOAL] Add an item to the exclusion list to keep from deleting that group. Each item must be appended	LONGVARCHAR

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
	with a comma including the last one.	
IN	inInclusionList – [OPTIONAL] Add an item to the inclusion list to test one or more specific groups. Each item must be appended with a comma including the last one.	LONGVARCHAR
OUT	result – The result of this operation returns a cursor of rows	PIPE ( GroupName VARCHAR(255), DomainName VARCHAR(255), Status VARCHAR(255) )

# **Group Clean-up: Validate Groups**

26. **validate\_groups** – This procedure is used to validate the existence of groups from DV using the free-form list "group\_list\_string". Edit the group\_list\_string here: /shared/ASAssets/BestPractices\_v81/PrivilegeScripts/CleanupGroups/group\_list\_string

Location: /shared/ASAssets/BestPractices\_v81/PrivilegeScripts/CleanupGroups/validate\_groups

Direction	Parameter Name	Parameter Type
IN	indomainName – Provide the Composite domain in which to validate the group list. This may be a composite domain or Idap domain. e.g. composite, Idap or Idap_im or whatever the domain name is where the groups reside.	VARCHAR(255)
IN	inExceptionList – [OPTINOAL] Add an item to the exclusion list to keep from deleting that group. Each item must be appended with a comma including the last one.	LONGVARCHAR
IN	inInclusionList – [OPTIONAL] Add an item to the inclusion list to test one or more specific groups. Each item must be appended with a comma including the last one.	LONGVARCHAR
OUT	result – The result of this operation returns a cursor of rows	PIPE ( GroupName VARCHAR(255), DomainName VARCHAR(255), Status VARCHAR(255) )