Sensores y Laboratorio 2019-I

Ing. Juan Ricardo Clavijo Mendoza MSc.

Sensores Efecto Hall

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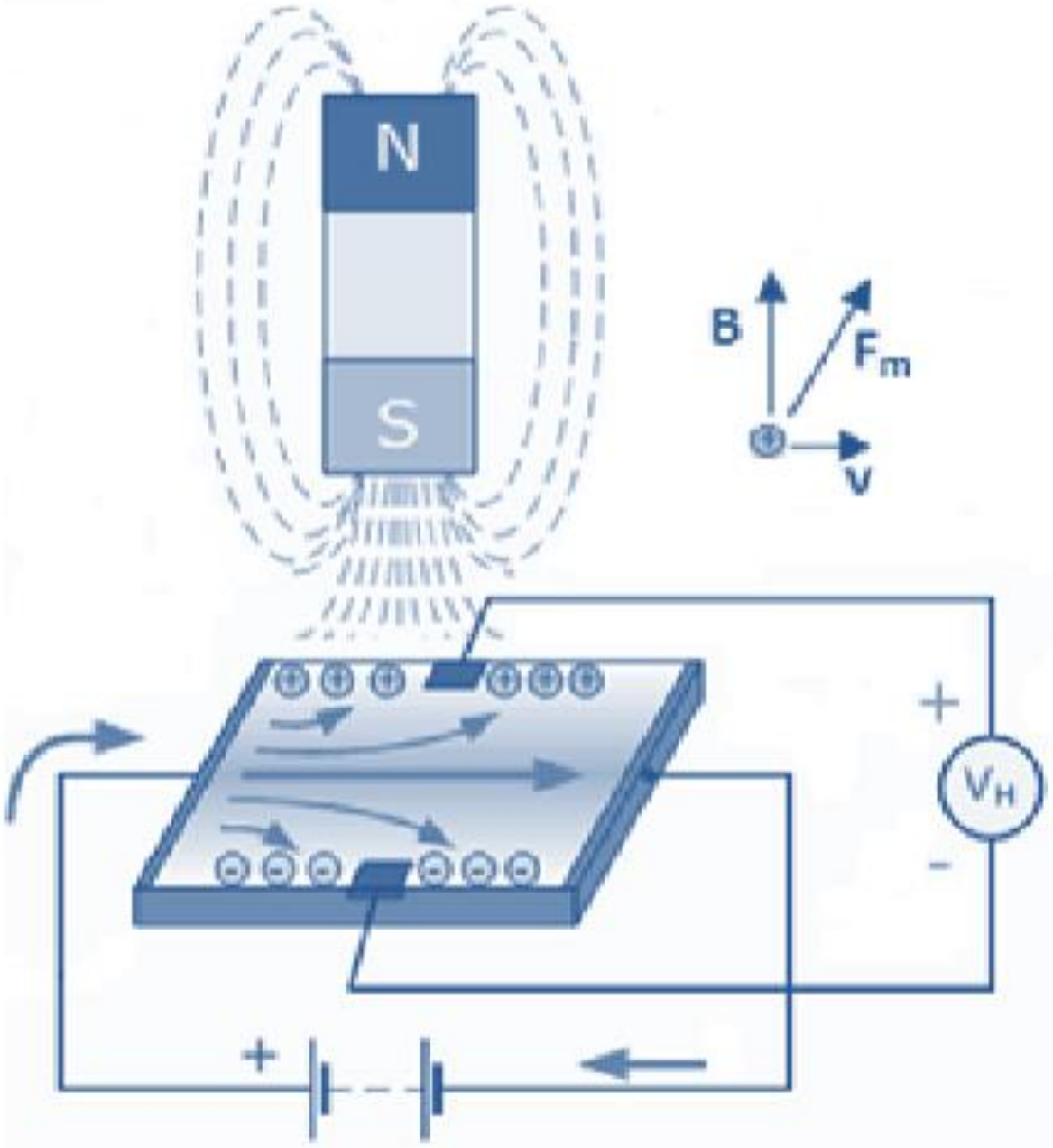

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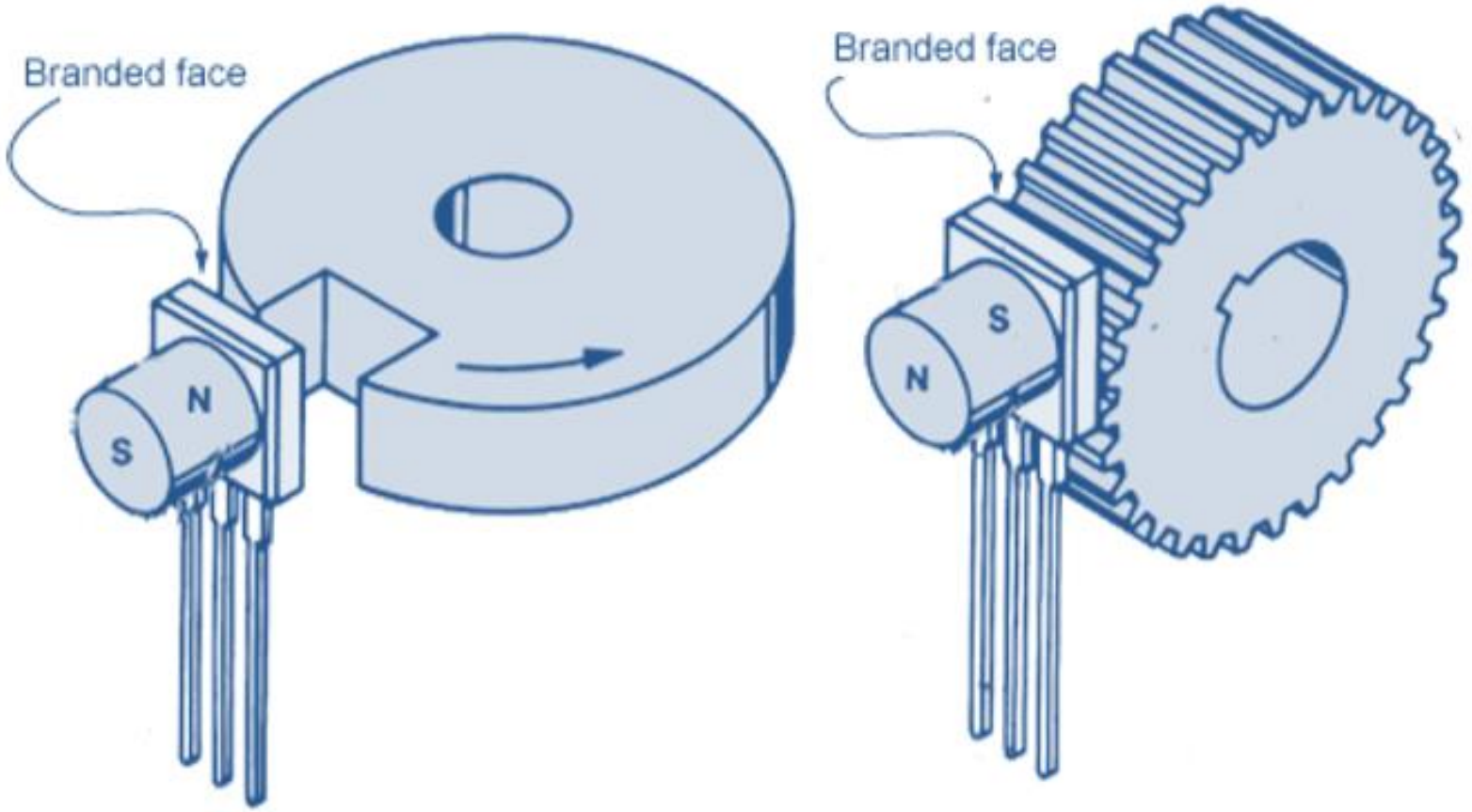

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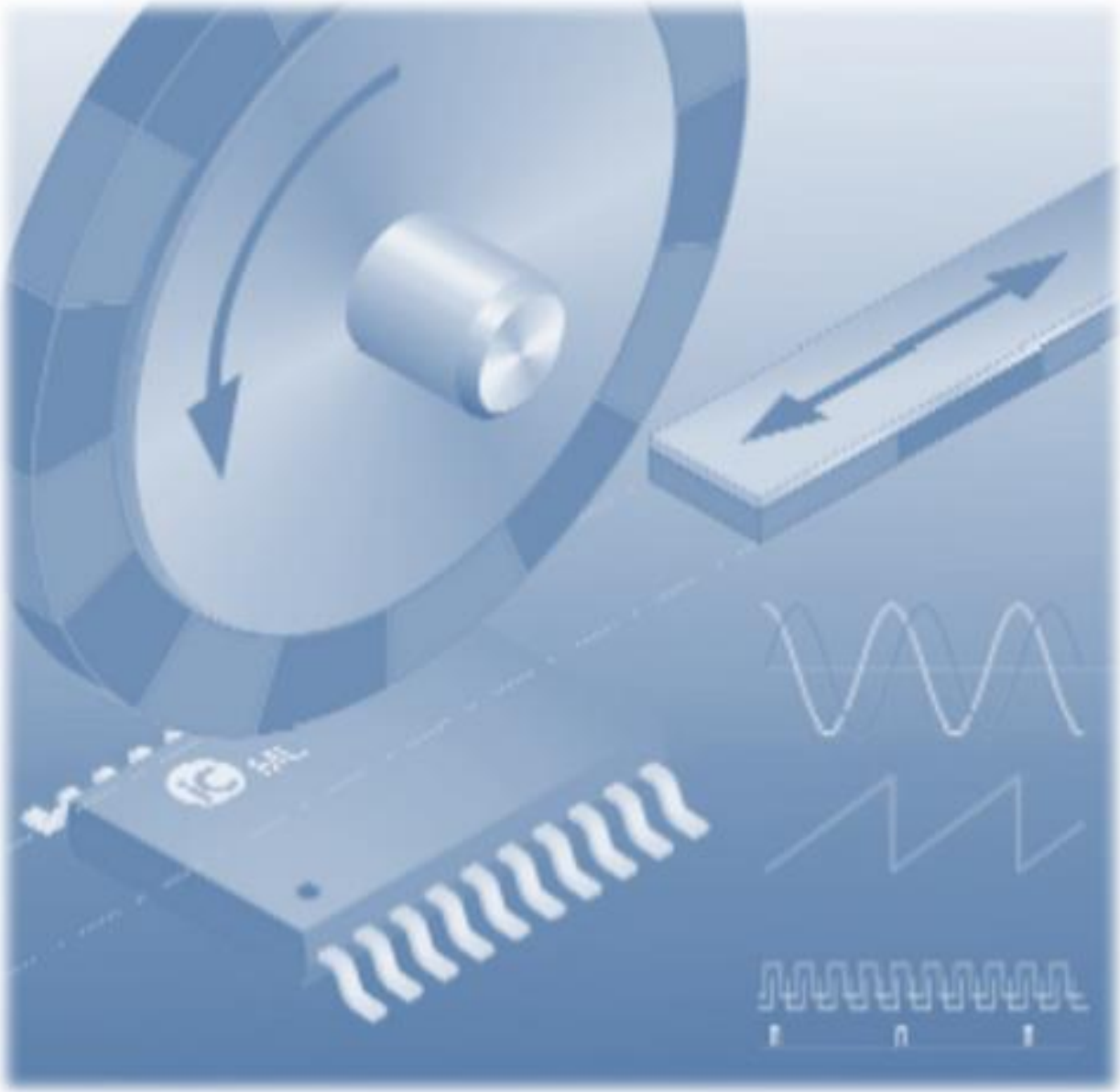

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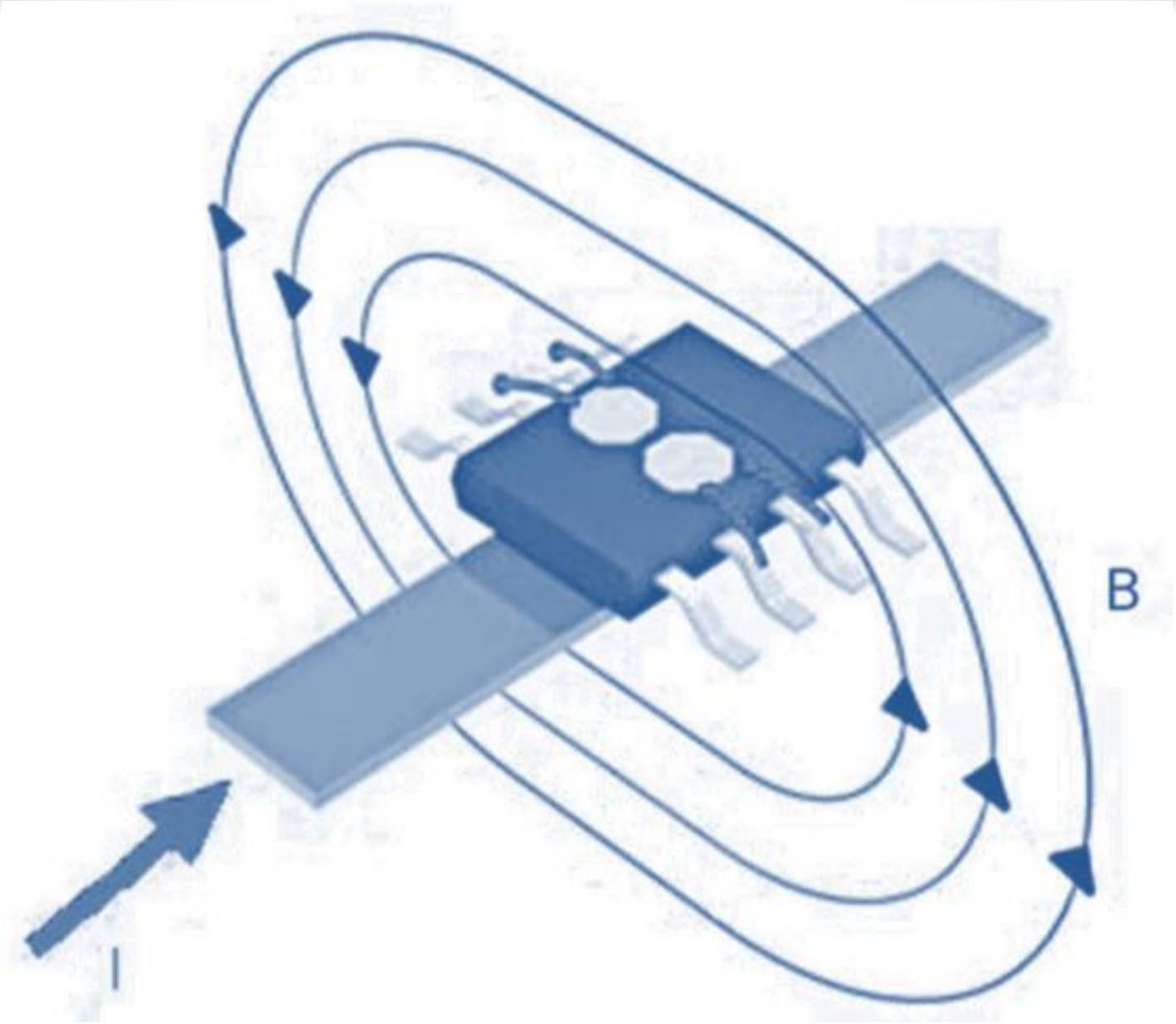

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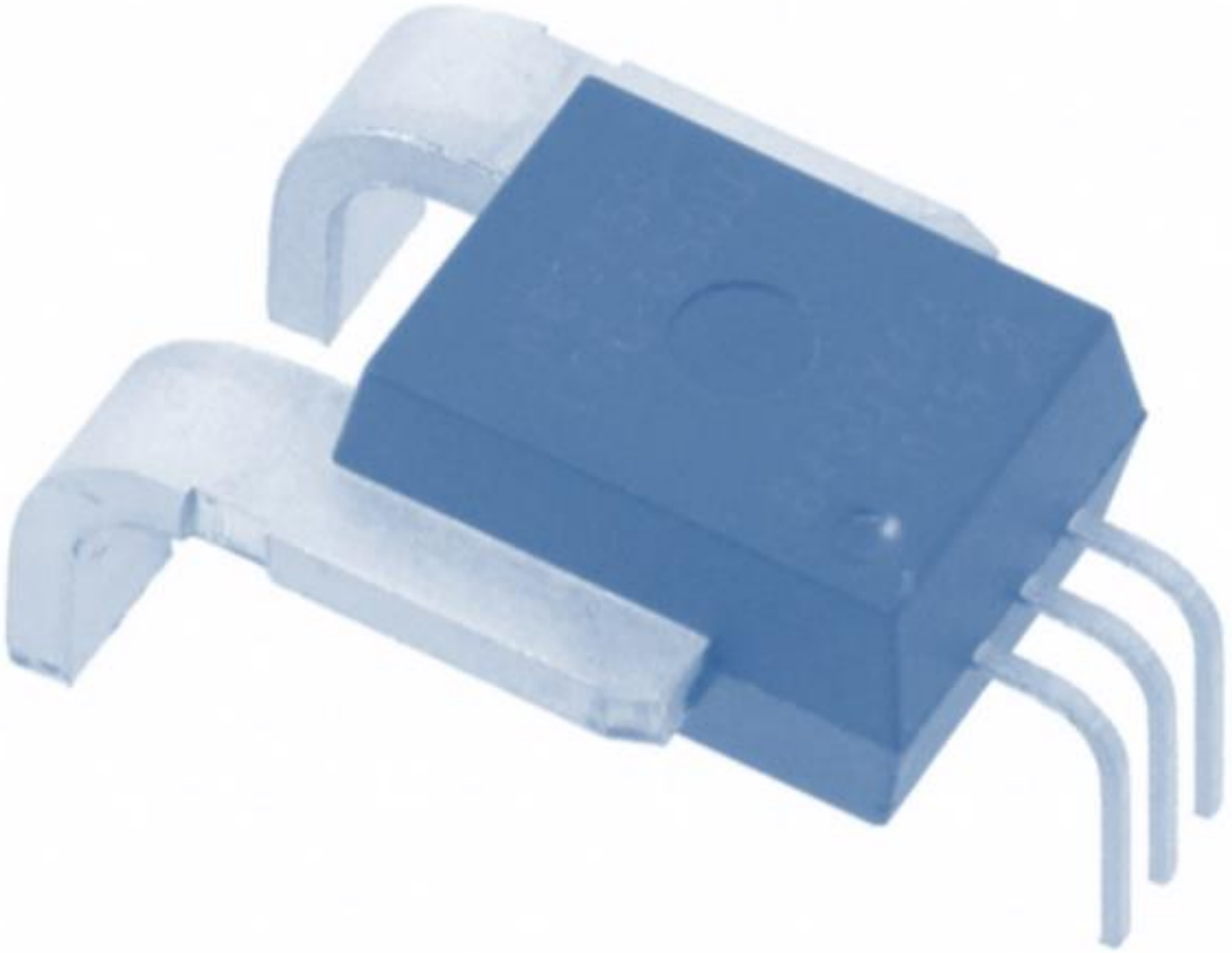

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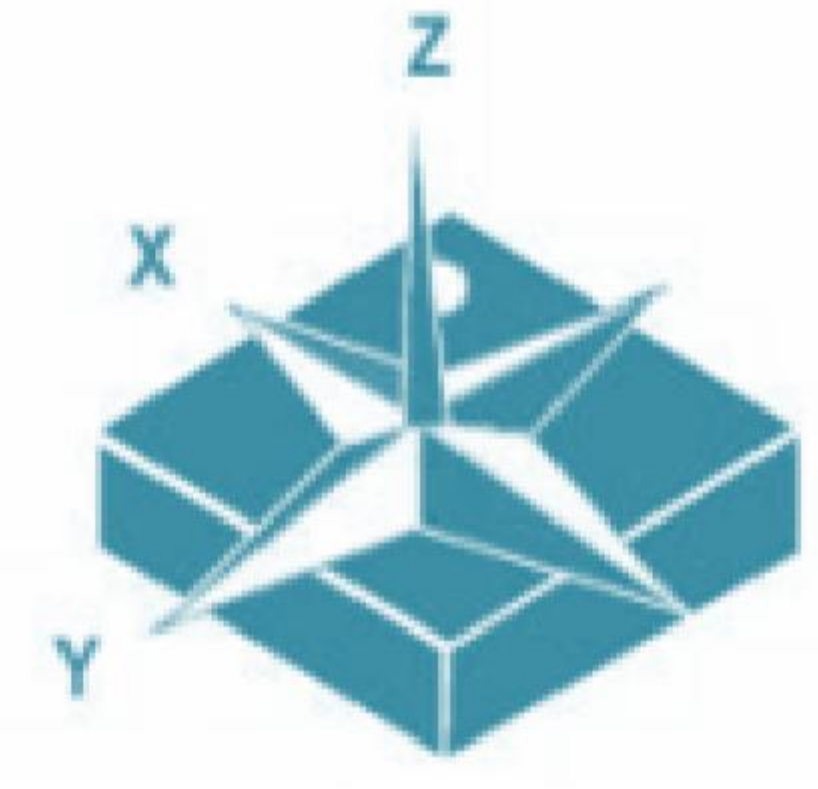

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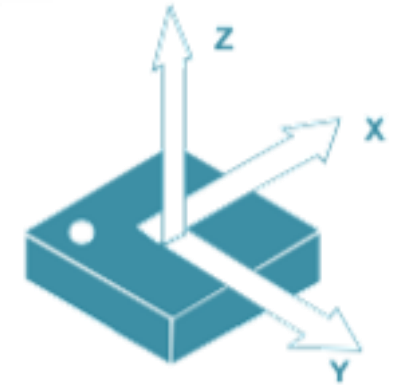
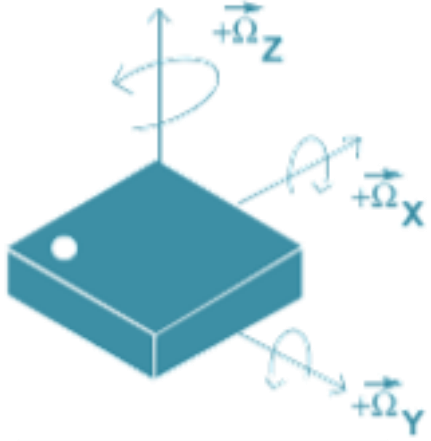
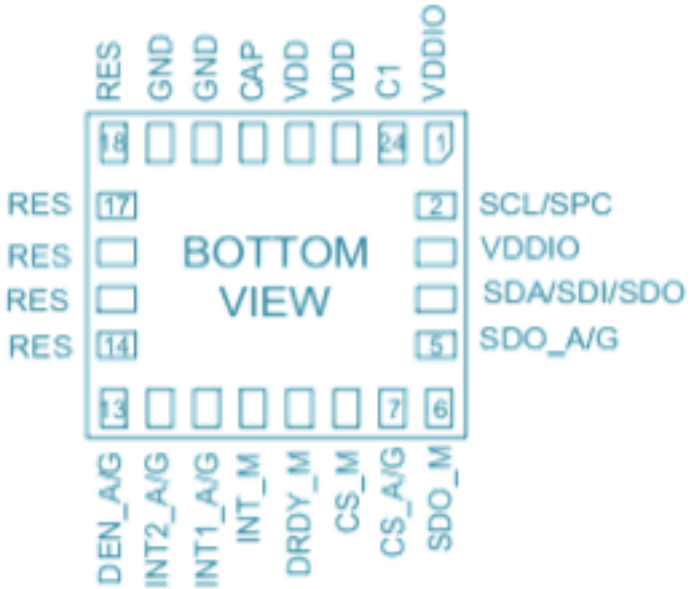


(TOP VIEW)
DIRECTIONS OF THE DETECTABLE ACCELERATIONS



(TOP VIEW)
DIRECTIONS OF THE DETECTABLE ANGULAR RATES



(TOP VIEW)
DIRECTIONS OF THE DETECTABLE MAGNETIC FIELDS

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Diseñe un circuito que garantice una disipación de potencia constante en RL de 40W, tenga presente que RL puede variar de 5Ω a 10Ω. Utilice el sensor de efecto HALL de la imagen. También identifique el modelo dinámico del sensor.