# **QMot QBL4208 family**



## Manual

V1.05 2019-DEC-11



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## 1 Life support policy

TRINAMIC Motion Control GmbH & Co. KG does not authorize or warrant any of its products for use in life support systems, without the specific written consent of TRINAMIC Motion Control GmbH & Co. KG.

Life support systems are equipment intended to support or sustain life, and whose failure to perform, when properly used in accordance with instructions provided, can be reasonably expected to result in personal injury or death.

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Specifications are subject to change without notice.

### 2 Features

QMOT BLDC motors are quality motors for universal use. They feature a long life due to ball bearings and no wearing out parts. These BLDC motors give a good fit to the TRINAMIC family of medium and high current BLDC motor modules.

#### Main characteristics:

• Hall Effect Angle: 120° electric angle

• Shaft run out: 0,025 mm

• Insulation Class: B

Radial Play: 0,02 mm 450G load

• Max Radial Force: 28N (10mm from flange)

• Max Axial Force: 10N

• Dielectric Strength: 500 VDC For One Minute

Insulation Resistance: 100M Ohm min. 500VDC

Recommended Ambient Temp.: -20 to +40°C

Bearing: Brushless motors fitted with ball bearings

• Coil windings in delta topology

Chasifications		QBL 4208			
Specifications		-41-04-006	-61-04-013	-81-04-019	-100-04-025
No. of Pole		8	8	8	8
No. of Phase		3	3	3	3
Rated Voltage	V	24	24	24	24
Rated Phase Current	Α	1.79	3.47	5.14	6.95
Rated Speed	RPM	4000	4000	4000	4000
Rated Torque	Nm	0.0625	0.125	0.185	0.25
Max Peak Torque	Nm	0.19	0.38	0.56	0.75
Torque Constant	Nm/A	0.035	0.036	0.036	0.036
Line to Line Resistance	Ohm	1.8	0.72	0.55	0.28
Line to Line Inductance	mH	2.6	1.2	0.8	0.54
Max Peak Current	Α	5.4	10.6	15.5	20
Length (L <sub>MAX</sub> )	mm	41	61	81	100
Rotor Inertia	kgm² x 10 <sup>-6</sup>	24	48	72	96
Mass	kg	0.3	0.45	0.65	0.8

Table 2.1: Motor technical data

# 3 Order codes

Order code	Description	Dimensions (mm)
QBL4208-41-04-006	QMot BLDC motor 42 mm, 4000RPM, 0.06Nm	42 x 42 x 41
QBL4208-61-04-013	QMot BLDC motor 42 mm, 4000RPM, 0.13Nm	42 x 42 x 61
QBL4208-81-04-019	QMot BLDC motor 42 mm, 4000RPM, 0.19Nm	42 x 42 x 81
QBL4208-100-04-025	QMot BLDC motor 42 mm, 4000RPM, 0.25Nm	42 x 42 x 100

Table 3.1: Order codes

## 4 Mechanical dimensions

#### 4.1 Dimensions

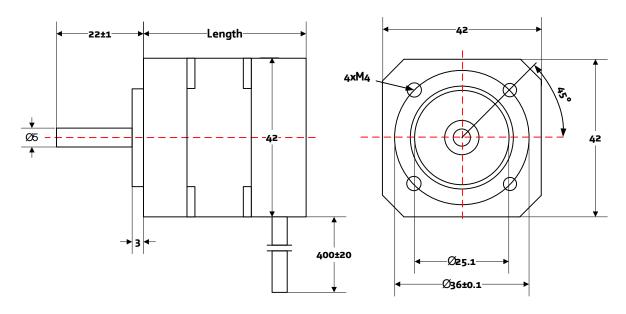


Figure 4.1: Dimensions (all values in mm)

### 4.2 Leadwire configuration

Cable type 1	Gauge	Function
Red	UL1430 AWG26	Vcc Hall Sensor
Red		+5VDC to +24VDC
Blue	UL1430 AWG26	Hall A
Green	UL1430 AWG26	Hall B
White	UL1430 AWG26	Hall C
Black	UL1430 AWG26	GND Hall
DIACK		Sensor Ground
Yellow	UL1430 AWG20	Phase U
Red	UL1430 AWG20	Phase V
Black	UL1430 AWG20	Phase W

Table 4.1: Leadwire configuration

# **5 Torque figures**

The torque figures detail motor torque characteristics measured in block commutation. Please be careful not to operate the motors outside the blue field. This is possible for short times only because of a resulting high coil temperature. The motors have insulation class B.

The blue field is described by rated speed and rated torque.

#### 5.1 Motor QBL4208-41-04-006

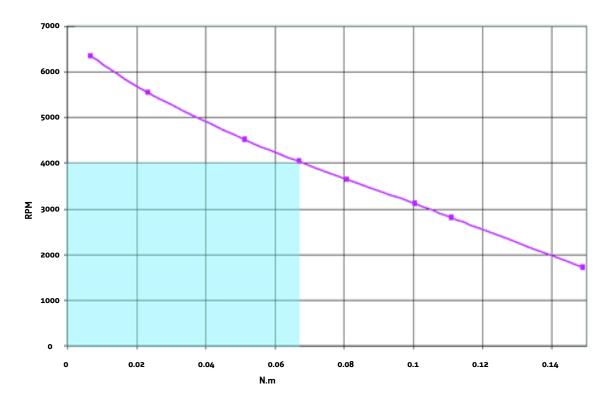


Figure 5.1: QBL4208-41-04-006 velocity vs. torque characteristics

#### 5.2 Motor QBL4208-61-04-013

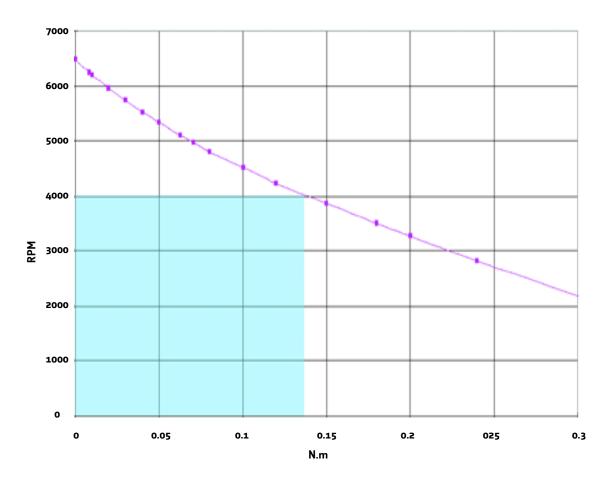


Figure 5.2: QBL4208-61-04-013 velocity vs. torque characteristics

#### 5.3 Motor QBL4208-81-04-019

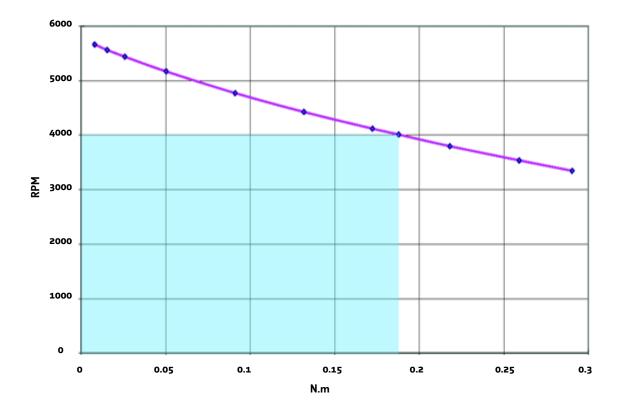


Figure 5.3: QBL4208-81-04-019 velocity vs. torque characteristics

#### 5.4 Motor QBL4208-100-04-025

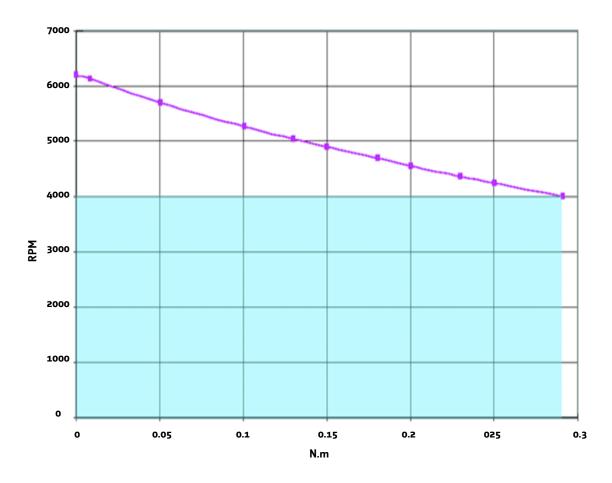


Figure 5.4: QBL4208-100-04-025 velocity vs. torque characteristics

Torque vs. current measured with 24V supply voltage

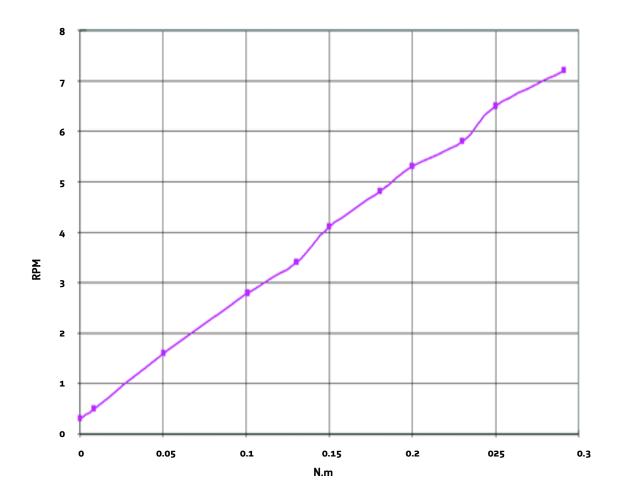


Figure 5.5: QBL4208-100-04-025 torque vs. current characteristics

### 6 Motor sizing

For the optimum solution it is important to fit the motor to the application. The three key parameters are peak torque requirement, RMS torque requirement and motor velocity.

#### 6.1 Peak torque requirement

Peak torque  $T_P$  is the sum of the torque due to acceleration of inertia  $(T_I)$ , load  $(T_L)$  and friction  $(T_F)$ :

$$T_P = T_J + T_L + T_F$$

The torque due to inertia is the product of the load (including motor rotor) inertia and the load acceleration:

$$T_{J} = J \cdot a$$

The torque due to the load is defined by the configuration of the mechanical system coupled to the motor. The system also determines the amount of torque required to overcome the friction.

#### 6.2 RMS torque requirement

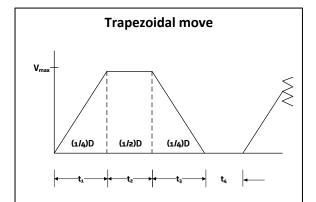
Root-Mean-Square or RMS torque is a value used to approximate the average continuous torque requirement. Its statistical approximation is with

t1: acceleration time t2: run time t3: deceleration time t4: time in a move

$$T_{RMS} \ = \sqrt{\frac{T_P^2 \cdot t_1 + \left(T_L + T_F\right)^2 \cdot t_2 + \left(T_J - T_L - T_F\right)^2 \cdot t_3}{t_1 + t_2 + t_3 + t_4}}$$

#### 6.3 Motor velocity

The motor velocity is also dictated by the configuration of the mechanical system that is coupled to the motor shaft, and by the type of move that is to be affected. For example, a single velocity application would require a motor with rated velocity equal to the average move velocity. A point to point positioning would require a motor with a rated velocity higher than the average move velocity. (The higher velocity would account for acceleration, deceleration and run times of the motion profile). Figure 6.1: Trapezoidal move and triangular move relates rated motor velocity to average move velocity for two point to point positioning move profiles.



For acceleration portion of curve:

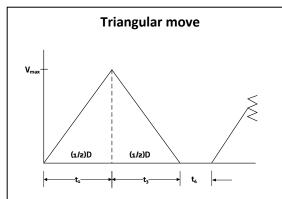
$$\frac{\omega_{max} + 0}{2} = (1/4)D/t_1$$
$$\omega_{max} = D/2t_1$$

For entire move:

$$\omega_{trap} = \frac{(1/4)D + (1/2)D + (1/4)D}{t_1 + t_2 + t_3} = D/3t_1$$

$$\frac{\omega_{max}}{\omega_{trap}} = \frac{D/2t_1}{D/3t_1} = \frac{3}{2}$$

Example:  $V_{max} = 1.5\omega_{trap}$ 



For acceleration portion of curve:

$$\frac{\omega_{max} + 0}{2} = (1/2)D/t_1$$
$$\omega_{max} = D/t_1$$

For entire move:

$$\begin{aligned} \omega_{tri} &= \frac{(1/2)D + (1/2)D}{t_1 + t_3} = D/2t_1\\ &\frac{\omega_{max}}{\omega_{tri}} = \frac{D/t_1}{D/2t_1} = 2\\ &\text{Example: } \omega_{max} = 2\omega_{tri} \end{aligned}$$

$\omega_{max}$	rated operating speed of motor RPM
$\omega_{trap}$	average speed of motor required for a specified trapezoidal move, RPM
$\omega_{tri}$	average speed of motor required for a specified triangular move, RPM
D	total distance traveled, motor shaft revolutions
t <sub>1</sub>	acceleration time, seconds
t <sub>2</sub>	run time, seconds
t <sub>3</sub>	deceleration time, seconds
t <sub>4</sub>	dwell time, seconds

Figure 6.1: Trapezoidal move and triangular move

## 7 Revision history

#### 7.1 Document revision

Version	Date	Author	Description
1.00	2007-MAY-09	HC	Initial Release
1.01	2008-APR-01	GE	Motor coil connections corrected
1.02	2008-NOV-25	MJ	Leadwire corrected
1.03	2010-NOV-03	SD	New motor drawings, order codes added, minor changes
1.04	2019-JAN-14	GE	Coil winding topology (delta) added
1.05	2019-DEC-11	SK	Wire type update to UL1430

**Table 7.1: Document revision**