#### Relational model:

## **Entities:**

User(<u>email</u>, first\_name, last\_name, birthday, password, gender, city, country) (city ref Location, country ref Location)

Since there is a key and participation constraint from organization to the "located at" relationship, we have included the organization's location (city and country) as attributes of the table instead of adding a new table for the relationship.

#### Conversation(<u>convo\_id</u>, name)

There is a participation constraint that cannot be modelled such that each conversation must have at least one user.

Message(<u>msg\_id</u>, email, convo\_id, time, content) (email foreign key ref User, convo\_id foreign key ref Conversation)

This is a combination of the Message entity set and the Messages relation set, as there is a key and participation constraint from Message to Messages. The participation constraint requires that each message belongs to at most one (exactly one) User.

Comment(<u>cid</u>, pid, email, text, time) (pid foreign key ref Post, email foreign key ref User). This is a combination of the Comment entity set and the Comments relation, as there is a key and participation of Comment to the Comments relation.

Post(<u>pid</u>, wall\_i, email, date, text, url) (wall\_id foreign key ref Wall, email foreign key ref User). This is a combination of the Post entity set and the Posts relation set, as there is a key and participation constraint from Post to Posts.

Wall(wall\_id, descr, permission, email) (email Ref User)

Since there is a participation key constraint from wall to HasA, we have included the relation as an attribute of Wall instead of creating a table for the relation. Note that there is a participation constraint from user in the HasA relationship that cannot be modelled in the relational model.

# Location(city, country)

Organization(<u>org\_id</u>, name, description, phone\_number, address, email, city, country) (city ref Location, country ref Location)

Since there is a key and participation constraint from organization to the "located at" relationship, we have included the organization's location (city and country) as attributes of the table instead of adding a new table for the relationship.

School(org id) (org id foreign key ref Organization)

Workplace(org\_id) (org\_id foreign key ref Organization)

#### Weak entities:

WorkPeriod(<u>email, org\_id, from, to, job\_title</u>) (email foreign key ref User, org\_id foreign key ref Workplace)

This is a combination of the Work At weak relation and the Work Period weak entity.

StudyPeriod(<u>email, org\_id, from, to,</u> edu\_level) (email foreign key ref User, org\_id foreign key ref Organization)

This is a combination of the Study At weak relation and the Study Period weak entity.

# Relationships:

CommentReaction(cid, email, type) (cid foreign key ref Comment, email foreign key ref User)

PostReaction(pid, email, type) (pid foreign key ref Post, email foreign key ref User)

Follows(<u>follower, followedBy,</u> since) (follower foreign key ref User, followedBy foreign key ref User)

PartOf(<u>email, convo\_id</u>) (email foreign key ref User, onvo\_id foreign key ref Conversation). There is a participation constraint from Conversation to PartOf in the ER model that cannot be modelled in the relational model.