## TD SIGNAL

Lundi 29 avril 2024:

1) Soit 
$$u = z - T$$
,  $z = u + T$ ;  $f(z) = f(u + T)$   $\frac{dz}{du} = 1$  donc  $dz = dc$ 

Bornes:  $z = T \Rightarrow u = 0$   $z = T + a \Rightarrow u = a$   $\int_{0}^{a+T} F(x) dx = \int_{0}^{a} f(u+T) du$ 

Or  $\forall u \in \mathbb{R}$ , F(u+T) = F(u) donc  $\int_{T}^{a+T} f(x) dx = \int_{T}^{a} F(u) du$ 

2) da fonction fin lest pas dependante au niveau de periodicité avec a . Utilisons danc une autu nethode.

Danc: # @ => Dev chaples

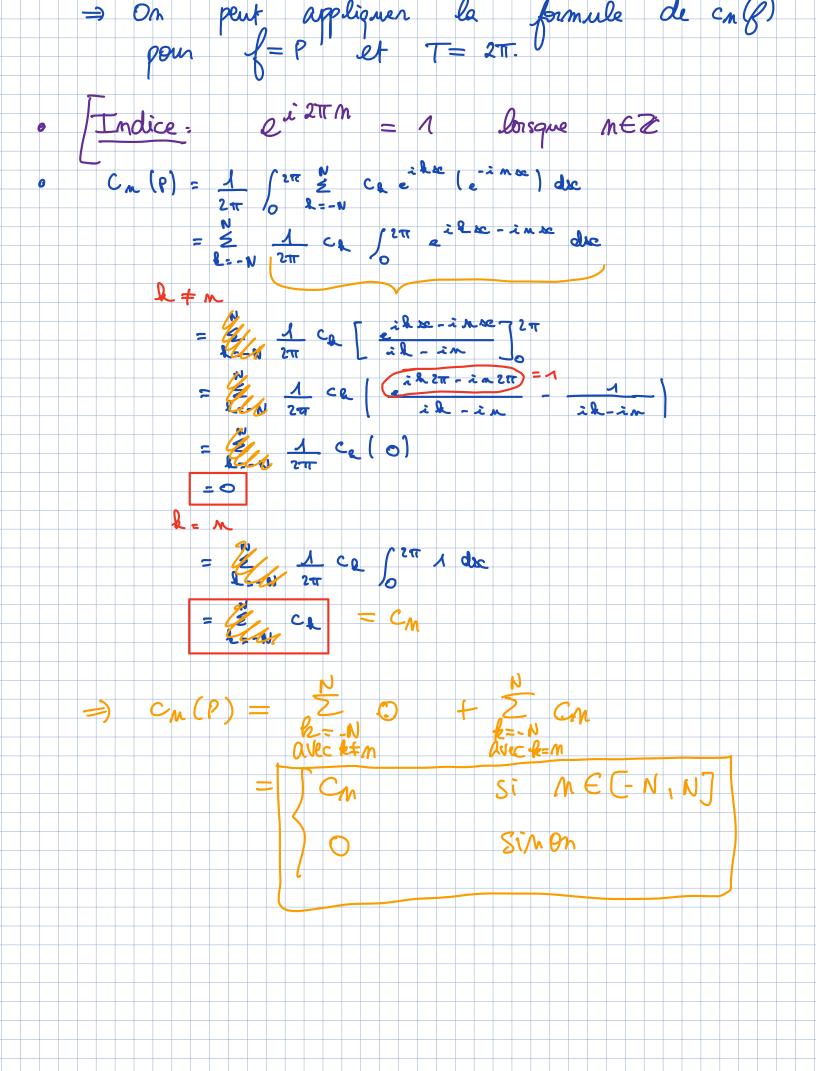
$$= \int_{a}^{T} f(x) dx + \int_{a}^{a} f(x) dx$$

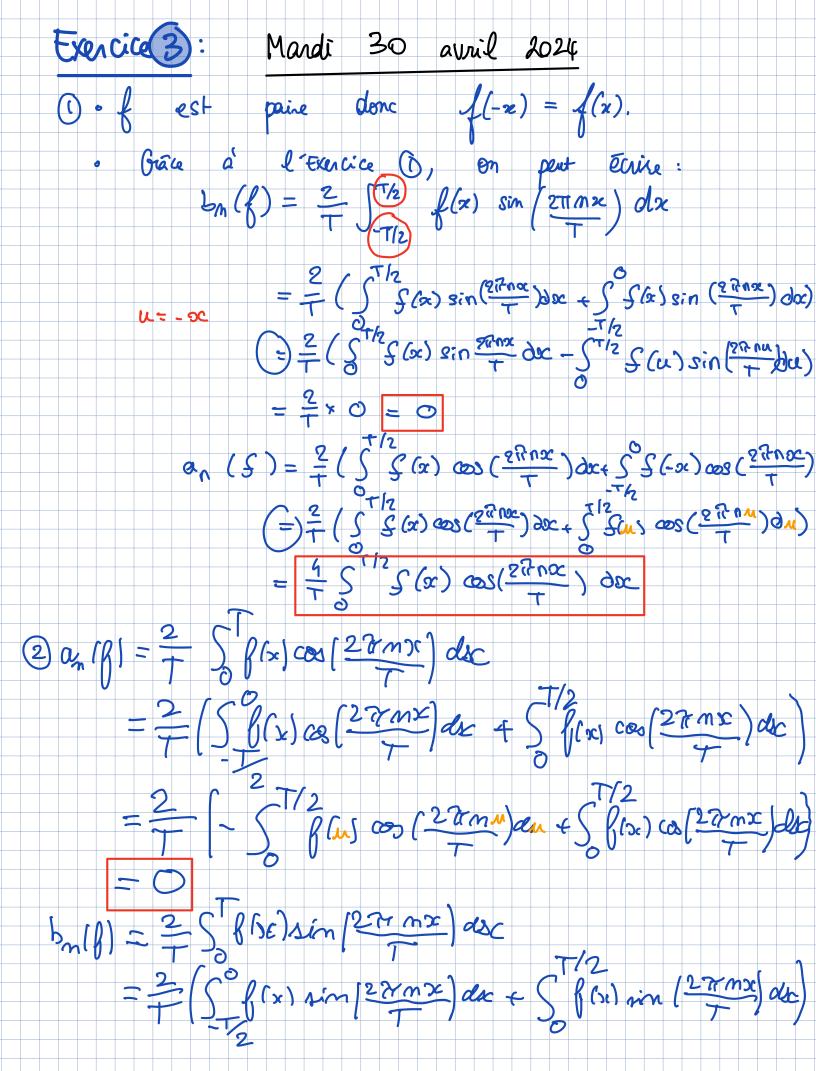
$$= \int_{a}^{T} f(x) dx + \int_{a}^{a} f(x) dx$$

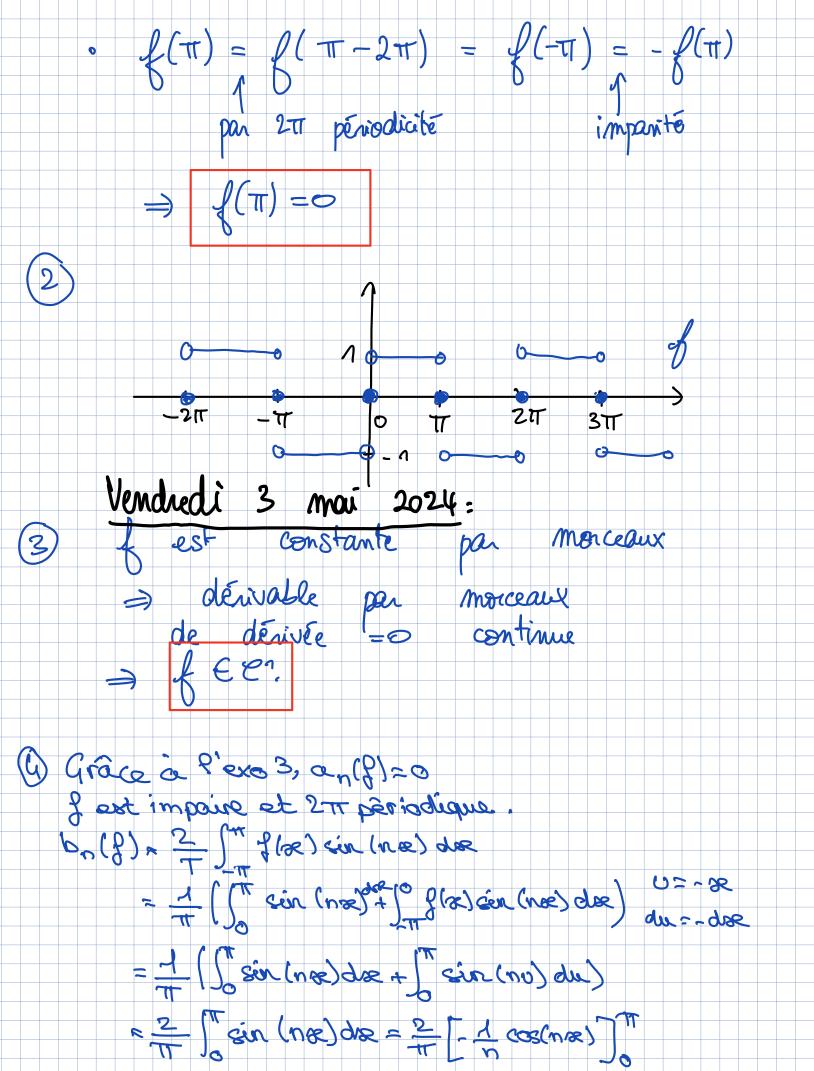
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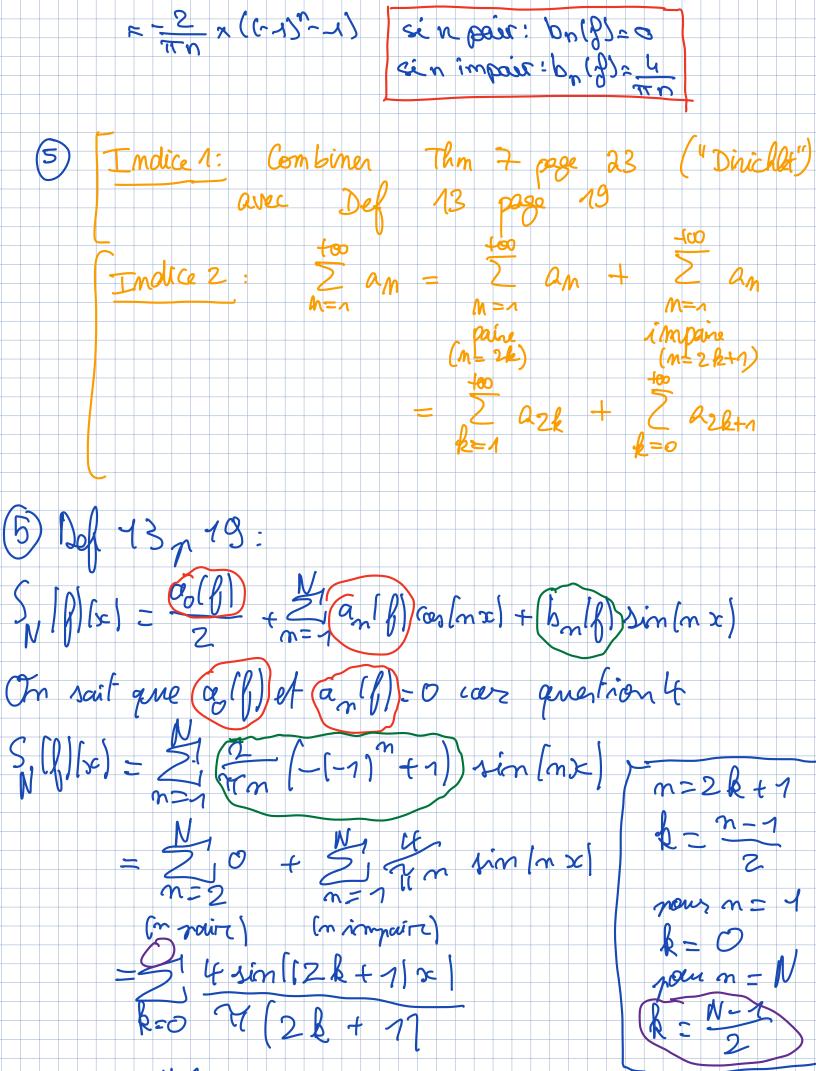
Exercice 2:

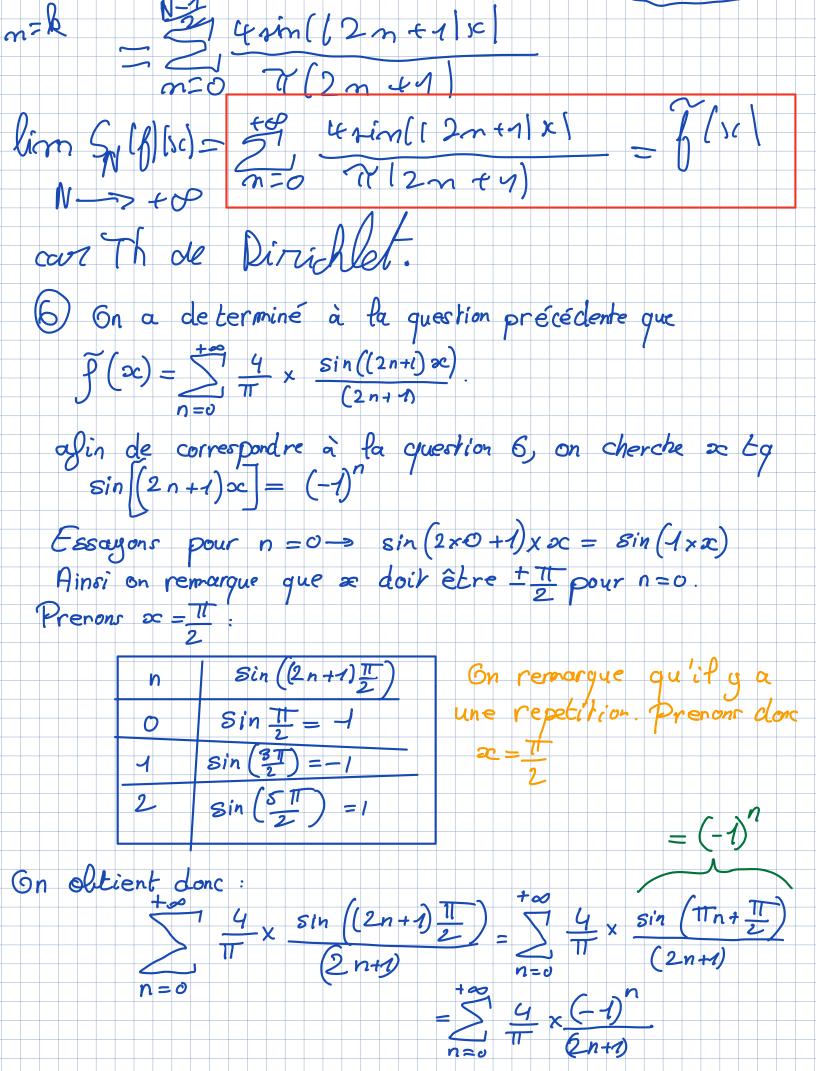
· Plest Continue et (211) - périodique











En prenant le 6h de Dirichlet page 23, 6n a  $\mathcal{G}(x) = \frac{1}{2} \left( \mathcal{G}(x^{-}) + \mathcal{G}(x^{+}) \right) \quad \text{avec} \quad x = \frac{\pi}{2}$ Nous avon vu à la question 2 que f(x)=f(xc+)=f(xc+)= pour = 17  $\int_{0}^{\infty} an = \int_{0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) = \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2} + 1\right) = \frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 1$ Ains  $\frac{4}{11} = \frac{1}{n=0} = \frac{1}{2n+1} = \frac{11}{4}$ Exo 6 2) of est continue sun J-TT, TT( Oh  $\lim_{x\to\pi} f(x) = 0 = \lim_{x\to\pi^+} f(a)$ → of continue Sur (-11, 11) => La continue sur PR par 2TI-per. est en par morceaux

