Introduction to the MiniZinc Toolchain

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Modelling for Combinatorial Optimisation (course 1DL451) at ${\it Uppsala\ University,\ Sweden}$

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Help Sessions

• Scheduled time for working on an assignment or your project and asking questions.

Help sessions are not labs: you have to work on the current assignment or your project also before and after each help session!

■ The assignments and project are challenging (no exam!) and will require much time.

Assignments and Project

- There are three assignments and one project.
- Read their Report Instructions and Grading Rules very carefully, else you may waste a lot of time, if not lose points needlessly.

```
In particular, the grading rule

If ..., and ..., and ..., then you score ... points, else ...

obviously means that you must fulfil every condition to qualify for the then branch.
```

■ You upload your PDF report (singular) and MiniZinc models via Studium.

The important parts:

- It is a declarative language!
- Do not try and design algorithms in order to solve the problems!
- It takes some time to get used to declarative modelling.
- Read the course slides and the MiniZinc Handbook (https://www.minizinc.org/doc-latest/index-en.html).

Designing MiniZinc models can feel strange, confusing, and even frustrating during the first few weeks, but only until you get into the declarative mindset, so do not panic!

For example, a common cause for confusion is that there are no loops in MiniZinc!

The forall keyword is the logical universal quantifier (\forall) . For example, the constraint

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What does constraint (x < y) <-> (forall(i in N)(Z[i]>x)) mean?

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Array (or: list) comprehensions also exist in Python:

```
>>> [i*i for i in range(1,11) if i%2 == 0] [4, 16, 36, 64, 100]
```

Note that

```
constraint forall(i in 1..10)(X[i] < y); is actually syntactic sugar for: constraint forall([X[i] < y \mid i \text{ in 1..10}]);
```

So everything really is just array comprehensions!

To get you well started with MiniZinc, its syntax, and comprehensions, there are links to some warm-up exercises (no hand-in!) from the **Assignments** and **Resources** subpages of the course page

https://pierre-flener.github.io/courses/M4CO/course.html.

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In the beginning, you will have a lot of questions and may get stuck due to syntax: make sure to ask during help sessions!

■ A key feature of the course is that you **must** use and evaluate backends — namely Gecode, Google's CP-SAT (or Chuffed), Gurobi (or COIN-BC or HiGHS), Yuck, and PicatSAT — of five solving technologies.

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- Installing the other backends of this course is a bit tricky, different for each operating system, and time-consuming. We do not expect you to do this.
- Each run of the experiments of each assignment can take up to 1 CPU day!
- You can connect to one of our Linux computers via ssh and run everything remotely with all five solving technologies (while you sleep) using our experiment script, which even generates and integrates result tables into a LATEX report!

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Indeed, different models for the **same** problem can give **very** different performance:

Model	Gecode	 Gurobi	 PicatSAT
Α	timeout	 timeout	 40 <i>s</i>
В	5 <i>s</i>	 timeout	 350 <i>s</i>
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If you designed model A, then how would you know if it is good or not? If you designed model C, then how would you know that you need to rethink?

That was an extreme example, but not unreasonable.

In general, you should be careful.

For this course, as long as you **initially** experiment on at least the bundled <code>Gecode</code>, <code>Chuffed</code>, and <code>HiGHS</code> (or <code>COIN-BC</code>), you should be fine, but the **final** experiments must be on backends of **all** five solving technologies of the course.

If it is fast enough, then consider an ssh -X session on one of our Linux computers!

In short:

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- Install the MiniZinc toolchain on your own computer (if you have one) from https://www.minizinc.org/software.html.
- Run your experiments (remotely via ssh) on one of our Linux computers.
- Optionally run our MiniZinc integrated development environment (IDE) remotely via ssh -X on one of our Linux computers.

You can connect to one of our Linux computers by using ssh in a terminal on your own macOS or Linux computer, say:

> ssh -X username@siegbahn.it.uu.se

where username is your UU account name and > is the prompt (and hence not part of the actual command).

You are asked to enter a password: use your password A.

Using the optional -X option requires an X server, such as Xming or XQuartz.

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If you are under Windows, then have a look at "Windows Subsystem for Linux" (wsl2), in order to install and run Linux as a subsystem of Windows (not as a virtual machine).

If you are connected to one of our Linux computers through ssh, then you must (once!) perform an installation for your account as follows:

- > cd /it/kurs/consprog/minizinc/
- > ./first_install.sh

You now have three new aliases in your ~\.bashrc file, but before you can use any of them, you must for each already opened terminal reload the ~\.bashrc file:

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```

To launch our MiniZinc command-line interface (CLI), use the following new alias:

```
> minizinc --help
```

If you are connected to one of our Linux computers through ssh -X, then you can launch our MiniZinc IDE using the following new alias:

```
> minizinc-ide
```

Everything you need to know for the third new alias, namely run_backends, which automates all your experiments and generates and integrates a result table into the LATEX demo report, can be found in https://pierre-flener.github.io/courses/M4CO/assignments/cheatsheet.pdf.

Read this document as soon as possible!

MiniZinc - Python Interface

There is a Python interface for MiniZinc (see https://minizinc-python.readthedocs.io/en/latest) that may come in handy for your upcoming project, but it is **not** needed for the 3 assignments.

Bugs

Some backends may turn out to have bugs: please tell us if you suspect having found one!

■ Our cheatsheet will be updated, if need be, during the course: see https://pierre-flener.github.io/courses/M4CO/ assignments/cheatsheet.pdf.

Locate Everything

Take a few minutes to locate (and bookmark) everything:

- The course homepage is at https://pierre-flener.github.io/courses/M4CO/course.html.
- The MiniZinc Handbook is at https://www.minizinc.org/doc-latest/index-en.html.
- Our cheatsheet is at
 https:
 //pierre-flener.github.io/courses/M4CO/assignments/cheatsheet.pdf.
- The exercises on comprehensions are reachable from the **Assignments** and **Resources** subpages of the course page https://pierre-flener.github.io/courses/M4CO/course.html.
- The assignments and the project guidelines are at https://pierre-flener.github.io/courses/M4CO/assignments and https://pierre-flener.github.io/courses/M4CO/project.html.

First Steps

What to do now:

- Look at the MiniZinc Handbook.
- Look at our exercises on comprehensions.
- Look at Assignment 1.
- Look at our cheatsheet.
- Install the MiniZinc toolchain on your own computer (if you have one).
- Connect remotely to one of our Linux computers.

Questions?

