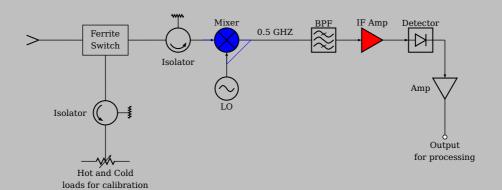


# pst-circ

A PSTricks package for drawing electric circuits; v.2.02

# May 12, 2011



Package author(s): **Herbert Voß** 

Contents 2

# **Contents**

1	The	basic system	4
	1.1	Parameters	. 4
	1.2	Macros	. 4
	1.3	Parameters	. 11
	1.4	Special objects	. 21
	1.5	Examples	. 22
2	Mic	rowave symbols	33
	2.1	New monopole components	. 33
	2.2	New monopole macro-components	. 34
	2.3	New dipole macro-components	. 35
	2.4	New tripole macro-components	. 38
	2.5	New quadripole macro-components	. 39
	2.6	Examples	40
3	Flip	Flops – logical elements	42
	3.1	The Options	42
	3.2	Basic Logical Circuits	42
	3.3	RS Flip Flop	47
	3.4	D Flip Flop	48
	3.5	JK Flip Flop	48
	3.6	Other Options	48
	3.7	The Node Names	49
	3.8	Examples	. 50
4	Logi	ical circuits in american style	<b>5</b> 2
	4.1	Examples	54
5	Add	ing new components	75
6	List	of all optional arguments for pst-circ	77
R	References		

Contents 3

The package pst-circ is a collection of graphical elements based on PStricks that can be used to facilitate display of electronic circuit elements. For example, an equivalent circuit of a voltage source, its source impedance, and a connected load can easily be constructed along with arrows indicating current flow and potential differences. The emphasis is upon the circuit elements and the details of the exact placement are hidden as much as possible so the author can focus on the circuitry without the distraction of sorting out the underlying vector graphics.

pst-circ loads by default the following packages: pst-node, multido, pst-xkey, and, of course pstricks. All should be already part of your local  $T_EX$  installation. If not, or in case of having older versions, go to <a href="http://www.CTAN.org/">http://www.CTAN.org/</a> and load the newest version.

#### Thanks to:

Rafal Bartczuk, Christoph Bersch, François Boone, Jean-Côme Charpentier, Patrick Drechsler, Amit Finkler, Felix Gottwald, Markus Graube, Henning Heinze, Christoph Jorssen, Bernd Landwehr, Michael Lauterbach, Manuel Luque, Steven P. McPherson, Ted Pavlic, Alan Ristow, Uwe Siart, Douglas Waud, and Richard Weissnar. 1 The basic system 4

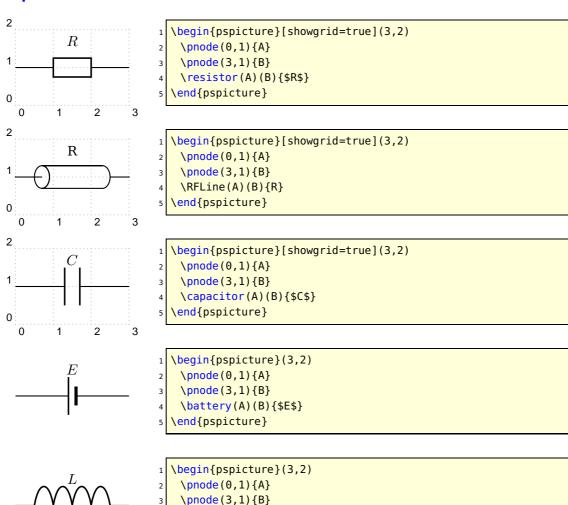
# 1 The basic system

#### 1.1 Parameters

There are specific paramaters defined to change easily the behaviour of the pst-circ objects you are drawing. You'll find a list in Section 6 on p. 77.

#### 1.2 Macros

#### **Dipole macros**



\coil(A)(B){\$L\$}
\end{pspicture}

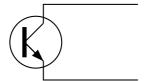
```
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2 \pnode(0,1){A}
3 \pnode(3,1){B}
4 \Ucc(A)(B){$E$}
5 \end{pspicture}
```

```
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
                   \pnode(0,1){A}
                   \pnode(3,1){B}
                   \Icc(A)(B){$\eta$}
                  \end{pspicture}
                  \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
                   \pnode(0,1){A}
                   \pnode(3,1){B}
                   \switch(A)(B){$K$}
                  \end{pspicture}
                  \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
D
                   \pnode(0,1){A}
                   \pnode(3,1){B}
                   \diode(A)(B){$D$}
                  \end{pspicture}
                  \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
D
                   \pnode(0,1){A}
                   \pnode(3,1){B}
                   \Zener(A)(B){$D$}
                  \end{pspicture}
                  \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
                   \position{\position{Delta pnode (0,1){A}}{}
                   \pnode(3,1){B}
                   \label{lamp} (A)(B) {\rm sathcal} \ L$}
                  \end{pspicture}
                  \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
                   \pnode(0,1){A}
                   \pnode(3,1){B}
                   \circledipole(A)(B){$\mathcal G$}
                  \<mark>end</mark>{pspicture}
                  \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
                   \pnode(0,1){A}
                   \pnode(3,1){B}
                   \circledipole[labeloffset=0](A)(B){\Large\textbf{A}}}
                  \end{pspicture}
                  \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
                   \pnode(0,1){A}
                   \pnode(3,1){B}
                   \LED(A)(B){$\mathcal D$}
                  \end{pspicture}
```

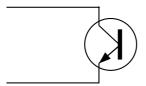
```
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
                      \pnode(0,1){A}
                      \pnode(3,1){B}
                      \SQUID(A)(B){S}
                     \end{pspicture}
                     \begin{pspicture}(3,3)
                      \pnode(0,0){A}
RelayNOP
                      \pnode(3,0){B}% Relay normally open
                      \RelayNOP[labeloffset=1.6](A)(B){RelayNOP}
                     \end{pspicture}
                     \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
Supressor
                      \pnode(0,1){A}
                      \pnode(3,1){B}%
                                       Suppressor (Diode)
                      \Suppressor[labeloffset=0.5](A)(B){Supressor}
                     cend{pspicture}
                     \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
Arrestor
                      \pnode(0,1){A}
                      \pnode(3,1){B}% Arrestor (Lightning protection)
    ılı
                      \Arrestor(A)(B){Arrestor}
                     \end{pspicture}
```

#### **Tripole macros**

Obviously, tripoles are not node connections. So pst-circ tries its best to adjust the position of the tripole regarding the three nodes. Internally, the connections are done by the \ncangle pst-node macro. However, the auto-positionning and the auto-connections are not always well chosen, so don't try to use tripole macros in strange situations!



```
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,4)
2 \pnode(0,2){A}\pnode(3,1){B}
3 \pnode(3,3){C}
4 \transistor(A)(B)(C)
5 \end{pspicture}
```

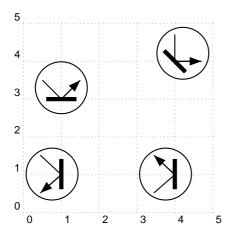


```
begin{pspicture}(3,4)
pnode(3,2){A}\pnode(0,1){B}

pnode(0,3){C}

transistor[TRot=180](A)(B)(C)

head{pspicture}
```



```
begin{pspicture}[showgrid=true](5,5)
pnode(1,3){b}

transistor[TRot=90](b){emitter}{collector}

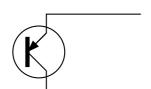
transistor[TRot=45](4,4){emitter}{collector}

transistor[TRot=180](1,1){emitter}{collector}

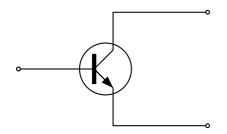
transistor[TRot=180,transistorinvert=true]%

(4,1){emitter}{collector}

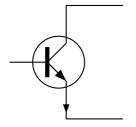
end{pspicture}
```



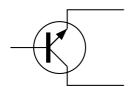
```
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,4)
2 \pnode(0,2){A}\pnode(3,1){B}
3 \pnode(3,3){C}
4 \transistor[transistortype=PNP](A)(B)(C)
5 \end{pspicture}
```



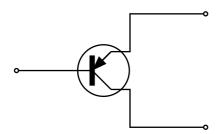
```
1 \begin{pspicture}(5,3)
2 \pnode(0,1.5){A}
3 \pnode(5,0){B}
4 \pnode(5,3){C}
5 \transistor[basesep=2cm,arrows=o-o](A)(B)(C)
6 \end{pspicture}
```



```
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,4)
2 \pnode(0,2){A}\pnode(3,0.5){B}
3 \pnode(3,3.5){C}
4 \transistor[transistoriemitter=true,
5 basesep=1cm](A)(B)(C)
6 \end{pspicture}
```



```
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,4)
2 \pnode(0,2){A}\pnode(3,1){B}
3 \pnode(3,3){C}
4 \transistor[transistorinvert,
5 basesep=1cm](A)(B)(C)
6 \end{pspicture}
```



```
begin{pspicture}(5,3)

pnode(0,1.5){A}\psset{linewidth=1pt}

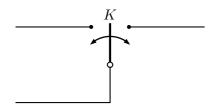
transistor[transistortype=PNP,basesep=2cm,
    arrows=o-o](A){Emitter}{Collector}

psline{o-}(5,3)(3,3)(3,3|Collector)(Collector)

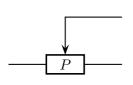
psline{o-}(5,0)(3,0)(3,3|Emitter)(Emitter)

psline{o-}(A)([nodesep=2]A)

end{pspicture}
```

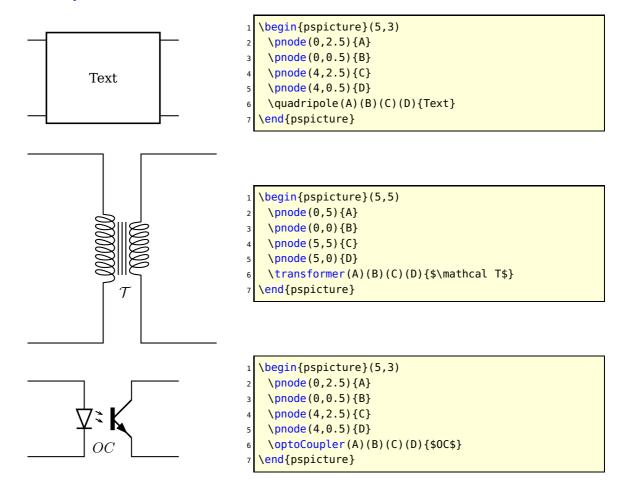


```
1 \begin{pspicture}(5,2)
2 \pnode(0,2){A}
3 \pnode(5,2){B}
4 \pnode(0,0){C}
5 \Tswitch(A)(B)(C){$K$}
6 \end{pspicture}
```



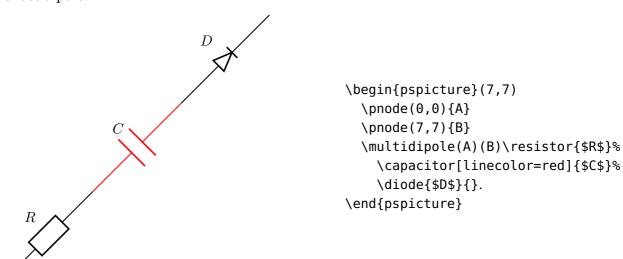
```
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,3)
2 \pnode(0,1){A}
3 \pnode(3,1){B}
4 \pnode(3,2.25){C}
5 \potentiometer[labeloffset=0pt](A)(B)(C){$P$}
6 \end{pspicture}
```

#### **Quadrupole macros**



## **Multidipole**

\multidipole is a macro that allows multiple dipoles to be drawn between two specified nodes. \multidipole takes as many arguments as you want. Note the dot that is after the last dipole.



Important: for the time being, \multidipole takes optional arguments but does not restore original values. We recommand not using it.

#### Wire

```
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2 \pnode(0,1){A}\pnode(3,1){B}\wire(A)(B)
3 \pnode(0,0){A}\pnode(3,0){B}\wire[arrows=o-*](A)(B)
4 \end{pspicture}
```

#### **Potential**

#### ground

## Open dipol and open tripol

```
| def\Wave{\psscalebox{3}{$\approx$}}
| def\PM{\psscalebox{2}{$\$+\,\,-$\}}
| def\PM{\psscalebox{2}{$\$+\,\,-$\}}
| def\PM{\psscalebox{2}{$\$+\,\,-$\}}
| def\PM{\psscalebox{2}{$\$+\,\,-$\}}
| def\PM{\pspicture}(4,3)
| def\PM{\pspicture}(4,3)
| def\PM{\pspicture}(4,3)
| def\PM{\pspicture}(4,3)
| def\PM{\pnode(2,3){B}\pnode(4,3){C}}
| def\PM{\pnode(4,0){D}}
| def\PM{\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspicture}(1,0){\pspict
```

## 1.3 Parameters

#### **Label parameters**

```
\begin{pspicture}(3,1)
                                                                   \pnode(0,.5){A}
                                                                   \pnode(3,.5){B}
R
                                                                   \resistor[labeloffset=0](A)(B){$R$}
                                                               \end{pspicture}
                                                              \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
                                                                  \pnode(0,0){A}
                                                                  \pnode(3,2){B}
                                                                   \resistor[labelangle=:U](A)(B){$R$}
                                                              \end{pspicture}
                                                              \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
                                                                   \pnode(0,0){A}
                                                                   \pnode(3,2){B}
                                                                  \resistor[labelangle=0](A)(B){$R$}
                                                              \end{pspicture}
                                                                                                            \begin{pspicture}(5,5)
                                                                                                                \poonup (0,5){A}
                                                                                                                \pnode(0,0){B}
                                                                                                                \pnode(5,5){C}
                                                                                                                \pnode(5,0){D}
                                                                                                                \transformer[primarylabel=$n_1$,
                                                                                                                      secondarylabel= n_2 (A)(B)(C)(D) 
                                                                                                             \end{pspicture}
                                                              \begin{pspicture}(3,4.5)
                                                                  \position{\position{block} \position{A}}{\position{block} \position{block} \position{bloc
                                                                  \pnode(3,.5){B}
                                                                  \Ucc[labelInside=1](A)(B){$V$}
                                                                  \poonup (0,2){A}
                                                                  \pnode(3,2){B}
                                                                   \Ucc[labelInside=2](A)(B){$V$}
                                                                  \pnode(0,3.5){A}
                                                                   \pnode(3,3.5){B}
                                                                  \Ucc[labelInside=3](A)(B){$V$}
                                                   10
                                                             \end{pspicture}
```

#### **Current intensity and electrical potential parameters**

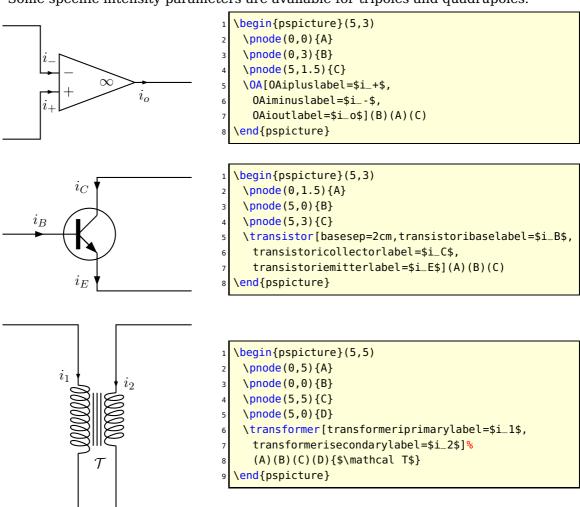
If the intensity parameter is set to true, an arrow is drawn on the wire connecting one of the nodes to the dipole. If the tension parameter is set to true, an arrow is drawn parallel to the dipole.

The way those arrows are drawn is set by dipoleconvention and direct convention parameters. dipoleconvention can take two values: generator or receptor. direct convention is a boolean.

```
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
       \poonup (0,.5) \{A\}
      \poonup (3,.5) \{B\}
      \resistor[intensity,tension](A)(B){}
  \end{pspicture}
  \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
       \poonup (0,.5) {A}
       \pnode(3,.5){B}
      \resistor[intensity,tension,
             dipoleconvention=generator](A)(B){}
 \end{pspicture}
 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
       \poonup (0,.5) {A}
       \pnode(3,.5){B}
      \resistor[intensity,tension,
             directconvention=false](A)(B){}
  \end{pspicture}
 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
      \position{\position{black} \position{A}}{\position{black} \position{black} \position{blac
      \pnode(3,.5){B}
      \resistor[intensity,tension,
             dipoleconvention=generator,directconvention=false](A)(B){}
\end{pspicture}
```

If intensitylabel is set to an non empty argument, then intensity is automatically set to true. If tensionlabel is set to an non empty argument, then tension is automatically set to true.

Some specific intensity parameters are available for tripoles and quadrupoles.



#### **Parallel parameters**

If the parallel parameter is set to true, the dipole is drawn parallel to the line connecting the nodes.

```
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,3)
2 \pnode(0,.5){A}
3 \pnode(3,.5){B}
4 \resistor(A)(B){}
5 \resistor[parallel](A)(B){}
6 \end{pspicture}
```

```
\begin{pspicture}(3,3)
 \pnode(0,.5){A}
 \poonup \{3,.5\} \{B\}
 \resistor(A)(B){}
 \resistor[parallel, parallelsep=.5](A)(B){}
\end{pspicture}
\begin{pspicture}(3,3)
 \poonup (0,.5) \{A\}
 \pnode(3,.5){B}
 \resistor(A)(B){}
 \resistor[parallel, parallelsep=.3,
  parallelarm=2](A)(B){}
\end{pspicture}
\begin{pspicture}(3,3)
 \pnode(0,.5){A}
 \pnode(3,.5){B}
 \resistor(A)(B){}
 \resistor[parallel, parallelsep=.3,
  parallelarm=2,parallelnode](A)(B){}
\end{pspicture}
           D
                              \begin{pspicture}(8,8)
                                \pnode(0,0){A}
                                \pnode(8,8){B}
                                \multidipole(A)(B)\resistor{$R$}%
                                 \capacitor[linecolor=red]{$C$}%
                                 \coil[parallel, parallelsep=.1]{$
                                   L$}%
                                 \diode{$D$}.
                              \end{pspicture}
```

Note: When used with \multidipole, the parallel parameter must not be set for the first dipole.

## **Wire intersections**

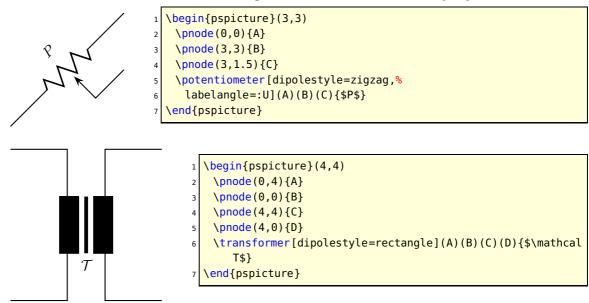
Wire intersect parameters work also with \multidipole.

## **Dipole style parameters**

```
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
  C
                    \pnode(0,1){A}
                    \pnode(3,1){B}
                    \capacitor[dipolestyle=chemical](A)(B){$C$}
                   \end{pspicture}
                   \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
  C
                    \pnode(0,1){A}
                    \pnode(3,1){B}
                    \capacitor[dipolestyle=elektor](A)(B){$C$}
                   \end{pspicture}
                   \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
  C
                    \pnode(0,1){A}
                    \pnode(3,1){B}
                    \capacitor[dipolestyle=elektorchemical](A)(B){$C$}
                   \end{pspicture}
                   \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
                    \pnode(0,1){A}
                    \pnode(3,1){B}
                    \capacitor[dipolestyle=crystal](A)(B){$Q$}
                   \end{pspicture}
                   \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
  L
                    \pnode(0,1){A}
                    \pnode(3,1){B}
                    \coil[dipolestyle=rectangle](A)(B){$L$}
                   \end{pspicture}
                   \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
  L
                    \pnode(0,1){A}
                    \pnode(3,1){B}
900009
                    \coil[dipolestyle=curved](A)(B){$L$}
                   \end{pspicture}
                   \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
  L
                    \pnode(0,1){A}
                    \pnode(3,1){B}
                    \coil[dipolestyle=elektor](A)(B){$L$}
                   \end{pspicture}
                   \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
                    \pnode(0,1){A}
\overline{m}
                    \pnode(3,1){B}
                    \coil[dipolestyle=elektorcurved](A)(B){$L$}
                   \end{pspicture}
```

```
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
T
                  \pnode(0,1){A}
                  \pnode(3,1){B}
                  \diode[dipolestyle=thyristor](A)(B){$T$}
                 \end{pspicture}
                 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
T
                  \pnode(0,1){A}
                  \pnode(3,1){B}
                  \diode[dipolestyle=GT0](A)(B){$T$}
                 \end{pspicture}
                 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
T
                  \pnode(0,1){A}
                  \pnode(3,1){B}
                  \diode[dipolestyle=triac](A)(B){$T$}
                 \end{pspicture}
                 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
                  \pnode(0,1){A}
                  \pnode(3,1){B}
                  \diode[dipolestyle=schottky](A)(B){$T$}
                 \end{pspicture}
                 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
                  \pnode(0,1){A}
                  \pnode(3,1){B}
                  \resistor[variable](A)(B){$R$}
                 \end{pspicture}
                 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
                  \pnode(0,1){A}
                  \pnode(3,1){B}
                  \capacitor[variable](A)(B){$C$}
                 \<mark>end</mark>{pspicture}
                 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
                  \pnode(0,1){A}
                  \pnode(3,1){B}
                  \coil[variable](A)(B){$L$}
                 \end{pspicture}
                 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
                  \pnode(0,1){A}
                  \pnode(3,1){B}
                  \battery[variable](A)(B){$U$}
                 \end{pspicture}
```

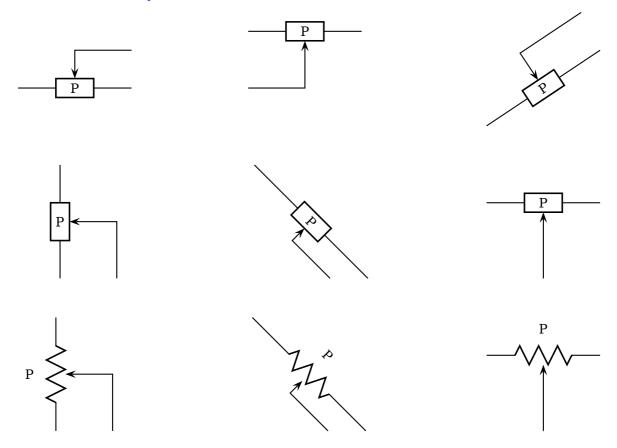
In the following example the parameter dipolestyle is used for a tripole and quadrupole, because the coils are drawn as rectangles and the resistor as a zigzag.



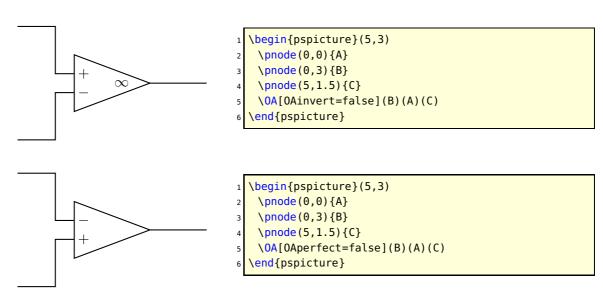
#### **Tripole style parameters**

```
\begin{pspicture}(5,3)
                             \pnode(0,2){A}
                             \pnode(5,2){B}
                             \pnode(0,0){C}
                             \Tswitch[tripolestyle=left](A)(B)(C){$K$}
                            \end{pspicture}
                            \begin{pspicture}(5,3)
    K
                             \poonup (0,2) \{A\}
                             \pnode(5,2){B}
                             \pnode(0,0){C}
                             \Tswitch[tripolestyle=right](A)(B)(C){$K$}
                            \end{pspicture}
                           \begin{pspicture}(5,3)
                             \pnode(0,3){A}
                             \pnode(0,0){B}
+ > \infty
                             \pnode(5,1.5){C}
                             \OA[tripolestyle=french](A)(B)(C)
                            \end{pspicture}
```

# **Potentiometer tripole**



## **Other Parameters**



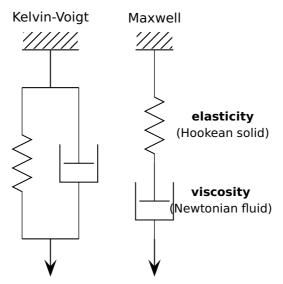
```
\begin{pspicture}(5,3)
    \poonup (0,1.5){A}
    \pnode(5,0){B}
    \pnode(5,3){C}
    \transistor[basesep=2cm,%
          transistorinvert,transistorcircle=false](A)(B)(C)
 \end{pspicture}
\begin{pspicture}(5,3)
    \pnode(0,1.5){A}\psset{linewidth=1pt}
    \transistor[basesep=2cm,arrows=o-o,
         transistortype=FET](A){Emitter}{Collector}
    \psline{o-}(5,3)(3,3)(3,3|Collector)(Collector)
    \prootember \pro
    \psline{o-}(A)([nodesep=2]A)
 \<mark>end</mark>{pspicture}
 \begin{pspicture}(5,3)
    \pnode(0,1.5){A}\psset{linewidth=1pt}
    \transistor[basesep=2cm,arrows=o-o,
         transistortype=FET,
         FETchanneltype=P](A){Emitter}{Collector}
    \psline{o-}(5,3)(3,3)(3,3|Collector)(Collector)
    \protect{psline}{o-}(5,0)(3,0)(3,3|Emitter)(Emitter)
    \psline{o-}(A)([nodesep=2]A)
 \end{pspicture}
\begin{pspicture}(5,3)
\transistor[basesep=2cm,transistortype=FET,
    FETmemory=true](0,1.5)(5,0)(5,3)
 \end{pspicture}
```

1.4 Special objects 21

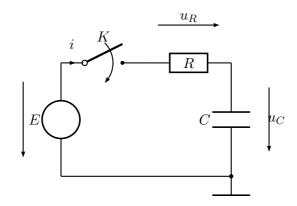
#### 1.4 Special objects

#### \dashpot

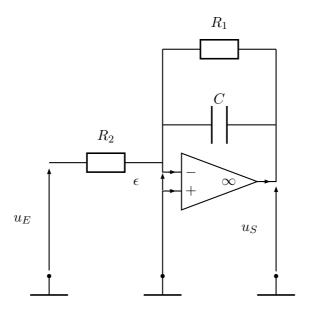
## **Viscoelasticity**



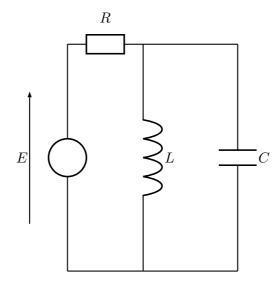
```
\newcommand*\pswall[3]{% ll ur lr
          \psframe[linecolor=white,fillstyle=hlines,hatchcolor=black](#1)(#2)% (ll)(ur)
          \psline[linecolor=black](#1)(#3)}
      \begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} \textbf{begin} \{ pspicture \} (0.5,1) (8,10) \end{array} \end{array}
          \rput(3,9.5){\sffamily \textbf{Viscoelasticity}}
          % Kelvin-Voigt model (spring and dashpot parallel): ========
          \rput[c](1.75,8.85){\sffamily Kelvin-Voigt}
          \positive{1,8}{2.5,8.5}{2.5,8}\% top
          \psline(1.75,8)(1.75,7)% top vertical line
          % node definitions:
10
          \poode(1,7) \{ul1\} \\pnode(2.5,7) \{ur1\} \\pnode(1,3) \{ll1\} \\pnode(2.5,3) \{lr1\} \\
11
          \psline(ul1)(ur1)% top line
12
          \psline(ll1)(lr1)% bottom line
13
          \resistor[dipolestyle=zigzag,linewidth=0.5pt](ul1)(ll1){}% spring
14
          \dashpot[linewidth=0.5pt](ur1)(lr1){}% dashpot
15
          \psline[arrowscale=3]{->}(1.75,3)(1.75,2)% force
16
17
          % Maxwell model (spring and dashpot serial): ==
          \protect\operatorname{rput}[c](4.5,8.85) \{\sffamily Maxwell\}\
18
          \pswall{4,8}{5,8.5}{5,8}% top
19
          \poonup (4.5,8){t}\poonup (4.5,4){b}% node definitions
20
          \resistor[dipolestyle=zigzag,linewidth=0.5pt,labeloffset=1.8](t)(b)% spring
21
          \space{1mm} \spa
22
                  end spring
          \dashpot[linewidth=0.5pt,labeloffset=1.8](4.5,5)(4.5,3)% dashpot
23
          {\sffamily\small\begin{tabular}{c}\textbf{viscosity}\\(Newtonian fluid)\end{tabular}}
24
          }% end dashpot
25
          \psline[arrowscale=3]{->}(4.5,3)(4.5,2)% force
     \end{pspicture}
```



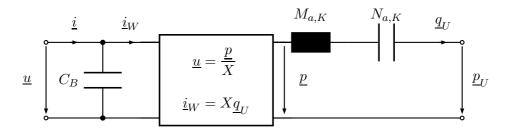
```
\begin{pspicture}(-1.5,-1)(6,5)
  % [subgriddiv=1,griddots=10]
   % Node definitions
    \pnode(0,0){A}
    \pnode(0,3){B}
    \pnode(4.5,3){C}
    \pnode(4.5,0){D}
    % Dipole node connection
    \Ucc[tension,dipoleconvention=generator](A)(B){$E$}
10
    \multidipole(B)(C)%
     \switch[intensitylabel=$i$]{$K$}%
11
12
     \resistor[labeloffset=0,tensionlabel=$u_R$]{$R$}.
    \capacitor[tensionlabel={$u_C$},
13
     tensionlabeloffset=-1.2,tensionoffset=-1,
14
     directconvention=false](D)(C){$C$}
15
   % Wire to complete circuit
16
   \wire(A)(D)
17
   % Ground
18
    \ground(D)
    \end{pspicture}
```



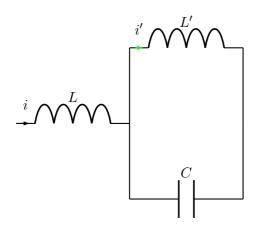
```
\begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} \textbf{begin} \{ pspicture \} (-0.5,0) (7,8) \end{array} \end{array}
   % [subgriddiv=1,griddots=10]
    % Node definitions
    \pnode(0.5,1){A}
    \pnode(3.5,1){B}
    \pnode(6.5,1){C}
    \pnode(0.5,4){D}
    \poonup (3.5,4) \{Minus\}
    \pnode(3.5,3){Plus}
    \pnode(6.5,5){S}
11
    \poonup (3.5,5){E}
    % Dipole node connections
12
    \resistor(D)(Minus){$R_2$}
13
    \capacitor(E)(S){$C$}
14
    \resistor[parallel, parallelarm=2](E)(S){$R_1$}
15
    \OA[intensity](Minus)(Plus)(S)
16
    % Wires
17
    \wire(Minus)(E)
18
    \wire(Plus)(B)
19
20
    % Tensions
    \tension(A)(D) {$u_E$}
21
22
    \makeatletter % (special tricks see below)
23
    \tension(C)(S@@){$u_S$}
    \tension[linecolor=blue](Plus@@)(Minus@@){$\epsilon$}
24
    \makeatother
25
    % Grounds
26
    \ground(A)
27
    \ground(B)
28
    \ground(C)
29
    \end{pspicture}
```



```
\begin{pspicture}(-1,0)(7,8)
   % [subgriddiv=1,griddots=10]
    % Node definitions
    \protect\operatorname{\mathsf{pnode}}(1,1)\{A\}
     \protect\operatorname{\mathsf{pnode}}(1,7)\{B\}
    \pnode(3,1){C}
    \pnode(3,7){D}
    % Dipole node connections
    \Ucc[tensionlabel=$E$](A)(B){}
    \resistor(B)(D){$R$}
11
    \coil(D)(C){$L$}
12
    \capacitor[parallel,parallelarm=2.5](D)(C){$C$}
13
    % Wire
    \wire(A)(C)
14
    \end{pspicture}
```

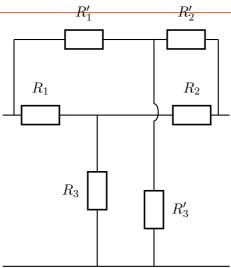


```
% \usepackage{amsmath} % example by Markus Graube
       \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \text{begin} \{ pspicture \} (0,.5) (13,4) \end{array} \end{array}
           \poode(1,1){I_U} \poode(1,3){I_0} \poode(2.5,1){C} \poode(2.5,3){D}
           \poode(4,1){K_LU} \poode(4,3){K_LO} \poode(7,1){K_RU} \poode(7,3){K_RO}
           \poode(9,3)\{E\} \poode(7.3,3)\{K_R01\}\poode(7.3,1)\{K_RU1\} \poode(11,3)\{F\}
           \prode(12,1) \{0_U\} \prode(12,3) \{0_0\}
           \wire[arrows=o-](I_U)(C)
           \wire[intensitylabel=$\underline{i}$, arrows=o-](I_0)(D)
           \capacitor[labeloffset=.9](C)(D){$C_B$}
10
           \qdisk(C){2pt} \qdisk(D){2pt}
11
           \wire(C)(K_LU)
12
           \wire[intensitylabel=$\underline{i}_W$](D)(K_L0)
13
           \quad \quadripole(K_L0)(K_LU)(K_R0)(K_RU){\parbox{3cm}{%}}
14
                \begin{align*}
15
16
                     \displaystyle \operatorname{underline}\{u\} \&= \frac{\rho}{X} \left(2ex\right)
17
                     \underline{i}_W &= X \underline{q}_U
                \end{align*}}}
18
           \wire(K_R0)(K_R01)
19
           \tension[labeloffset=0.5](K_RO1)(K_RU1){\tension[labeloffset=0.5]}
20
           \coil[dipolestyle=rectangle](K_R0)(E){$M_{a,K}$}
21
22
           \colone{line} 
           \wire[intensitylabel=$\underline{q}_U$, arrows=-o](F)(0_0)
23
24
           \wire[arrows=-o](K_RU)(0_U)
        \tension[labeloffset=0.5](0_0)(0_U){\tension[labeloffset=0.5](0_0)(0_U)}
26 \end{pspicture}
```

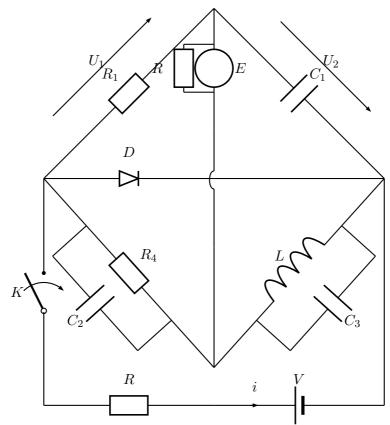


```
\begin{pspicture}(-0.25,-0.25)
      (6,6)
    [subgriddiv=1,griddots=10]
    % Node definitions
    \pnode(0,3){A}
    \pnode(3,3){B}
    \pnode(6,3){C}
    % Dipole node connections
   \coil[intensitylabel=$i$](A)(B){$
   \coil[intensitylabel=$i'$,
      intensitycolor=green,%
     parallel, parallelarm=2](B)(C){$L
    \capacitor[parallel,parallelarm
11
      =-2](B)(C){$C$}
    \end{pspicture}
```

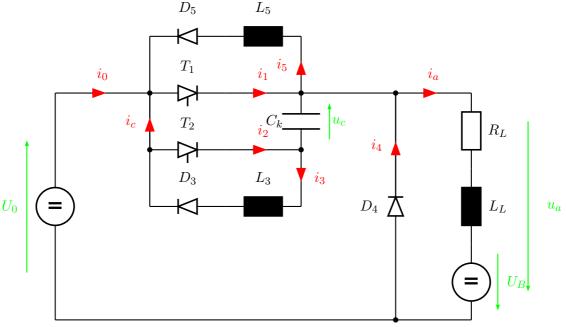
1.5 Examples D' 26



```
\begin{pspicture}(6,6)
   % [subgriddiv=1,griddots=10]
    % Node definitions
    \poonup (0,0) {A} \poonup (6,0) {B}
    \poonup (0.3,4) \{Cprime\} \\poode (5.7,4) \{Dprime\}
    \poonup (2.5,4) \{Gprime\} \\poode (2.5,0) \{Hprime\}
    \poonup (0,4) \{C\} \\poole (6,4) \{D\}
    \poonup (0.3,6) {E}\poonup (5.7,6) {F}
    \poonup (4,6) {G} \\poole (4,0) {H}
10
    \multidipole(G)(H)%
11
      \wire[intersect,
12
       intersectA=C,intersectB=D]
13
      \resistor{$R'_3$}.
    \resistor(E)(G){$R'_1$}
14
    \resistor(G)(F){$R'_2$}
15
    \multidipole(C)(D)\resistor{$R_1$}%
16
      \wire\resistor{$R_2$}.
17
    \wire(A)(B)\wire(Cprime)(E)
18
    \wire(Dprime)(F)
19
    \resistor(Hprime)(Gprime){$R_3$}
20
    \end{pspicture}
```

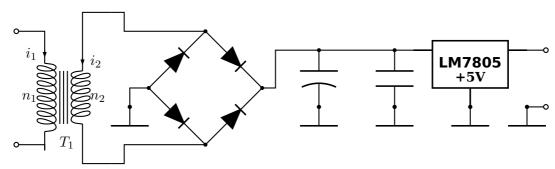


```
\begin{pspicture}(0,-0.25)(9,11)
   % Node definitions
   (4.5, 10.5) \{F\}
   \switch(A)(C){$K$}
   \multidipole(A)(B)\resistor{$R$}\battery[intensitylabel=$i$]{$V$}.
   \wire(B)(D)
   \multidipole(C)(D)\diode{$D$}\wire.
   \color{parallel, parallelarm=1.2, parallelsep=1.5](C)(E) {$C_2$}
10
11
   \coil(E)(D){$L$}
   \capacitor[parallel,parallelarm=1.2,parallelsep=1.5](E)(D){$C_3$}
12
13
   \color{capacitor[tensionlabel=$U_2$](F)(D){$C_1$}}
14
   \multidipole(E)(F)\wire\wire[intersect,intersectA=C,intersectB=D]%
15
    \circledipole[labeloffset=-0.7]{$E$}%
    \resistor[parallel,parallelsep=.6,parallelarm=.8]{$R$}.
16
   \end{pspicture}
```



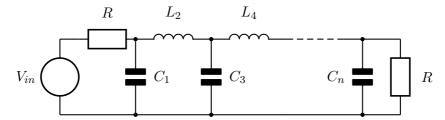
```
\begin{pspicture}(0,-0.2)(13,8)
    \psset{intensitycolor=red,intensitylabelcolor=red,tensioncolor=green,
      tensionlabelcolor=green, intensitywidth=3pt}
    \circledipole[tension, tensionlabel=$U_0$,
     tensionoffset=0.75, labeloffset=0] (0,0) (0,6) {\LARGE\textbf{=}}
    \wire[intensity,intensitylabel=$i_0$](0,6)(2.5,6)
    \diode[dipolestyle=thyristor](2.5,6)(4.5,6){$T_1$}
    \wire[intensity,intensity] = \frac{1}{1} (4.5,6) (6.5,6)
    \multidipole(6.5,7.5)(2.5,7.5)%
10
         \coil[dipolestyle=rectangle,labeloffset=-0.75]{$L_5$}%
         \diode[labeloffset=-0.75]{$D_5$}.
11
    \wire[intensity,intensity] = \frac{1}{5}[(6.5,6)(6.5,7.5)]
12
    \wire(2.5,7.5)(2.5,3)
13
    \wire[intensity,intensitylabel=$i_c$](2.5,4.5)(2.5,6)
14
    \qdisk(2.5,6){2pt}\qdisk(6.5,6){2pt}
15
    \diode[dipolestyle=thyristor](2.5,4.5)(4.5,4.5) {$T_2$}
16
    \wire[intensity,intensity] = \frac{1}{2}[(4.5,4.5)(6.5,4.5)
17
    \capacitor[tension, tensionlabel=$u_c$, tensionoffset=-0.75,
18
     tensionlabeloffset=-1] (6.5,4.5) (6.5,6) {\$C_k\$}
19
20
    \qdisk(2.5,4.5) \{2pt\} \qdisk(6.5,4.5) \{2pt\}
    \wire[intensity,intensity] = \frac{1}{3}[(6.5,4.5)(6.5,3)]
21
22
    \multidipole(6.5,3)(2.5,3)%
     \coil[dipolestyle=rectangle,labeloffset=-0.75]{$L_3$}%
23
     \diode[labeloffset=-0.75]{$D_3$}.
24
    \wire(6.5,6)(9,6)\qdisk(9,6){2pt}
25
    \diode(9,0)(9,6){$D_4$}
26
    \wire[intensity,intensitylabel=$i_4$](9,3.25)(9,6)
27
28
    \wire[intensity,intensitylabel=$i_a$](9,6)(11,6)
29
    \multidipole(11,6)(11,0)%
     \resistor{$R_L$}
30
     \coil[dipolestyle=rectangle]{$L_L$}
31
     \circledipole[labeloffset=0, tension, tensionoffset=0.7, tensionlabel=$U_B$]{\LARGE\
32
        textbf{=}}.
    \wire(0,0)(11,0)\qdisk(9,0){2pt}
33
    \pnode(12.5,5.5){A}\pnode(12.5,0.5){B}
34
    \tension(A)(B) {$u_a$}
35
  \end{pspicture}
```

The following example was written by Manuel Lugue.



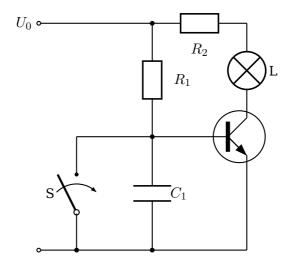
```
\begin{pspicture}(0,-0.5)(14,4)
             % [subgriddiv=1,griddots=10]
                    \poonup (0,0) \{B\} \\poole (0,3) \{A\}
                    \poode(2.5,3.5){C}\\pnode(2.5,-0.5){D}\\pnode(5,3){E}\\pnode(6.5,1.5){F}
                    \poode(5,0) \{G\} \\poode(3.5,1.5) \{H\} \\poode(8,2.5) \{I\} \\poode(8,1) \{J\} \\poode(8,2.5) \{I\} \\poode(8,1) \{J\} \\poode(8,2.5) \{I\} \\poode(8,2.5) 
                    \prode(10,2.5) \{K\} \\prode(10,1) \{L\} \\prode(14,2.5) \{M\} \\prode(12,1) \{N\} \\prode(14,2.5) \{M\} \\prode(12,1) \{N\} \\prode(14,2.5) \{M\} \\prode(14,2.5) \{M
                    \poode(3,1){H'}\poode(14,2.5){0} \poode(14,1){P}\poode(13.5,1){0}
                    \transformer[transformeriprimarylabel=$i_1$, transformerisecondarylabel=$i_2$,
                           primarylabel=$n_1$, secondarylabel=$n_2$](A)(B)(C)(D){$T_1$}
                    {\psset{fillstyle=solid,fillcolor=black}
                    \diode(H)(E){}\diode(H)(G){}\diode(E)(F){}\diode(G)(F){}}
11
                    \capacitor[dipolestyle=chemical](I)(J){} \capacitor(K)(L){}
12
13
                    \REG(K)(M)(N)%
                           {\shortstack{\textsf{%
14
                           \textbf{\large LM7805}}\\\textbf{+5V}}}
15
                    16
                    \neg [arm=0]{P}{Q} \neg [arm=0]{H}{H'}
17
                    \ground(H')\ground(J)\ground(L)\ground(N)
18
                    \label{eq:cound_Q_qdisk} $$ \operatorname{Q}(Q) \cdot (I)_{1.5pt} \cdot (K)_{1.5pt} \cdot (E)_{1.5pt} $$
19
20
                    \disk(G){1.5pt}\qisk(H){1.5pt}\qdisk(F){1.5pt}
                    \pscircle[fillstyle=solid](A){0.075} \pscircle[fillstyle=solid](B){0.075}
21
                    \pscircle[fillstyle=solid](P){0.075} \pscircle[fillstyle=solid](0){0.075}
22
                    \end{pspicture}
```

The following example was written by Lionel Cordesses.



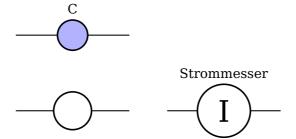
```
\begin{pspicture}(11,3)
    \psset{dipolestyle=elektor}
    \poode(1,2) {Vin} \\poode(0.5,2) {S} \\poode(0.5,0) {Sm}
    \poode(2.5,2){A}\poode(4.5,2){B}\poode(6.5,2){C}
    \poode(8,2) \{Cd\} \\poode(8.5,2) \{D\} \\poode(9.5,2) \{E\}
    \poode(2.5,0){Am}\poode(4.5,0){Bm}\poode(6.5,0){Cm}
    \poonup (8.5,0) \{Dm\} \\poode (9.5,0) \{Em\}\
    \label{loss} $$\Ucc[labeloffset=0.9](Sm)(S)_{$V_{in}}}\resistor(Vin)(A)_{R}$$
    \capacitor(A)(Am){$C_1$} \capacitor(B)(Bm){$C_3$}
    \color{Capacitor[labeloffset=-0.7](D)(Dm){$C_n$}\resistor(E)(Em){$R$}}
10
11
    \coil(A)(B) \{ L_2 \} \coil(B)(C) \{ L_4 \} 
    \wire(Am)(Bm)\wire(Bm)(Cm)\wire(Cm)(Dm)\wire(Dm)(Em)\wire(D)(E)
12
13
    \wire(Cd)(D)\psline[linestyle=dashed](C)(Cd)
    \wire(S)(Vin)\wire(Sm)(Am)
14
15
    \pscircle*(D){2\pslinewidth} \pscircle*(Dm){2\pslinewidth}
16
    \protect\ (A){2\pslinewidth} \pscircle*(Am){2\pslinewidth}
    \pscircle*(B){2\pslinewidth} \pscircle*(Bm){2\pslinewidth}
17
    \end{pspicture}
```

The following example was written by Christian Hoffmann.



```
\SpecialCoor
               \begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} \textbf{begin} \{ pspicture \} (0,-1) (7,6.5) \% \end{array} \end{array}
               \pnode(0,6){plus}
               \pnode(3,3){basis}
               \pnode([nodesep=-2] basis){schalter}
               \position{\position{thm} \position{\position{thm} \position{\position{thm} \position{\position{thm} \position{\position{thm} \position{\position{thm} \position{\position{thm} \position{\position{\position{thm} \position{\position{\position{thm} \position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position{\position
               \wire[arrows=o-*](plus)(basis|plus)
               \uput[l](plus){$U_0$}
               \resistor[labeloffset=.8](basis|plus)(basis){$R_1$}
              \transistor[basesep=2cm](basis){emitter}{kollektor}
10
              \wire[arrows=-*](schalter)(basis)
11
% \wire(basis)([nodesep=2] basis)
             \wire(TBaseNode)(basis)
13
               \switch(schalter|masse)(schalter){S}
14
               \lamp(kollektor|plus)(kollektor){L}
15
               \resistor(kollektor|plus)(basis|plus){$R_2$}
16
17
               \wire(emitter)(emitter|masse)
18
               \wire(emitter|masse)(basis|masse)
19
               \capacitor(basis)(basis|masse){$C_1$}
20
               \wire[arrows=*-](basis|masse)(schalter|masse)
21
               \wire[arrows=*-0](schalter|masse)(masse)
               \end{pspicture}
```

Variable radius for



```
begin{pspicture}(8,5)

circledipole(0,1)(3,1){}

pnode(4,1){A}\pnode(7,1){B}

circledipole[radius=7mm,labeloffset=1cm](A)(B){Strommesser}\rput(5.5,1){\Huge I}

circledipole[radius=4mm,fillstyle=solid,fillcolor=blue!30](0,3)(3,3){C}

end{pspicture}
```

# 2 Microwave symbols

Since for microwave signal, the direction in which the signal spreads is very important, There are dipoleinput or tripoleinput or quadripoleinput and arrowinput parameters. The value of theses parameters are left or right for the first one and true or false for second one.

The last line is to correct some problems when I use colors (see example2) To add color in components (Monopole, tripole and Quadripole), there is a new argument. \multidipole also works:

#### 2.1 New monopole components

#### **New ground**

groundstyle: ads | old | triangle

```
<u></u>
```

```
begin{pspicture}(3,2)
pnode(0.5,1){A}
pnode(1,1){B}
pnode(2.5,1){C}
newground(A)
newground[groundstyle=old]{135}(B)
newground[linecolor=blue,groundstyle=triangle]{180}(C)
end{pspicture}
```

#### **Antenna**

antennastyle: two | three | triangle

```
| begin{pspicture}(3,2)
| pnode(1,0.5){A}
| antenna[antennastyle=three](A)
| begin{pspicture}
| begin{pspicture}(3,2)
| pnode(1,0.5){A}
| antenna(A)
| end{pspicture}
| begin{pspicture}
| begin{pspicture}(3,2)
| antenna(A)
| end{pspicture}
| calcalate
| begin{pspicture}(3,2)
| antenna[antennastyle=triangle](A)
| end{pspicture}
| calcalate
| calcal
```

# 2.2 New monopole macro-components

#### **Oscillator**

```
output: top | right | bottom | left
inputarrow: false| true
```

*LOstyle:* - | crystal



```
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2 \pnode(1,1){A}
3 \oscillator[output=left,inputarrow=false](A)%
4 {$f_{L0}$}{}
5 \end{pspicture}
```



```
begin{pspicture}(3,2)
pnode(1,1){A}

coscillator[output=top,inputarrow=true,L0style=crystal](A)%

{f$_{\textrm{L0}}$}{}
end{pspicture}
```



```
begin{pspicture}(3,2)
pnode(1,1){A}

oscillator[output=right,inputarrow=false](A)%
{$f_{L0}$}{fillstyle=solid,fillcolor=blue}

end{pspicture}
```



```
begin{pspicture}(3,2)

pnode(1,1){A}

oscillator[output=bottom,inputarrow=false](A)%

{$f_{L0}$}{}

end{pspicture}
```

#### 2.3 New dipole macro-components

#### **Filters**

```
dipolestyle: bandpass | lowpass | highpass
```

inputarrow: false| true
dipoleinput: left | right

```
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
                    \poonup (0,1){A} \poonup (3,1){B}
                    \filter(A)(B){BPF}
                   \<mark>end</mark>{pspicture}
                   \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
LPF
                    \poonup (0,1){A} \poonup (3,1){B}
                    \filter[dipolestyle=lowpass,fillstyle=solid,%
                      fillcolor=red](A)(B){LPF}
                   \end{pspicture}
                   \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
                    \poonup (0,1){A} \poonup (3,1){B}
                    \filter[dipolestyle=highpass,dipoleinput=right,
                      inputarrow=true](A)(B){HPF}
                   \end{pspicture}
                   \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
                    \poonup (0,1){A} \poonup (3,1){B}
                    \filter[dipolestyle=highpass,inputarrow=true](A)(B){BPF}
                   \end{pspicture}
```

#### **Isolator**

inputarrow: false| true
dipoleinput: left | right

```
Isolator
Indicates the series of t
```

\end{pspicture}

#### Frequency multiplier/divider

dipolestyle: multiplier | divider

value:  $N \mid n \in N$ 

programmable: false| true
inputarrow: false| true
dipoleinput: left | right



#### **Phase shifter**

inputarrow: false| true
dipoleinput: left | right

## **VCO**

inputarrow: false| true
dipoleinput: left | right

```
____
```

```
begin{pspicture}(3,2)
pnode(0,1){A1} \pnode(3,1){A2}

vco[fillstyle=solid,fillcolor=yellow](A1)(A2){}
end{pspicture}
```

```
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
VCO
                   \poonup (0,1){B1} \poonup (3,1){B2}
                   \vco[dipoleinput=right,inputarrow=true](B1)(B2){VCO}
                  \end{pspicture}
```

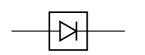
### **Amplifier**

```
inputarrow: false| true
dipoleinput: left | right
                          \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
                            \poonup (0,1){A} \poonup (3,1){B}
                            \amplifier[inputarrow=true](A)(B){}
                          \end{pspicture}
                          \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
         PA
                            \poonup (0,1){A} \poonup (3,1){B}
                            \amplifier[dipoleinput=right,inputarrow=true](A)(B){PA}
                          \end{pspicture}
        LNA
                          \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
                           \poonup (0,1){A} \poonup (3,1){B}
                           \amplifier[dipoleinput=left](A)(B){LNA}
                          \end{pspicture}
```

### **Detector**

inputarrow: false| true dipoleinput: left | right

```
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
 \poonup (0,1){A} \poonup (3,1){B}
 \detector[inputarrow=true](A)(B){}
\end{pspicture}
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
 \poonup (0,1){A} \poonup (3,1){B}
 \detector[dipoleinput=right,inputarrow=true](A)(B){}
\end{pspicture}
```



```
\begin{pspicture}(3,2)
 \poonup (0,1){A} \poonup (3,1){B}
 \detector[dipoleinput=left](A)(B){}
\end{pspicture}
```

### 2.4 New tripole macro-components

### **Mixer**

tripolestyle: bottom | top
tripoleconfig: left | right
inputarrow: false| true



```
begin{pspicture}(3,2)
pnode(0.5,1){A}\pnode(2.5,1){B}\pnode(1.5,2){C}

mixer[tripolestyle=top,inputarrow=true](A)(B)(C)%

{Mixer}{}

end{pspicture}
```



```
begin{pspicture}(3,2)

pnode(0.5,1){A}\pnode(2.5,1){B}\pnode(1.5,0){C}

mixer[inputarrow=true,tripoleinput=right](A)(B)(C)

{Mixer}{fillstyle=solid,fillcolor=yellow}

end{pspicture}
```

### Circulator

tripolestyle: circulator | isolator

inputarrow: false| true
tripoleinput: left | right

### Circulator



```
begin{pspicture}(3,2)

pnode(0.5,1){A}\pnode(2.5,1){B}\pnode(1.5,0){C}

circulator{0}(A)(B)(C){Circulator}{}

dend{pspicture}
```

```
Isolator
```

```
begin{pspicture}(3,3)

pnode(1.5,0.5){A}\pnode(1.5,2.5){B}\pnode(0.5,1.5){C}

circulator[tripolestyle=isolator,inputarrow=true]{90}%

(A)(B)(C){Isolator}{}

end{pspicture}
```

```
Isolator
```

```
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2 \pnode(0.5,1){A}\pnode(2.5,1){B}\pnode(1.5,0){C}
3 \circulator[tripoleconfig=right,tripolestyle=isolator,
4 inputarrow=true,tripoleinput=right]{0}%
5 (B)(A)(C){Isolator}{}
6 \end{pspicture}
```

```
____
```

Isolator

```
begin{pspicture}(3,2)
pnode(0.5,1){A}\pnode(2.5,1){B}\pnode(1.5,2){C}

circulator[tripoleconfig=right,
   inputarrow=true]{180}(A)(B)(C){Isolator}%

{fillstyle=solid,fillcolor=red}

end{pspicture}
```

### **Agc**

inputarrow: false| true
tripoleinput: left | right



```
begin{pspicture}(3,2)
pnode(0.5,1){A}\pnode(2.5,1){B}\pnode(1.5,0){C}

agc(A)(B)(C){AGC}{fillstyle=solid,fillcolor=yellow}

end{pspicture}
```



```
begin{pspicture}(3,2)
pnode(0.5,1){A}\pnode(2.5,1){B}\pnode(1.5,0){C}

agc[tripoleinput=right,inputarrow=true](A)(B)(C)%

{AGC}{fillstyle=solid,fillcolor=blue}

end{pspicture}
```

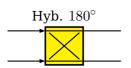
### 2.5 New quadripole macro-components

### Coupler

couplerstyle: hybrid | directional

inputarrow: false| true

quadripoleinput: left | right



```
begin{pspicture}(3,2)

pnode(0,1.4){A} \pnode(0,0.6){B}

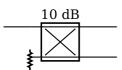
pnode(3,1.4){C} \pnode(3,0.6){D}

coupler[couplerstyle=hybrid,inputarrow=true](A)(B)(C)(D)%

{Hyb. $180$\ensuremath{^\circ}}%

{fillstyle=solid,fillcolor=yellow}

end{pspicture}
```

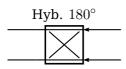


```
begin{pspicture}(3,2)
pnode(0,1.4){A} \pnode(0,0.6){B}

pnode(3,1.4){C} \pnode(3,0.6){D}

coupler[couplerstyle=directional](A)(B)(C)(D){10~dB}{}

end{pspicture}
```



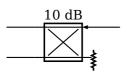
```
begin{pspicture}(3,2)

pnode(0,1.4){A} \pnode(0,0.6){B}

pnode(3,1.4){C} \pnode(3,0.6){D}

coupler[couplerstyle=hybrid,inputarrow=true,%
 quadripoleinput=right](A)(B)(C)(D)%
{Hyb. $180$\ensuremath{^\circ}}{}

end{pspicture}
```



```
begin{pspicture}(3,2)
pnode(0,1.4){A} \pnode(0,0.6){B}

pnode(3,1.4){C} \pnode(3,0.6){D}

coupler[couplerstyle=directional,quadripoleinput=right,% inputarrow=true](A)(B)(C)(D){10~dB}{}

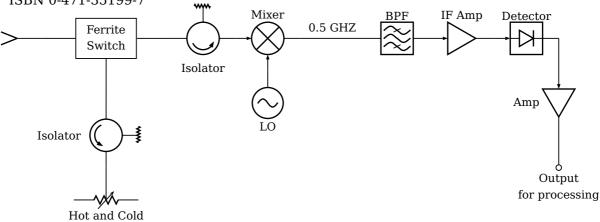
end{pspicture}
```

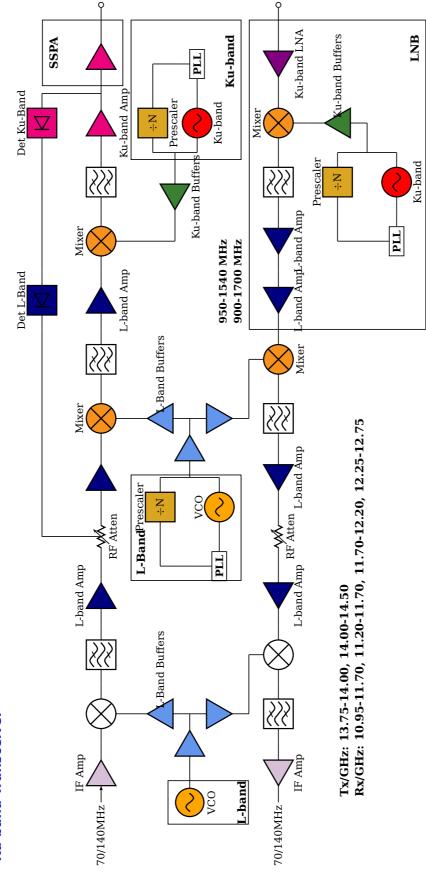
# 2.6 Examples

# Radiometer block diagram example

loads for calibration

From Chang, K., RF and Microwave Wireless Systems, Wiley InterScience, page 319, ISBN 0-471-35199-7





**Ku-band Transceiver** 

# 3 Flip Flops - logical elements

The syntax for all logical base circuits is

```
\logic [Options] (x_0, y_0) \{label\}
```

where the options and the origin are optional. If they are missing, then the default options, described in the next section and the default origin (0,0) is used. The origin specifies the lower left corner of the logical circuit.

xLkeywordlogicType

```
1 \logic{Demo}
2 \logic[logicType=and]{Demo}
3 \logic(0,0){Demo}
4 \logic[logicType=and](0,0){Demo}
```

The above four "different" calls of the \logic macro give the same output, because they are equivalent.

## 3.1 The Options

name	type	default
logicShowNode	boolean	false
logicShowDot	boolean	false
logicNodestyle	command	$\footnotesize$
logicSymbolstyle	command	\ <i>large</i>
logicSymbolpos	value	0.5
logicLabelstyle	command	$\slash$ small
logicType	string	and
logicChangeLR	boolean	false
logicWidth	length	1.5
logicHeight	length	2.5
logicWireLength	length	0.5
logicNInput	number	2
logicJInput	number	2
logicKInput	number	2

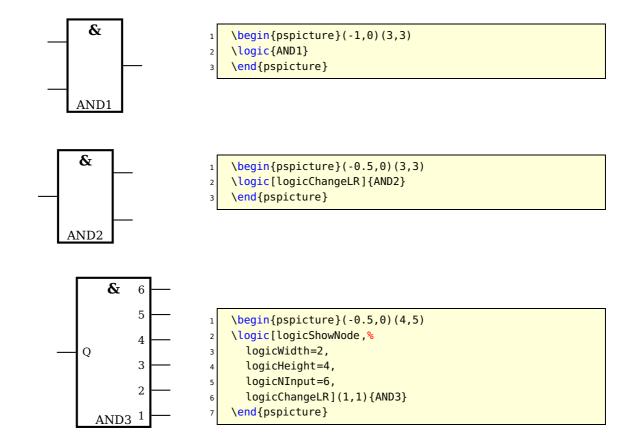
## 3.2 Basic Logical Circuits

At least the basic objects require a unique label name, otherwise it is not sure, that all nodes will work well. The label may contain any alphanumerical character and most of all symbols. But it is save using only combinations of letters and digits. For example:

And0 a0 a123 12 NOT123a

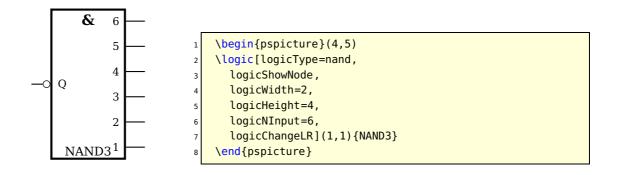
A\_1 is not a good choice, the underscore may cause some problems.

### **And**



## **NotAnd**

```
\text{\left\ begin{pspicture}(-0.5,0)(3,3) \logic[logicType=nand, \logicShowNode]{NAND1} \logic[logicType=nand, \logic[logicType=nand] \logic[logicType=nand] \logic[logicType=nand] \logic[logicType=nand] \logic[logicType=nand] \logicChangeLR]{NAND2} \logic[logicType=nand] \logicType=nand] \logic[logicType=nand] \logic[logicType=nand] \logic[l
```



### Or

```
\begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} \textbf{begin} & (-0.5,0) & (3,3) \end{array} \end{array}
2
                                    \logic[logicType=or,
                                       logicShowNode]{0R1}
       Q
                                    \end{pspicture}
 OR1
                                    \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \mathbf{begin} \{ pspicture \} (-0.5,0) (3,3) \end{array} \end{array}
  ≥1
                                    \logic[logicType=or,
                                       logicChangeLR]{OR2}
                                    \end{pspicture}
 OR2
      ≥1
             6
                                    \begin{pspicture}(4,5)
             5
                                    \logic[logicType=or,
             4
                                       logicShowNode,
 Q
                                       logicWidth=2,
             3
                                       logicHeight=4,
                                       logicNInput=6,
             2
                                       logicChangeLR](1,1){OR3}
             1
     OR3
                                    \end{pspicture}
```

## **Not Or**

```
\begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} \textbf{begin} & (-0.5,0) & (3,3) \end{array} \end{array}
                                    \logic[logicType=nor,
                                        logicShowNode]{NOR1}
      Q O
                                     \end{pspicture}
NOR1
                                     \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \mathbf{begin} \{ pspicture \} (-0.5,0) (3,3) \end{array} \end{array}
  \geq 1
                                    \logic[logicType=nor,
                                        logicChangeLR]{NOR2}
                                    \end{pspicture}
NOR2
      \geq 1
             6
                                    \begin{pspicture}(4,5)
             5
                                    \logic[logicType=nor,
             4
                                        logicShowNode,
 Q
                                        logicWidth=2,
             3
                                        logicHeight=4,
              2
                                        logicNInput=6,
                                        logicChangeLR](1,1){NOR3}
    NOR3 <sup>1</sup>
                                     \end{pspicture}
```

## Not

### **Exclusive OR**

```
\begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} \textbf{begin} & (-0.5,0) & (3,3) \end{array} \end{array}
 =1
2
                                   \logic[logicType=exor,
                                      logicShowNode]{ExOR1}
       Q
                                   \end{pspicture}
ExOR1
                                   \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \mathbf{begin} \{ pspicture \} (-0.5,0) (3,3) \end{array} \end{array}
  =1
                                   \logic[logicType=exor,
                                      logicChangeLR]{Ex0R2}
                                   \end{pspicture}
ExOR2
      =1
             6
                                   \begin{pspicture}(4,5)
             5
                                   \logic[logicType=exor,
             4
                                      logicShowNode,
 Q
                                      logicNInput=6,
             3
                                      logicWidth=2,
                                      logicHeight=4,
             2
                                      logicChangeLR](1,1){ExOR3}
    ExOR3 1
                                   \end{pspicture}
```

3.3 RS Flip Flop

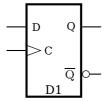
## **Exclusive NOR**

```
\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \mathbf{begin} \{ pspicture \} (-0.5,0) (3,3) \end{array} \end{array}
                                      \logic[logicType=exnor,
                                         logicShowNode]{ExNOR1}
        Q
                                      \end{pspicture}
ExNOR1
                                      \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \mathbf{begin} \{ pspicture \} (-0.5,0) (3,3) \end{array} \end{array}
                                      \logic[logicType=exnor,
                                         logicChangeLR]{ExNOR2}
                                      \end{pspicture}
ExNOR2
               6
                                      \begin{pspicture}(4,5)
               5
                                      \logic[logicType=exnor,
               4
                                         logicShowNode,
   Q
                                         logicNInput=6,
               3
                                         logicWidth=2,
                                         logicHeight=4,
               2
                                         logicChangeLR](1,1){ExNOR3}
    ExNOR3<sup>1</sup>
                                      \end{pspicture}
```

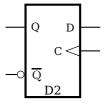
# 3.3 RS Flip Flop

3.4 D Flip Flop

# 3.4 D Flip Flop



```
begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(3,3)
logic[logicShowNode,
logicType=D]{D1}
lend{pspicture}
```



```
begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(3,3)

logic[logicShowNode=true,

logicType=D,

logicChangeLR]{D2}

hend{pspicture}
```

# 3.5 JK Flip Flop

```
\begin{array}{c|c}
\hline
K1 & Q \\
\hline
K2 & > C \\
\hline
J2 & \overline{Q} \\
\hline
J1JK1 & O
\end{array}
```

```
begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(3,3)

logic[logicShowNode,

logicType=JK,

logicKInput=2,

logicJInput=2]{JK1}

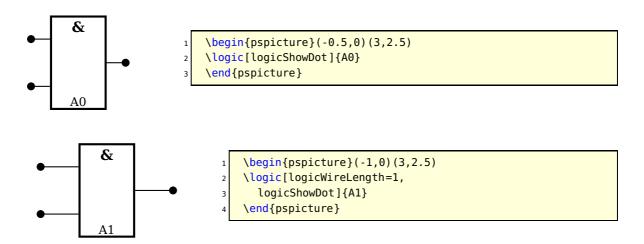
end{pspicture}
```

```
\begin{array}{c|c}
 & K1 \\
Q & K2 \\
C \sqrt{4} \\
\hline
-0 \overline{Q} & J3 \\
JK2 J2 \\
JK2 J1 \\
\end{array}
```

```
1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(3,3)
2 \logic[logicShowNode,logicType=JK,
3 logicKInput=2, logicJInput=4,
4 logicChangeLR]{JK2}
5 \end{pspicture}
```

# 3.6 Other Options

3.7 The Node Names 49



The unit of logicWireLength is the same than the actual one for pstricks, set by the unit option.

### 3.7 The Node Names

Every logic circuit is defined with its name, which should be a unique one. If we have the following NAND circuit, then pst-circ defines the nodes

```
NAND11, NAND12, NAND13, NAND14, NAND1Q
```

If there exists an inverted output, like for alle Flip Flops, then the negated one gets the appendix neg to the node name. For example:

```
NAND1Q, NAND1Qneg
```

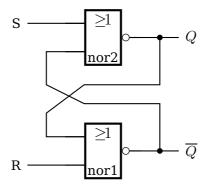
Now it is possible to draw a line from the output to the input

```
\ncbar[angleA=0,angleB=180]{<Node A>}{<Node B>}
```

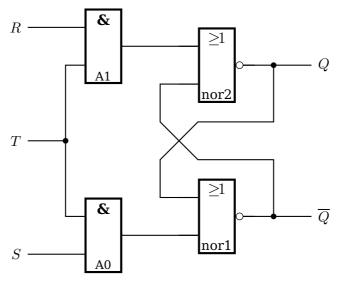
It may be easier to print a grid since the drawing phase and then comment it out if all is finished.

```
\begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} \text{begin} \{ pspicture \} (-1,-1) (2.5,3) \end{array} \end{array}
                         \logic[logicShowNode=true,%
4 &
                             logicLabelstyle=\footnotesize,%
                            logicType=nand,%
3
                            logicWireLength=1,%
      Q
2
                            logicNInput=4]{NAND1}
                            \prootemark (-0.5,0|NAND11){tempA}
NAND1
                            \pnode(2,0|NAND1Q){tempB}
                         \end{pspicture}
                         \ncbar[angleA=-90,angleB=0,arm=0.75,%
                            arrows=*-*, dotsize=0.15]{tempA}{tempB}
```

## 3.8 Examples



```
\begin{pspicture}(-1,0)(5,5)
      \psset{logicType=nor, logicLabelstyle=\normalsize,%
          logicWidth=1, logicHeight=1.5, dotsize=0.15}
      \logic(1.5,0){nor1}
      \logic(1.5,3){nor2}
      \psline(nor2Q)(4,0|nor2Q)
      \uput[0](4,0|nor2Q){$Q$}
      \psline(nor1Q)(4,0|nor1Q)
      \uput[0](4,0|nor1Q){$\overline{Q}$}
      \psline{*-}(3.50,0|nor2Q)(3.5,2.5)(1.5,2.5)
10
         (0.5,1.75)(0.5,0|nor12)(nor12)
11
      \prootember 10.50,0|nor10)(3.5,2)(1.5,2)
12
13
         (0.5,2.5)(0.5,0|nor21)(nor21)
      \psline(0,0|nor11)(nor11)\uput[180](0,0|nor11){R}
14
      \psline(0,0|nor22)(nor22)\uput[180](0,0|nor22){S}
15
    \end{pspicture}
```



```
\begin{pspicture}(-4,0)(5,7)
                       \psset{logicWidth=1, logicHeight=2, dotsize=0.15}
                      \logic[logicWireLength=0](-2,0){A0}
                      \logic[logicWireLength=0](-2,5){A1}
                      \ncbar[angleA=-180,angleB=-180,arm=0.5]{A11}{A02}
                      \psline[dotsize=0.15]{-*}(-3.5,3.5)(-2.5,3.5)
                      \uput[180](-3.5,3.5){$T$}
                      \psline(-3.5,0.5)(A01)\uput[180](-3.5,0.5){$S$}
                      \protect{\protect} \protect{\p
                      \psset{logicType=nor, logicLabelstyle=\normalsize}
11
                      \lceil \log ic(1,0.5) \rceil
12
                      \lceil \log ic(1,4.5) \rceil
                      \psline(nor2Q)(4,0|nor2Q)
13
                      \uput[0](4,0|nor2Q){$Q$}
14
                      \psline(nor1Q)(4,0|nor1Q)
15
                      \uput[0](4,0|nor1Q){$\overline{Q}$}
16
                      \psline{*-}(3,0|nor2Q)(3,4)(1,4)(0,3)(0,0|nor12)(nor12)
17
                      \psline{*-}(3,0|nor10)(3,3)(1,3)(0,4)(0,0|nor21)(nor21)
18
                      \psline(A0Q)(nor11)
19
                       \psline(A1Q)(nor22)
20
              \end{pspicture}
```

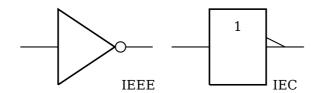
# 4 Logical circuits in american style

macro	option	defaults
\logicnot	input	true
-	invertinput	false
	invertoutput	false
	iec	false
	iecinvert	false
	bubblesize	0.2
	possible values	0.05, 0.10, 0.15, 0.20
\logicand	ninputs	2
	input? where $? = a - c$	true 1
	invertinput?	false
	where $? = a - c$	
	invertoutput	false false
	iec iecinvert	false
	bubblesize	
		0.2
	possible values	0.05, 0.10, 0.15, 0.20
\logicor	ninputs	2
	input?	true
	where $? = 1-4$	1
	invertinput?	false
	where $? = a - c$	1
	invertoutput	false
	iec	false
	iecinvert	false
	bubblesize	0.2
	possible values	0.05, 0.10, 0.15, 0.20
\logicxor	ninputs	2
	input? where $? = 1-4$	true 1
	invertinput?  where $? = a - c$	false
	invertoutput	false
	iec iecinvert	false
	lecinvert bubblesize	false
		0.2 0.05, 0.10, 0.15, 0.20
\logicff	inputa	true
(cogie:	invertinputa	false
	or cinpaca	

continued on next page  $\dots$ 

macro	option	defaults
	inputalabel inputb invertinputb	true false
	inputblabel enable invertenable clock invertclock set invertset reset invertreset bubblesize possible values	false 0.2
\logicic	pin? invertpin? pin?label pin?number where? = a-2 bubblesize	8 8, 14, 16, 20, 32 true false  z,aa,ab,ac,ad,ae,af 0.2 0.05, 0.10, 0.15, 0.20
\xic	plcaddress plcsymbol	
\xio	plcaddress plcsymbol	
\ote	plcaddress plcsymbol latch unlatch	false false
\osr	plcaddress plcsymbol	
\res	plcaddress plcsymbol	
\swpb	contactclosed	false
\swtog	contactclosed	false
\contact	contactclosed	false

# 4.1 Examples

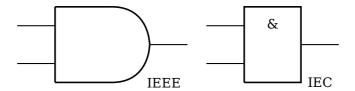


```
begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(8.5,3)

logicnot[invertoutput=true](0,0){IEEE}

logicnot[invertoutput=true,iec=true,iecinvert=true](4,0){IEC}

end{pspicture}
```

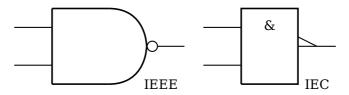


```
begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(9.5,3)

logicand[ninputs=2](0,0){IEEE}

logicand[ninputs=2,iec=true](5,0){IEC}

end{pspicture}
```

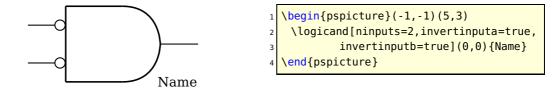


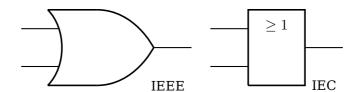
```
begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(9.5,3)

logicand[ninputs=2,invertoutput=true](0,0){IEEE}

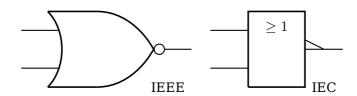
logicand[ninputs=2,invertoutput=true,iec=true,iecinvert=true](5,0){IEC}

end{pspicture}
```

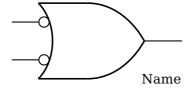


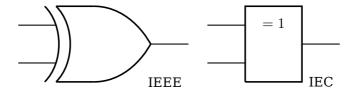


```
1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(9.5,3)
2 \logicor[ninputs=2](0,0){IEEE}
3 \logicor[ninputs=2,iec=true](5,0){IEC}
4 \end{pspicture}
```



```
1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(9.5,3)
2 \logicor[ninputs=2,invertoutput=true](0,0){IEEE}
3 \logicor[ninputs=2,invertoutput=true,iec=true,iecinvert=true](5,0){IEC}
4 \end{pspicture}
```



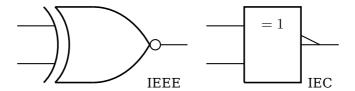


```
begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(9.5,3)

logicxor[ninputs=2]{0}(0,0){IEEE}

logicxor[ninputs=2,iec=true]{0}(5,0){IEC}

end{pspicture}
```



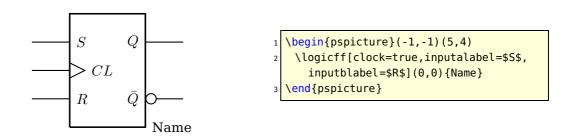
```
begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(9.5,3)

logicxor[ninputs=2,invertoutput=true]{0}(0,0){IEEE}

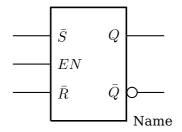
logicxor[ninputs=2,invertoutput=true,iec=true,iecinvert=true]{0}(5,0){IEC}

end{pspicture}
```

# $S ext{-}R$ Flip-Flop with Clock



# $ar{S} extsf{-}ar{R}$ Flip-Flop with Enable

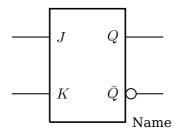


```
begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(5,4)

logicff[enable=true,inputalabel=$\bar
{S}$,inputblabel=$\bar{R}$](0,0){
   Name}

lend{pspicture}
```

# $J ext{-}K$ Flip-Flop



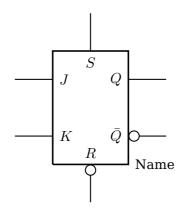
```
begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(5,4)

logicff[inputalabel=$J$,inputblabel=$

K$](0,0){Name}

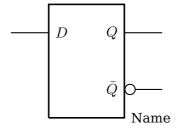
lend{pspicture}
```

# J-K Flip-Flop with Set and Reset



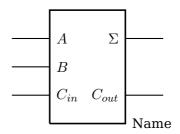
```
begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(5,4)
logicff[set=true,reset=true,
    invertreset=true,%
    inputalabel=$J$,inputblabel=$K
    $](0,0){Name}
lend{pspicture}
```

# D Flip-Flop



```
begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(5,4)
logicff[inputb=false,inputalabel=$D
    $](0,0){Name}
lend{pspicture}
```

## **Full Adder**

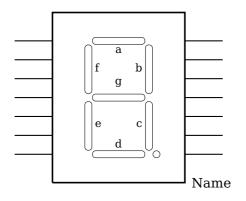


```
begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(5,4)

logicff[enable=true,invertoutputb=
    false,inputalabel=$A$,
    inputblabel=$C_{in}$,inputenlabel=$B
        $,outputalabel=$\Sigma$,
    outputblabel=$C_{out}$](0,0){\Name}

end{pspicture}
```

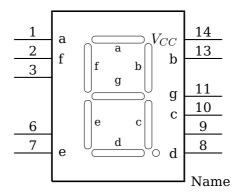
# 7-Segment Display



```
\begin{pspicture}(6.5,5)

\sevensegmentdisplay(0,0){Name}

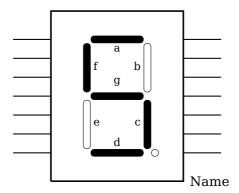
\end{pspicture}
```



```
begin{pspicture}(-1,-2)(6.5,6)

sevensegmentdisplay[pinld=false,pinle=false,pinrc=false,pinlalabel=a,
    pinlblabel=f,pinlglabel=e,pinrglabel=d,pinrelabel=c,pinrdlabel=g,
    pinrblabel=b,pinralabel={$V_{CC}$},pinlanumber=1,pinlbnumber=2,
    pinlcnumber=3,pinlfnumber=6,pinlgnumber=7,pinrgnumber=8,pinrfnumber=9,
    pinrenumber=10,pinrdnumber=11,pinrbnumber=13,pinranumber=14](0,0){Name}

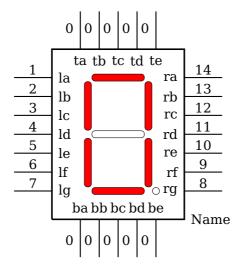
lend{pspicture}
```



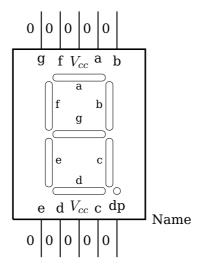
```
begin{pspicture}(-1,-2)(6.5,6)

sevensegmentdisplay[segmentdisplay=5](0,0){Name}

end{pspicture}
```



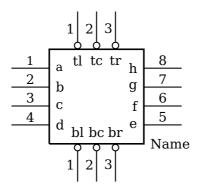
```
\begin{pspicture}(-1,-2)(6.5,6)
    \sevensegmentdisplay[segmentdisplay=0,segmentcolor=red,segmentlabels=false,
     pinlalabel=la,pinlblabel=lb,pinlclabel=lc,pinldlabel=ld,pinlelabel=le,
     pinlflabel=lf,pinlglabel=lg,pinrglabel=rg,pinrflabel=rf,pinrelabel=re,
     pinrdlabel=rd,pinrclabel=rc,pinrblabel=rb,pinralabel=ra,pinlanumber=1,
     \verb|pinlbnumber=2,pinlcnumber=3,pinldnumber=4,pinlenumber=5,pinlfnumber=6,|
     pinlgnumber=7,pinrgnumber=8,pinrfnumber=9,pinrenumber=10,pinrdnumber=11,
     pinrcnumber=12,pinrbnumber=13,pinranumber=14,pinta=true,pintalabel=ta,
     pintanumber=0,pintb=true,pintblabel=tb,pintbnumber=0,pintc=true,
10
     pintclabel=tc,pintcnumber=0,pintd=true,pintdlabel=td,pintdnumber=0,
11
     pinte=true,pintelabel=te,pintenumber=0,pinba=true,pinbalabel=ba,
     pinbanumber=0,pinbb=true,pinbblabel=bb,pinbbnumber=0,pinbc=true,
12
     pinbclabel=bd,pinbcnumber=0,pinbd=true,pinbdlabel=bd,pinbdnumber=0,
13
     pinbe=true,pinbelabel=be,pinbenumber=0](0,0){Name}
14
15 \end{pspicture}
```



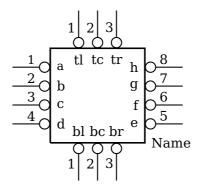
```
begin{pspicture}(-1,-2)(6.5,6)

sevensegmentdisplay[segmentdisplay=10,pinla=false,pinlb=false,
pinlc=false,pinld=false,pinle=false,pinlf=false,pinrg=false,
pinrf=false,pinre=false,pinrd=false,pinrc=false,pinrb=false,pinra=false,
pinta=true,pintalabel=g,pintanumber=0,pintb=true,pintblabel=f,pintbnumber=0,
pintc=true,pintclabel=$V_{cc}$,pintcnumber=0,pintd=true,pintdlabel=a,
pintdnumber=0,pinte=true,pintelabel=b,pintenumber=0,pinba=true,pinbalabel=e,
pinbanumber=0,pinbb=true,pinbblabel=d,pinbbnumber=0,pinbc=true,
pinbclabel=$V_{cc}$,pinbcnumber=0,pinbd=true,pinbdlabel=c,pinbdnumber=0,
pinbe=true,pinbelabel=dp,pinbenumber=0](0,0){Name}
```

### 8-Pin DIP IC

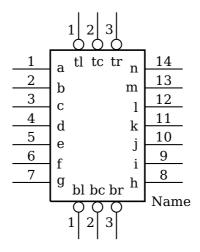


```
\begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} \textbf{begin} \{ pspicture \} (-1, -2) (5, 4) \end{array} \end{array}
    \logicic[nicpins=8,bubblesize=0.1,%
      pintl=true,pintllabel=tl,pintlnumber=1,%
      pintc=true,pintclabel=tc,pintcnumber=2,%
      pintr=true,pintrlabel=tr,pintrnumber=3,%
      invertpintl=true,invertpintc=true,invertpintr=true,%
      pinbl=true,pinbllabel=bl,pinblnumber=1,%
      pinbc=true,pinbclabel=bc,pinbcnumber=2,%
      pinbr=true,pinbrlabel=br,pinbrnumber=3,%
      invertpinbl=true,invertpinbc=true,invertpinbr=true,%
10
11
      pinalabel=a,pinblabel=b,pinclabel=c,pindlabel=d,%
12
      pinelabel=e,pinflabel=f,pinglabel=g,pinhlabel=h,%
13
      pinanumber=1, pinbnumber=2, pincnumber=3, pindnumber=4, %
      pinenumber=5,pinfnumber=6,pingnumber=7,pinhnumber=8](0,0){Name}
14
  \end{pspicture}
```



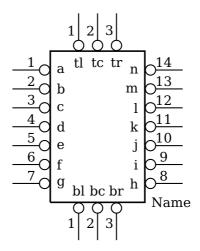
```
\begin{pspicture}(-1,-2)(5,4)
    \logicic[nicpins=8,%
     pintl=true,pintllabel=tl,pintlnumber=1,%
     pintc=true,pintclabel=tc,pintcnumber=2,%
     pintr=true,pintrlabel=tr,pintrnumber=3,%
     invertpintl=true,invertpintc=true,invertpintr=true,%
     pinbl=true,pinbllabel=bl,pinblnumber=1,%
     pinbc=true,pinbclabel=bc,pinbcnumber=2,%
     pinbr=true,pinbrlabel=br,pinbrnumber=3,%
10
     invertpinbl=true,invertpinbc=true,invertpinbr=true,%
11
     pinalabel=a,pinblabel=b,pinclabel=c,pindlabel=d,%
12
     pinelabel=e,pinflabel=f,pinglabel=g,pinhlabel=h,%
13
     pinanumber=1, pinbnumber=2, pincnumber=3, pindnumber=4, %
     pinenumber=5,pinfnumber=6,pingnumber=7,pinhnumber=8,%
14
     invertpina=true,invertpinb=true,invertpinc=true,invertpind=true,%
15
     invertpine=true,invertpinf=true,invertping=true,invertpinh=true](0,0){Name}
16
  \end{pspicture}
```

## 14-Pin DIP IC



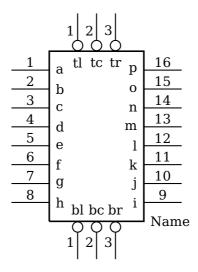
```
\begin{pspicture}(-1,-2)(5,6)
    \logicic[nicpins=14,%
     pintl=true,pintllabel=tl,pintlnumber=1,%
     pintc=true,pintclabel=tc,pintcnumber=2,%
     pintr=true,pintrlabel=tr,pintrnumber=3,%
     invertpintl=true,invertpintc=true,invertpintr=true,%
     pinbl=true,pinbllabel=bl,pinblnumber=1,%
     pinbc=true,pinbclabel=bc,pinbcnumber=2,%
     pinbr=true,pinbrlabel=br,pinbrnumber=3,%
     invertpinbl=true,invertpinbc=true,invertpinbr=true,%
11
     pinalabel=a,pinblabel=b,pinclabel=c,pindlabel=d,%
     pinelabel=e,pinflabel=f,pinglabel=g,pinhlabel=h,%
12
     pinilabel=i,pinjlabel=j,pinklabel=k,pinllabel=l,%
13
     pinmlabel=m,pinnlabel=n,%
14
     pinanumber=1,pinbnumber=2,pincnumber=3,pindnumber=4,%
15
     pinenumber=5,pinfnumber=6,pingnumber=7,pinhnumber=8,
16
     pininumber=9,pinjnumber=10,pinknumber=11,pinlnumber=12,%
17
     pinmnumber=13,pinnnumber=14]%
18
     (0,0){Name}
19
  \end{pspicture}
```

### 14-Pin DIP IC all inverted



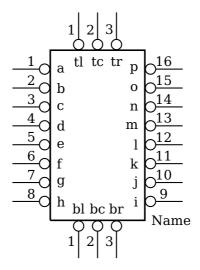
```
\begin{pspicture}(-1,-2)(5,6)
    \logicic[nicpins=14,%
     pintl=true,pintllabel=tl,pintlnumber=1,%
     pintc=true,pintclabel=tc,pintcnumber=2,%
     pintr=true,pintrlabel=tr,pintrnumber=3,%
     invertpintl=true,invertpintc=true,invertpintr=true,%
     pinbl=true,pinbllabel=bl,pinblnumber=1,%
     pinbc=true,pinbclabel=bc,pinbcnumber=2,%
     pinbr=true,pinbrlabel=br,pinbrnumber=3,%
10
     invertpinbl=true,invertpinbc=true,invertpinbr=true,%
     pinalabel=a,pinblabel=b,pinclabel=c,pindlabel=d,%
11
     pinelabel=e,pinflabel=f,pinglabel=g,pinhlabel=h,%
12
     pinilabel=i,pinjlabel=j,pinklabel=k,pinllabel=l,%
13
     pinmlabel=m,pinnlabel=n,%
14
     pinanumber=1, pinbnumber=2, pincnumber=3, pindnumber=4, %
15
     pinenumber=5,pinfnumber=6,pingnumber=7,pinhnumber=8,
16
     pininumber=9,pinjnumber=10,pinknumber=11,pinlnumber=12,%
17
     pinmnumber=13,pinnnumber=14,
18
     invertpina=true,invertpinb=true,invertpinc=true,invertpind=true,%
19
20
     invertpine=true,invertpinf=true,invertping=true,invertpinh=true,%
21
     invertpini=true,invertpinj=true,invertpink=true,invertpinl=true,%
22
     invertpinm=true,invertpinn=true]%
23
     (0,0) {Name}
  \end{pspicture}
```

### 16-Pin DIP IC



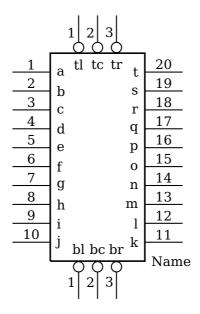
```
\begin{pspicture}(-1,-2)(5,6)
    \logicic[nicpins=16,%
     pintl=true,pintllabel=tl,pintlnumber=1,%
     pintc=true,pintclabel=tc,pintcnumber=2,%
     pintr=true,pintrlabel=tr,pintrnumber=3,%
     invertpintl=true,invertpintc=true,invertpintr=true,%
     pinbl=true,pinbllabel=bl,pinblnumber=1,%
     pinbc=true,pinbclabel=bc,pinbcnumber=2,%
     pinbr=true,pinbrlabel=br,pinbrnumber=3,%
10
     invertpinbl=true,invertpinbc=true,invertpinbr=true,%
11
     pinalabel=a,pinblabel=b,pinclabel=c,pindlabel=d,%
     pinelabel=e,pinflabel=f,pinglabel=g,pinhlabel=h,%
12
     pinilabel=i,pinjlabel=j,pinklabel=k,pinllabel=l,%
13
     pinmlabel=m,pinnlabel=n,pinolabel=o,pinplabel=p,%
14
     pinanumber=1,pinbnumber=2,pincnumber=3,pindnumber=4,%
15
     pinenumber=5,pinfnumber=6,pingnumber=7,pinhnumber=8,
16
     pininumber=9,pinjnumber=10,pinknumber=11,pinlnumber=12,%
17
     pinmnumber=13,pinnnumber=14,pinonumber=15,pinpnumber=16]%
18
     (0,0) {Name}
19
  \end{pspicture}
```

### 16-Pin DIP IC all inverted



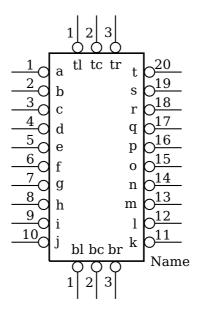
```
\begin{pspicture}(-1,-2)(5,6)
    \logicic[nicpins=16,%
     pintl=true,pintllabel=tl,pintlnumber=1,%
     pintc=true,pintclabel=tc,pintcnumber=2,%
     pintr=true,pintrlabel=tr,pintrnumber=3,%
     invertpintl=true,invertpintc=true,invertpintr=true,%
     pinbl=true,pinbllabel=bl,pinblnumber=1,%
     pinbc=true,pinbclabel=bc,pinbcnumber=2,%
     pinbr=true,pinbrlabel=br,pinbrnumber=3,%
10
     invertpinbl=true,invertpinbc=true,invertpinbr=true,%
     pinalabel=a,pinblabel=b,pinclabel=c,pindlabel=d,%
11
     pinelabel=e,pinflabel=f,pinglabel=g,pinhlabel=h,%
12
     pinilabel=i,pinjlabel=j,pinklabel=k,pinllabel=l,%
13
     pinmlabel=m,pinnlabel=n,pinolabel=o,pinplabel=p,%
14
     pinanumber=1, pinbnumber=2, pincnumber=3, pindnumber=4, %
15
     pinenumber=5,pinfnumber=6,pingnumber=7,pinhnumber=8,
16
     pininumber=9,pinjnumber=10,pinknumber=11,pinlnumber=12,%
17
     pinmnumber=13,pinnnumber=14,pinonumber=15,pinpnumber=16,
18
19
     invertpina=true,invertpinb=true,invertpinc=true,invertpind=true,%
20
     invertpine=true,invertpinf=true,invertping=true,invertpinh=true,%
21
     invertpini=true,invertpinj=true,invertpink=true,invertpinl=true,%
22
     invertpinm=true,invertpinn=true,invertpino=true,invertpinp=true]%
23
     (0,0) {Name}
  \end{pspicture}
```

### 20-Pin DIP IC



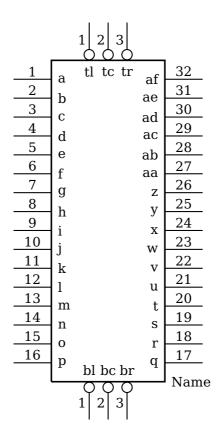
```
\begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} \textbf{begin} & \textbf{pspicture} & \textbf{(-1,-2)} & \textbf{(5,7)} \end{array} \end{array}
    \logicic[nicpins=20,%
      pintl=true,pintllabel=tl,pintlnumber=1,%
      pintc=true,pintclabel=tc,pintcnumber=2,%
      pintr=true,pintrlabel=tr,pintrnumber=3,%
      invertpintl=true,invertpintc=true,invertpintr=true,%
      pinbl=true,pinbllabel=bl,pinblnumber=1,%
      pinbc=true,pinbclabel=bc,pinbcnumber=2,%
      pinbr=true,pinbrlabel=br,pinbrnumber=3,%
      invertpinbl=true,invertpinbc=true,invertpinbr=true,%
10
11
      pinalabel=a,pinblabel=b,pinclabel=c,pindlabel=d,%
      pinelabel=e,pinflabel=f,pinglabel=g,pinhlabel=h,%
12
      pinilabel=i,pinjlabel=j,pinklabel=k,pinllabel=l,%
13
      pinmlabel=m,pinnlabel=n,pinolabel=o,pinplabel=p,%
14
      pinqlabel=q,pinrlabel=r,pinslabel=s,pintlabel=t,%
15
      pinanumber=1,pinbnumber=2,pincnumber=3,pindnumber=4,%
16
      pinenumber=5,pinfnumber=6,pingnumber=7,pinhnumber=8,
17
      pininumber=9,pinjnumber=10,pinknumber=11,pinlnumber=12,%
18
      pinmnumber=13,pinnnumber=14,pinonumber=15,pinpnumber=16,%
19
      pinqnumber=17,pinrnumber=18,pinsnumber=19,pintnumber=20]%
20
      (0,0) {Name}
21
  \end{pspicture}
```

#### 20-Pin DIP IC all inverted



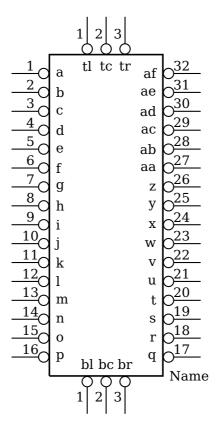
```
\begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} \textbf{begin} & \textbf{pspicture} & \textbf{(-1,-2)} & \textbf{(5,7)} \end{array} \end{array}
    \logicic[nicpins=20,%
      pintl=true,pintllabel=tl,pintlnumber=1,%
      pintc=true,pintclabel=tc,pintcnumber=2,%
      pintr=true,pintrlabel=tr,pintrnumber=3,%
      invertpintl=true,invertpintc=true,invertpintr=true,%
      pinbl=true,pinbllabel=bl,pinblnumber=1,%
      pinbc=true,pinbclabel=bc,pinbcnumber=2,%
      pinbr=true,pinbrlabel=br,pinbrnumber=3,%
      invertpinbl=true,invertpinbc=true,invertpinbr=true,%
10
11
      pinalabel=a,pinblabel=b,pinclabel=c,pindlabel=d,%
      pinelabel=e,pinflabel=f,pinglabel=g,pinhlabel=h,%
12
      pinilabel=i,pinjlabel=j,pinklabel=k,pinllabel=l,%
13
      pinmlabel=m,pinnlabel=n,pinolabel=o,pinplabel=p,%
14
      pinqlabel=q,pinrlabel=r,pinslabel=s,pintlabel=t,%
15
      pinanumber=1,pinbnumber=2,pincnumber=3,pindnumber=4,%
16
      pinenumber=5, pinfnumber=6, pingnumber=7, pinhnumber=8,
17
      pininumber=9,pinjnumber=10,pinknumber=11,pinlnumber=12,%
18
      pinmnumber=13,pinnnumber=14,pinonumber=15,pinpnumber=16,%
19
      pingnumber=17, pinrnumber=18, pinsnumber=19, pintnumber=20, %
20
      invertpina=true,invertpinb=true,invertpinc=true,invertpind=true,%
21
22
      invertpine=true,invertpinf=true,invertping=true,invertpinh=true,%
      invertpini=true,invertpinj=true,invertpink=true,invertpinl=true,%
23
      invertpinm=true,invertpinn=true,invertpino=true,invertpinp=true,%
24
      invertping=true,invertpinr=true,invertpins=true,invertpint=true]%
25
26
      (0,0) {Name}
   \end{pspicture}
```

### 32-Pin DIP IC



```
\begin{pspicture}(-1,-2)(6,9.5)
    \logicic[nicpins=32,%
     pintl=true,pintllabel=tl,pintlnumber=1,%
     pintc=true,pintclabel=tc,pintcnumber=2,%
     pintr=true,pintrlabel=tr,pintrnumber=3,%
     invertpintl=true,invertpintc=true,invertpintr=true,%
     pinbl=true,pinbllabel=bl,pinblnumber=1,%
     pinbc=true,pinbclabel=bc,pinbcnumber=2,%
     pinbr=true,pinbrlabel=br,pinbrnumber=3,%
     invertpinbl=true,invertpinbc=true,invertpinbr=true,%
10
     pinalabel=a,pinblabel=b,pinclabel=c,pindlabel=d,%
11
     pinelabel=e,pinflabel=f,pinglabel=g,pinhlabel=h,%
12
     pinilabel=i,pinjlabel=j,pinklabel=k,pinllabel=l,%
13
14
     pinmlabel=m,pinnlabel=n,pinolabel=o,pinplabel=p,%
15
     pinqlabel=q,pinrlabel=r,pinslabel=s,pintlabel=t,%
     pinulabel=u,pinvlabel=v,pinwlabel=w,pinxlabel=x,%
16
     pinylabel=y,pinzlabel=z,pinaalabel=aa,pinablabel=ab,%
17
     pinaclabel=ac,pinadlabel=ad,pinaelabel=ae,pinaflabel=af,%
18
     pinanumber=1, pinbnumber=2, pincnumber=3, pindnumber=4,%
19
     pinenumber=5, pinfnumber=6, pingnumber=7, pinhnumber=8,
20
     pininumber=9,pinjnumber=10,pinknumber=11,pinlnumber=12,%
21
     pinmnumber=13,pinnnumber=14,pinonumber=15,pinpnumber=16,%
22
     pinqnumber=17,pinrnumber=18,pinsnumber=19,pintnumber=20,%
23
     pinunumber=21,pinvnumber=22,pinvnumber=23,pinxnumber=24,%
24
     pinynumber=25,pinznumber=26,pinaanumber=27,pinabnumber=28,%
25
26
     pinacnumber=29, pinadnumber=30, pinaenumber=31, pinafnumber=32]%
     (0,0) {Name}
  \end{pspicture}
```

### 32-Pin DIP IC all inverted



```
\begin{pspicture}(-1,-2)(6,9.5)
    \logicic[nicpins=32,%
     pintl=true,pintllabel=tl,pintlnumber=1,%
     pintc=true,pintclabel=tc,pintcnumber=2,%
     pintr=true,pintrlabel=tr,pintrnumber=3,%
     invertpintl=true,invertpintc=true,invertpintr=true,%
     pinbl=true,pinbllabel=bl,pinblnumber=1,%
     pinbc=true,pinbclabel=bc,pinbcnumber=2,%
     pinbr=true,pinbrlabel=br,pinbrnumber=3,%
     invertpinbl=true,invertpinbc=true,invertpinbr=true,%
10
     pinalabel=a,pinblabel=b,pinclabel=c,pindlabel=d,%
11
12
     pinelabel=e,pinflabel=f,pinglabel=g,pinhlabel=h,%
13
     pinilabel=i,pinjlabel=j,pinklabel=k,pinllabel=l,%
     pinmlabel=m,pinnlabel=n,pinolabel=o,pinplabel=p,%
14
     pinqlabel=q,pinrlabel=r,pinslabel=s,pintlabel=t,%
15
     pinulabel=u,pinvlabel=v,pinwlabel=w,pinxlabel=x,%
16
17
     pinylabel=y,pinzlabel=z,pinaalabel=aa,pinablabel=ab,%
     pinaclabel=ac,pinadlabel=ad,pinaelabel=ae,pinaflabel=af,%
18
     pinanumber=1,pinbnumber=2,pincnumber=3,pindnumber=4,%
19
     pinenumber=5,pinfnumber=6,pingnumber=7,pinhnumber=8,
20
     pininumber=9,pinjnumber=10,pinknumber=11,pinlnumber=12,%
21
     pinmnumber=13,pinnnumber=14,pinonumber=15,pinpnumber=16,%
22
23
     pinqnumber=17,pinrnumber=18,pinsnumber=19,pintnumber=20,%
     pinunumber=21, pinvnumber=22, pinwnumber=23, pinxnumber=24, %
     pinynumber=25, pinznumber=26, pinaanumber=27, pinabnumber=28, %
```

```
pinacnumber=29, pinadnumber=30, pinaenumber=31, pinafnumber=32, %
26
     invertpina=true,invertpinb=true,invertpinc=true,invertpind=true,%
27
     invertpine=true,invertpinf=true,invertping=true,invertpinh=true,%
28
     invertpini=true,invertpinj=true,invertpink=true,invertpinl=true,%
29
     invertpinm=true,invertpinn=true,invertpino=true,invertpinp=true,%
30
     invertpinq=true,invertpinr=true,invertpins=true,invertpint=true,%
31
     invertpinu=true,invertpinv=true,invertpinw=true,invertpinx=true,%
32
33
     invertpiny=true,invertpinz=true,invertpinaa=true,invertpinab=true,%
34
     invertpinac=true,invertpinad=true,invertpinae=true,invertpinaf=true]%
     (0,0) {Name}
  \end{pspicture}
```

### XIC

```
I:1/0
Symbol
```

```
begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(1,1)

xic[plcaddress=I:1/0,
    plcsymbol=Symbol](0,0)

end{pspicture}
```

### XI0

```
I:1/0
Symbol
```

```
begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(1,1)

xio[plcaddress=I:1/0,
    plcsymbol=Symbol](0,0)

end{pspicture}
```

### **OTE**

```
begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(1,1)

tote[plcaddress=0:2/0,
     plcsymbol=Symbol](0,0)

end{pspicture}
```

### **OTL**

```
O:2/0

L

Symbol
```

### **OTE**

```
O:2/0
U
Symbol
```

```
begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(1,1)

tote[unlatch=true,

plcaddress=0:2/0,

plcsymbol=Symbol](0,0)

end{pspicture}
```

4.1 Examples 73

# **OSR**

```
O:2/0

OSR — Symbol
```

```
begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(1,1)

osr[plcaddress=0:2/0,

plcsymbol=Symbol](0,0)

end{pspicture}
```

#### **RES**



```
begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(1,1)
res[plcaddress=0:2/0,
plcsymbol=Symbol](0,0)
{end{pspicture}
```

#### **Switch PB NO**



```
begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(1,1)
swpb(0,0)
\end{pspicture}
```

# **Switch PB NC**



```
\begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(1,1)
\swpb[contactclosed=true](0,0)
\end{pspicture}
```

# **Switch TOGGLE NO**



```
begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(1,1)
swtog(0,0)
wend{pspicture}
```

### **Switch PB NC**



```
1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(1,1)
2 \swtog[contactclosed=true](0,0)
3 \end{pspicture}
```

#### **Contact NO**



```
1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(1,1)
2 \contact(0,0)
3 \end{pspicture}
```

4.1 Examples 74

#### **Contact NC**



\begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(1,1)
 \contact[contactclosed=true](0,0)
 \end{pspicture}

#### **Motor Armature**

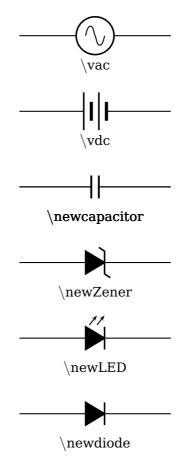


begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(1,1)

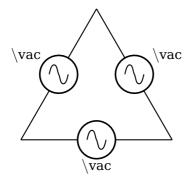
armature(0,0)

end{pspicture}

# **Modified default symbols**



```
begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(5,10)
newdiode[labeloffset=-0.8](0,0)(4,0){$\backslash$newdiode}
newLED[labeloffset=-0.8](0,2)(4,2){$\backslash$newLED}
newZener[labeloffset=-0.8](0,4)(4,4){$\backslash$newZener}
newcapacitor[labeloffset=-0.8](0,6)(4,6){$\backslash$newcapacitor}
newcapacitor[labeloffset=-0.8](0,6)(4,6){$\backslash$newcapacitor}
newcapacitor[labeloffset=-0.8](0,6)(4,6){$\backslash$newcapacitor}
\text{vdc[labeloffset=-0.8](0,8)(4,8){$\backslash$newcapacitor}}
\text{vdc[labeloffset=-0.8](0,10)(4,10){$\backslash$vdc}}
\end{pspicture}
```



```
begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(5,4)

vac[labeloffset=-0.7](0,0)(4,0){$\
 backslash$vac}

vac[labeloffset=1](0,0)(2,3.464){$\
 backslash$vac}

vac[labeloffset=1](2,3.464)(4,0){$\
 backslash$vac}

backslash$vac}

end{pspicture}
```

# **5 Adding new components**

Adding new components is not simple unless you need only a simple dipole. For dipoles a macro is provided that generates all helping macros for a new component so that you need to write only the actual drawing code.

If you want to add a new dipole component, you only need the following code:

```
\newCircDipole{ComponentName}%

def\pst@draw@ComponentName{%

* The PSTricks code for your component

the center of the component is at (0,0)

\pnode(component_left_end,0){dipole@1}

\pnode(component_right_end,0){dipole@2}}
```

This code can be placed in the core code or somewhere in the respective document in which case it must be surrounded by \makeatletter...\makeatother.

If your new dipole should also work with \multidipole then you have to make some changes in the \multidipole core code. In the definition of \pst@multidipole, look for the last \ifx test

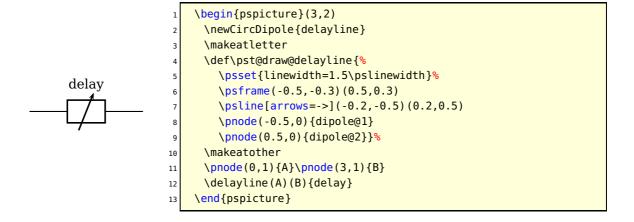
#### and add (marked with %%)

```
% ...
% Extract from \pst@multidipole
\else\ifx\OpenDipol #4\let\pscirc@next\pst@multidipole@OpenDipol% 27
\else\ifx\OpenTripol #4\let\pscirc@next\pst@multidipole@OpenTripol% 28
\else\ifx\ComponentName#4\let\next\pst@multidipole@ComponentName%%%
\else\let\pscirc@next\ignorespaces
\fi\fi\fi
% Extract form \pst@multidipole
% ...
```

### Do the same in \pst@multidipole@

```
% ...
% Extract from \pst@multidipole@
  \else\ifx\OpenDipol#l\let\pscirc@next\pst@multidipole@OpenDipol% 27
  \else\ifx\OpenTripol#1\let\pscirc@next\pst@multidipole@OpenTripol% 28
  \else\ifx\ComponentName#1\let\next\pst@multidipole@ComponentName%%%
  \else\let\pscirc@next\ignorespaces\pst@multidipole@output
  \fi\fi\fi
% Extract form \pst@multidipole@
9 % ...
```

and that's it! All you have to do then is send your modified pst-circ.tex to me and it will become part of the official release of pst-circ.



# **6 List of all optional arguments for pst-circ**

Note: the default for booleans is always false.

Key	Type	Default
intensity	boolean	true
intensitylabel	ordinary	
intensitylabelcolor	ordinary	black
intensitylabeloffset	ordinary	0.5
intensitycolor	ordinary	black
intensitywidth	ordinary	\pslinewidth
tension	boolean	true
tensionlabel	ordinary	
tensionlabelcolor	ordinary	black
tensionoffset	ordinary	1
tensionlabeloffset	ordinary	1.2
tensioncolor	ordinary	black
tensionwidth	ordinary	\pslinewidth
labeloffset	ordinary	0.7
labelangle	ordinary	0
labelInside	ordinary	0
dipoleconvention	ordinary	receptor
directconvention	boolean	true
dipolestyle	ordinary	normal
parallel	ordinary	true
parallelarm	ordinary	1.5
parallelsep	ordinary	0
parallelnode	ordinary	true
intersect	boolean	true
intersectA	ordinary	[none]
intersectB	ordinary	[none]
0Aperfect	boolean	true
0Apower	boolean	true
OAinvert	boolean	true
OAiplus	boolean	true
OAiminus	boolean	true
OAiout	boolean	true
OAipluslabel	ordinary	
OAiminuslabel	ordinary	
OAioutlabel	ordinary	
transistorcircle	boolean	true
transistorinvert	boolean	true
transistoribase	boolean	true
transistoricollector	boolean	true
transistoriemitter	boolean	true

Continued from previous page

Key	Type	Default
transistoribaselabel	ordinary	Delault
transistoricollectorlabel	ordinary	
transistoriemitterlabel	ordinary	
FETchanneltype	ordinary	[none]
FETmemory	boolean	true
transistortype	ordinary	NPN
	ordinary	0
basesep TRot	-	0
	ordinary	-
circedge	ordinary	\pcangle
primarylabel	ordinary	
secondarylabel	ordinary	+
transformeriprimary	ordinary	true
transformerisecondary	ordinary	true
transformeriprimarylabel	ordinary	
transformerisecondarylabel	ordinary	
tripolestyle	ordinary	normal
variable	boolean	true
logicChangeLR	boolean	true
logicShowDot	boolean	true
logicShowNode	boolean	true
logicWidth	ordinary	1.5
logicHeight	ordinary	2.5
logicType	ordinary	and
logicNInput	ordinary	2
logicJInput	ordinary	2
logicKInput	ordinary	2
logicWireLength	ordinary	0.5
logicLabelstyle	ordinary	
logicSymbolstyle	ordinary	\large
logicSymbolpos	ordinary	0.5
logicNodestyle	ordinary	\footnotesize
ninputs	choice	2
ninputs	choice	[none]
segmentdisplay	choice	10
segmentdisplay	choice	[none]
nicpins	choice	8
nicpins	choice	[none]
bubblesize	choice	0.15
bubblesize	choice	[none]
segmentcolor	ordinary	black
inputalabel	ordinary	
inputblabel	ordinary	
inputclabel	ordinary	

Continued from previous page

Vov.	Type	Default
Key inputenlabel		Delauit
	ordinary	
inputcllabel outputalabel	ordinary	
•	ordinary	
outputblabel	ordinary	
outputclabel	ordinary	
pinalabel	ordinary	
pinanumber	ordinary	
pinblabel	ordinary	
pinbnumber	ordinary	
pinclabel	ordinary	
pincnumber	ordinary	
pindlabel	ordinary	
pindnumber	ordinary	
pinelabel	ordinary	
pinenumber	ordinary	
pinflabel	ordinary	
pinfnumber	ordinary	
pinglabel	ordinary	
pingnumber	ordinary	
pinhlabel	ordinary	
pinhnumber	ordinary	
pinilabel	ordinary	
pininumber	ordinary	
pinjlabel	ordinary	
pinjnumber	ordinary	
pinklabel	ordinary	
pinknumber	ordinary	
pinllabel	ordinary	
pinlnumber	ordinary	
pinmlabel	ordinary	
pinmnumber	ordinary	
pinnlabel	ordinary	
pinnnumber	ordinary	
pinolabel	ordinary	
pinonumber	ordinary	
pinplabel	ordinary	
pinpnumber	ordinary	
pinqlabel	ordinary	
pinqnumber	ordinary	
pinrlabel 	ordinary	
pinrnumber	ordinary	
pinslabel	ordinary	
pinsnumber	ordinary	und on novt nago

Continued from previous page

Vov.	Typo	Default
Key pintlabel	Type ordinary	Delault
	-	
pintnumber	ordinary	
pinulabel	ordinary	
pinunumber	ordinary	
pinvlabel	ordinary	
pinvnumber	ordinary	
pinwlabel	ordinary	
pinwnumber	ordinary	
pinxlabel	ordinary	
pinxnumber	ordinary	
pinylabel	ordinary	
pinynumber	ordinary	
pinzlabel	ordinary	
pinznumber	ordinary	
pinaalabel	ordinary	
pinaanumber	ordinary	
pinablabel	ordinary	
pinabnumber	ordinary	
pinaclabel	ordinary	
pinacnumber	ordinary	
pinadlabel	ordinary	
pinadnumber	ordinary	
pinaelabel	ordinary	
pinaenumber	ordinary	
pinaflabel	ordinary	
pinafnumber	ordinary	
pinralabel	ordinary	
pinranumber	ordinary	
pinrblabel	ordinary	
pinrbnumber	ordinary	
pinrclabel	ordinary	
pinrcnumber	ordinary	
pinrdlabel	ordinary	
pinrdnumber	ordinary	
pinrelabel	ordinary	
pinrenumber	ordinary	
pinrflabel	ordinary	
pinrfnumber	ordinary	
pinrglabel	ordinary	
pinrgnumber	ordinary	
pinrhlabel	ordinary	
pinrhnumber	ordinary	
pinrilabel	ordinary	
pinrelabel pinrenumber pinrflabel pinrfnumber pinrglabel pinrgnumber pinrhlabel pinrhnumber	ordinary ordinary ordinary ordinary ordinary ordinary ordinary	

Continued from previous page

Vov.	Typo	Default
Key pinrinumber	Type ordinary	Delauit
	-	
pinrjlabel	ordinary	
pinrjnumber	ordinary	
pinrklabel	ordinary	
pinrknumber	ordinary	
pinrllabel	ordinary	
pinrlnumber	ordinary	
pinrmlabel	ordinary	
pinrmnumber	ordinary	
pinrnlabel	ordinary	
pinrnnumber	ordinary	
pinrolabel	ordinary	
pinronumber	ordinary	
pinrplabel	ordinary	
pinrpnumber	ordinary	
pinlalabel	ordinary	
pinlanumber	ordinary	
pinlblabel	ordinary	
pinlbnumber	ordinary	
pinlclabel	ordinary	
pinlcnumber	ordinary	
pinldlabel	ordinary	
pinldnumber	ordinary	
pinlelabel	ordinary	
pinlenumber	ordinary	
pinlflabel	ordinary	
pinlfnumber	ordinary	
pinlglabel	ordinary	
pinlgnumber	ordinary	
pinlhlabel	ordinary	
pinlhnumber	ordinary	
pinlilabel	ordinary	
pinlinumber	ordinary	
pinljlabel	ordinary	
pinljnumber	ordinary	
pinlklabel	ordinary	
pinlknumber	ordinary	
pinlllabel	ordinary	
pinllnumber	ordinary	
pinlmlabel	ordinary	
pinlmnumber	ordinary	
pinlnlabel	ordinary	
pinlnnumber	ordinary	
pinlnlabel	ordinary	

Continued from previous page

Key	Type	Default
pinlolabel	ordinary	Dolumi
pinlonumber	ordinary	
pinlplabel	ordinary	
pinlpnumber	ordinary	
pintllabel	ordinary	
pintlnumber	ordinary	
pintclabel	ordinary	
pintcnumber	ordinary	
pintrlabel	ordinary	
pintrnumber	ordinary	
pinbllabel	ordinary	
pinblnumber	ordinary	
pinbclabel	ordinary	
pinbcraber	ordinary	
pinbendmber	ordinary	
pinbrumber	ordinary	
pintalabel	ordinary	
pintanumber	ordinary	
pintblabel	ordinary	
pintbnumber	ordinary	
pintclabel	ordinary	
•	-	
•	-	
•	•	
•	-	
•	-	
•	_	
•	-	
pinbblabel	•	
pinbbnumber	-	
pinbclabel	-	
pinbcnumber	-	
•	-	
pinbdnumber	-	
pinbelabel	ordinary	
pinbenumber	ordinary	
plcaddress	ordinary	
plcsymbol	ordinary	
iec	ordinary	false
iecinvert	ordinary	false
input	ordinary	true
invertinput	ordinary	false
inputa	ordinary	true
pintcnumber pintdlabel pintdnumber pintelabel pintenumber pinbalabel pinbanumber pinbblabel pinbbnumber pinbclabel pinbcnumber pinbdlabel pinbdnumber pinbdlabel pinbdnumber pinbdlabel pinbdnumber pinbelabel pinbenumber pinbelabel pinbenumber pinbelabel pinbenumber plcaddress plcsymbol iec iecinvert input invertinput	ordinary ordinary	false true false

Continued from previous page

Vov.	Туто	Default
Key	Type	false
invertinputa	ordinary	
inputb	ordinary	true
invertinputb	ordinary	false
inputc	ordinary	true
invertinputc	ordinary	false
inputd	ordinary	true
invertinputd	ordinary	false
enable	ordinary	false
invertenable	ordinary	false
clock	ordinary	false
invertclock	ordinary	false
set	ordinary	false
invertset	ordinary	false
reset	ordinary	false
invertreset	ordinary	false
output	ordinary	true
invertoutput	ordinary	false
outputa	ordinary	true
invertoutputa	ordinary	false
outputb	ordinary	true
invertoutputb	ordinary	true
segmentlabels	ordinary	true
pina	ordinary	true
invertpina	ordinary	false
pinb	ordinary	true
invertpinb	ordinary	false
pinc	ordinary	true
invertpinc	ordinary	false
pind	ordinary	true
invertpind	ordinary	false
pine	ordinary	true
invertpine	ordinary	false
pinf	ordinary	true
invertpinf	ordinary	false
ping	ordinary	true
invertping	ordinary	false
pinh	ordinary	true
invertpinh	ordinary	false
pini	ordinary	true
invertpini	ordinary	false
pinj	ordinary	true
invertpinj	ordinary	false
pink	ordinary	true

Continued from previous page

invertpink ordinary false pinl ordinary true invertpinl prind ordinary false pinm ordinary true invertpinn ordinary true invertpinn ordinary true invertpinn ordinary false pinn ordinary true invertpinn ordinary false pinp ordinary true invertpinp ordinary true invertpinp ordinary true invertpinp ordinary true invertpinp ordinary true invertpinq ordinary true invertping ordinary true invertpinr ordinary false pinr ordinary false pins ordinary true invertpins ordinary true invertpins ordinary true invertpint ordinary false pint ordinary true invertpint ordinary true invertpinu ordinary false pinu ordinary true invertpinu ordinary true invertpinu ordinary true invertpinv ordinary false pinw ordinary true invertpinw ordinary true invertpinx ordinary true invertpinx ordinary false piny ordinary true invertpinx ordinary true invertpinx ordinary true invertpinx ordinary false pinz ordinary true invertpina ordinary true invertpinab ordinary true invertpinab ordinary false pinac ordinary false ordinary true invertpinad ordinary true invertpinae ordinary true invertpinae ordinary false ordinary false ordinary true invertpinae ordinary false ordinary false ordinary true invertpinae ordinary false ordinary true	Vov.	Trmo	 Default
pinl ordinary true invertpinl ordinary false pinm ordinary true invertpinm ordinary false pinm ordinary true invertpinm ordinary false pinn ordinary true invertpinn ordinary false pinp ordinary true invertpinp ordinary true invertpinp ordinary true invertpinq ordinary true invertpinq ordinary true invertpinr ordinary false pinr ordinary true invertpins ordinary true invertpins ordinary true invertpins ordinary true invertpint ordinary false pint ordinary true invertpint ordinary false pinu ordinary true invertpinu ordinary true invertpinu ordinary true invertpinu ordinary true invertpinv ordinary true invertpinv ordinary true invertpinw ordinary true invertpinw ordinary true invertpinw ordinary true invertpinx ordinary true invertpiny ordinary true invertpinz ordinary true invertpina ordinary true invertpinad ordinary false pinad ordinary true invertpinae ordinary false pinae ordinary true invertpinae ordinary false pinae ordinary true invertpinae ordinary true invertpinae ordinary true invertpinae ordinary false pinae ordinary true invertpinae ordinary false ordinary true	Key	Type	
invertpinl primm ordinary false primm ordinary true invertpinm prime ordinary false prime ordinary false prime ordinary false prime ordinary true invertpine ordinary false prime ordinary false ordinary true invertpinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary false ordinary true invertpinad ordinary true invertp	•	-	
pinm ordinary true invertpinm ordinary false pinn ordinary true invertpinn ordinary false pinn ordinary false pinn ordinary false pinn ordinary true invertpino ordinary true invertpinp ordinary false ping ordinary true invertpinq ordinary false pinr ordinary false pinr ordinary false pins ordinary true invertpins ordinary false pint ordinary false pint ordinary true invertpint ordinary false pinu ordinary true invertpint ordinary false pinu ordinary true invertpinu ordinary true invertpinu ordinary true invertpinu ordinary false pinv ordinary false pinw ordinary true invertpinw ordinary false pinw ordinary true invertpinw ordinary false pinx ordinary true invertpinx ordinary true invertpiny ordinary true invertpiny ordinary false ping ordinary true invertpiny ordinary false pina ordinary true invertpina ordinary false pinab ordinary false pinab ordinary false pinab ordinary false pinac ordinary true invertpinad ordinary false pinad ordinary false pinae ordinary false ordinary false pinae ordinary false ordinary fa	•	•	
invertpinm ordinary false pinn ordinary true invertpinn ordinary false pino ordinary false pino ordinary true invertpino ordinary false pinp ordinary true invertpinp ordinary false pinq ordinary true invertpinq ordinary true invertpinq ordinary true invertpinr ordinary false pinr ordinary true invertpinr ordinary false pins ordinary true invertpins ordinary false pint ordinary true invertpint ordinary true invertpinu ordinary true invertpinu ordinary false pinv ordinary true invertpinv ordinary false pinw ordinary true invertpinw ordinary false pinx ordinary true invertpinx ordinary false piny ordinary true invertpiny ordinary false piny ordinary true invertpiny ordinary true invertpiny ordinary true invertpiny ordinary false pina ordinary true invertpina ordinary true invertpina ordinary false pinaa ordinary true invertpinab ordinary false pinab ordinary true invertpinac ordinary true invertpinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary false pinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary false pinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary false pinae ordinary false	•	•	
pinn ordinary true invertpinn ordinary false pino ordinary true invertpino ordinary false pinp ordinary true invertpinp ordinary false pinq ordinary true invertpinq ordinary false pinq ordinary true invertpinq ordinary false pinr ordinary true invertpinr ordinary false pins ordinary true invertpins ordinary false pint ordinary true invertpint ordinary false pinu ordinary true invertpinu ordinary false pinu ordinary false pinv ordinary false pinv ordinary false pinw ordinary true invertpinv ordinary false pinw ordinary true invertpinw ordinary false pinx ordinary true invertpinx ordinary false piny ordinary true invertpiny ordinary false piny ordinary true invertpiny ordinary false pinz ordinary true invertpina ordinary false pina ordinary true invertpina ordinary false pinab ordinary true invertpinab ordinary false pinac ordinary true invertpinac ordinary false pinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary false pinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary false pinae ordinary false pinae ordinary true invertpinae ordinary false pinae ordinary false pinae ordinary true	•	-	
invertpinn pino pino pino pino piny pino pinp pinp pinp pinp pinq pinq pinq pinq	•	•	
pino ordinary true invertpino ordinary false pinp ordinary true invertpinp ordinary false pinq ordinary true invertpinq ordinary true invertpinr ordinary true invertpins ordinary true invertpins ordinary true invertpins ordinary true invertpint ordinary true invertpint ordinary true invertpint ordinary true invertpinu ordinary true invertpinu ordinary true invertpinu ordinary true invertpinv ordinary true invertpinx ordinary true invertpinx ordinary true invertpinx ordinary true invertpiny ordinary true invertpiny ordinary true invertpiny ordinary true invertpinz ordinary true invertpina ordinary true invertpina ordinary true invertpina ordinary true invertpina ordinary false pinab ordinary false pinac ordinary false pinac ordinary false pinac ordinary false pinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary false pinad ordinary false pinad ordinary false pinae ordinary false ordinary false pinae ordinary false ordinary false pinae ordinary false ordinar	•	-	
invertpino ordinary false pinp ordinary true invertpinp ordinary true invertpinp ordinary true invertpinc ordinary false pinc ordinary true invertpinc ordinary true invertpinc ordinary true invertpinc ordinary false pince ordinary true invertpince ordinary false pinac ordinary true invertpince ordinary false pinac ordinary true invertpinac ordinary false pinac ordinary true invertpinac ordinary false pinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary false pinae ordinary false ordinary	•	•	
pinp ordinary true invertpinp ordinary false pinq ordinary true invertpinq ordinary false pinr ordinary true invertpinr ordinary false pins ordinary true invertpins ordinary false pint ordinary true invertpint ordinary false pinu ordinary true invertpinu ordinary false pinu ordinary true invertpinu ordinary false pinv ordinary true invertpinv ordinary false pinw ordinary true invertpinw ordinary false pinx ordinary true invertpinx ordinary false piny ordinary true invertpinx ordinary false piny ordinary true invertpiny ordinary false pinz ordinary true invertpinz ordinary true invertpinaa ordinary true invertpinaa ordinary false pinab ordinary false pinab ordinary false pinac ordinary true invertpinab ordinary false pinac ordinary true invertpinad ordinary false pinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary false pinad ordinary false pinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary false pinad ordinary false pinad ordinary false pinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary false pinae ordinary false	•	-	
invertpinp pinq pinq pinq pinq pinr pinr pinr pinr pins pins pins pins pint pint pint pint pint pint pint pint	•	•	
pinq ordinary true invertpinq ordinary false pinr ordinary true invertpinr ordinary false pins ordinary true invertpins ordinary false pint ordinary true invertpint ordinary false pinu ordinary true invertpinu ordinary true invertpinu ordinary false pinv ordinary true invertpinv ordinary false pinw ordinary true invertpinw ordinary false pinx ordinary true invertpinx ordinary false pinx ordinary true invertpinx ordinary false piny ordinary true invertpiny ordinary false pinz ordinary true invertpinz ordinary false pina ordinary true invertpinaa ordinary false pinab ordinary true invertpinab ordinary false pinac ordinary false pinac ordinary true invertpinac ordinary false pinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary false pinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary false pinae ordinary false	• •	•	
invertpinq ordinary false pinr ordinary true invertpinr ordinary false pins ordinary true invertpins ordinary false pint ordinary false pint ordinary false pinu ordinary true invertpinu ordinary true invertpinu ordinary false pinv ordinary false pinw ordinary true invertpinw ordinary true invertpinw ordinary false pinx ordinary true invertpinx ordinary true invertpinx ordinary false piny ordinary true invertpiny ordinary false piny ordinary true invertpiny ordinary false pinz ordinary true invertpinz ordinary true invertpinz ordinary false pina ordinary true invertpina ordinary true invertpinaa ordinary true invertpinab ordinary false pinac ordinary false pinac ordinary false pinac ordinary true invertpinad ordinary false pinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary false pinae ordinary true invertpinad ordinary false pinae ordinary true		•	
pinr ordinary true invertpinr ordinary false pins ordinary false pint ordinary false pint ordinary false pint ordinary false pinu ordinary true invertpinu ordinary true invertpinu ordinary false pinv ordinary false pinw ordinary true invertpinw ordinary true invertpinw ordinary false pinx ordinary true invertpinx ordinary true invertpinx ordinary false piny ordinary false piny ordinary false piny ordinary false pinz ordinary true invertpiny ordinary false pinz ordinary true invertpinz ordinary true invertpina ordinary true invertpina ordinary true invertpinaa ordinary false pinab ordinary true invertpinab ordinary false pinac ordinary false pinac ordinary false pinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary false pinad ordinary false pinae ordinary true invertpinad ordinary false pinae ordinary false ordinary true invertpinae ordinary false pinae ordinary false pinae ordinary true		•	
invertpinr pins pins ordinary invertpins pint ordinary pint ordinary pint ordinary pint ordinary pinu ordinary pinu ordinary pinu ordinary pinv ordinary pinv ordinary pinw ordinary pinw ordinary pinw ordinary pinw ordinary pinx ordinary pinx ordinary pinx ordinary pinx ordinary piny ordinary piny ordinary piny ordinary pinz pinz ordinary pinz pinz ordinary pinz pinz ordinary pinz pinaa ordinary pinaa ordinary pinab ordinary pinab ordinary pinac pinac ordinary pinac o	•	•	
pins ordinary true invertpins ordinary false pint ordinary true invertpint ordinary true invertpinu ordinary true invertpinu ordinary true invertpinu ordinary false pinu ordinary true invertpinu ordinary false pinw ordinary true invertpinw ordinary false pinx ordinary true invertpinx ordinary false piny ordinary true invertpinx ordinary false piny ordinary false pinz ordinary true invertpinz ordinary false pina ordinary true invertpina ordinary false pinaa ordinary true invertpinab ordinary false pinab ordinary false pinac ordinary false pinad ordinary true invertpinac ordinary false pinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary false pinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary false pinae ordinary false pinaf ordinary true	•	•	
invertpins pint ordinary invertpint pinu ordinary invertpinu pinu ordinary invertpinu invertpinu pinv ordinary invertpinv pinw ordinary invertpinw ordinary invertpinx piny ordinary invertpiny pinz ordinary invertpiny pinz ordinary invertpinz pinaa ordinary invertpinaa pinab ordinary invertpinab pinac ordinary invertpinac pinad invertpinad pinad invertpinad pinad invertpinad pinad invertpinad pinad invertpinad pinad ordinary invertpinad pinae ordinary invertpinae pinaf ordinary invertpinae	-	•	
pint ordinary true invertpint ordinary false pinu ordinary true invertpinu ordinary false pinv ordinary true invertpinv ordinary true invertpinw ordinary true invertpinx ordinary true invertpinx ordinary true invertpinx ordinary true invertpiny ordinary true invertpiny ordinary false pinz ordinary true invertpinz ordinary true invertpinz ordinary true invertpinz ordinary true invertpina ordinary true invertpina ordinary true invertpina ordinary true invertpinab ordinary false pinab ordinary true invertpinac ordinary false pinac ordinary false pinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary false pinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary false pinae ordinary true invertpinae ordinary true invertpinae ordinary false pinaf ordinary false pinaf	•	-	
invertpint pinu ordinary pinu ordinary invertpinu pinv ordinary pinv pinvertpinad pinad ordinary pinae	•	•	false
pinu ordinary true invertpinu ordinary false pinv ordinary false pinw ordinary true invertpinw ordinary false pinx ordinary false pinx ordinary false piny ordinary false piny ordinary false pinz ordinary true invertpiny ordinary false pinz ordinary true invertpinz ordinary false pinaa ordinary true invertpinaa pinab ordinary false pinac ordinary true invertpinab ordinary false pinac ordinary true invertpinac ordinary false pinac ordinary true invertpinac ordinary false pinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary false pinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary false pinae ordinary false pinaf ordinary false ordinary false pinaf	•	•	
invertpinu ordinary false pinv ordinary true invertpinv ordinary false pinw ordinary true invertpinw ordinary false pinx ordinary true invertpinx ordinary false piny ordinary true invertpiny ordinary false pinz ordinary true invertpinz ordinary false pinaa ordinary true invertpinaa ordinary true invertpinab ordinary false pinab ordinary true invertpinab ordinary false pinac ordinary true invertpinac ordinary false pinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary false pinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary false pinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary false pinae ordinary false pinae ordinary true invertpinae ordinary false pinae ordinary false pinaf ordinary true	•	•	
pinv ordinary true invertpinv ordinary false pinw ordinary false pinx ordinary true invertpinx ordinary false piny ordinary false pinz ordinary false pinz ordinary false pinz ordinary false pina ordinary true invertpinz ordinary false pinaa ordinary true invertpinaa ordinary true invertpinaa ordinary true invertpinab ordinary true invertpinab ordinary true invertpinab ordinary true invertpinac ordinary true invertpinac ordinary true invertpinac ordinary true invertpinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary true invertpinae ordinary true	•	•	
invertpinv pinw ordinary invertpinw pinx ordinary pinx ordinary piny ordinary piny ordinary pinz ordinary pinz ordinary pinz ordinary pinz ordinary pinaa ordinary pinaa ordinary pinab ordinary pinab ordinary pinab ordinary pinab ordinary pinac or	•	•	
pinw ordinary true invertpinw ordinary false pinx ordinary false piny ordinary false piny ordinary false pinz ordinary false pinaa ordinary false pinab ordinary false pinab ordinary false pinac ordinary true invertpinab ordinary false pinac ordinary false pinac ordinary true invertpinab ordinary false pinac ordinary true invertpinac ordinary false pinad ordinary false pinad ordinary false pinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary false pinae ordinary false pinae ordinary true invertpinae ordinary false pinae ordinary false pinae ordinary false pinae ordinary false pinaf ordinary true	pinv	•	
invertpinw ordinary false pinx ordinary true invertpinx ordinary false piny ordinary true invertpiny ordinary false pinz ordinary true invertpinz ordinary false pinaa ordinary true invertpinaa ordinary false pinab ordinary true invertpinab ordinary false pinac ordinary true invertpinac ordinary true invertpinac ordinary false pinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary true invertpinae ordinary true invertpinae ordinary false pinae ordinary false pinae ordinary true invertpinae ordinary true	invertpinv	•	
pinx ordinary true invertpinx ordinary false piny ordinary true invertpiny ordinary true invertpinz ordinary true invertpinaa ordinary true invertpinaa ordinary true invertpinab ordinary true invertpinab ordinary true invertpinab ordinary false pinac ordinary true invertpinac ordinary true invertpinac ordinary false pinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary true invertpinae ordinary true invertpinae ordinary true invertpinae ordinary true invertpinae ordinary false pinae ordinary true invertpinae ordinary true invertpinae ordinary true invertpinae ordinary true	pinw	•	
invertpinx ordinary false piny ordinary true invertpiny ordinary false pinz ordinary true invertpinz ordinary false pinaa ordinary true invertpinaa ordinary false pinab ordinary true invertpinab ordinary false pinac ordinary true invertpinac ordinary true invertpinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary true invertpinae ordinary false pinae ordinary false pinae ordinary true invertpinae ordinary false pinaf ordinary true	invertpinw	-	false
piny ordinary true invertpiny ordinary false pina ordinary false pinaa ordinary true invertpinaa ordinary false pinab ordinary true invertpinab ordinary false pinac ordinary false pinac ordinary true invertpinac ordinary false pinad ordinary false pinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary false pinae ordinary true invertpinae ordinary false pinaf ordinary true	pinx	ordinary	true
invertpiny ordinary false pinz ordinary true invertpinz ordinary false pinaa ordinary false pinab ordinary true invertpinab ordinary false pinac ordinary true invertpinac ordinary true invertpinac ordinary false pinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary true invertpinae ordinary false pinae ordinary true invertpinae ordinary true invertpinae ordinary false pinaf ordinary true	invertpinx	-	
pinz ordinary true invertpinz ordinary false pinaa ordinary true invertpinaa ordinary false pinab ordinary true invertpinab ordinary false pinac ordinary true invertpinac ordinary false pinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary false pinae ordinary true invertpinae ordinary false pinaf ordinary true	piny	ordinary	true
invertpinz ordinary false pinaa ordinary true invertpinaa ordinary false pinab ordinary true invertpinab ordinary false pinac ordinary true invertpinac ordinary false pinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary false pinae ordinary true invertpinae ordinary true invertpinae ordinary true invertpinae ordinary true	invertpiny	ordinary	false
pinaa ordinary true invertpinaa ordinary false pinab ordinary true invertpinab ordinary false pinac ordinary true invertpinac ordinary false pinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary false pinae ordinary true invertpinae ordinary true invertpinae ordinary false pinaf ordinary true	pinz	ordinary	true
invertpinaa ordinary false pinab ordinary true invertpinab ordinary false pinac ordinary true invertpinac ordinary false pinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary false pinae ordinary true invertpinae ordinary true invertpinae ordinary true invertpinae ordinary true invertpinae ordinary true	invertpinz	ordinary	false
pinab ordinary true invertpinab ordinary false pinac ordinary true invertpinac ordinary false pinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary false pinae ordinary true invertpinae ordinary true invertpinae ordinary false pinaf ordinary true	pinaa	ordinary	true
invertpinab ordinary false pinac ordinary true invertpinac ordinary false pinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary false pinae ordinary true invertpinae ordinary false pinaf ordinary true	invertpinaa	ordinary	false
pinac ordinary true invertpinac ordinary false pinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary false pinae ordinary true invertpinae ordinary false pinaf ordinary true	pinab	ordinary	true
invertpinac ordinary false pinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary false pinae ordinary true invertpinae ordinary false pinaf ordinary true	invertpinab	ordinary	false
pinad ordinary true invertpinad ordinary false pinae ordinary true invertpinae ordinary false pinaf ordinary true	pinac	ordinary	true
invertpinad ordinary false pinae ordinary true invertpinae ordinary false pinaf ordinary true	invertpinac	ordinary	false
pinae ordinary true invertpinae ordinary false pinaf ordinary true	pinad	ordinary	true
invertpinae ordinary false pinaf ordinary true	invertpinad	ordinary	false
pinaf ordinary true	pinae	ordinary	true
•	invertpinae	ordinary	false
invertpinaf ordinary false	pinaf	ordinary	true
- 1 mar	invertpinaf	ordinary	false

Continued from previous page

Vov.	Typo	 Default
Key	Type ordinary	true
pinla	•	
invertpinla	ordinary	false
pinlb	ordinary	true
invertpinlb	ordinary	false
pinlc	ordinary	
invertpinlc	ordinary	false
pinld	ordinary	true
invertpinld	ordinary	
pinle	ordinary	true
invertpinle	ordinary	false
pinlf	ordinary	
invertpinlf	ordinary	false
pinlg	ordinary	
invertpinlg	ordinary	false
pinlh	ordinary	true
invertpinlh	ordinary	
pinli	ordinary	true
invertpinli	ordinary	false
pinlj	ordinary	
invertpinlj	ordinary	false
pinlk	ordinary	true
invertpinlk	ordinary	false
pinll	ordinary	true
invertpinll	ordinary	false
pinlm	ordinary	true
invertpinlm	ordinary	false
pinln	ordinary	true
invertpinln	ordinary	false
pinlo	ordinary	true
invertpinlo	ordinary	false
pinlp	ordinary	true
invertpinlp	ordinary	false
pinra	ordinary	true
invertpinra	ordinary	false
pinrb	ordinary	true
invertpinrb	ordinary	false
pinrc	ordinary	true
invertpinrc	ordinary	false
pinrd	ordinary	true
invertpinrd	ordinary	false
pinre	ordinary	true
invertpinre	ordinary	false
pinrf	ordinary	true
•		und on novt page

Continued from previous page

Vor.	Trmo	Default
Key	Type	Default
invertpinrf	ordinary	false
pinrg	ordinary	true
invertpinrg	ordinary	
pinrh 	ordinary	
invertpinrh 	ordinary	false
pinri	ordinary	
invertpinri	ordinary	
pinrj	ordinary	
invertpinrj	ordinary	
pinrk	ordinary	true
invertpinrk	ordinary	
pinrl	ordinary	
invertpinrl	ordinary	
pinrm	ordinary	
invertpinrm	ordinary	false
pinrn	ordinary	true
invertpinrn	ordinary	false
pinro	ordinary	true
invertpinro	ordinary	false
pinrp	ordinary	true
invertpinrp	ordinary	false
pintl	ordinary	false
invertpintl	ordinary	false
pintc	ordinary	false
invertpintc	ordinary	false
pintr	ordinary	false
invertpintr	ordinary	false
pinbl	ordinary	false
invertpinbl	ordinary	false
pinbc	ordinary	false
invertpinbc	ordinary	false
pinbr	ordinary	false
invertpinbr	ordinary	false
pinta	ordinary	false
invertpinta	ordinary	false
pintb	ordinary	false
invertpintb	ordinary	false
pintc	ordinary	false
invertpintc	ordinary	false
pintd	ordinary	false
invertpintd	ordinary	
pinte	ordinary	false
invertpinte	ordinary	false
· -   ·	2.32.31	

References 87

# Continued from previous page

Key	Type	Default
pinba	ordinary	false
invertpinba	ordinary	false
pinbb	ordinary	
invertpinbb	ordinary	false
pinbc	ordinary	false
invertpinbc	ordinary	false
pinbd	ordinary	false
invertpinbd	ordinary	false
pinbe	ordinary	false
invertpinbe	ordinary	false
dpleft	ordinary	false
dpright	ordinary	true
latch	ordinary	false
unlatch	ordinary	false
contactclosed	ordinary	false
polarized	ordinary	false
inputarrow	boolean	true
programmable	boolean	true
connectingdot	boolean	true
groundstyle	ordinary	ads
antennastyle	ordinary	two
output	ordinary	top
L0style	ordinary	
dipoleinput	ordinary	left
value	ordinary	0
tripoleinput	ordinary	left
tripoleconfig	ordinary	left
couplerstyle	ordinary	hxbrid
quadripoleinput	ordinary	left

# **References**

- [1] Michel Goosens, Frank Mittelbach, Serbastian Rahtz, Denis Roegel, and Herbert Voß. *The LATEX Graphics Companion*. Addison-Wesley Publishing Company, Reading, Mass., 2nd edition, 2007.
- [2] Laura E. Jackson and Herbert Voß. Die Plot-Funktionen von pst-plot. Die  $T_EXnische\ Kom\"{o}die$ , 2/02:27–34, June 2002.
- [3] Nikolai G. Kollock. *PostScript richtig eingesetzt: vom Konzept zum praktischen Einsatz.* IWT, Vaterstetten, 1989.
- [4] Herbert Voß. Die mathematischen Funktionen von Postscript. Die  $T_EXnische$  Komödie, 1/02:40–47, March 2002.

References 88

[5] Herbert Voss. *PSTricks Support for pdf.* http://PSTricks.de/pdf/pdfoutput.phtml, 2002.

- [6] Herbert Voß. *PSTricks Grafik für T<sub>E</sub>X und L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X*. DANTE/Lehmanns, Heidelberg/Berlin, 6. edition, 2010.
- [7] Herbert Voß. Typsetting mathematics with  $\LaTeX$ TEX. UIT, Cambridge UK, 2010.
- [8] Herbert Voß. *PSTricks Graphics and PostScript for LATEX*. UIT, Cambridge UK, 1st edition, 2011.
- [9] Michael Wiedmann and Peter Karp. References for TEX and Friends. http://www.miwie.org/tex-refs/, 2003.
- [10] Timothy Van Zandt. PSTricks PostScript macros for Generic TeX. http://www.tug.org/application/PSTricks, 1993.

:U, 11, 18, 19	exor, 46, 47
ads, 33	FET, 20
and, 42, 43	FETchannel, 20
antennastyle, <mark>34</mark>	FETmemory, 20
\Arrestor, 6	File
arrows, 12	pst-circ.tex, <mark>76</mark>
arrows, 7	\filter, <mark>35</mark>
	french, <mark>18</mark>
bandpass, 35	
basesep, 7, 8, 13	generator, 12
\battery, 4, 17	\ground, 10
bottom, <mark>34</mark> , <mark>38</mark>	groundstyle, <mark>33</mark>
bubblesize, 52, 53	GT0, 17
\caoacitor, 9	highpass, <mark>35</mark>
\capacitor, <b>4</b> , <b>1</b> 5- <b>1</b> 7	hybrid, <mark>39</mark>
chemical, <mark>15</mark>	\ TCC 1E
\circledipole, 5, 31	\ICC, 15
circulator, <mark>38</mark>	\Icc, 4
clock, 53	iec, 52
\coil, 4, 16, 17	iecinvert, 52
Collector, 8	\ifx, 75
\contact, 53	input, 52
contactclosed, 53	inputa, 52
couplerstyle, 39	inputalabel, 53
crystal, <mark>16</mark> , <u>34</u>	inputarrow, 34-39
curved, 16	inputb, 53
D 40	inputblabel, 53
D, 48	intensity, 12 intensitycolor, 13
\diode, 5, 9, 16, 17	•
dipoleconvention, 12 dipoleinput, 35–37	intensitylabel, 12, 13 intensitylabelcolor, 13
dipolestyle, 15–18, 35, 36	intensitylabeloffset, 12
directconvention, 12	intensitywidth, 13
directional, 39	invertclock, 53
divider, 36	invertenable, 53
divider, 30	invertinput, 52
elektor, 16, 17	•
elektorchemical, 16	invertinguta, 52
elektorcurved, 16	invertinputb, 53
Emitter, 8	invertoutput, 52
enable, 53	invertreset, 53
exnor, 47	invertset, 53
•	isolator, <mark>38</mark>

JK, 48	inputalabel, <mark>53</mark>
77	inputarrow, <mark>34</mark> –39
Keyvalue	inputb, <mark>53</mark>
ads, 33	inputblabel, <mark>53</mark>
and, 42	intensity, <mark>12</mark>
bandpass, 35	intensitycolor, 13
bottom, 34, 38	intensitylabel, <mark>12</mark> , <mark>13</mark>
circulator, 38	intensitylabelcolor, 13
crystal, 34	intensitylabeloffset, <mark>1</mark> 2
directional, 39	intensitywidth, <mark>13</mark>
divider, <mark>36</mark>	invertclock, <mark>53</mark>
generator, 12	invertenable, <mark>53</mark>
highpass, <mark>35</mark>	invertinput, <mark>52</mark>
hybrid, <mark>39</mark>	invertinputa, <mark>52</mark>
isolator, <mark>38</mark>	invertinputb, <mark>53</mark>
left, <mark>34–39</mark>	invertoutput, <mark>52</mark>
lowpass, <mark>35</mark>	invertreset, 53
multiplier, <mark>36</mark>	invertset, <mark>53</mark>
N, <mark>36</mark>	labelangle, 11, 18, 19
old, <mark>33</mark>	labelInside, 11
receptor, <mark>12</mark>	labeloffset, 5, 11, 19
right, <mark>34–39</mark>	latch, <mark>53</mark>
three, <mark>34</mark>	logicChangeLR, 42–48
top, <mark>34, 38</mark>	logicHeight, 42-47
triangle, <mark>33</mark> , <mark>34</mark>	logicJInput, 42, 48
two, <mark>34</mark>	logicKInput, 42, 48
Keyword	logicLabelstyle, <mark>42</mark>
antennastyle, <mark>34</mark>	logicNInput, 42-47
arrows, 7	logicNodestyle, 42
basesep, <mark>7, 8, 13</mark>	logicShowDot, 42, 48
bubblesize, <mark>52, 53</mark>	logicShowNode, 42-48
clock, 53	logicSymbolpos, 42
contactclosed, 53	logicSymbolstyle, 42
couplerstyle, <mark>39</mark>	logicType, 42-48
dipoleconvention, 12	logicWidth, 42-47
dipoleinput, <mark>35–37</mark>	logicWireLength, 42, 49
dipolestyle, 15–18, 35, 36	L0style, 34
directconvention, 12	nicpins, 53
enable, <mark>53</mark>	ninputs, 52
FETchannel, 20	nodesep, 8
FETmemory, 20	OAiminuslabel, 13
groundstyle, <mark>33</mark>	OAinvert, 19
iec, <mark>52</mark>	OAioutlabel, 13
iecinvert, <mark>52</mark>	OAipluslabel, 13
input, <mark>52</mark>	OAperfect, 19
inputa, <mark>52</mark>	UAPETTECL, 19
•	

OApower, 6	\logicff, 52
output, <mark>34</mark>	logicHeight, 42-47
parallel, <mark>13</mark> , <mark>14</mark>	\logicic, 53
plcaddress, <mark>53</mark>	logicJInput, <mark>42</mark> , <mark>48</mark>
plcsymbol, <mark>53</mark>	logicKInput, 42, 48
primarylabel, <mark>11</mark>	logicLabelstyle, 42
programmable, <mark>36</mark>	logicNInput, <mark>42-47</mark>
quadripoleinput, <mark>39</mark>	logicNodestyle, <mark>42</mark>
reset, <mark>53</mark>	\logicnot, <mark>52</mark>
secondarylabel, 11	\logicor, 52
set, <mark>53</mark>	logicShowDot, 42, 48
tension, <mark>12</mark>	logicShowNode, 42-48
tensioncolor, 13	logicSymbolpos, 42
tensionlabel, 12, 13	logicSymbolstyle, 42
tensionlabelcolor, 13	logicType, 42-48
tensionlabeloffset, 12	logicWidth, 42-47
tensionoffset, 12	logicWireLength, 42, 49
tensionwidth, 13	\logicxor, 52
transformeriprimarylabel, 13	LOstyle, 34
transformerisecondarylabel, 13	lowpass, 35
transistoribaselabel, 13	•
transistoricollectorlabel, 13	Macro
transistoriemitter, 8	\Arrestor, 6
transistoriemitterlabel, 13	\battery, 4, 17
transistorinvert, 8	\caoacitor, 9
transistortype, 7, 8, 20	\capacitor, <b>4</b> , <b>15</b> – <b>17</b>
tripoleconfig, 38	\circledipole, 5, 31
tripoleinput, 38, 39	\coil, 4, 16, 17
tripolestyle, 18, 38	\contact, 53
TRot, 7	\diode, 5, 9, 16, 17
unit, <mark>49</mark>	\filter, <mark>35</mark>
unlatch, <mark>53</mark>	\ground, 10
value, 36	\ICC, <mark>15</mark>
variable, <mark>17</mark>	\Icc, <mark>4</mark>
zigzag, <mark>18</mark>	\ifx, <mark>75</mark>
3 - 3,	\lamp, 5
labelangle, 11, 18, 19	\LED, 5
labelInside, 11	\logic, 42
labeloffset, 5, 11, 19	\logicand, <mark>52</mark>
\lamp, 5	\logicff, <mark>52</mark>
latch, 53	\logicic, <mark>53</mark>
\LED, 5	\logicnot, <mark>52</mark>
left, 18, 34-39	\logicor, <mark>52</mark>
\logic, 42	\logicxor, 52
\logicand, 52	\multidipole, 9, 10, 14, 15, 33, 75
logicChangeLR, 42-48	\ncangle, 6

\0A, 6, 18, 19	OApower, 6
\OpenDipol, 10	old, <mark>33</mark>
\OpenTripol, <mark>10</mark>	\OpenDipol, 10
\optoCoupler, 9	\OpenTripol, 10
\osr, <mark>53</mark>	\optoCoupler, 9
\ote, <mark>53</mark>	or, 44
\pcline, <mark>33</mark>	\osr, 53
\potentiometer, 8, 18, 19	\ote, 53
ripole, 9	output, <mark>34</mark>
\RelayNOP, 6	•
\res, 53	P, 20
\resistor, 4, 9, 15, 17	Package
\resitor, 11	multido, <mark>3</mark>
\RFLine, 4	pst-circ, 3, 6, 49, 76
\Suppressor, 6	pst-node, 3
\switch, 5	pst-xkey,3
\swpb, 53	pstricks, <mark>3</mark>
\swtog, 53	parallel, <mark>13</mark> , <mark>14</mark>
\tension, 10	\pcline, 33
\transformer, 9, 11, 18	plcaddress, 53
\transistor, 7, 20	plcsymbol, <mark>53</mark>
\Tswitch, 8, 18	PNP, 7, 8
\Ucc, 4	\potentiometer, 8, 18, 19
\wire, 10	primarylabel, <mark>11</mark>
\xic, 53	programmable, <mark>36</mark>
\xio, 53	pst-circ, <mark>3, 6, 49, 76</mark>
\Zener, 5	pst-circ.tex, <mark>76</mark>
\multidipole, 9, 10, 14, 15, 33, 75	pst-node, <mark>3</mark>
multido, 3	pst-xkey, <mark>3</mark>
multiplier, 36	pstricks, <mark>3</mark>
naccipation, so	
N, <mark>36</mark>	ripole, 9
nand, <mark>43</mark>	quadripoleinput, 39
\ncangle, <mark>6</mark>	quadrupole, <mark>13</mark>
nicpins, <mark>53</mark>	receptor, 12
ninputs, <mark>52</mark>	rectangle, 16, 18
nodesep, <mark>8</mark>	\RelayNOP, 6
nor, <mark>45</mark>	\res, 53
not, <mark>45</mark>	reset, 53
• • • • • •	\resistor, 4, 9, 15, 17
\0A, 6, 18, 19	\resitor, 11
OAiminuslabel, 13	\RFLine, 4
OAinvert, 19	right, 18, 34–39
OAioutlabel, 13	RS, 47
OAipluslabel, 13	NJ, ±/
OAperfect, <mark>19</mark>	schottky, <mark>17</mark>

<pre>secondarylabel, 11 set, 53 \Suppressor, 6 \switch, 5 \swpb, 53 \swtog, 53</pre>	:U, 11, 18, 19 and, 43 chemical, 15 crystal, 16 curved, 16 D, 48
Syntax	elektor, <mark>16</mark> , <mark>17</mark>
Collector, 8	elektorchemical, <mark>16</mark>
Emitter, 8	elektorcurved, <mark>16</mark>
\tension, 10 tension, 12 tensioncolor, 13 tensionlabel, 12, 13 tensionlabelcolor, 13 tensionlabeloffset, 12 tensionoffset, 12 tensionwidth, 13 three, 34 thyristor, 16 top, 34, 38 \transformer, 9, 11, 18 transformeriprimarylabel, 13 transformerisecondarylabel, 13 \transistor, 7, 20 transistoribaselabel, 13 transistoricollectorlabel, 13 transistoriemitter, 8 transistoriemitter, 8 transistoriemitterlabel, 13 transistorivert, 8 transistorivert, 8 transistoritype, 7, 8, 20 triac, 17 triangle, 33, 34 tripole, 6, 13 tripoleconfig, 38	exnor, 47 exor, 46, 47 FET, 20 french, 18 generator, 12 GTO, 17 highpass, 35 JK, 48 left, 18 nand, 43 nor, 45 not, 45 or, 44 P, 20 PNP, 7, 8 rectangle, 16, 18 right, 18 RS, 47 schottky, 17 thyristor, 16 triac, 17 twoCircles, 15 varistor, 15 zigzag, 15, 18 value, 36 variable, 17
tripoleinput, 38, 39 tripolestyle, 18, 38	varistor, <mark>15</mark>
TRot, 7	\wire, 10
\Tswitch, 8, 18	
two, 34	\xic, 53
twoCircles, <mark>15</mark>	\xio, <mark>53</mark>
\Ucc, 4 unit, 49 unlatch, 53	\Zener, 5 zigzag, 15, 18
Value	