

Parity violation in atomic and molecular physics

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Introduction

Noether's theorem

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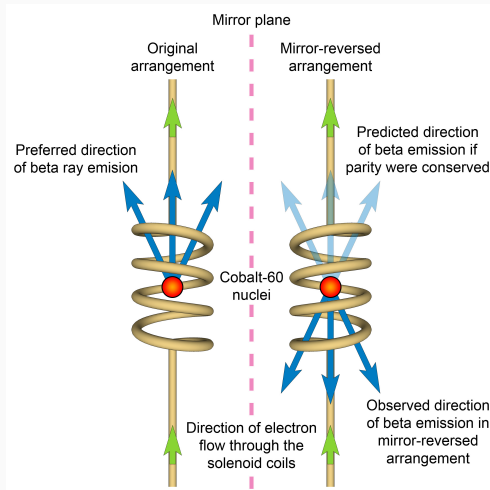
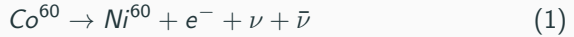
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- Conservation of parity (P) \Leftrightarrow Symmetry of reflexion
- Conservation of charge conjugation (C) \Leftrightarrow Change from particle to antiparticle
- Conservation by time reversal (T) \Leftrightarrow Change of the time t by $-t$

The weak interaction: the
interaction which violates parity

Parity non-conservation

Parity violation in the β -decay of the cobalt 60



Intermediate vector bosons

- W^+ : charge $+e$
- W^- : charge $-e$
- Z^0 : neutral particle

We will focus on **neutral current weak interactions**, mediated by Z^0 .

Measuring parity non-conservation in neutral atoms

Optical activity of an atomic gas

The Z^3 law

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- the coupling between nucleons and electrons $\propto Z^3$
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The anapole moment

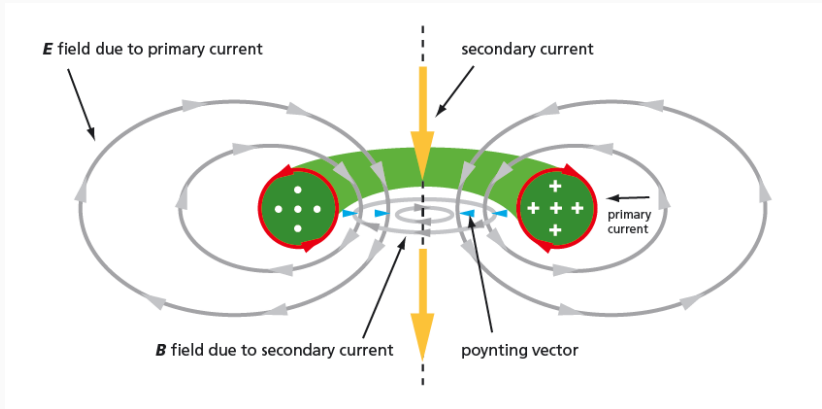


Figure 2: The fields generated by the current around a toroid

Motivations

Explaining biological homochirality

Testing the standard model

Measurement of parity non-conservation and an anapole moment in cesium

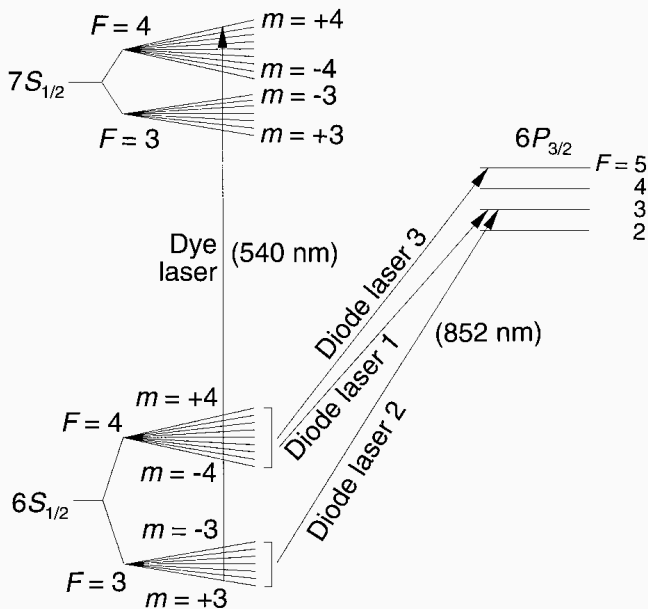


Figure 3: The energy level diagram of cesium

