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0.	.1	Système de départ, TDG en dynamique	

À l'instant m:

$$\begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{K} & 0 & -\mathbf{K} \frac{\Delta t}{6} & \mathbf{K} \frac{\Delta t}{6} \\ 0 & \mathbf{K} & -\mathbf{K} \frac{\Delta t}{2} & -\mathbf{K} \frac{\Delta t}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & \mathbf{K} \frac{(\Delta t)^{2}}{3} + \mathbf{C} \frac{\Delta t}{2} & \mathbf{K} \frac{(\Delta t)^{2}}{6} + \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{C} \frac{\Delta t}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & \mathbf{K} \frac{(\Delta t)^{2}}{12} - \mathbf{M} \frac{1}{2} & \mathbf{K} \frac{(\Delta t)^{2}}{12} + \mathbf{M} \frac{1}{6} + \mathbf{C} \frac{\Delta t}{6} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{u}_{m}^{+} \\ \mathbf{u}_{m+1}^{-} \\ \mathbf{v}_{m}^{+} \\ \mathbf{v}_{m}^{-} \end{bmatrix} \\ = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{K} \mathbf{u}_{m}^{-} \\ \mathbf{K} \mathbf{u}_{m}^{-} \\ (\mathbf{M} \mathbf{v}_{m}^{-} + \frac{\Delta t}{2} (\mathbf{f}_{m} + \mathbf{f}_{m+1})) - \Delta t. (\mathbf{K} \mathbf{u}_{m}^{-}) \\ -\frac{\Delta t}{6} (\mathbf{K} \mathbf{u}_{m}^{-} - \mathbf{f}_{m+1}) - \frac{1}{3}.\mathbf{M} \mathbf{v}_{m}^{-} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(1)$$

Chapitre 1

Formulation à variable séparée

Note : Les indices de sommation à l'intérieur de Σ ne sont pas indiqués pour éviter une surcharge des équations. Il s'agit de la somme des produits fournissant la solution PGD trouvée à l'itération précédente.

-Pertinence de la représentation des vitesses avec φ ?

$$\begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{K} & 0 & -\mathbf{K} \frac{\Delta t}{6} & \mathbf{K} \frac{\Delta t}{6} \\ 0 & \mathbf{K} & -\mathbf{K} \frac{\Delta t}{2} & -\mathbf{K} \frac{\Delta t}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & \mathbf{K} \frac{(\Delta t)^{2}}{3} + \mathbf{C} \frac{\Delta t}{2} & \mathbf{K} \frac{(\Delta t)^{2}}{6} + \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{C} \frac{\Delta t}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & \mathbf{K} \frac{(\Delta t)^{2}}{12} - \mathbf{M} \frac{1}{2} & \mathbf{K} \frac{(\Delta t)^{2}}{12} + \mathbf{M} \frac{1}{6} + \mathbf{C} \frac{\Delta t}{6} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \varphi \mathbf{g}_{m}^{u} + h + \Sigma \varphi \mathbf{g}_{m}^{u} + h \\ \varphi \mathbf{g}_{m+1}^{u} - h + \Sigma \varphi \mathbf{g}_{m+1}^{u} & \varphi \mathbf{g}_{m+1}^{u} - h \\ \varphi \mathbf{g}_{m}^{v} + h + \Sigma \varphi \mathbf{g}_{m}^{v} + h \\ \varphi \mathbf{g}_{m}^{v} - h + \Sigma \varphi \mathbf{g}_{m}^{v} - h \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{K} (\varphi \mathbf{g}_{m}^{u} - h + \Sigma \varphi \mathbf{g}_{m}^{u} - h) \\ \mathbf{K} (\varphi \mathbf{g}_{m}^{u} - h + \Sigma \varphi \mathbf{g}_{m}^{u} - h) \\ \mathbf{K} (\varphi \mathbf{g}_{m}^{u} - h + \Sigma \varphi \mathbf{g}_{m}^{u} - h) \\ -\frac{\Delta t}{6} (\mathbf{K} (\varphi \mathbf{g}_{m}^{u} - h + \Sigma \varphi \mathbf{g}_{m}^{u} - h) - \mathbf{f}_{m+1}) - \frac{1}{3} \cdot \mathbf{M} (\varphi \mathbf{g}_{m}^{v} - h + \Sigma \varphi \mathbf{g}_{m}^{v} - h) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(1.1)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{K} & 0 & -\mathbf{K} \frac{\Delta t}{6} & \mathbf{K} \frac{\Delta t}{6} \\ 0 & \mathbf{K} & -\mathbf{K} \frac{\Delta t}{2} & -\mathbf{K} \frac{\Delta t}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & \mathbf{K} \frac{(\Delta t)^2}{3} + \mathbf{C} \frac{\Delta t}{2} & \mathbf{K} \frac{(\Delta t)^2}{6} + \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{C} \frac{\Delta t}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & \mathbf{K} \frac{(\Delta t)^2}{12} - \mathbf{M} \frac{1}{2} & \mathbf{K} \frac{(\Delta t)^2}{12} + \mathbf{M} \frac{1}{6} + \mathbf{C} \frac{\Delta t}{6} \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{g}_m^{u} + \\ \mathbf{g}_{m+1}^{u} - \\ \mathbf{g}_m^{v} + \\ \mathbf{g}_m^{v} - \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} \Sigma \varphi \mathbf{g}_m^{u} + h \\ \Sigma \varphi \mathbf{g}_{m+1}^{u} - h \\ \Sigma \varphi \mathbf{g}_m^{u} - h \\ \Sigma \varphi \mathbf{g}_m^{v} - h \end{bmatrix} \end{bmatrix} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{K} (\varphi \mathbf{g}_m^{u} - h + \Sigma \varphi \mathbf{g}_m^{u} - h) \\ \mathbf{K} (\varphi \mathbf{g}_m^{u} - h + \Sigma \varphi \mathbf{g}_m^{u} - h) \\ (\mathbf{M} (\varphi \mathbf{g}_m^{v} - h + \Sigma \varphi \mathbf{g}_m^{v} - h) + \frac{\Delta t}{2} (\mathbf{f}_m + \mathbf{f}_{m+1})) - \Delta t. \left(\mathbf{K} (\varphi \mathbf{g}_m^{u} - h + \Sigma \varphi \mathbf{g}_m^{u} - h) \\ - \frac{\Delta t}{6} \left(\mathbf{K} (\varphi \mathbf{g}_m^{u} - h + \Sigma \varphi \mathbf{g}_m^{u} - h) - \mathbf{f}_{m+1} \right) - \frac{1}{3}. \mathbf{M} (\varphi \mathbf{g}_m^{v} - h + \Sigma \varphi \mathbf{g}_m^{v} - h) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(1.2)$$

L'équation doit être scalaire :

$$(\varphi h)^{T} \times \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{K} & 0 & -\mathbf{K} \frac{\Delta t}{6} & \mathbf{K} \frac{\Delta t}{6} \\ 0 & \mathbf{K} & -\mathbf{K} \frac{\Delta t}{2} & -\mathbf{K} \frac{\Delta t}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & \mathbf{K} \frac{(\Delta t)^{2}}{3} + \mathbf{C} \frac{\Delta t}{2} & \mathbf{K} \frac{(\Delta t)^{2}}{6} + \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{C} \frac{\Delta t}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & \mathbf{K} \frac{(\Delta t)^{2}}{12} - \mathbf{M} \frac{1}{2} & \mathbf{K} \frac{(\Delta t)^{2}}{12} + \mathbf{M} \frac{1}{6} + \mathbf{C} \frac{\Delta t}{6} \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{g}_{m}^{u} + \mathbf{g}_{m-1}^{u} - \mathbf{g}_{m+1}^{u} - \mathbf{g}_{m-1}^{u} + \mathbf{g}_{m-1}^{u} - \mathbf{g}_$$

$$(\varphi h)^{T} \times \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{K} & 0 & -\mathbf{K} \frac{\Delta t}{6} & \mathbf{K} \frac{\Delta t}{6} \\ 0 & \mathbf{K} & -\mathbf{K} \frac{\Delta t}{2} & -\mathbf{K} \frac{\Delta t}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & \mathbf{K} \frac{(\Delta t)^{2}}{3} + \mathbf{C} \frac{\Delta t}{2} & \mathbf{K} \frac{(\Delta t)^{2}}{6} + \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{C} \frac{\Delta t}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & \mathbf{K} \frac{(\Delta t)^{2}}{12} - \mathbf{M} \frac{1}{2} & \mathbf{K} \frac{(\Delta t)^{2}}{6} + \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{C} \frac{\Delta t}{6} \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \varphi h \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{g}_{m}^{u} + \mathbf{g}_{m+1}^{u} - \mathbf{g}_{m+1}^{u} - \mathbf{g}_{m+1}^{u} - \mathbf{g}_{m+1}^{u} - \mathbf{g}_{m+1}^{u} - \mathbf{g}_{m}^{u} - \mathbf{g}_{m+1}^{u} - \mathbf{g}_{m}^{u} - \mathbf{g$$

$$\varphi h^T \times \mathbf{f} = f
\varphi h^T \times \mathbf{K} \times \varphi h = K
\varphi h^T \times \mathbf{K} \times \varphi_i h_i = K_i$$
(1.5)

Où $_i$ est l'indice de sommation. Même chose pour ${\bf M}$ et ${\bf C}$. Ceci permet de n'avoir plus que des scalaires.

$$\begin{bmatrix} K & 0 & -K\frac{\Delta t}{6} & K\frac{\Delta t}{6} \\ 0 & K & -K\frac{\Delta t}{2} & -K\frac{\Delta t}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & K\frac{(\Delta t)^{2}}{3} + C\frac{\Delta t}{2} & K\frac{(\Delta t)^{2}}{6} + M + C\frac{\Delta t}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & K\frac{(\Delta t)^{2}}{12} - M\frac{1}{2} & K\frac{(\Delta t)^{2}}{12} + M\frac{1}{6} + C\frac{\Delta t}{6} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{g}_{m}^{u} + \\ \mathbf{g}_{m+1}^{u} - \\ \mathbf{g}_{m}^{v} + \\ \mathbf{g}_{m}^{v} - \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} K\mathbf{g}_{m}^{u} - + \Sigma K_{i}(\mathbf{g}_{m}^{u} -)_{i} \\ K\mathbf{g}_{m}^{u} - + \Sigma K_{i}(\mathbf{g}_{m}^{u} -)_{i} \\ -\frac{\Delta t}{6} (K\mathbf{g}_{m}^{u} -)_{i} + \frac{\Delta t}{2} (f_{m} + f_{m+1}) - \Delta t (K\mathbf{g}_{m}^{u} - + \Sigma K_{i}(\mathbf{g}_{m}^{u} -)_{i}) \\ -\frac{\Delta t}{6} (K\mathbf{g}_{m}^{u} - + \Sigma K_{i}(\mathbf{g}_{m}^{u} -)_{i}) - f_{m+1}) - \frac{1}{3} (M\mathbf{g}_{m}^{v} - + \Sigma K_{i}(\mathbf{g}_{m}^{v} -)_{i}) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$-\sum_{i} \begin{bmatrix} K_{i} & 0 & -K_{i}\frac{\Delta t}{6} & K_{i}\frac{\Delta t}{6} \\ 0 & K_{i} & -K_{i}\frac{\Delta t}{2} & -K_{i}\frac{\Delta t}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & K_{i}\frac{(\Delta t)^{2}}{3} + C_{i}\frac{\Delta t}{2} & K_{i}\frac{(\Delta t)^{2}}{6} + M_{i} + C_{i}\frac{\Delta t}{2} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{g}_{m}^{u} + \\ \mathbf{g}_{m}^{u} - \\ \mathbf{g}_{m}^{v} - \\ \mathbf{g}_{m}^{v} - \end{bmatrix}_{i}$$

$$(1.6)$$