

Introduction

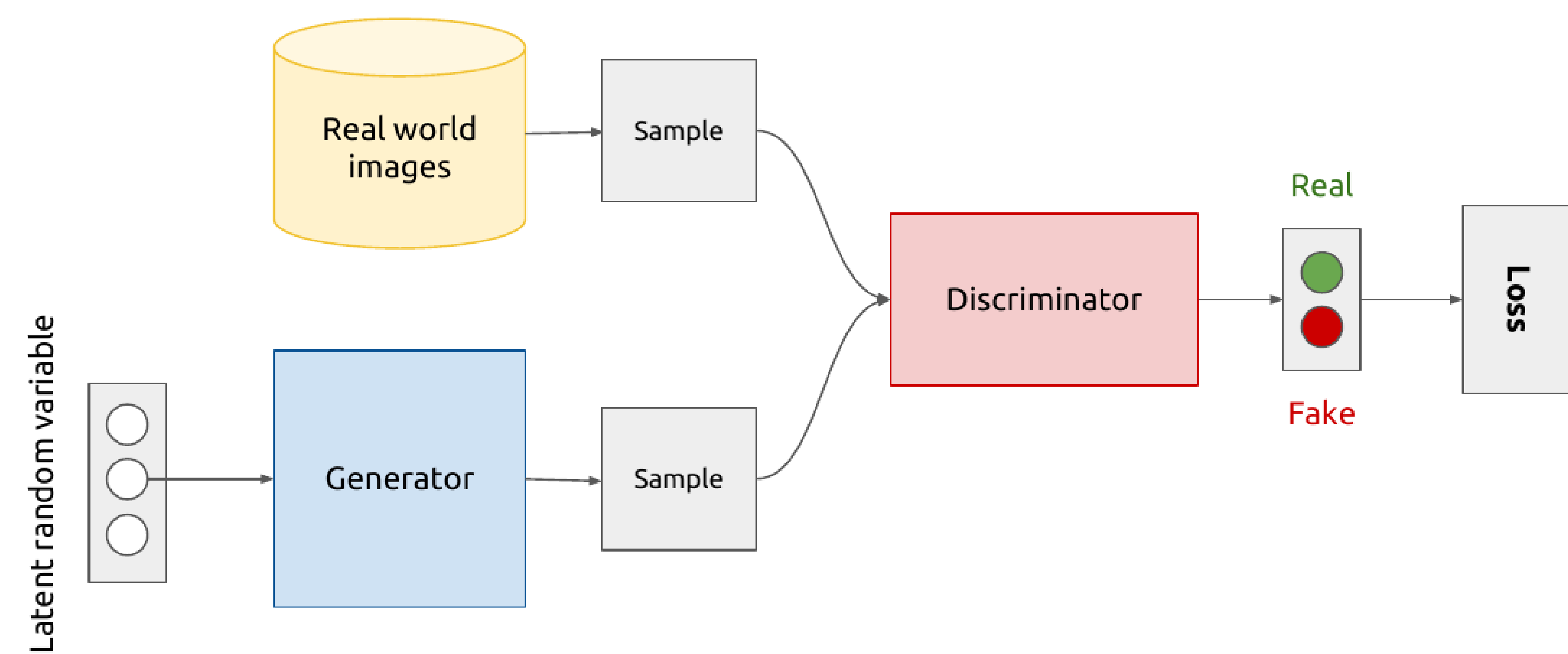
We call super-resolution (SR) the task of estimating a high-resolution (HR) image from its low-resolution (LR) counterpart.

Recent work with optimization-based methods largely focuses on minimizing the mean squared reconstruction error. This results in high peak signal-to-noise ratios, but they often have problems with modelling high-frequency details. The results are often too smooth. In our work we tried to tackle this problem using generative adversarial networks (GANs).

GANs

GANs consist of two different networks, a Generator Network and a Discriminator Network. The concept behind this is that the generative network estimates a super-resolved image from its LR version with the goal to become highly similar to real images that the discriminator network fails to distinguish. Network Architektur einfügen
Therefore we optimize the discriminator network D_{Θ_D} in an alternating manner along with the generative network G_{Θ_G} to solve the adversarial min-max problem:

$$\min_{\Theta_G} \max_{\Theta_D} \mathbb{E}_{I^{HR} \sim p_{\text{train}}(I^{HR})} [\log D_{\Theta_D}(I^{HR})] + \mathbb{E}_{I^{LR} \sim p_G(I^{LR})} [\log(1 - G_{\Theta_G}(I^{LR}))]$$



The perceptual loss l^{SR} we defined as weighted sum of a content loss and an discriminative loss component:

$$l^{SR} = \alpha l_{MSE}^{SR} + \beta l_{VGG16,9/i,j}^{SR} + \gamma l_D^{SR}$$

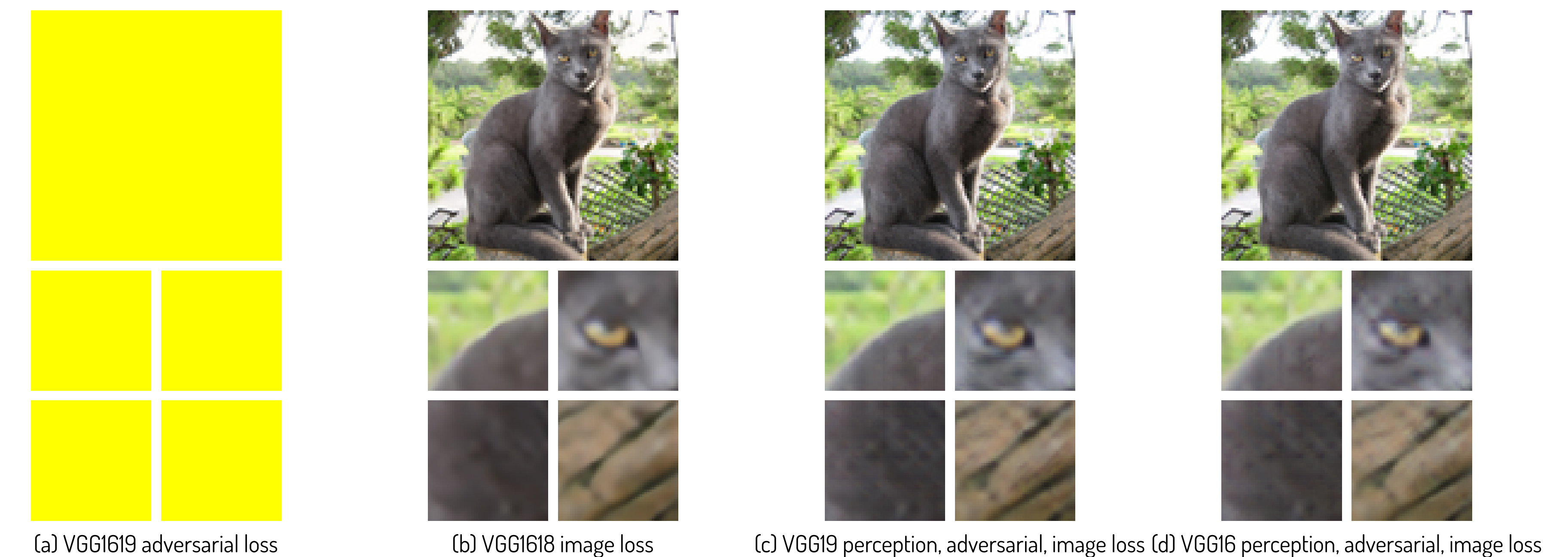
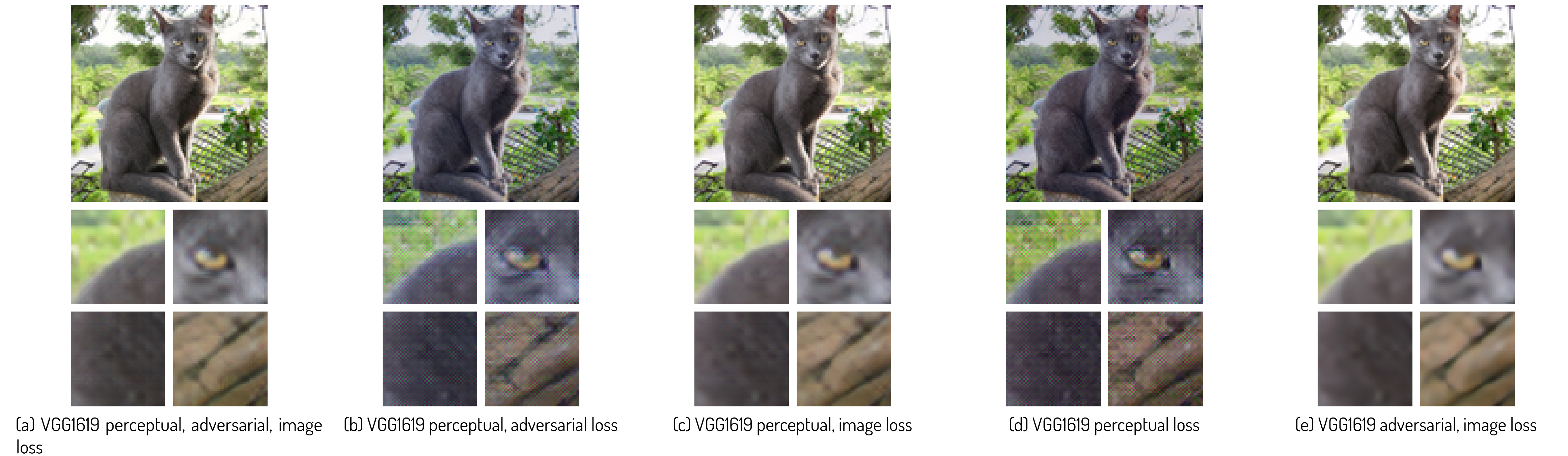
Where l_{MSE}^{SR} is a mean squared error term, l_{VGG}^{SR} is an euclidean distance of the VGG feature representation for the images, and l_D^{SR} is the discriminative loss.

Datasets

PASCAL VOC¹ over 10 000 images for classification in 20 categories

NITRE² 800 high resolution images

Results



Key Points

- Networks learn even without discriminator
- VGG16/19 performs considerably better than VGG16
- Training works without discriminator
- The discriminator is hard to train
- Image metrics don't change much, but the images still improve

¹<http://www.pascal-network.org/challenges/VOC/voc2012/workshop/index.html>

²<https://data.vision.ee.ethz.ch/cv1/DIV2K/>