



# POLITECNICO MILANO 1863

Politecnico di Milano  
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Software Engineering 2: “PowerEnJoy”  
*Integration Test Plan Document*

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# 1 Introduction

## 1.1 Revision History

- ITDP v1.0, published on January 15, 2017

## 1.2 Purpose and Scope

The purpose of this document is to provide a complete description of the integration testing plans for PowerEnjoy. It will focus on testing the proper behavior of the software by checking the interoperability between its components. It is intended for developers and for any team member involved in the testing process.

The aim of this project is to specify in detail a new digital management software for PowerEnjoy, a car-sharing service that employs electric cars only.

PowerEnjoy will offer a very valuable service to its users, letting them borrow cars to drive around the city freely, as an alternative to their own vehicles and public transport. Among the advantages of using PowerEnjoy we can note begin able to find available cars in any place that is served by our system and having dedicated spots to park in (namely, PowerEnjoy's power grid stations). Furthermore, thanks to the fact that all the cars that we provide are electrically powered, PowerEnjoy is also very environmentally friendly.

## 1.3 List of Definitions and Abbreviations

### 1.3.1 Definitions

- *Guest*: a person that is not registered to the system.
- *User*: a person that is registered to the system. Users can log in to the system with their email or username and their password. Their first name, last name, date of birth, driving license ID are stored in the database.
- *Safe area*: a location where the user can park and leave the car. Users can end their ride and park temporarily only in these locations. The set of safe areas is predefined by the system.
- *Power grid station*: a place where cars can be parked and plugged in. While a car is plugged in a power grid station its battery will be recharged. Power grid stations are by definition safe areas.
- *Available car*: a car that is currently not begin used by any user, and has not been reserved either. Available cars are in good conditions (not dirty nor damaged) and don't have dead batteries.
- *Reservation*:

- the operation of making a car reserved for a user, i.e. giving permission to unlock and use the car only for that user, forbidding reservations by other users.
- the time period between the moment a reservation is requested and the moment the user unlocks the car, or the reservation is canceled.
- *Ride*: the time period from the moment a reserved car is unlocked to the moment the user notifies that he wants to stop using the car and closes all the doors. A ride doesn't stop when a car is temporarily parked, but continues until the user chooses to leave the car definitely.
- *Temporary parking*: the act of parking a car in a safe area and, after notifying the system, locking it and leaving it for a finite amount of time. The user that does this retains the right to use the car and can unlock it later to use it again.
- *Bill*: a record of the money owed by the user at the end of a ride.
- *Outstanding bill*: a bill that hasn't been paid yet.
- *Suspended user*: a user that cannot reserve or use cars. Usually users are suspended because they have outstanding bills.
- *Payment method*: a way to transfer money from the user to the system. Our system will only accept credit cards and online accounts like Paypal.
- *Payment API*: an interface to carry out money transactions, offered by the external provider associated to the payment method used (e.g. a bank).

### 1.3.2 Acronyms

- **DD**: Design Document
- **RASD**: Requirements Analysis and Specification Document
- **DB**: Database
- **DOB**: Date of birth
- **PGS**: Power Grid Station
- **GPS**: Global Positioning System
- **ISDTN**: International Standard Date and Time Notation

### 1.3.3 Abbreviations

- **[Gx]**: Goal
- **[RE.x]**: Functional Requirement
- **[UC.x]**: Use Case

## 1.4 List of Reference Documents

- Requirements analysis and specification document: “RASD.pdf”
- Design document: “DD.pdf”
- Project description document: “Assignments AA 2016-2017.pdf”
- Example document: “Integration Testing Example Document.pdf”

## 2 Integration Strategy

### 2.1 Entry Criteria

Before starting the integration testing phase specific conditions concerning the whole project development must be met. First of all, it is fundamental that the Requirements Analysis and Specification Document and the Design Document have been properly written and completed.

Regarding the code development it is only needed that the **INSERIRE PERCENTUALI** has been written. Furthermore, each component has to be successfully unit tested before begin involved in the integration testing.

### 2.2 Elements to be Integrated

As stated in the Design Document (paragraph 2.2), the system is based on the cooperation of two parts, the *Application Subsystem* and the *Resource Management Subsystem*. The first handles all the operations related to the user applications and interfaces, while the second takes care of keeping track of all the automatic updates from the sensors in the cars and the charging stations. The testing process will verify the correctness of the integration between these macro-components after checking the proper cooperation of smaller components inside each subsystem. Furthermore, it will be tested the higher integration, client/server level, between

- the Web Application and the Application Subsystem
- the Car Application and the Application Subsystem

Concerning the external APIs, we expect them to work properly so we will only check, by unit testing, that the components execute correctly the API call.

**Application Subsystem** Components to be tested:

1. Registration
2. Account Manager
3. Car Search
4. PGS Search

5. Safe Areas Search
6. Payment
7. Reservation Manager
8. Unlocking
9. Parking Ride Manager
10. Ride Manager
11. Report Manager
12. Request Dispatcher
13. Model

It will be tested that the Request Dispatcher interacts with each component from 1 to 10 in the proper way and that these components cooperate as expected with the Model one. In addition, it will be tested the integration between the Model component and the DBMS.

**Resource Management Subsystem** Components to be tested:

1. Car Manager
2. PGS Manager
3. Car Handler

It will be tested the cooperation between the Car Manager and the Car Handler components and between the PGS Manager and the DBMS.

## 2.3 Integration Testing Strategy

We believe that the most efficient way to test the integration between PowerEnjoy's software components is the *bottom up approach*. Using this strategy, we will be able to test the cooperation between different units as soon as they are fully developed without waiting for the whole subsystem to be ready. This method will also highlight all the possible integration issues while the software is still under development, allowing quicker smaller fixes. We will start the process from independent components which don't have any dependencies and we will build further integration test on the already tested software. As specified in the Design Document, several components of the Application Subsystem depend on the Resource Management Subsystem thus the testing phase will start in this subsystem.

## 2.4 Sequence of Component / Function Integration

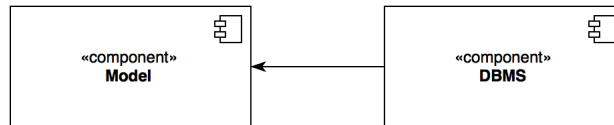
In this section we will describe in which order the components of our system will be coupled together to be tested and integrated. First we will integrate the components in each subsystem separately, then the two subsystems (the Application Subsystem and the Resource Management Subsystem) will be combined together.

We will use diagrams to make the dependencies between components clearer. Arrows from a component to another imply that the first component is necessary for the second one to work correctly.

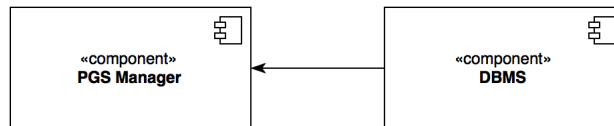
### 2.4.1 Software Integration Sequence

Following our choice of using a bottom-up approach, integration testing will start from two base components: the DBMS and the Car Internal System. The DBMS is free from dependencies and can be easily used as a starting point. The Car Internal System on the other hand, even if it is a prerequisite for many of the system's functions to work, requires an interface to the Resource Management Subsystem that we haven't integration tested yet. Fortunately the interface is used only for sending updates about its status, so the interface functions can be easily replaced by an appropriate stub.

**Model** The first two elements to be integrated will be the Model and the DBMS. The Model is the foundation of the Application Subsystem and integrating it will let us test all the other components in the subsystem.

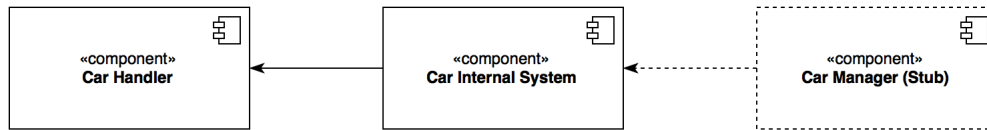


**Power Grid Stations Manager** On the Resource Management Subsystem we can start from integrating the Power Grid Stations Manager with the DBMS. The PGS Manager is almost fully independent from the other components and can be tested easily.

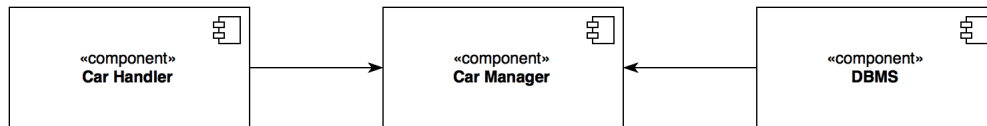


**Car Handler** The Car Handler is the component that is in charge of issuing commands to the car. We can start testing its behavior as soon as the Car Internal System is fully unit tested. We will make use of a stub to simulate the Resource Subsystem Interface.

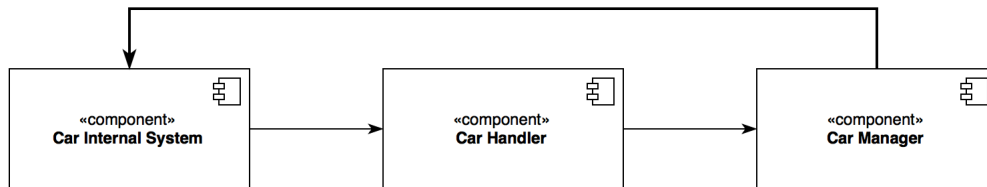




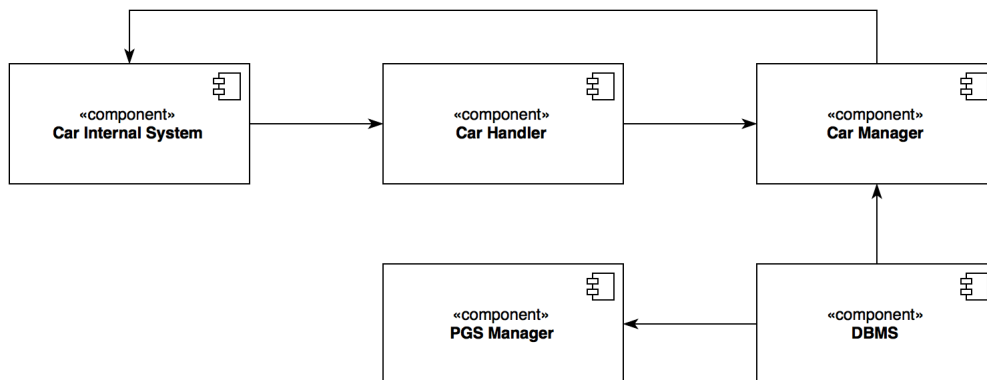
**Car Manager** After the Car Handler is integrated we can finally incorporate the Car Manager, the component doing the heavy lifting in the Resource Management Subsystem.



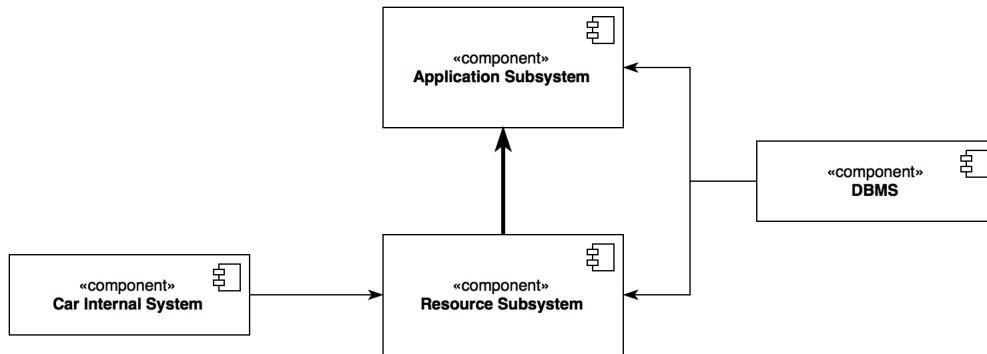
Once the Car Manager has been integration tested, we can actually test the interaction between the Car Internal System and the Resource Subsystem Interface.



At this point the Resource Management Subsystem is fully integrated.

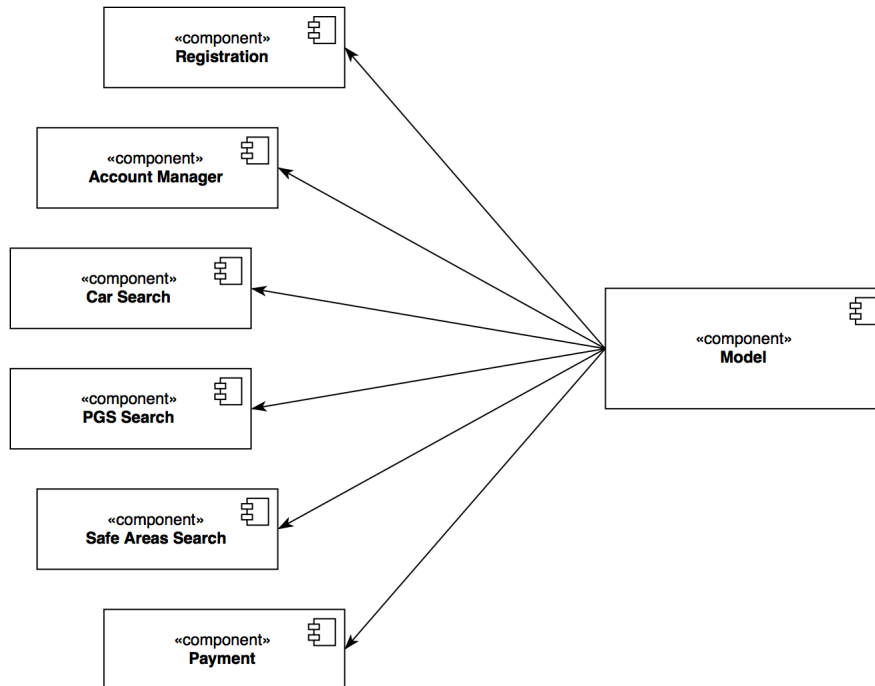


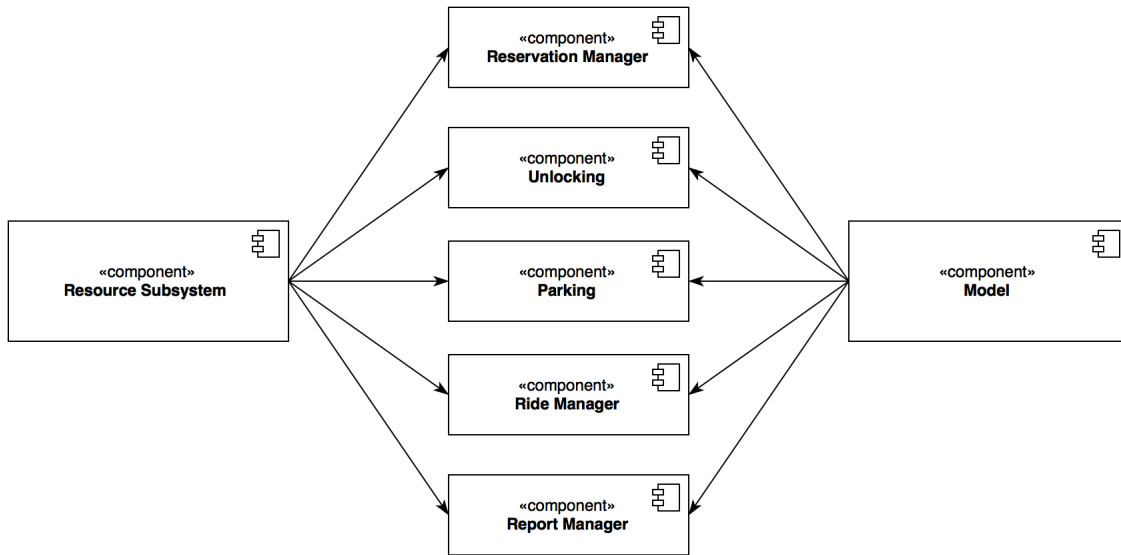
**Application and Resource Subsystems Integration** We can now proceed to integrating the Application Subsystem and the Resource Subsystem, again following the bottom-up approach.



**Application Subsystem Components** Most of the components in the Application Subsystem are independent from each other, therefore they can be freely tested in parallel.

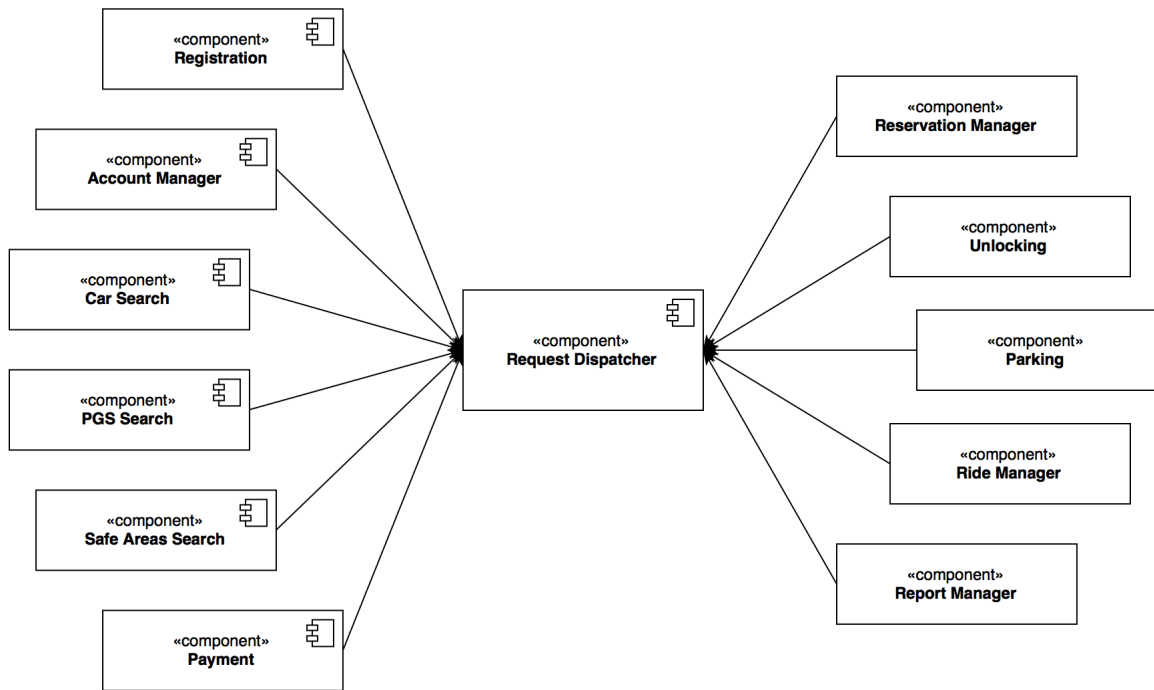
The Registration Component, the Account Manager, the Car Search Component, the PGS Search Component, the Safe Areas Search Component and the Payment Component only need the Model, while the Reservation Manager, the Unlocking Component, the Parking Component, the Ride Manager and the Report Manager also need to interface with the Resource Subsystem.





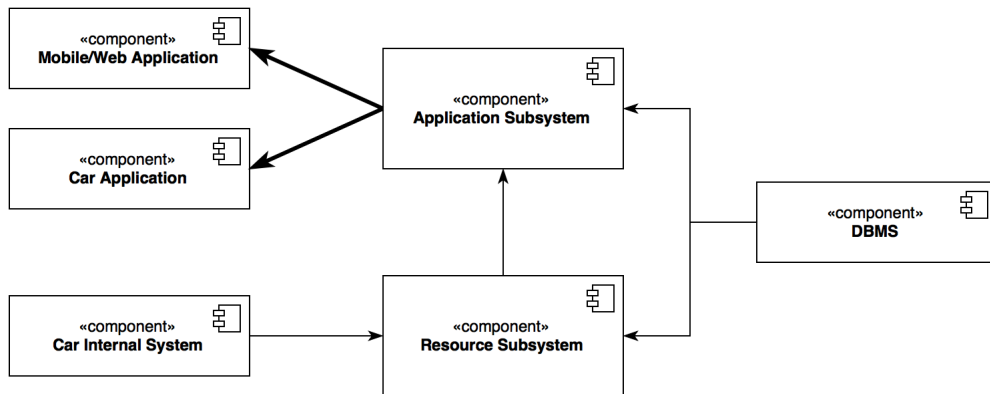
**Request Dispatcher** The Request Dispatcher acts as a wrapper for all of the requests to the application API, processing and distributing them to the corresponding components.

This allows us to integrate it with thread based testing: when testing for one of the intermediate components has been finished, we can test the corresponding functionality on the Request Dispatcher, that will interact with the specific component. The request dispatcher will be integrated one by one with all the other components, until the Application Subsystem is complete.



#### 2.4.2 Client Applications Integration Sequence

Finally, after the whole central system is tested and has been successfully integrated, we will test the interaction between the client applications and the system.



## 3 Individual Steps and Test Description

### 3.1 Model - DBMS

azioni da componenti sul model - le azioni di delete - richieste di tutte le reservation/ride esistenti (serve?) - select su tutti gli oggetti

Insert User	
<i>Input</i>	<i>Result</i>
A username, the user's personal data, an email and a payment method (e.g. a valid credit card number).	A new user is inserted in the database.
Some of the parameters are missing.	The insertion fails.

Update User	
<i>Input</i>	<i>Result</i>
An existent user and valid new data to update.	The user's data is updated in the database.
A non-existent user and new data.	An error is *raised*.
An existent user and invalid new data.	An error is *raised*.
An existent user and no new data	The *action* succeeds but nothing is updated?

Insert Bill	
<i>Input</i>	<i>Result</i>
un utente valido e una bill ben formata	aggiunge la bill all'utente
un utente valido e una bill non ben formata	errore
un utente inesistente e una bill qualsiasi	errore

List Bills	
<i>Input</i>	<i>Result</i>
un utente con bills	ritorna una lista di bills
un utente senza bills	ritorna una lista vuota
un utente inesistente	errore

List Cars	
<i>Input</i>	<i>Result</i>
niente	lista di tutte le macchine e informazioni allegate

List Power Grid Stations	
<i>Input</i>	<i>Result</i>
niente	

List Safe Areas	
<i>Input</i>	<i>Result</i>
input1	result1
input2	result2

Insert Reservation	
<i>Input</i>	<i>Result</i>
input1	result1
input2	result2

Update Reservation	
<i>Input</i>	<i>Result</i>
input1	result1
input2	result2

Insert Ride	
<i>Input</i>	<i>Result</i>
input1	result1
input2	result2

Update Ride	
<i>Input</i>	<i>Result</i>
input1	result1
input2	result2

### 3.2 PGS Manager - DBMS

azioni da interfaccia esterna - update plugs -> disponibile -> non disponibile  
in teoria non dovrebbero esserci richieste errate perché sono solo messaggi delle stazioni, ma mettiamo casi di errore

Update Plug Availability	
<i>Input</i>	<i>Result</i>
input1	result1
input2	result2

### 3.3 Car Handler - Car Internal System

azioni da car manager a car handler - richiesta di informazioni - lock - unlock

Request Update from Car	
<i>Input</i>	<i>Result</i>
input1	result1
input2	result2

Lock Car	
<i>Input</i>	<i>Result</i>
input1	result1
input2	result2

Unlock Car	
<i>Input</i>	<i>Result</i>
input1	result1
input2	result2

### 3.4 Car Manager - Car Handler - DBMS

richieste da: maintenance, application subsystem, macchine maintenance - lista macchine - set macchina available - set macchina unavailable application: - lock - unlock macchina: - aggiornamento informazioni (solite posizione, batteria ecc.)

### 3.4.1 Maintenance

List Cars in Need of Maintenance	
<i>Input</i>	<i>Result</i>
input1	result1
input2	result2

Set Car as Available	
<i>Input</i>	<i>Result</i>
input1	result1
input2	result2

Set Car as Unavailable	
<i>Input</i>	<i>Result</i>
input1	result1
input2	result2

### 3.4.2 Interface to the Application Subsystem

Request to Lock Car	
<i>Input</i>	<i>Result</i>
input1	result1
input2	result2

Request to Unlock Car	
<i>Input</i>	<i>Result</i>
input1	result1
input2	result2

### 3.4.3 Car Interface

Car Status Update	
<i>Input</i>	<i>Result</i>
input1	result1
input2	result2



### 3.5 Application Subsystem Components - Model

azioni da request dispatcher

#### 3.5.1 Registration Component - Model

- registrazione utente

Register User	
<i>Input</i>	<i>Result</i>
input1	result1
input2	result2

#### 3.5.2 Account Manager - Model

- login - getinfo utente - update info utente - list bills

Login	
<i>Input</i>	<i>Result</i>
input1	result1
input2	result2

Get User Info	
<i>Input</i>	<i>Result</i>
input1	result1
input2	result2

Update User Info	
<i>Input</i>	<i>Result</i>
input1	result1
input2	result2

List User Bills	
<i>Input</i>	<i>Result</i>
input1	result1
input2	result2

### 3.5.3 Car Search Component- Model

- find cars with position - find cars with address

Find Cars with Position	
<i>Input</i>	<i>Result</i>
input1	result1
input2	result2

Find Cars with Address	
<i>Input</i>	<i>Result</i>
input1	result1
input2	result2

### 3.5.4 PGS Search Component- Model

- find stations with position - find stations with address

Find Stations with Address	
<i>Input</i>	<i>Result</i>
input1	result1
input2	result2

Find Stations with Position	
<i>Input</i>	<i>Result</i>
input1	result1
input2	result2

### 3.5.5 Safe Areas Search Component - Model

- find safe areas with position - find safe areas with address

Find Safe Areas with Position	
<i>Input</i>	<i>Result</i>
input1	result1
input2	result2

Find Safe Areas with Address	
<i>Input</i>	<i>Result</i>
input1	result1
input2	result2

### 3.5.6 Payment Component- Model

- pay a bill

Pay a Bill	
<i>Input</i>	<i>Result</i>
input1	result1
input2	result2

### 3.5.7 Reservation Manager - Model - Resource Subsystem

- crea reservation - annulla reservation

Create Reservation	
<i>Input</i>	<i>Result</i>
input1	result1
input2	result2

Cancel Reservation	
<i>Input</i>	<i>Result</i>
input1	result1
input2	result2

### 3.5.8 Unlocking Component - Model - Resource Subsystem

- sblocca macchina (-> nb fa partire il conto del tempo)  
ricordarsi che serve la posizione dell'utente vicina alla macchina!

Unlock Car from Application	
<i>Input</i>	<i>Result</i>
input1	result1
input2	result2

### 3.5.9 Parking Component - Model - Resource Subsystem

- metti la macchina in sosta

Park Car	
<i>Input</i>	<i>Result</i>
input1	result1
input2	result2

### 3.5.10 Ride Manager - Model - Resource Subsystem

- fine ride

End Ride	
<i>Input</i>	<i>Result</i>
input1	result1
input2	result2

### 3.5.11 Report Manager - Model - Resource Subsystem

- aggiungi report

Report Issue	
<i>Input</i>	<i>Result</i>
input1	result1
input2	result2

request dispatcher:

## 3.6 Request Dispatcher - Application Components

- questa è l'api descritta nel DD, diciamo soltanto che deve comportarsi nel modo che abbiamo già detto nei dettagli

client applications:

## 3.7 Mobile/Web Application - Application Subsystem

- qui diciamo che proviamo l'applicazione in tutte le sue funzionalità e devono funzionare tutte

### 3.8 Car Application - Application Subsystem

- stessa cosa qui

method(arg1, arg2)	
<i>Input</i>	<i>Result</i>
input1	result1
input2	result2

## 4 Tools and Test Equipment Required

## 5 Program Stubs and Test Data Required

### 5.1 Program Stubs and Drivers

### 5.2 Test Data

For the sake of completeness, the data used in the tests allow us to verify the proper behavior and the reaction to any kind of incorrect practice. Moreover the DB will be populated with appropriate data to perform the tests. In furtherance of accomplish the necessary tests, we are going to need:

- A list of both valid and invalid sign up data to test the **Registration** component. The collection of data should contain instances exhibiting the following problems: (copiata)
  - Correct biographical data
  - Biographical data with numeric characters and notation
  - DOB compliant with the ISDTN UNI EN 28601 (meticolosità a non finire)
  - DOB not compliant with the ISDTN UNI EN 28601
  - Not existent email address
  - Valid email address
  - Valid driving license
  - Suspended driving license
  - Not existing driving license
  - Driving license not compliant with legal format
  - Valid credit card number
  - Credit card number not compliant with legal format
  - Valid credit card CVV

- Not valid credit card CVV
- A list of both valid and invalid **non ho idea di cosa mettere** to test the **Account Manager** component. The collection of data should contain instances exhibiting the following problems:
  - Valid username
  - Not existing username
  - Valid password
  - Not valid password
- A list of both valid and invalid tracing data to test the **Car Search** component. The collection of data should contain instances exhibiting the following problems:
  - Valid position
  - Not existing position
  - Position outside safe areas
  - Valid address
  - Not valid address
  - Not existing address
  - Address outside safe areas
- A list of both valid and invalid tracing data to test the **PGS Search** component. The collection of data should contain instances exhibiting the following problems:
  - Valid position
  - Not existing position
  - Position outside safe areas
  - Valid address
  - Not valid address
  - Not existing address
  - Address outside safe areas
- A list of both valid and invalid tracing data to test the **Safe Areas Search** component. The collection of data should contain instances exhibiting the following problems:
  - Valid position
  - Not existing position
  - Position outside safe areas
  - Valid address

- Not valid address
  - Not existing address
  - Address outside safe areas
- A list of both valid and invalid banking data to test the **Payment** component. The collection of data should contain instances exhibiting the following problems:
  - Valid credit card number
  - Credit card number not compliant with legal format
  - Valid credit card CVV
  - Not valid credit card CVV
- A list of both valid and invalid user data to test the **Reservation Management** component. The collection of data should contain instances exhibiting the following problems:
  - Valid username
  - Not existing username
  - Valid password
  - Not valid password
  - List of cars on DB
- A list of both valid and invalid user and tracing data to test the **Unlock** component. The collection of data should contain instances exhibiting the following problems:
  - Valid username
  - Not existing username
  - Valid password
  - Not valid password
  - Valid position
  - Not existing position
  - Position outside safe areas
  - Valid QR Code
  - Not valid QR Code
  - List of cars on DB
- A list of both valid and invalid user and tracing data to test the **Ride** component. The collection of data should contain instances exhibiting the following problems:
  - Valid username

- Not existing username
- Valid password
- Not valid password
- Valid position
- Not existing position
- Position outside safe areas
- A list of both valid and invalid user data to test the **Report Manager** component. The collection of data should contain instances exhibiting the following problems:
  - Valid username
  - Not existing username
  - Valid password
  - Not valid password
  - Valid input field for the form
  - Null input field for the form
  - List of cars on DB

## 6 Effort Spent

- Pietro Ferretti: hours of work
- Nicole Gervasoni: hours of work
- Danilo Labanca: hours of work